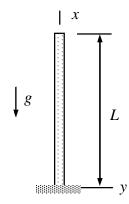
## **Assignment 1**

The column of the figure is loaded by its own weight. Determine stress  $\sigma_{xx}$ , strain  $\varepsilon_{xx}$  and displacement  $u_x$  as functions of x. Cross-sectional area A and density  $\rho$  of the material are constants. Assume that stress and strain are related by Hooke's law  $\sigma_{xx} = E\varepsilon_{xx}$ .



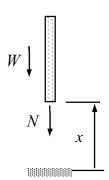
## **Solution template**

Let us start with the axial force N by considering the equilibrium of the column part shown

Weight of the column part W =

Equilibrium equation \_\_\_\_ = 0

Axial force N =



Stress at x follows from definition "force divided by the area" as directed area and force are aligned in the present problem.

Stress  $\sigma_{xx} =$  \_\_\_\_\_\_ .

Strain at x follows from the stress-strain relationship  $\sigma_{xx} = E \varepsilon_{xx}$ .

Strain  $\varepsilon_{xx} =$ \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Displacement of the column at x follows from the definition of strain (strain-displacement relationship)  $\varepsilon_{xx} = du_x/dx$  to be considered as an ordinary first order differential equation to displacement  $u_x$ . Let the integration constant be C.

Generic solution to displacement  $u_x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

Displacement is known to vanish at x = 0. Elimination the integration constant by using the boundary condition  $u_x(0) = 0$  gives the displacement for the problem.

Displacement  $u_x =$ \_\_\_\_\_\_.