

Fatigue of Structures - Assignment 6

Problem 1

A 28 mm diameter smooth solid shaft is made from a material with $\sigma_o = 650$ MPa and axial SN curve with the equation $\sigma_a = 590 \cdot N_f^{-0.065}$. The shaft is subjected to in-phase bending and torsion. The bending varies from 0 to 500 Nm and the torque varies from -140 to 420 Nm.

- Calculate the safety factor against static yielding of the outer surface of the shaft.
- Can the shaft withstand 10 million of these combined cycles?
- What is the minimum allowed diameter of shaft if the shaft should withstand 2.0 million cycles?

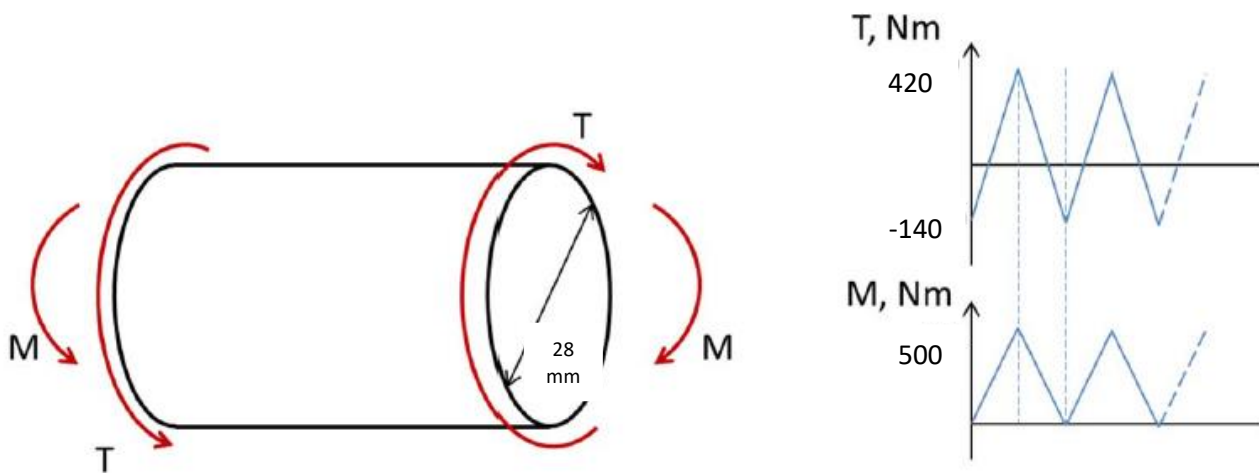


Figure 1 A solid shaft subjected to in-phase bending and torsion

Problem 2

The rotating bending fatigue tests are carried out for a component. The test is done with three different stress amplitude ($\sigma_a=500$ MPa, 350 MPa, 200 MPa) and the test data is given in Table 1.

- a) Calculate the mean, standard deviation and coefficient of variation for the fatigue lives at different stress amplitudes. Use both normal and log-normal distributions assumptions i.e. $x=Nf$ or $x=\text{Log}(Nf)$. Does normal or log-normal distribution fit better on the test data?
- b) Calculate the fatigue life Nf at failure probability level on 97.7%, 50% and 2.3%. for different stress levels using log-normal distribution. Compare the statistical variation ($[Nf_{2.3\%} - Nf_{97.7\%}]/Nf_{50\%}$) at different stress levels. What is the reason for difference in variation?

Table 1 The fatigue test result

sa=500 MPa							
Samples failed n	2	7	6	9	7	5	2
Fatigue life Nf	8300	13700	22700	25000	27500	45300	74800
sa=300 MPa							
Samples failed n	1	5	8	10	7	5	2
Fatigue life Nf	28300	55200	107600	140000	182000	354900	692000
sa=200 MPa							
Samples failed n	1	4	8	10	9	5	1
Fatigue life Nf	65800	148100	333000	500000	750000	1687500	3796800