Refinement of Fair Modular Voting Rules

Valentin Springsklee

Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT), Karlsruhe, Germany valentin.springsklee@student.kit.edu

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Abstract

Voting rules aggregate multiple individual preferences in order to make a collective decision. Commonly, these mechanisms are expected to respect a multitude of different notions of fairness and reliability, which must be carefully balanced to avoid inconsistencies.

In this article, the Isabelle Refinement Framework by Peter Lammich [3] is used to generate verified efficient code for voting rules that are specified in a framework for the construction of such fair voting rules using composable modules [1, 2].

Contents

```
theory Preference-List
  imports
    Verified	ext{-}Voting	ext{-}Rule	ext{-}Construction. Preference	ext{-}Relation
    List-Index.List-Index
begin
ordered from most to least preferred candidate
type-synonym 'a Preference-List = 'a list
definition well-formed-pl :: 'a Preference-List \Rightarrow bool where
  well-formed-pl pl \equiv length pl > 0 \land distinct pl
rank 1 is top prefernce, rank 0 is not in list
fun rank-l :: 'a Preference-List \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat where
  rank-l\ cs\ x = (if\ (List.member\ cs\ x)\ then\ index\ cs\ x + 1\ else\ 0)
\mathbf{fun}\ is\text{-}less\text{-}preferred\text{-}than::
  'a \Rightarrow 'a \ Preference\text{-}List \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool \ (- \lesssim - - [50, 1000, 51] \ 50) \ \mathbf{where}
    x \lesssim_r y = ((\textit{List.member } r \; x) \; \land \; (\textit{List.member } r \; y) \; \land \; (\textit{rank-l } r \; x \geq \textit{rank-l } r \; y))
definition limited :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ Preference-List \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
  limited A \ r \equiv (\forall \ x. \ (List.member \ r \ x) \longrightarrow \ x \in A)
fun limit-l::'a\ set\ \Rightarrow\ 'a\ Preference-List\ \Rightarrow\ 'a\ Preference-List\ where
  limit-l A pl = List.filter (\lambda a. a \in A) pl
lemma rank-gt-zero:
  assumes
    wf: well-formed-pl r and
    refl: x \lesssim_r x
  shows rank-l \ r \ x \ge 1
  from refl show List.member r x by auto
qed
definition total-on-l :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a Preference-List \Rightarrow bool where
  total-on-l A pl \equiv (\forall x \in A. (List.member pl x))
```

```
definition refl-on-l :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a Preference-List \Rightarrow bool where
  refl-on-l A r \equiv \forall x \in A. \ x \lesssim_r x
definition trans :: 'a Preference-List \Rightarrow bool where
  trans r \equiv \forall (x, y, z) \in ((set \ r) \times (set \ r) \times (set \ r)).
       x \lesssim_r y \land y \lesssim_r z \longrightarrow x \lesssim_r z
definition preorder-on-l :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ Preference-List \Rightarrow bool \ where
  \textit{preorder-on-l} \ \textit{A} \ \textit{pl} \equiv \textit{limited} \ \textit{A} \ \textit{pl} \ \land \ \textit{refl-on-l} \ \textit{A} \ \textit{pl} \ \land \ \textit{trans} \ \textit{pl}
definition linear-order-on-l :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a Preference-List \Rightarrow bool where
  linear-order-on-l\ A\ pl \equiv preorder-on-l\ A\ pl \wedge total-on-l\ A\ pl
definition connex-l :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ Preference-List \Rightarrow bool \ where
  connex-l A \ r \equiv limited \ A \ r \land (\forall \ x \in A. \ \forall \ y \in A. \ x \lesssim_r y \lor y \lesssim_r x)
lemma lin-ord-imp-connex-l:
  assumes linear-order-on-l A r
  shows connex-l A r
 by (metis Preference-List.connex-l-def Preference-List.is-less-preferred-than.simps
           linear-order-on-l-def preorder-on-l-def
           total-on-l-def assms nle-le)
lemma limitedI:
  (\bigwedge x y. [ x \lesssim_r y ]) \Longrightarrow x \in A \land y \in A) \Longrightarrow limited A r
  unfolding limited-def
  by auto
lemma limited-dest:
  shows (\bigwedge x \ y. \ [\![ is-less-preferred-than \ x \ r \ y; \ limited \ A \ r \ ]\!] \implies x \in A \land y \in A)
  unfolding limited-def by (simp)
definition above-1:: 'a Preference-List \Rightarrow 'a Preference-List where
  above-l \ r \ c \equiv take \ (rank-l \ r \ c) \ r
lemma above-trans:
  assumes
    trans: trans r and
  shows set (above-l \ r \ b) \subseteq set (above-l \ r \ a)
 by (metis Preference-List.above-l-def Preference-List.is-less-preferred-than.elims(2)
less\ set-take-subset-set-take)
definition pl-\alpha :: 'a Preference-List \Rightarrow 'a Preference-Relation where
```

pl- α $l = \{(a, b). \ a \lesssim_l b\}$

```
lemma less-preffered-l-rel-eq:
 shows a \leq_l b \longleftrightarrow Preference-Relation.is-less-preferred-than <math>a (pl-\alpha l) b
 by (simp add: pl-\alpha-def)
theorem aboveeq: assumes wf: well-formed-pl l and lo: linear-order-on-l A l
  shows set (above-l l a) = Order-Relation.above (pl-\alpha l) a
proof
 show set (above-l \ l \ a) \subseteq above (pl-\alpha \ l) \ a
 proof clarify
   \mathbf{fix} \ x
   assume x \in set (Preference-List.above-l l a)
   have length (above-l \ l \ a) = rank-l \ l \ a unfolding above-l-def
     by (simp add: Suc-le-eq in-set-member)
   from wf lo this have index l x \le index l a unfolding rank-l.simps
    by (metis Preference-List.above-l-def Preference-List.rank-l.simps Suc-eq-plus1
Suc\text{-}le\text{-}eq \ \langle x \in set \ (Preference\text{-}List.above\text{-}l \ l \ a) \rangle \ bot\text{-}nat\text{-}0.extremum\text{-}strict \ index\text{-}take}
linorder-not-less)
   from this have a \lesssim_l x
     by \ (metis\ One-nat-def\ Preference-List.\ above-l-def\ Preference-List.\ is-less-preferred-than.\ elims (3) ) 
Preference-List.rank-l.simps\ Suc-le-mono\ \langle x\in set\ (Preference-List.above-l\ l\ a) \rangle
add.commute add-0 add-Suc empty-iff find-index-le-size in-set-member index-def
le-antisym list.set(1) size-index-conv take-0)
   from this have Preference-Relation.is-less-preferred-than a (pl-\alpha \ l) x
     using less-preffered-l-rel-eq by (metis)
   from this show x \in Order-Relation.above (pl-\alpha l) a
     using pref-imp-in-above by (metis)
 qed
next
 show above (pl-\alpha \ l) a \subseteq set \ (above-l \ l \ a)
 proof clarify
   \mathbf{fix} \ x
   assume x \in Order-Relation. above (pl-\alpha \ l) a
   from this have Preference-Relation.is-less-preferred-than a (pl-\alpha \ l) x
     using pref-imp-in-above by (metis)
   from this have alpx: a \lesssim_l x
     using less-preffered-l-rel-eq by (metis)
   from this have rank-l l x \leq rank-l l a
     by auto
   from this alpx show x \in set (Preference-List.above-l l a)
      using Preference-List.above-l-def Preference-List.is-less-preferred-than.simps
Preference-List.rank-l.simps
    by (metis Suc-eq-plus1 Suc-le-eq in-set-member index-less-size-conv set-take-if-index)
 qed
qed
theorem rankeq: assumes wf: well-formed-pl l and lo: linear-order-on-l A l
 shows rank-l l a = Preference-Relation.rank (pl-<math>\alpha l) a
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```
proof (simp, safe)
 assume air: List.member l a
 from assms have abe: Order-Relation.above (pl-\alpha \ l) a = set (above-l \ l \ a)
   using aboveeq
   by metis
 from wf have dl: distinct (above-l l a) unfolding well-formed-pl-def above-l-def
   using distinct-take by blast
  from dl have ce: card (set (above-l l a)) = length (above-l l a) unfolding
well-formed-pl-def
   using distinct-card
   by blast
 have length (above-l \ l \ a) = rank-l \ l \ a \ unfolding \ above-l-def
   by (simp add: Suc-le-eq in-set-member)
 from air abe dl ce this show Suc\ (index\ l\ a) = card\ (Order-Relation.above\ (pl-\alpha))
l) a)
   by simp
next
 assume anr: \neg List.member\ l\ a
 from anr have a \notin (set \ l) unfolding pl-\alpha-def
   by (simp add: in-set-member)
 from this have a \notin Order-Relation.above (pl-\alpha \ l) a
     unfolding Order-Relation.above-def pl-\alpha-def
     by (simp \ add: \ anr)
 from this have Order-Relation.above (pl-\alpha l) a = \{\}
     unfolding Order-Relation.above-def
     using anr less-preffered-l-rel-eq by fastforce
 from this show card (Order-Relation.above (pl-\alpha l) a) = 0 by fastforce
qed
theorem linorder-l-imp-rel:
 assumes wf: well-formed-pl l and lo: linear-order-on-l A l
 shows Order-Relation.linear-order-on A (pl-\alpha l)
proof (unfold Order-Relation.linear-order-on-def partial-order-on-def
   Order-Relation.preorder-on-def, clarsimp, safe)
 from wf have l \neq [] using well-formed-pl-def
   by auto
 from lo have refl-on-l A l
   by (unfold linear-order-on-l-def preorder-on-l-def, simp)
 from this show refl-on A (pl-\alpha l)
 proof (unfold refl-on-l-def pl-\alpha-def refl-on-def, clarsimp)
   fix a and b
   assume ni: \forall x \in A. \ List.member \ l \ x
   assume aA: List.member l a and bA: List.member l b
   from ni aA bA show a \in A \land b \in A
    using lo linear-order-on-l-def preorder-on-l-def Preference-List.limited-def by
(metis)
 qed
next
 show Relation.trans (pl-\alpha \ l)
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by (unfold Preference-List.trans-def pl-\alpha-def Relation.trans-def, simp)
next
 show antisym (pl-\alpha \ l)
 proof (unfold antisym-def pl-\alpha-def is-less-preferred-than.simps, clarsimp)
   fix x and y
   assume xm: List.member l x and ym: List.member l y
   assume si: index \ l \ x = index \ l \ y
   from xm \ ym \ si \ show \ x = y
     by (simp add: member-def)
 qed
next
 show total-on A (pl-\alpha l)
   using connex-l-def lin-ord-imp-connex-l lo pl-\alpha-def total-on-def by fastforce
qed
lemma linorder-rel-imp-l:
 assumes Order-Relation.linear-order-on A (pl-\alpha l)
 shows linear-order-on-l A l
 unfolding linear-order-on-l-def preorder-on-l-def
proof (clarsimp, safe)
 show Preference-List.limited A l unfolding pl-\alpha-def linear-order-on-def
  using assms linear-order-on-def less-preffered-l-rel-eq partial-order-on D(1) refl-on-def'
  by (metis\ Preference-List.limitedI\ Preference-Relation. is-less-preferred-than. elims(2))
case-prodD)
\mathbf{next}
 show refl-on-l A l unfolding pl-\alpha-def
  using assms refl-on-l-def Preference-Relation.lin-ord-imp-connex less-preffered-l-rel-eq
   by (metis Preference-Relation.connex-def)
next
 show Preference-List.trans l unfolding pl-\alpha-def
   using Preference-List.trans-def by fastforce
next
 show total-on-l A l unfolding pl-\alpha-def
    using Preference-Relation.connex-def Preference-Relation.lin-ord-imp-connex
assms
     total-on-l-def less-preffered-l-rel-eq
   by (metis\ Preference-List.is-less-preferred-than.elims(2))
qed
lemma rel-trans:
 shows Relation.trans (pl-\alpha pl)
 unfolding Relation.trans-def pl-\alpha-def
 by auto
lemma connex-imp-refl:
 assumes connex-l A pl
 shows refl-on-l A pl
 unfolding connex-l-def refl-on-l-def
proof clarsimp
```

```
\mathbf{fix} \ x
 assume x \in A
 from this assms show List.member pl x
  by (metis Preference-List.connex-l-def Preference-List.is-less-preferred-than.elims(1))
\mathbf{qed}
lemma aconnex:
 assumes well-formed-pl pl and lo: linear-order-on-l A pl
 shows connex-l A pl
 {\bf using} \ \ Preference-List.connex-l-def \ Preference-List.is-less-preferred-than.simps
   linear-order-on-l-def\ preorder-on-l-def\ refl-on-l-def\ lo
 by (metis nle-le)
end
theory Profile-Array
 imports Verified-Voting-Rule-Construction. Profile
  Preference-List
  List-Index.List-Index
  CAVA	ext{-}Base.\ CAVA	ext{-}Base
  Collections. Diff-Array
begin
notation array-get (-[[-]] [900,0] 1000)
value list-of-array (array-of-list [1::nat,2])
type-synonym 'a Profile-List = ('a Preference-List) list
fun pr1-\alpha :: 'a Profile-List \Rightarrow 'a Profile where
 pr1-\alpha \ pr1 = map \ (Preference-List.pl-\alpha) \ pr1
type-synonym 'a Preference-Array = 'a array
definition is-less-pref-array ::'a \Rightarrow 'a Preference-Array \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool nres where
  is-less-pref-array x ballot y \equiv do {
   (i, rank) \leftarrow WHILET (\lambda(i, rank), (i < (array-length ballot)))
     (\lambda(i, rank). do \{
     let c = ballot[[i]];
     let ret = (if (c = y) then True else False);
     let i = i + 1;
     RETURN (i, rank)
   \{(0,0);
   RETURN (True)
type-synonym 'a Profile-Array = ('a Preference-Array) array
definition profile-l :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ Profile-List \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
```

```
profile-l \ A \ pr1 \equiv (\forall \ i::nat. \ i < length \ pr1 \longrightarrow
   well-formed-pl (pr1!i) \land linear-order-on-l A (pr1!i)
definition well-formed-prefa :: 'a Preference-Array \Rightarrow bool where
  well-formed-prefa pa = ((array-length pa > 0) \land distinct (list-of-array pa))
lemma wfa-imp-wfl[simp]: well-formed-prefa pa \longrightarrow well-formed-pl (list-of-array
 unfolding well-formed-prefa-def well-formed-pl-def
 by (simp add: array-length-list)
definition rank-array-invariant ballot-a a \equiv \lambda (i, rank).
 \forall idx < i. \ ballot-a[[idx]] \neq a \lor rank = i
definition rank-array-mon :: 'a Preference-Array \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat nres where
  rank-array-mon ballot-a a \equiv do {
   (i, rank) \leftarrow WHILET (\lambda(i, rank), (i < (array-length ballot-a) \land rank = 0))
     (\lambda(i, rank). do \{
     let rank = (if (ballot-a[[i]] = a) then (i + 1) else 0);
     let i = i + 1;
     RETURN (i, rank)
   \})(\theta,\theta);
    RETURN \ rank
lemma rank-array-mon-correct: assumes prof: well-formed-prefa a
  shows rank-array-mon ballot-a a \leq SPEC (\lambda r. r = rank (pl-\alpha (list-of-array)
ballot-a)) a)
 unfolding rank-array-mon-def rank-l.simps
 apply (intro WHILET-rule where I = (rank-array-invariant\ ballot-a\ a) and R = measure
(\lambda(i,-), (array-length\ ballot-a) - i) refine-vcg)
 unfolding rank-array-invariant-def
 apply auto
proof -
 \mathbf{fix} i
 assume nir: \neg i < array-length \ ballot-a
 from nir prof have \forall idx < array-length ballot-a. ballot-a[[idx]] \neq a
   unfolding well-formed-prefa-def
 oops
Profile Array abstraction functions
definition pa-to-pl :: 'a Profile-Array \Rightarrow 'a Profile-List where
 pa-to-pl pa = map (list-of-array) (list-of-array pa)
definition pa-to-pr :: 'a Profile-Array <math>\Rightarrow 'a Profile where
 pa-to-pr pa = pr1-\alpha (pa-to-pl pa)
definition pl-to-pa :: 'a Profile-List \Rightarrow 'a Profile-Array where
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```
pl-to-pa pa = array-of-list (map (array-of-list) (pa))
Profile properties and refinement
definition profile-a :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ Profile-Array \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
 profile-a \ A \ pa = profile-l \ A \ (pa-to-pl \ pa)
abbreviation finite-profile-a :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a Profile-Array \Rightarrow bool where
 finite-profile-a A pa \equiv finite A \land profile-a A pa
lemma profile-data-refine:
 assumes (pl,pr) \in build\text{-}rel\ pr1\text{-}\alpha\ (profile\text{-}l\ A)
 shows profile A pr
 unfolding profile-def
 apply(intro\ allI\ impI)
proof(-)
 \mathbf{fix} i
 assume ir: i < length pr
 from ir assms have well-formed-pl (pl!i) unfolding profile-l-def
   by (simp add: in-br-conv)
 from ir assms have linear-order-on-l A (pl ! i) unfolding profile-l-def
   by (simp add: in-br-conv)
 from assms this show linear-order-on A (pr!i) unfolding profile-l-def
   using linorder-l-imp-rel
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) in-br-conv ir length-map nth-map pr1-\alpha.simps)
qed
lemma profile-a-l: assumes profile-a A pa
 shows profile-l A (pa-to-pl pa)
 using assms profile-a-def by (metis)
lemma profile-a-rel: assumes profile-a A pa
 shows profile A (pa-to-pr pa)
 using profile-data-refine
 by (metis assms brI pa-to-pr-def profile-a-def)
Monadic redifintion of counting functions.
definition we-invar p\theta a \equiv \lambda(r,ac).
 r \leq length \ p\theta
 \land ac = card\{i::nat. \ i < r \land above (p0!i) \ a = \{a\}\}
definition win-count-mon :: 'a Profile \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat nres where
win-count-mon p a \equiv do {
  (r, ac) \leftarrow WHILET (\lambda(r, -), r < length p) (\lambda(r, ac), do \{
    ASSERT (r < length p);
   let ac = ac + (if (above (p!r) a = \{a\}) then 1 else 0);
   let r = r + 1;
   RETURN(r, ac)
  })(\theta,\theta);
  RETURN\ ac
```

```
}
definition win-count-mon-r::'a\ Profile \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat\ nres\ where
win-count-mon-r p a \equiv do \{
  (r, ac) \leftarrow WHILET (\lambda(r, \cdot), r < length p) (\lambda(r, ac), do \{
    ASSERT (r < length p);
   let ac = ac + (if (rank (p!r) a = 1) then 1 else 0);
   let r = r + 1;
   RETURN(r, ac)
  \})(\theta,\theta);
  RETURN\ ac
lemma win-count-mon-correct:
 shows win-count-mon p a \leq SPEC (\lambda wc. wc = win-count p a)
  {\bf unfolding} \ win\text{-}count\text{-}mon\text{-}def \ win\text{-}count.simps
  apply (intro WHILET-rule[where I=(wc\text{-invar }p\ a) and R=measure\ (\lambda(r,-).
(length \ p) - r) refine-vcg)
  unfolding wc-invar-def
  apply (simp-all)
 apply (erule subst)
 apply (simp)
 apply (intro conjI impI)
proof (simp-all)
 \mathbf{fix}\ r::\ nat
 assume le: r < length p
 assume atop: above (p ! r) a = \{a\}
 with atop have prep:
        \{i.\ i < Suc\ r \land above\ (p!i)\ a = \{a\}\}
       = \{i. \ i < r \land above \ (p ! i) \ a = \{a\}\} \cup \{r\}
   by fastforce
  then show
        Suc (card \{i.\ i < r \land above\ (p!\ i)\ a = \{a\}\}\) =
         card \{i. i < Suc \ r \land above \ (p!i) \ a = \{a\}\}
   by fastforce
\mathbf{next}
  \mathbf{fix} \ r :: nat
 assume r < length p
  assume atop: above (p!r) a \neq \{a\}
  then show
      card \{i. \ i < r \land above (p!i) \ a = \{a\}\} =
      card \{i. i < Suc \ r \land above \ (p!i) \ a = \{a\}\}
   by (metis less-Suc-eq)
qed
```

```
lemma carde: assumes pprofile: profile A p
 shows \forall r < length \ p. \ (card \ (above \ (p!r) \ a) = 1) = (above \ (p!r) \ a = \{a\})
 using pprofile
  by (metis profile-def rank.simps Preference-Relation.rankone1 Preference-Relation.rankone2)
lemma win-count-mon-r-correct:
 assumes prof: profile A p
 shows win-count-mon-r p a \leq SPEC (\lambda wc. wc = win-count p a)
 {\bf unfolding} \ win\text{-}count\text{-}mon\text{-}r\text{-}def \ win\text{-}count.simps
  apply (intro WHILET-rule] where I=(wc\text{-invar }p\ a) and R=measure\ (\lambda(r,-).
(length p) - r) refine-vcg)
 unfolding wc-invar-def
 apply (simp-all)
 apply (erule subst)
 apply (simp)
proof (safe, simp-all)
 \mathbf{fix} \ aa
 assume aail: aa < length p
 assume rank1: card (above (p ! aa) a) = Suc 0
 from a ail prof rank1 have above (p \mid aa) a = \{a\}
   by (metis One-nat-def profile-def rank.simps rankone2)
  from this have prep:
        \{i.\ i < Suc\ aa \land above\ (p!\ i)\ a = \{a\}\}
       = \{i. \ i < aa \land above \ (p!i) \ a = \{a\}\} \cup \{aa\}
   by fastforce
  then show
        Suc (card \{i.\ i < aa \land above\ (p!\ i)\ a = \{a\}\}\) =
         card \{i. i < Suc \ aa \land above \ (p!i) \ a = \{a\}\}
   by simp
next
 \mathbf{fix} \ aa
 assume aail: aa < length p
 assume rank1: card (above (p ! aa) a) \neq Suc \ \theta
 from aail rank1 have neq: above (p \mid aa) a \neq \{a\}
   by fastforce
 have seteq:
     \{i.\ i < Suc\ aa \land above\ (p!i)\ a = \{a\}\}
     =\{i.\ i < aa \land above\ (p!\ i)\ a = \{a\}\} \cup \{i.\ i = aa \land above\ (p!\ i)\ a = \{a\}\}
   by fastforce
  from neq have emp: \{i.\ i=aa \land above\ (p!\ i)\ a=\{a\}\}=\{\} by blast
   from seteq emp have
   \{i. \ i < Suc \ aa \land above \ (p!i) \ a = \{a\}\} = \{i. \ i < aa \land above \ (p!i) \ a = \{a\}\}
   by simp
 then show
     card \{i. \ i < aa \land above (p!i) \ a = \{a\}\} =
     card \{i. i < Suc \ aa \land above \ (p!i) \ a = \{a\}\}
   by simp
qed
```

```
definition winsr :: 'a Preference-Relation \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat where
  winsr r \ a \equiv (if \ (rank \ r \ a = 1) \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0)
definition win-count-mon-outer :: 'a Profile \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat nres where
win-count-mon-outer p a \equiv do {
  (r, ac) \leftarrow WHILET (\lambda(r, \cdot), r < length p) (\lambda(r, ac), do \{
   ASSERT (r < length p);
   let \ ac = ac + winsr \ (p!r) \ a;
   let r = r + 1;
   RETURN(r, ac)
  \})(\theta,\theta);
 RETURN\ ac
lemma win-count-mon-outer-correct:
 assumes prof: profile A p
 shows win-count-mon-outer p a \leq SPEC (\lambda wc. wc = win-count p a)
proof -
 have eq: win-count-mon-outer p a = win-count-mon-r p a
 unfolding win-count-mon-outer-def win-count-mon-r-def winsr-def
 by fastforce
 from eq show ?thesis using win-count-mon-r-correct
   using prof by fastforce
qed
schematic-goal wc\text{-}code\text{-}aux: RETURN ?wc\text{-}code \leq win\text{-}count\text{-}mon p a
 unfolding win-count-mon-def
 by (refine-transfer)
concrete-definition win-count-code for p a uses wc-code-aux
lemma win-count-equiv:
 shows win-count p a = win-count-code p a
 from order-trans[OF win-count-code.refine win-count-mon-correct]
   have win-count-code p a = win-count p a
     by fastforce
  thus ?thesis by simp
qed
export-code win-count in Scala
Data refinement
definition winsr-imp :: 'a Preference-List \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat where
  winsr-imp l \ a \equiv (if \ (rank-l \ l \ a = 1) \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0)
definition winsr-imp' :: 'a Preference-List \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat where
  winsr-imp' l \ a \equiv (if \ (l!0 = a) \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0)
```

```
lemma winsr-imp-refine:
 assumes linear-order-on-l A l
 assumes (l,r) \in build\text{-}rel \ pl\text{-}\alpha \ well\text{-}formed\text{-}pl
 shows winsr-imp l \ a = (winsr \ r \ a)
 unfolding winsr-imp-def winsr-def
 using rankeq
 \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{assms}(1)\ \mathit{assms}(2)\ \mathit{in\text{-}br\text{-}conv})
lemma winsr-imp'-eq:
 assumes well-formed-pl l
 shows winsr-imp' l a = (winsr-imp \ l \ a)
 unfolding winsr-imp'-def winsr-imp-def
proof (simp, safe)
 show List-Index.index l(l!0) = 0
   by (simp\ add:\ index-eqI)
next
 assume amem: List.member l a
 assume anhd: l!0 \neq a
 from amem and show 0 < List-Index.index l a
   by (metis gr0I in-set-member nth-index)
\mathbf{next}
  assume nmem: \neg List.member \ l \ (l!0)
 assume fstex: a = l! \theta
 from nmem have set l = \{\}
   by (metis length-greater-0-conv member-def nth-mem set-empty2)
 from this have l = []
   using set-empty by simp
 from assms this show False unfolding well-formed-pl-def by simp
qed
definition win-count-imp :: 'a Profile-List \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat nres where
win-count-imp p a \equiv do {
 (r, ac) \leftarrow WHILET (\lambda(r, -), r < length p) (\lambda(r, ac), do \{
    ASSERT (r < length p);
   let ac = ac + (winsr-imp (p!r) a);
   let r = r + 1;
   RETURN(r, ac)
 \})(\theta,\theta);
 RETURN\ ac
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{win\text{-}count\text{-}imp\text{-}refine} \colon
 assumes (pl,pr) \in build\text{-}rel\ pr1\text{-}\alpha\ (profile\text{-}l\ A)
 shows win-count-imp pl a \leq \text{$$} Id (win-count-mon-outer pr a)
 using assms unfolding win-count-imp-def win-count-mon-outer-def
 apply (refine-rcg)
```

```
apply (refine-dref-type) — Type-based heuristics to instantiate data refinement
goals
 apply simp
 apply (auto simp add:
    refine-hsimp refine-rel-defs)
 using winsr-imp-refine
   by (metis in-br-conv profile-l-def)
theorem win-count-imp-correct:
  assumes (pl,pr) \in build\text{-}rel\ pr1\text{-}\alpha\ (profile\text{-}l\ A)
 shows win-count-imp pl a \leq SPEC (\lambda wc. wc = win-count pr a)
 using ref-two-step [OF\ win-count-imp-refine win-count-mon-outer-correct] assms
   profile-data-refine by fastforce
definition win-count-imp' :: 'a Profile-List \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat nres where
win-count-imp' p a \equiv do \{
 (r, ac) \leftarrow WHILET (\lambda(r, -), r < length p) (\lambda(r, ac), do \{
   ASSERT (r < length p);
   let \ ballot = (p!r);
   let \ ac = ac + winsr-imp' \ ballot \ a;
   let r = r + 1;
   RETURN(r, ac)
 \})(\theta,\theta);
 RETURN\ ac
lemma win-count-imp'-refine: assumes profile-l A pl
 shows win-count-imp' pl a \leq \text{$\downarrow$Id} (win-count-imp pl a)
 unfolding win-count-imp'-def win-count-imp-def winsr-imp-def wc-invar-def
 apply (refine-rcq)
  apply (refine-dref-type) — Type-based heuristics to instantiate data refinement
goals
 apply simp-all
 apply (auto simp add:
    refine-hsimp refine-rel-defs)
proof (unfold winsr-imp'-def, simp-all)
 \mathbf{fix} \ x1
 assume range: x1 < length pl
 assume mem: List.member (pl! x1) a
 assume fst: List-Index.index (pl! x1) a = 0
 from mem fst show pl!x1!0 = a
   by (metis in-set-member nth-index)
\mathbf{next}
 \mathbf{fix} \ x1
 assume range: x1 < length pl
 assume mem: List.member (pl! x1) a
 assume nfst: List-Index.index (pl! x1) a > 0
```

```
from mem nfst show pl!x1!0 \neq a
   by (metis index-eq-iff)
\mathbf{next}
 \mathbf{fix} \ x1
 assume range: x1 < length pl
 assume nmem: \neg List.member (pl! x1) a
  \textbf{from} \ \textit{assms} \ \textit{range} \ \textbf{have} \ \textit{nonempty-ballot} \colon (\textit{pl!x1}) \neq [] \ \textbf{unfolding} \ \textit{profile-l-def}
well-formed-pl-def
   by (metis len-greater-imp-nonempty)
 have l \neq [] \land (l!0 = a) \longrightarrow List.member l a
   by (metis length-greater-0-conv member-def nth-mem)
 from this nonempty-ballot nmem show pl!x1!0 \neq a
   by (metis length-greater-0-conv member-def nth-mem)
qed
theorem win-count-imp'-correct:
 assumes (pl,pr) \in build\text{-}rel\ pr1\text{-}\alpha\ (profile\text{-}l\ A)
 shows win-count-imp' pl a \leq SPEC (\lambda wc. wc = win-count pr a)
  using ref-two-step[OF win-count-imp'-refine win-count-imp-correct] assms re-
fine-IdD
 by (metis\ in-br-conv)
Moving from Lists to Arrays
definition win-count-imp2 :: 'a Profile-Array \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat nres where
win-count-imp2 p a \equiv do {
 (i, ac) \leftarrow WHILET (\lambda(i, -), i < array-length p) (\lambda(i, ac), do \{
   ASSERT (i < array-length p);
   let \ ballot = (p[[i]]);
   let ac = ac + (if (ballot[[0]] = a) then 1 else 0);
   let i = i + 1;
   RETURN(i, ac)
  })(\theta,\theta);
  RETURN ac
lemma win-count-imp2-refine:
 assumes (pa, pl) \in br \ pa-to-pl \ (profile-a \ A)
 shows win-count-imp2 pa a \leq \text{$\downarrow$Id} (win-count-imp' pl a)
 unfolding win-count-imp2-def win-count-imp'-def winsr-imp'-def
 apply (refine-rcg)
 apply (refine-dref-type)
 apply (simp-all, safe)
\mathbf{proof}\ (simp\text{-}all)
 \mathbf{fix} \ x1
 assume ir: x1 < array-length pa
 have array-length pa = length (list-of-array pa)
   by (simp add: array-length-list)
  from assms ir this show x1 < length pl unfolding pa-to-pl-def
   by (simp add: in-br-conv)
```

```
next
  \mathbf{fix} \ x1
 assume ir: x1 < length pl
  from assms ir show g2: x1 < array-length pa unfolding pa-to-pl-def
   by (simp add: array-length-list in-br-conv)
next
  \mathbf{fix} \ x1
  assume ir: x1 < length pl
  assume afst: a = (pa[[x1]])[[0]]
  from ir have arrayac: (pa[[x1]])[[0]] = list-of-array((list-of-array pa)!x1)!0
   by (metis Diff-Array.array.exhaust array-get.simps list-of-array.simps)
  from assms ir arrayac show pl! x1 ! \theta = (pa[[x1]])[[\theta]]
   unfolding pa-to-pl-def well-formed-pl-def
   by (simp add: in-br-conv)
\mathbf{next}
  \mathbf{fix} \ x1
  assume ir: x1 < length pl
 assume neq: pa[[x1]][[\theta]] \neq pl! x1! \theta
  from ir have arrayac: pa[[x1]][[0]] = list-of-array((list-of-array pa)!x1)!0
   by (metis Diff-Array.array.exhaust array-get.simps list-of-array.simps)
  from assms ir arrayac have pl! \ x1 \ ! \ \theta = pa[[x1]][[\theta]]
   unfolding pa-to-pl-def well-formed-pl-def
   by (simp \ add: in-br-conv)
  from neg this show False by simp
qed
lemma a-l-r-step: (pr1-\alpha \circ pa-to-pl) = pa-to-pr
 by (simp add: fun-comp-eq-conv pa-to-pr-def)
lemma win-count-imp2-correct:
  assumes (pa, pr) \in br \ pa-to-pr \ (profile-a \ A)
 shows win-count-imp2 pa a \leq SPEC (\lambda ac. ac = win-count pr a)
  using ref-two-step[OF win-count-imp2-refine win-count-imp'-correct]
proof -
  assume td: \bigwedge pa \ pl \ A \ pr \ Aa \ a.
       (pa, pl) \in br \ pa-to-pl \ (profile-a \ A) \Longrightarrow
       (pl, pr) \in br \ pr1-\alpha \ (profile-l \ Aa) \Longrightarrow
 win\text{-}count\text{-}imp2\ pa\ a \leq \Downarrow\ nat\text{-}rel\ (SPEC\ (\lambda wc.\ wc = win\text{-}count\ pr\ a))
 obtain pl where r1: (pa, pl) \in br \ pa-to-pl \ (profile-a \ A)
   by (metis assms in-br-conv)
  from r1 have r2:(pl, pr) \in br \ pr1-\alpha \ (profile-l \ A) using a-l-r-step assms pro-
file-a-l
   by (metis comp-def in-br-conv)
  from r1 r2 td show ?thesis
   using assms
  \mathbf{by}\ (metis\ conc\text{-}trans\text{-}additional(5)\ singleton\text{-}conv\ win\text{-}count\text{-}imp'\text{-}correct\ win\text{-}count\text{-}imp2\text{-}refine})
schematic-goal wc\text{-}code\text{-}refine\text{-}aux: RETURN\ ?wc\text{-}code \leq win\text{-}count\text{-}imp2\ p\ a
```

```
unfolding win-count-imp2-def
 by (refine-transfer)
concrete-definition win-count-imp-code for p a uses wc-code-refine-aux
lemma win-count-array[simp]:
 assumes lg: (profile-a \ A \ pa)
 shows win-count-imp-code pa a = win-count (pa-to-pr pa) a
 using lg order-trans[OF win-count-imp-code.refine win-count-imp2-correct,
    of pa \ (pa-to-pr \ pa)
 by (auto simp: refine-rel-defs)
\mathbf{lemma}\ win\text{-}count\text{-}array\text{-}code\text{-}correct:
 assumes lg: (profile-a A pa)
 shows win-count (pa-to-pr pa) a = win-count-imp-code pa a
 by (metis lq win-count-array)
definition prefer-count-invariant p \ x \ y \equiv \lambda(r, ac).
     r \leq length p \wedge
     ac = card \{i::nat. \ i < r \land (let \ r = (p!i) \ in \ (y \leq_r x))\}
definition prefer-count-mon :: 'a Profile \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat nres where
  prefer-count-mon \ p \ x \ y \equiv do \ \{
  (i, ac) \leftarrow \textit{WHILET} (\lambda(i, -). i < \textit{length } p) (\lambda(i, ac). \textit{do } \{
   ASSERT (i < length p);
   let b = (p!i);
   let ac = ac + (if \ y \leq_b x \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0);
   let i = i + 1;
   RETURN(i, ac)
  \{(\theta,\theta);
  RETURN\ ac
lemma prefer-count-mon-correct:
 shows prefer-count-mon p a b \le SPEC (\lambda wc. wc = prefer-count p a b)
 unfolding prefer-count-mon-def prefer-count.simps
 apply (intro WHILET-rule[where I = (prefer-count-invariant p \ a \ b)
       and R=measure (\lambda(r,-), (length p) - r) refine-vcg)
 unfolding prefer-count-invariant-def
 apply (simp-all)
 apply (erule subst)
 apply (simp)
 apply (intro\ conjI\ impI)
proof (simp-all)
 fix r
 assume ir: r < length p
 assume blpa: (b, a) \in p!r
 with blpa have prep:
```

```
\{i.\ i < Suc\ r \land (b,\ a) \in p\ !\ i\}
        = \{i. \ i < r \land (b, a) \in p ! i\} \cup \{r\}
    \mathbf{by} fastforce
 thus Suc\ (card\ \{i.\ i < r \land (b,\ a) \in p\ !\ i\}) = card\ \{i.\ i < Suc\ r \land (b,\ a) \in p\ !\ i\}
    by fastforce
\mathbf{next}
  \mathbf{fix} \ r
 assume ir: r < length p
 assume bnlpa: (b, a) \notin p!r
  with bnlpa ir show prep:
        card \{i. i < r \land (b, a) \in p ! i\}
        = card \{i. i < Suc \ r \land (b, a) \in p ! i\}
    using less-Suc-eq by metis
qed
end
theory Result-Ref
 \mathbf{imports}\ \mathit{Verified-Voting-Rule-Construction}. Result
begin
type-synonym 'a Result-Ref = 'a list * 'a list * 'a list
end
theory Electoral-Module-Ref
 imports Social-Choice-Types/Profile-Array
          Social-Choice-Types/Result-Ref
          Verified	ext{-}Voting	ext{-}Rule	ext{-}Construction. Electoral	ext{-}Module
begin
type-synonym 'a Electoral-Module-Ref = 'a set \Rightarrow 'a Profile-Array \Rightarrow 'a Result
definition electoral-module-r :: 'a Electoral-Module-Ref \Rightarrow bool where
  electoral-module-r mr \equiv \forall A p. finite-profile-a A p \longrightarrow well-formed A (mr A p)
end
theory Plurality-Module-Ref
 {\bf imports}\ \ Verified\mbox{-} Voting\mbox{-} Rule\mbox{-} Construction. Electoral\mbox{-} Module
        Component	ext{-}Types/Electoral	ext{-}Module	ext{-}Ref
        Verified\hbox{-} Voting\hbox{-} Rule\hbox{-} Construction. Plurality\hbox{-} Module
begin
```

```
fun plurality-r :: 'a Electoral-Module-Ref where
  plurality-r A p =
   \{a \in A. \ \forall x \in A. \ win\text{-}count\text{-}imp\text{-}code \ p \ x \leq win\text{-}count\text{-}imp\text{-}code \ p \ a\},\
    \{a \in A. \exists x \in A. \text{ win-count-imp-code } p \ x > \text{win-count-imp-code } p \ a\},\
    {})
lemma datarefplurality:
  shows \forall A. (plurality-r A, plurality A) \in (br pa-to-pr (profile-a A)) \rightarrow
   Id
 apply (refine-rcg)
 apply (auto simp add:
   refine-rel-defs)
 done
type-synonym 'a Electoral-Module-Ref-T= 'a set \Rightarrow 'a Profile-Array \Rightarrow 'a Re-
sult-Ref nres
definition initmap :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \rightharpoonup nat \ \mathbf{where}
  initmap \ A = (SOME \ m. \ (\forall \ a \in A. \ ((m \ a) = Some \ (0::nat))))
definition computewcforcands :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a Profile-Array \Rightarrow ('a \rightarrow nat) nres
where
  computewc for cands \ A \ p \equiv \ do \ \{
   (i, wcmap) \leftarrow WHILET (\lambda(i, -). i < array-length p) (\lambda(i, wcmap). do \{
      ASSERT (i < array-length p);
     let \ ballot = (p[[i]]);
     let \ winner = (ballot[[\theta]]);
     let wcmap = (if (wcmap winner = None) then wcmap (winner <math>\mapsto 0)
          else wcmap (winner \mapsto (the (wcmap winner) + 1)));
     let i = i + 1;
    RETURN (i, wcmap)
   )(0, Map.empty);
    RETURN\ wcmap
lemma wcmap-correc : assumes profile-a A p
 shows computewcforcands A p \leq SPEC (\lambda m. \forall a \in A. (the (m a)) = win-count-imp-code
p(a)
  {\bf unfolding}\ compute wc for cands-def\ in it map-def
  apply (intro WHILET-rule[where R=measure (\lambda(i,-)). (array-length p) -i)]
refine-vcg)
 apply auto
  oops
end
```

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