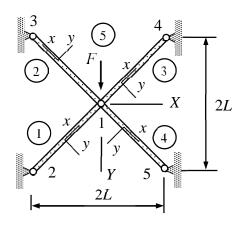
Assignment 1

Determine the element contributions of bars 2 and 3 of the structure shown using the bar element contribution for the structural coordinate system. Cross-sectional area of all the bars is $\sqrt{8}A$ and Young's modulus E.



Solution template

In the structural coordinate system, the element contribution of a bar is given by

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{R}_1 \\ \mathbf{R}_2 \end{Bmatrix} = \frac{EA}{h} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{i}^{\mathrm{T}} & -\mathbf{i} \mathbf{i}^{\mathrm{T}} \\ -\mathbf{i} \mathbf{i}^{\mathrm{T}} & \mathbf{i} \mathbf{i}^{\mathrm{T}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{a}_1 \\ \mathbf{a}_2 \end{Bmatrix} - \frac{f_x h}{2} \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{i} \\ \mathbf{i} \end{Bmatrix}, \text{ in which } \mathbf{i} = \frac{1}{h} \begin{Bmatrix} \Delta X \\ \Delta Y \end{Bmatrix}.$$

Above, **i** consists of components of the unit vector \vec{i} of the material coordinate system expressed in the structural coordinate system, h is the length of the bar element, and components ΔX , ΔY are the differences of the structural coordinates of the element end points.

The quantities in the element contribution of bar 2 are given by

$$h = \underline{\qquad}, \quad \mathbf{i} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \underline{\qquad} \\ \end{array} \right\}, \text{ and } \mathbf{i}\mathbf{i}^{\mathrm{T}} = \left[\begin{array}{c} \underline{\qquad} \\ \end{array} \right], \text{ therefore}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} F_{X1} \\ F_{Y1} \\ F_{X3} \\ \end{array} \right\} = \underbrace{EA}_{L} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\qquad} \\ \underline{\qquad} \\ \end{array} = \underbrace{EA}_{L} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\qquad} \\ \underline{\qquad} \\ \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{EA}_{L$$

The quantities in the element contribution of bar 3 are given by

$$h = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \quad \mathbf{i} = \left\{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}\right\}, \text{ and } \mathbf{i} \mathbf{i}^{\mathrm{T}} = \left[\underline{\hspace{1cm}}\right], \text{ therefore}$$