

# Functional Programming for BDA - List 0

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Before proceeding with the exercises below, download Haskell Platform or at least Glasgow Haskell Compiler (briefly: GHC).

**Exercise 1.** Play with the command `:t` and check the type of various expressions, for example:

- a) `98`,
- b) `5 + 3`,
- c) `(+)`,
- d) `(2^)`,
- e) `(truncate pi)`,
- f) `(sqrt 25)`,
- g) `(round 1.8)`,
- h) `False`,
- i) `(4 < 5)`,
- j) `(> 45)`,
- k) `... .`

Explain the results.

**Exercise 2.** Calculate the following expressions in GHC:  $2^3^2$ ,  $2^{(3^2)}$ ,  $(2^3)^2$ . Determine the associativity of  $^$  using the command `:i`. In a similar way check some other known to you 2-argument functions.

**Exercise 3.** Enter  $f\ x\ y = x + 2*y$  and  $g = f\ 3$  in GHC. How does the function  $g$  work?

**Exercise 4.** Enter  $x = [1, 2, 3]$ ,  $y = [1, 3, ..8]$  and  $z = [1..]$  in GHC.

- a) Test functions *head*, *init*, *last*, *tail* on  $x$  and  $y$ , e.g. *head y*.
- b) Test `++` function which concatenates two lists into one, e.g.  $u = y ++ z$ .
- c) Test function *take n* on  $z$ , where  $n$  is a natural number. What happens if you try to print  $z$  (*show z*) or take the last element of it?
- d) Enter the command `:show bindings` and explain what do you see.