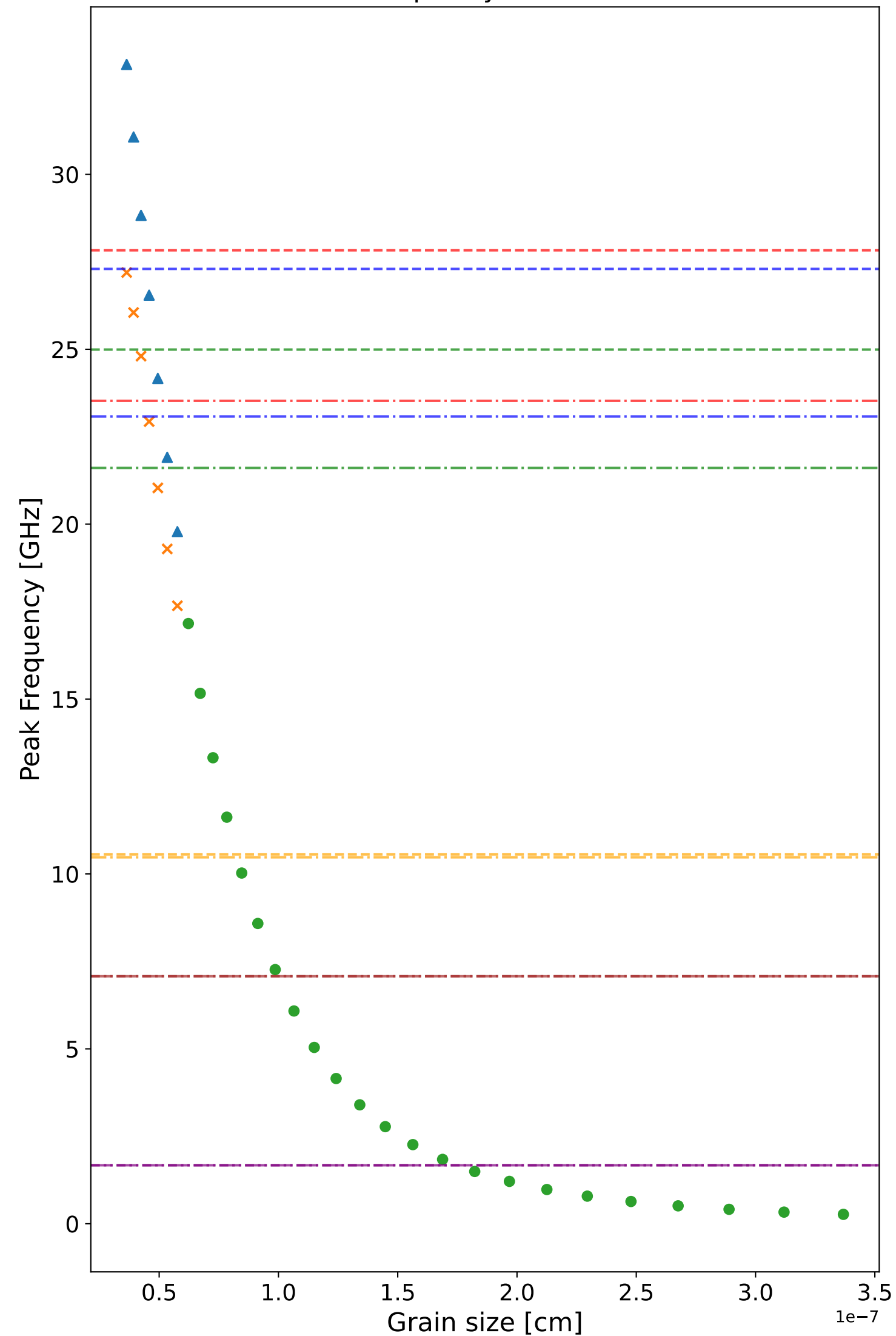


Peak Frequency vs Grain Size



- ▲ Disk grain;  $d = 3.35 \times 10^{-8}$
- ✕ Thicker disk grain;  $d = 6.7 \times 10^{-8}$
- Spherical grain
- - - Raw dist. (27.8 GHz)
- · - Raw dist. (thicker diskgrain) (23.5 GHz)
- - - Power-law  $\gamma = -3.5$  (27.3 GHz)
- · - Power-law  $\gamma = -3.5$  (thicker diskgrain) (23.1 GHz)
- - - Log-normal  $\mu = 3.64e-08$  (25.0 GHz)
- · - Log-normal  $\mu = 3.64e-08$  (thicker diskgrain) (21.6 GHz)
- - - Log-normal  $\mu = 3.37e-07$   $\sigma = 0.4$  (1.7 GHz)
- · - Log-normal  $\mu = 3.37e-07$   $\sigma = 0.4$  (thicker diskgrain) (1.7 GHz)
- - - Log-normal  $\mu = 1.87e-07$   $\sigma = 0.4$  (10.6 GHz)
- · - Log-normal  $\mu = 1.87e-07$   $\sigma = 0.4$  (thicker diskgrain) (10.5 GHz)
- - - Log-normal  $\mu = 1.87e-07$   $\sigma = 0.2$  (7.1 GHz)
- · - Log-normal  $\mu = 1.87e-07$   $\sigma = 0.2$  (thicker diskgrain) (7.1 GHz)