

**POLICY NAME**

Soliris (eculizumab)

**POLICY #**

1506P

## Criteria

### Exclusion Criteria – Any of the following prevents coverage

- ☐ **5.1** Patients with unresolved *Neisseria meningitidis* infection
- ☐ **5.2** Patients who are not vaccinated against *Neisseria meningitidis* (unless treatment cannot be delayed)
- ☐ **5.3** Not indicated for the treatment of patients with Shiga toxin *Escherichia coli*-related hemolytic uremic syndrome
- ☐ **5.4** Soliris cannot be used in combination with another terminal complement inhibitor, such as Ultomiris

### Coverage Criteria for the Treatment of Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglobinuria (PNH)

- ☐ **1.1** Diagnosis of PNH
- ☐ **1.2** Prescribed by a hematologist (blood doctor) or oncologist (cancer doctor) in the Soliris REMS program
- ☐ **1.3** Age 18 years or older
- ☐ **1.4** Lab cultures rule out any unresolved serious *Neisseria meningitidis* infection, if patient was diagnosed with *Neisseria meningitidis* infection recently
- ☐ **1.5** Documentation of meningococcal vaccine series OR will receive vaccine at least 2 weeks prior to first dose (unless treatment cannot be delayed)
- ☐ **1.6** Review of chart notes documenting diagnosis and confirming that the patient has met all of the above requirements for treatment with Soliris by both a pharmacist and medical director.

## Coverage Criteria for the Treatment of atypical Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (aHUS)

- ☐ **2.1** Diagnosis of aHUS with evidence of complement gene abnormality or factor antibodies
- ☐ **2.2** Prescribed by a hematologist (blood doctor) or oncologist (cancer doctor) in the Soliris REMS program
- ☐ **2.3** Lab cultures rule out any unresolved serious *Neisseria meningitidis* infection, if patient was diagnosed with *Neisseria meningitidis* recently
- ☐ **2.4** Documentation of meningococcal vaccine series OR will receive vaccine at least 2 weeks prior to first dose (unless treatment cannot be delayed)
- ☐ **2.5** Review of chart notes documenting diagnosis and confirming that the patient has met all of the above requirements for treatment with Soliris by both a pharmacist and medical director

## Coverage Criteria for the Treatment of Generalized Myasthenia Gravis (gMG)

- ☐ **3.1** Documented diagnosis of generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) as supported by the following:
  - Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) clinical classification class II to IV
  - Myasthenia Gravis-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score greater than or equal to 6
- ☐ **3.2** Documentation that patient is anti-acetylcholine (AChR)-antibody-positive
- ☐ **3.3** Prescribed by a neurologist (doctor of the nervous system) or physician specialized in the treatment of gMG in the Soliris REMS program
- ☐ **3.4** Age 18 years or older
- ☐ **3.5** Lab cultures rule out any unresolved serious *Neisseria meningitidis* infection if patient was diagnosed with *N meningitidis* infection recently
- ☐ **3.6** Documentation of meningococcal vaccine series OR will receive vaccine at least 2 weeks prior to first dose (unless treatment cannot be delayed)
- ☐ **3.7** Previous trial with at least 1 immunosuppressant (such as azathioprine, mycophenolate, cyclosporine, References methotrexate, etc)
- ☐ **3.8** Review of chart notes documenting diagnosis and confirming that the patient has met all of the above requirements for treatment with Soliris by both a pharmacist and medical director

## Coverage Criteria for the Treatment of Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

- ☐ **4.1** Documented diagnosis of neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) with chart notes indicating the member exhibits at least one of the core clinical characteristics:
  - Optic neuritis (inflammation of optic nerve)
  - Acute myelitis (a type of inflammation of the spinal cord)
  - Area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea and vomiting)
  - Acute brainstem syndrome (lesions of the brain stem causing symptoms such as dizziness, vertigo, headache, facial pain, vision disturbances)
  - Symptomatic narcolepsy or acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic MRI lesions (resulting from a rare type of central nervous system lesion)
  - Symptomatic cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesions
- ☐ **4.2** Documentation that the patient is anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive
- ☐ **4.3** Ordered by a neuro-ophthalmologist or specialist in the treatment of NMOSD in the Soliris REMS program
- ☐ **4.4** Age 18 years or older
- ☐ **4.5** Documentation that the member has been on a stable dose of immunosuppressive therapy (such as azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil, oral corticosteroids, etc.)
- ☐ **4.6** Lab cultures rule out any unresolved serious *Neisseria meningitidis* infection, if patient was diagnosed with *N meningitidis* infection recently
- ☐ **4.7** Documentation of meningococcal vaccine series OR will receive vaccine at least 2 weeks prior to first dose (unless treatment cannot be delayed)
- ☐ **4.8** Review of chart notes documenting diagnosis and confirming that the patient has met all of the above requirements for treatment with Soliris by both a pharmacist and medical director