

I. Static Type-Checker

ASTTypes

As suggested by the code given a new construct `ASTType` was created to represent the type system of the language. This abstraction captures the variety of types expressible in the language. Like `ASTTArrow` (Lambda function), `ASTTBool`, `ASTTId`, `ASTTInt`, `ASTTList`, `ASTTRef` (pointer), `ASTTString`, `ASTTStruct` product type, `ASTTUnion` (sum type), `ASTTUnit`.

ASTNode

To start a new Environment<`ASTType`> was created. Now all AST nodes have a new function called `typecheck()`. This function mirrors the structure of the `eval()` but works with types and not Nodes. This function asserts that all the type in the code lead to a safe execution.

Together with this some extra Nodes were create to handle extra functionalities of the language like `ASTStruct`, `ASTMatchUnion`.

Type Bindings

To handle field labeling in structures and variant labeling in unions, a new class named `TypeBindList` was introduced. This class manages the association between labels and their corresponding `ASTTypes`.

Handling Ids

To handle id's in `ASTType` a method called `specialEquals` and `specialIsSubTypeOf` was added, this method checks for `ASTTId` on his arguments and then calls the `equals` and `isSubTypeOf` functions respectabely.

This also helped with Recursive Types that by only checking them when `.equals`, `isSubTypeOf` and some extra action are called. Leads to the possibility of having Recursive Types.

END