

$$|\psi\rangle \in \mathcal{H}$$

$$|\psi\rangle\langle\psi| = \begin{pmatrix} \psi_1 \\ \vdots \\ \psi_n \end{pmatrix} (\bar{\psi}_1 \dots \bar{\psi}_n) = \begin{pmatrix} \psi_1 \bar{\psi}_1 & & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & \psi_n \bar{\psi}_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} |\psi_1\rangle, p_1 \\ |\psi_2\rangle, p_2 \end{array} \Rightarrow \rho = \overbrace{p_1 |\psi_1\rangle\langle\psi_1|}^{s_1} + \overbrace{p_2 |\psi_2\rangle\langle\psi_2|}^{s_2}$$

$$\langle A \rangle = \text{tr}(\rho A)$$

$$\text{tr}(\rho) = 1$$

$$\rho = \sum_i \underbrace{\lambda_i}_{\uparrow} \underbrace{|\varphi_i\rangle\langle\varphi_i|}_{\uparrow}$$

$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} (\underline{I} + \underline{\vec{r}} \cdot \underline{\vec{\sigma}})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\underline{I} + \underline{r_x} \underline{\sigma_x} + \underline{r_y} \underline{\sigma_y} + \underline{r_z} \underline{\sigma_z})$$

$$\text{tr}(\sigma_k) = 0$$

$$\text{tr}(\underline{\vec{r}} \cdot \underline{\vec{\sigma}}) = 0$$

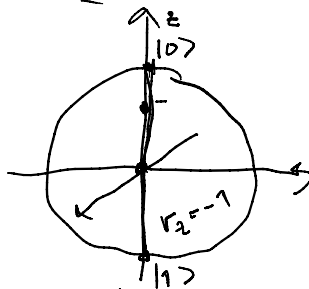
$$\|\underline{\vec{r}}\| = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{pure state}$$

$$\|\underline{\vec{r}}\| < 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{mixed state}$$

$$\begin{cases} \langle \sigma_x \rangle = r_x \\ \langle \sigma_y \rangle = r_y \\ \langle \sigma_z \rangle = r_z \end{cases}$$



$$\|\underline{\vec{r}}\| = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \rho = \frac{1}{2} I$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} |0\rangle\langle 0| + \frac{1}{2} |1\rangle\langle 1|$$

$$\text{tr}(\rho) = 1$$

$$U |\psi\rangle\langle\psi| U^\dagger \mapsto U \rho U^\dagger$$

$$\rho = \underline{p |0\rangle\langle 0| + (1-p) |1\rangle\langle 1|}$$

$$\langle \sigma_z \rangle = \text{tr}(\rho \sigma_z) = \text{tr}((p |0\rangle\langle 0| + (1-p) |1\rangle\langle 1|) \underline{Z})$$

$$= p \text{tr}(|0\rangle\langle 0| \underline{Z}) + (1-p) \text{tr}(|1\rangle\langle 1| \underline{Z})$$

$$= \langle 0 | \underline{Z} | 0 \rangle = \langle 0 | 0 \rangle = 1$$

$$\langle 1 | \underline{Z} | 1 \rangle = -\langle 1 | 1 \rangle = -1$$

$$= p + (1-p) \cdot (-1) = 2p - 1$$

$$|\Psi\rangle = |\psi_1\rangle \otimes |\psi_2\rangle = |\psi_1\rangle |\psi_2\rangle$$

$$|Bell\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|00\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$\text{tr}(|\psi_1\rangle\langle\psi_2|) = \langle\psi_2|\psi_1\rangle$$

$$\text{tr}_B(|\psi_1^A\rangle\langle\psi_1^B| \langle\psi_2^A| \langle\psi_2^B|) = |\psi_1^A\rangle\langle\psi_2^A| \underbrace{\langle\psi_2^B|\psi_1^B\rangle}_{\text{number}}$$

$$F(\underbrace{|\psi\rangle\langle\psi|}_{S_\psi}, \underbrace{|\psi\rangle\langle\psi|}_{S_\psi})$$

$$= \text{tr} \sqrt{S_\psi^{1/2} S_\psi S_\psi^{1/2}}$$

$$= \text{tr} \sqrt{|\psi\rangle\langle\psi| \underbrace{\langle\psi|\psi\rangle}_{|\langle\psi|\psi\rangle|^2} \langle\psi|\psi\rangle \langle\psi|}$$

$$= \text{tr} \underbrace{|\langle\psi|\psi\rangle|}_{=S_\psi} \underbrace{\sqrt{|\psi\rangle\langle\psi|}}_{=S_\psi} = |\langle\psi|\psi\rangle| \text{tr}(S_\psi) = \underline{|\langle\psi|\psi\rangle|}$$

$$S_\psi^{1/2} = S_\psi$$

$$S_\psi^2 = |\psi\rangle\langle\psi| \underbrace{\langle\psi|\psi\rangle}_{=1} \langle\psi|$$

$$= |\psi\rangle\langle\psi| - S_\psi$$

$$\overset{=1}{\text{tr}(S_\psi)} = \underline{|\langle\psi|\psi\rangle|}$$