



IIT Madras
ONLINE DEGREE

Statistics for Data Science -1

Introduction and types of data

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Learning objectives

1. What is statistics?
 - ▶ Descriptive statistics, inferential statistics.
 - ▶ Distinguish between a sample and a population.
2. Understand how data are collected.
 - ▶ Identify variables and cases (observations) in a data set
3. Types of data-
 - ▶ classify data as categorical(qualitative) or numerical(quantitative) data.
 - ▶ Understand cross-sectional versus time-series data.
 - ▶ Measurement scales
4. Creating data sets; Downloading and manipulating data sets; working on subsets of data.
5. Framing questions that can be answered from data.

Introduction

Basic definitions

Population and sample

What is Statistics?

Definition

Statistics¹ is the art of learning from data. It is concerned with the collection of data, their subsequent description, and their analysis, which often leads to the drawing of conclusions.

¹Ross, Sheldon M. Introductory statistics. Academic Press, 2017. »

Major branches of statistics

1. Description

Definition

*The part of statistics concerned with the description and summarization of data is called **descriptive statistics**.*

2. Inference

Definition

*The part of statistics concerned with the drawing of conclusions from data is called **inferential statistics**.*

- ▶ To be able to draw a conclusion from the data, we must take into account the possibility of chance- introduction to **probability**.

Population and sample

Suppose we are interested in knowing

- ▶ The percentage of all students in India who have passed their Class 12 exams and study engineering.
- ▶ The prices of all houses in Tamil Nadu.
- ▶ The total sales of all cars in India in the year 2019.
- ▶ The age distribution of people who visit a city Mall in a particular month.

Population and sample

Definition

*The total collection of all the elements that we are interested in is called a **population**.*

Population and sample

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Definition

*A subgroup of the population that will be studied in detail is called a **sample**.*

Purpose of statistical analysis

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²Weiss, Neil A. Introductory Statistics: Pearson New International Edition. Pearson Education Limited, 2014.

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- ▶ A descriptive study may be performed either on a sample or on a population.

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- ▶ If the information is obtained from a sample of a population and the purpose of the study is to use that information to draw conclusions about the population, the study is inferential.
- ▶ A descriptive study may be performed either on a sample or on a population.
- ▶ When an inference is made about the population, based on information obtained from the sample, does the study become inferential.

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Summary

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Descriptive statistics

Summary

- ▶ Descriptive statistics
- ▶ Inferential statistics

Summary

- ▶ Descriptive statistics
- ▶ Inferential statistics
- ▶ Population and sample