Homework06

1. The following program is supposed to print the number 5 on the screen. It does not work. Why? Answer in no more than ten words, please.

```
1
           .ORIG x3000
 2
           JSR
 3
           OUT
                             ;TRAP x21
 4
           BRnzp DONE
5
   Α
           AND
                  R0,R0,#0
 6
           ADD R0, R0, #5
7
           JSR
8
           RET
9
   DONE
          HALT
   ASCII .FILL x0030
10
          LD
                  R1, ASCII
11
12
                  R0,R0,R1
           ADD
13
           RET
14
            .END
```

2.The following LC-3 program is assembled and then executed. There are no assemble time or run-time errors. What is the output of this program? Assume all registers are initialized to 0 before the program executes.

```
1
           .ORIG x3000
           ST R0, #6; x3007
2
3
           LEA RO, LABEL
           TRAP x22
4
5
           TRAP x25
  LABEL .STRINGZ "FUNKY"
6
7
   LABEL2 .STRINGZ "HELLO WORLD"
8
           .END
```

3. The following nonsense program is assembled and executed.

```
1
           .ORIG x4000
 2
           LD R2,BOBO
 3
           LD R3,SAM
 4
   AGAIN ADD R3,R3,R2
5
          ADD R2,R2,#-1
          BRnzp SAM
 6
7
   BOBO
          .STRINGZ "Why are you asking me this?"
8
   SAM
          BRnp AGAIN
9
           TRAP x25
10
           .BLKW 5
11 JOE
           .FILL x7777
            .END
12
```

How many times is the loop executed? When the program halts, what is the value in R3? (If you do not want to the arithmetic, it is okay to answer this with a mathematical expression.)

4. The program below, when complete, should print the following to the monitor:

ABCFGH

Insert instructions at (a)-(d) that will complete the program.

```
1
          .ORIG x3000
 2
          LEA R1, TESTOUT
   BACK_1 LDR R0, R1, #0
 3
 4
          BRz NEXT_1
5
          TRAP x21
6
          ---- (a)
 7
          BRnzp BACK_1
8
   NEXT_1 LEA R1, TESTOUT
9
   BACK_2 LDR R0, R1, #0
10
11
         BRz NEXT 2
12
         JSR SUB_1
         ADD R1, R1, #1
13
          BRnzp BACK 2
14
15
16
   NEXT_2 ---- (b)
17
   SUB 1 ---- (c)
18
19
         LDI R2, DSR
20
          ---- (d)
21
         STI RO, DDR
22
         RET
         .FILL xFE04
23
  DSR
   DDR
         .FILL xFE06
```

```
25 TESTOUT .STRINGZ "ABC"
26 .END
```

5.Shown below is a partially constructed program. The program asks the user his/her name and stores the sentence "Hello, name" as a string starting from the memory location indicated by the symbol HELLO. The program then outputs that sentence to the screen. The program assumes that the user has finished entering his/her name when he/she presses the Enter key, whose ASCII code is x0A. The name is restricted to be not more than 25 characters.

Assuming that the user enters Onur followed by a carriage return when prompted to enter his/her name, the output of the program looks exactly like:

Please enter your name: Onur Hello, Onur

Insert instructions at (a)-(d) that will complete the program.

```
1
             .ORIG x3000
2
            LEA R1, HELLO
3
   AGAIN
            LDR R2, R1, #0
4
            BRZ NEXT
            ADD R1,R1,#1
5
            BR AGAIN
6
7
            LEA RO, PROMPT
   NEXT
8
            TRAP x22
                              ; PUTS
9
            ---- (a)
10
   AGAIN2
            TRAP x20
                              ; GETC
11
            TRAP x21
                               ; OUT
12
            ADD R2,R0,R3
13
            BRZ CONT
14
            ---- (b)
15
            ---- (C)
16
            BR AGAIN2
17
   CONT
            AND R2, R2, #0
18
             ---- (d)
            LEA RO, HELLO
19
2.0
            TRAP x22
                              ; PUTS
            TRAP x25
                              ; HALT
21
22
   NEGENTER .FILL xFFF6
                               ; -xoA
           .STRINGZ "Please enter your name: "
23
   PROMPT
24
   HELLO
            .STRINGZ "Hello, "
25
            .BLKW #25
26
             FND
```