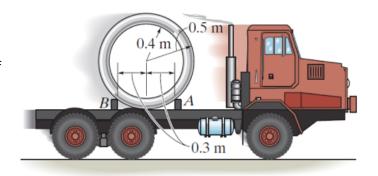
Submit your complete solution via MyCourses by Monday Nov 30, 23.59.

Exercise 1

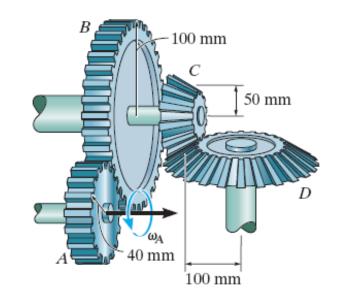
The pipe has a mass of 460 kg and is held in place on the truck bed using the two boards *A* and *B*. Determine the greatest acceleration of the truck so that the pipe begins to lose contact at *A* and the bed of the truck and starts to pivot about *B*. Also, what force does board *B* exert on the pipe for this acceleration?



Exercise 2

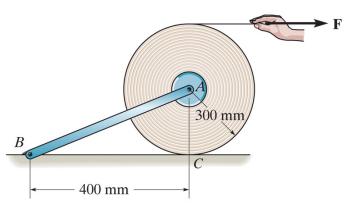
If the motor turns gear A with an angular acceleration $\alpha_A=3$ rad/s² when the angular velocity is $\omega_A=60$ rad/s, determine the angular acceleration and angular velocity of gear D.

Answer: $\omega_D = 12 \text{ rad/s}$; $\alpha_D = 0.6 \text{ rad/s}^2$



Exercise 3

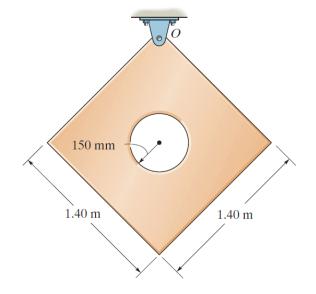
The 20-kg roll of paper has a radius of gyration $k_A=120$ mm about an axis passing through point A. It is pin supported at both ends A and B. The roll rests on the floor, for which the coefficient of kinetic friction is $\mu_k=0.2$. If a horizontal force F=60 N is applied to the end of the paper, determine the initial angular acceleration of the roll as the paper unrolls.



Exercise 4

Determine the moment of inertia about an axis perpendicular to the page and passing through the pin at O. The thin plate has a hole in its center. Its thickness is 50 mm, and the material has a density $\rho = 50 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Answer: $I_0 = 6.23 \text{ kgm}^2$



Exercise 5

The slender 6-kg bar AB is horizontal and at rest and the spring is unstretched. Determine the angular velocity of the bar when it has rotated clockwise 45° after being released. The spring has a stiffness of k = 12 N/m.

