

Pharmacy Drug Policy Checklist

POLICY NAME	Diabetes Drug Therapies	POLICY #	546P
-------------	-------------------------	----------	------

Criteria

Symlin (pramlintide) Step Edit	
	1.1 Symlin will be covered for members with documentation of failure to reach blood sugar control with mealtime insulin
	 1.2 Members with the following conditions will not be required to meet the step edit: Confirmed diagnosis of gastroparesis (delayed stomach empyting) Need for medications to stimulate gastrointestinal motility Poor compliance with current insulin regimen Poor compliance with prescribed self-blood glucose monitoring Recurrent severe hypoglycemia requiring assistance in the last 6 months Presence of hypoglycemia unawareness Pediatric patients Statement of the Policy

Glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP- 1) and Glucose-Dependent Insulintropic Peptide (GIP) and Glucagon-like peptide-1	
	2.1 GLP-1 Agonists: Byetta, Bydureon BCise, Ozempic, Rybelsus, Trulicity, and Victoza
	2.2 GLP-1 and GIP Product: Mounjaro
	2.3 Requested drug is being used for a Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indication to improve glycemic control in patients with type 2 diabetes or reduce the risk of major cardiovascular events in adults with type 2 diabetes and established cardiovascular disease or multiple cardiovascular risk factors
	 Medical necessity for coverage is only established for the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications
	Off-label indications are otherwise excluded per the Excluded Drug List Policy
	2.4 Drug is not being used solely for weight loss
	 2.5 One of the following criteria is met: Established ASCVD (coronary artery disease, cerebrovascular disease, or peripheral arterial disease OR identified as high risk for ASCVD as defined by one of the following >/= 55 years old with coronary, carotid, or lower extremity artery stenosis > 50% Left ventricular hypertrophy Inadequate response (defined as at least 30 days of therapy within the previous 180 days) at the maximally tolerated dose, contraindication or intolerance of metformin Inadequate response (defined as at least 30 days of therapy within the previous 180 days) at the maximally tolerated dose, contraindication or intolerance of a formulary insulin product Requirement does not apply to State of Illinois members with diabetes and weight loss benefit per legislative mandate
	 2.6 Coverage of Victoza (liraglutide) require previous trial with TWO of the following: Mounjaro Byetta or Bydureon Ozempic or Rybelsus Trulicity
	2.7 Quantity Limits as listed below

Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV (DPP-4) Preferred Product Step-Edit	
	 3.1 Preferred DPP-4 products fall into two groups: Group 1: Tradjenta, Jentadueto, Jentadueto XR Group 2: Januvia, Janumet, Janumet XR
	3.2 Pharmacy claims history showing that the member has filled at least a 90-day supply of metformin in the previous 180 days, or documentation of intolerance or contraindication to metformin; OR
	3.3 Pharmacy claims showing at least a 90-day supply of a formulary insulin product in the previous 180 days
	3.4 Quantity Limit as listed below
Dipe	eptidyl Peptidase IV (DPP-4) Non-Preferred Product Prior Authorization
Dipe	eptidyl Peptidase IV (DPP-4) Non-Preferred Product Prior Authorization 4.1 Non-preferred Products: Onglyza, Kombiglyze, Kombiglyze XR, Nesina, Oseni, Kazano, alogliptin, alogliptin-pioglitazone, alogliptin-metformin
Dipe	4.1 Non-preferred Products: Onglyza, Kombiglyze, Kombiglyze XR, Nesina, Oseni, Kazano,
Dipe	 4.1 Non-preferred Products: Onglyza, Kombiglyze, Kombiglyze XR, Nesina, Oseni, Kazano, alogliptin, alogliptin-pioglitazone, alogliptin-metformin 4.2 Documented failure of at least one product listed in Group 1, with claims history that indicates that the member has filled at least a 90 day supply of metformin in the previous 180

Sodium Glucose Co-Transporter 2 Inhibitors (SGLT-2) Preferred Product Step Edit		
	5.1 Preferred SGLT-2 products fall into two groups:	
	Group 1: Farxiga, Xigduo XR	
	Group 2: Jardiance, Synjardy	
	5.2 One of the following criteria is met:	
	• Established ASCVD (coronary artery disease, cerebrovascular disease, or peripheral arterial disease OR identified as high risk for ASCVD as defined by one of the following:	
	 ≥ 55 years old with coronary, carotid, or lower extremity stenosis > 50% Left ventricular hypertrophy 	
	 Pharmacy claims history indicating that the member has filled at least a 90-day supply of metformin within the previous 180 days, or documentation showing intolerance or contraindication to metformin 	
	 Pharmacy claims showing at least a 90 day supply of a formulary insulin product within the previous 180 days 	
	5.3 Quantity Limit as listed below	
	5.4 See SGLT2 Non-Diabetes Indications policies for coverage outside of this indication	
	ium Glucose Co-Transporter 2 Inhibitors (SGLT-2) Non-Preferred Product r Authorization	
	Authorization6.1 Non-preferred products include: Invokana, Invokamet, Invokamet XR, Steglatro,	
	 Authorization 6.1 Non-preferred products include: Invokana, Invokamet, Invokamet XR, Steglatro, Segluromet, Brenzavvy, Bexagliflozin 6.2 Pharmacy claims showing at least a 90-day supply use of at least one Group 1 SGLT-2 	
Prio	 6.1 Non-preferred products include: Invokana, Invokamet, Invokamet XR, Steglatro, Segluromet, Brenzavvy, Bexagliflozin 6.2 Pharmacy claims showing at least a 90-day supply use of at least one Group 1 SGLT-2 product in the previous 180 days, AND 6.3 Pharmacy claims showing at least a 90-day supply of at least one Group 2 SGLT-2 product in the previous 	
	 6.1 Non-preferred products include: Invokana, Invokamet, Invokamet XR, Steglatro, Segluromet, Brenzavvy, Bexagliflozin 6.2 Pharmacy claims showing at least a 90-day supply use of at least one Group 1 SGLT-2 product in the previous 180 days, AND 6.3 Pharmacy claims showing at least a 90-day supply of at least one Group 2 SGLT-2 product in the previous 	

SGLT-2/DPP-4 Combination Products Prior Authorization	
	7.1 Coverage of SGLT-2/DPP-4 combination products require the following:Products include: Glyxambi, Trijardy XR, Steglujan, Qtern
	7.2 Pharmacy claims showing at least a 90 day supply of Farxiga or Xigduo XR in the previous 180 days
	7.3 Pharmacy claims showing at least a 90 day supply of Jardiance or Synjardy in the previous 180 days
	7.4 Quantity Limit as listed below

Long Acting Insulin/GLP-1 Combination Products Prior Authorization

- **8.1** Coverage of long-acting insulin/GLP-1 products, Soliqua and Xultophy, require documented failure with one of the following:
 - Pharmacy claims showing at least a 90 day supply of a GLP-1 product within the previous 180 days
 - Pharmacy claims showing at least a 90 day supply of a long acting basal insulin product within the previous 180 days (ex. Lantus, Levemir, Tresiba)

Medical Necessity for Immediate Dual Therapy Requirements	
	9.1 New diagnosis of Type 2 diabetes mellitus
	9.2 A1c is greater than or equal to 9%
	9.3 Second drug being requested will be used in combination with metformin or a sulfonylurea unless there is a contraindication to both
	9.4 Immediate addition of a third product used with metformin AND any antidiabetic drug that doesn't require preauthorization is excluded.
	9.5 Immediate addition of a third product to combination products which include metformin or any other combination antidiabetic product that doesn't require preauthorization is excluded
	9.6 Use of in-class preferred formulary products is requiredExample: Tradjenta or Januvia; Farxiga or Jardiance
	9.7 Quantity limits as listed below
	9.8 Addition of a third drug will require pharmacy claims showing member has used dual therapy for at least 3 months

Non	Non-Preferred Insulin Step-Edit	
	 10.1 Coverage of non-preferred insulin products requires: Non-preferred insulin products include: Novolin N, Novolin R, Novolin 70/30, Novolog, Novolog Mix 70/30, Admelog, Fiasp, and Apidra 	
	10.2 Pharmacy claims showing at least 3 months use of a preferred insulin, OR	
	10.3 Notes from provider which show previous trial and failure, intolerance, or contraindication to a preferred insulin product	

Definitions

- ☐ **12.1** Contraindication to metformin based on:
 - Kidney dysfunction
 - Concurrent active or progressive liver disease
 - Active alcohol abuse
 - History of acute lactic acidosis while taking metformin or chronic lactic acidosis
 - · Unstable or acute heart failure