```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
double del[5][5];
double x[5],y[5];
void forwardDiff()
{
                 for(int i=0; i<5; i++) del[0][i] = y[i];
                 for(int i=1; i<5; i++)
                                for(int j=0; j<5-i; j++)
                                                 del[i][j] = del[i-1][j+1]-del[i-1][j];
                 }
}
double cal1stOrder(double u, double h)
                 return (1/h) * (del[1][0] + (((2*u-1)/2)*del[2][0]) + (((3*u*u-6*u+2)/6)*del[3][0]) + (((4*u*u*u-6*u+2)/6)*del[3][0]) + (((4*u*u*u-6*u+2)/6)*del[3][0]) + (((4*u*u-6*u+2)/6)*del[3][0]) + ((4*u*u-6*u+2)/6)*del[3][0]) + ((4*u*u-6*u+2)/6)
18*u*u+22*u-6)/24)*del[4][0]));
double cal2ndOrder(double u, double h)
                 return (1/(h^*h)) * (del[2][0] + ((u-1)^*del[3][0]) + (((12^*u^*u-36^*u+22)/24)^*del[4][0]));
int main()
{
                 cout << "Enter the x values: ";</pre>
                 for(int i=0; i<5; ++i) cin >> x[i];
                 cout << "Enter the y values: ";</pre>
                 for(int i=0; i<5; i++) cin >> y[i];
                 double xp;
                 cout << "Enter the point: ";
                 cin >> xp; //xp=1
                 forwardDiff();
                 double h = x[1]-x[0];
                 double u = (xp-x[0])/h;
                 cout << "1st order derivative = "<< cal1stOrder(u,h) << endl << "2nd order derivative = " <<
cal2ndOrder(u,h) << endl;
                 return 0;
}
12345
182764125
```

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
double del[5][5];
double x[5],y[5];
void forwardDiff()
{
                for(int i=0; i<5; i++) del[0][i] = y[i];
                for(int i=1; i<5; i++)
                                for(int j=0; j<5-i; j++)
                                                 del[i][j] = del[i-1][j+1]-del[i-1][j];
                }
}
double cal1stOrder(double u, double h)
                return (1/h) * (del[1][0] + (((2*u-1)/2)*del[2][0]) + (((3*u*u-6*u+2)/6)*del[3][0]) + (((4*u*u*u-6*u+2)/6)*del[3][0]) + (((4*u*u*u-6*u+2)/6)*del[3][0]) + (((4*u*u-6*u+2)/6)*del[3][0]) + ((4*u*u-6*u+2)/6)*del[3][0]) + ((4*u*u-6*u+2)/6)
18*u*u+22*u-6)/24)*del[4][0]));
double cal2ndOrder(double u, double h)
                return (1/(h^*h)) * (del[2][0] + ((u-1)^*del[3][0]) + (((12^*u^*u-36^*u+22)/24)^*del[4][0]));
int main()
{
                cout << "Enter the x values: ";</pre>
                for(int i=0; i<5; ++i) cin >> x[i];
                cout << "Enter the y values: ";</pre>
                for(int i=0; i<5; i++) cin >> y[i];
                double xp;
                cout << "Enter the point: ";
                cin >> xp; //xp=1.5
                forwardDiff();
                double h = x[1]-x[0];
                double u = (xp-x[0])/h;
                cout << "1st order derivative = "<< cal1stOrder(u,h) << endl << "2nd order derivative = " <<
cal2ndOrder(u,h) << endl;
                return 0;
}
12345
182764125
1.5
 */
```

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
const int mx = 1000;
double y[mx];
void calDel(double a,double b,double h, int n)
{
     for(int i=0; i<=n; i++)
     {
           double x = a+i*h;
           y[i] = 5*log10(x);
           cout << x << " " << y[i] << " " << log10(x) << " ";
//
}
double trapezoid(double h,int n)
     double I=0;
     for(int i=1;i< n;i++) I += y[i];
     I += (h/2) * (y[0]+2*I+y[n]);
     return I;
}
int main()
{
     double a,b;
     int n;
     cout << "lower & upper limit, a & b : ";</pre>
     cin >> a >>b;
     cout << "Number of intervals, n: ";</pre>
     cin >> n;
     if(a<1 || b<1 || b<a){
           cout << "the entered interval limit [a,b] is not valid" << endl; return 0;</pre>
     double h = (b-a)/(n*1.0);
     calDel(a,b,h,n);
     cout << "The approximiate area is = " << trapezoid(h,n) << endl;</pre>
     return 0;
}
1 100
10
*/
```

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#define PI acos(-1.0)
#define toradian(degree) (PI*degree)/180
#define todegree(radian) (radian*180)/PI
#define sinD(degree) sin((degree * PI) / 180.0)
#define cosD(degree) cos((degree * PI) / 180.0)
#define tanD(degree) tan((degree * PI) / 180.0)
#define cotD(degree) (1.0 / tanD(degree))
#define secD(degree) (1.0 / cosD(degree))
#define cosecD(degree) (1.0 / sinD(degree))
#define asinD(value) (asin(value) * 180.0) / PI
#define acosD(value) (acos(value) * 180.0) / PI
#define atanD(value) (atan(value) * 180.0) / PI
using namespace std;
const int mx = 1000;
double y[mx];
void calDel(double a,double b,double h, int n)
     for(int i=0; i<=n; i++)
     {
          double x = a+i*h;
          y[i] = (PI/2)^* \exp(todegree(sinD(x)));
     }
}
double simpson13(double h,int n)
     double I=0,s1=0,s2=0;
     for(int i=1;i< n;i+=2) s1 += y[i];
     for(int i=2;i< n-1;i+=2) s2 += y[i];
     I += (h/3) * (y[0] + 4*s1 + 2*s2 + y[n]);
     return I;
}
int main()
{
     double a,b;
     cout << "lower & upper limit, a & b : ";
     cin >> a >>b;
     cout << "Number of intervals, n: ";
     cin >> n;
     if(b<a){
          cout << "the entered interval limit [a,b] is not valid" << endl; return 0;
     double h = (b-a)/(n*1.0);
     calDel(a,b,h,n);
     cout << "The approximiate area is = " << simpson13(h,n) << endl;</pre>
     return 0;
```

}

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#define PI acos(-1.0)
#define toradian(degree) (PI*degree)/180
#define todegree(radian) (radian*180)/PI
#define sinD(degree) sin((degree * PI) / 180.0)
#define cosD(degree) cos((degree * PI) / 180.0)
#define tanD(degree) tan((degree * PI) / 180.0)
#define cotD(degree) (1.0 / tanD(degree))
#define secD(degree) (1.0 / cosD(degree))
#define cosecD(degree) (1.0 / sinD(degree))
#define asinD(value) (asin(value) * 180.0) / PI
#define acosD(value) (acos(value) * 180.0) / PI
#define atanD(value) (atan(value) * 180.0) / PI
using namespace std;
const int mx = 1000;
double y[mx];
void calDel(double a,double b,double h, int n)
     for(int i=0; i<=n; i++)
     {
          double x = a+i*h;
          y[i] = x/(1+(x*x));
     }
}
double simpson38(double h,int n)
     double I=0,s1=0,s2=0;
     for(int i=1;i<n;i++) \{if(i\%3==0) \text{ continue}; s1 += y[i];\}
     for(int i=3;i< n-2;i+=3) s2 += y[i];
     I += (3*h/8) * (y[0]+ 3*s1 + 2*s2 +y[n]);
     return I;
}
int main()
{
     double a,b;
     cout << "lower & upper limit, a & b : ";
     cin >> a >>b;
     cout << "Number of intervals, n: ";
     cin >> n;
     if(b<a){
          cout << "the entered interval limit [a,b] is not valid" << endl; return 0;
     double h = (b-a)/(n*1.0);
     calDel(a,b,h,n);
     cout << "The approximiate area is = " << simpson38(h,n) << endl;
     return 0;
```

}

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
double a[5][5];
double b[4][4];
double calculateDet3(int col)
{
                   for(int i=2, bi=1; i<5; i++, bi++)
                                     for(int j=1, bj=1;j<5;j++)
                                                        if(j==col) continue;
                                                         b[bi][bj] = a[i][j];
                                                         bj++;
                                     }
                   }
                   return \ (b[1][1]^*(b[2][2]^*b[3][3] - b[2][3]^*b[3][2]) - b[1][2]^*(b[2][1]^*b[3][3] - b[2][3]^*b[3][1]) + b[2][2]^*b[3][2] - b[2][3]^*b[3][2] - b[2][3]^*b[3][2] - b[2][3]^*b[3][3] - b[2][3]^*b[3] - b[2][3]^*b[3] - b[2][3]^*b[3]^*b[3] - b[2][3]^*b[3] - b[2][3]^*b[2] - b[2][3
b[1][3]*(b[2][1]*b[3][2] - b[2][2] * b[3][1]));
double calculateDet4()
                   double det = a[1][1]*calculateDet3(1) - a[1][2]*calculateDet3(2) + a[1][3]*calculateDet3(3) - a[1]
[4]*calculateDet3(4);
                   return det;
}
int main()
{
                   cout << "Enter the values of 4x4 matrix:\n";</pre>
                   for (int i = 1; i < 5; ++i)
                                     for (int j = 1; j < 5; ++j)
                                                       cin >> a[i][j];
                  cout << "Determinant of the entered matrix is = "<< calculateDet4() << endl;</pre>
                   return 0;
}
2 -1 3 0
-3104
-2141
-130-2
*/
```

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
double a[4][4], con[4];
double c[4][4], x[4], b[3][3];
double calculateDet3()
{
     return (a[1][1]*(a[2][2]*a[3][3] - a[2][3]*a[3][2]) - a[1][2]*(a[2][1]*a[3][3] - a[2][3]*a[3][1]) +
a[1][3]*(a[2][1]*a[3][2] - a[2][2] * a[3][1]));
double cofactor(int row,int col)
     for(int i=1, bi=1; i<4; i++)
           if(i==row) continue;
           for(int j=1, bj=1;j<4;j++)
                if(j==col) continue;
                b[bi][bj] = a[i][j];
                bj++;
           }
           bi++;
     }
     return (pow(-1,row+col) * (b[1][1]*b[2][2] - b[1][2]*b[2][1]));
}
void getAlnverse(double det)
     for(int i=1; i<4; i++) ///get C matrix
           for(int j=1;j<4;j++) c[i][j] = cofactor(i,j);
     for(int i=1; i<4; i++) ///get Adjoint of A = Transpose of C
           for(int j=i;j<4;j++) swap(c[i][j],c[j][i]);
     for(int i=1; i<4; i++)
           for(int j=0; j<4; j++)
                c[i][j] /= det;
     }
}
void solveX(double det)
     getAInverse(det);
     for (int i = 1; i < 4; ++i)
           x[i] = c[i][1]*con[1] + c[i][2]*con[2] + c[i][3]*con[3];
}
int main()
     cout << "Enter the coefficient & constant values :\n";</pre>
```

```
for (int i = 1; i < 4; ++i)
          for (int j = 1; j < 4; ++j)
                cin >> a[i][j];
          cin >> con[i];
     }
     double detA = calculateDet3();
     if(detA == 0) { cout << "The solution is not possible since the det is 0."; return 0; }</pre>
     solveX(detA);
     cout << "x = " << x[1] << endl;
     cout << "y = " << x[2] << endl;
     cout << "z = " << x[3] << endl;
     return 0;
}
/*
1111
1236
1346
*/
```

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
double a[4][4], con[4];
double tempA[4][5];
double det[4];
double detfun(int col)
     if(col!=0){
          for(int i=1; i<4; i++)
                for(int j=0; j<4; j++)
                     tempA[i][j] = a[i][j];
          for(int i=1; i<4; i++) tempA[i][col] = con[i];
     }
  return (tempA[1][1]*(tempA[2][2]*tempA[3][3] - tempA[2][3]*tempA[3][2]) - tempA[1]
[2]*(tempA[2][1]*tempA[3][3] - tempA[2][3]*tempA[3][1]) + tempA[1][3]*(tempA[2][1]*tempA[3][2]
- tempA[2][2] * tempA[3][1]));
}
int main()
     cout << "Enter the coefficient & constant values :\n";</pre>
  for(int i=1; i<4; i++)
    for(int j=1; j<4; j++)
      cin >> a[i][j];
       tempA[i][j] = a[i][j];
    cin >> con[i];
  det[0] = detfun(0);
  det[1] = detfun(1);
  det[2] = detfun(2);
  det[3] = detfun(3);
  if(det[0]==0){
    cout << "No unique solution" << endl << endl; return 0;</pre>
  }
  double x = det[1]/det[0];
  double y = det[2]/det[0];
  double z = det[3]/det[0];
  cout << "Unique solution: " << setprecision(3) << fixed << x << " " << y << " " << z << endl << endl;
  return 0;
}
```

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
double x[6],y[6];
double xi,yi,xi2,xy;
double a,b;
void calculateSums()
     for (int i = 1; i < 6; ++i)
           xi += x[i];
           yi += y[i];
           xi2 += x[i]*x[i];
           xy += x[i]*y[i];
     }
}
void calculateLine(int n)
{
     calculateSums();
     b = ((n*xy - xi*yi)/(n*xi2 - xi*xi));
     a = (yi/n) - b^*(xi/n);
}
int main()
{
     cout << "X values are : ";</pre>
     for (int i = 1; i < 6; ++i) cin >> x[i];
     cout << "Y values are : ";</pre>
     for (int i = 1; i < 6; ++i) cin >> y[i];
     calculateLine(5);
     cout << "The line is = " << a << " + " << b << "x" << endl;
     return 0;
}
```

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
double x[6],y[6];
double xi[4][4], tempA[4][4], con[4];
double a,b,c;
void calculateSums()
     xi[1][1] = 5;
     for (int i = 1; i < 6; ++i)
          xi[1][2] += x[i];
          xi[2][1] = xi[1][2];
          xi[1][3] += x[i]*x[i];
          xi[2][2] = xi[3][1] = xi[1][3];
          xi[2][3] += x[i]*x[i]*x[i];
          xi[3][2] = xi[2][3];
          xi[3][3] += x[i]*x[i]*x[i]*x[i];
          con[1] += y[i];
          con[2] += x[i]*y[i];
          con[3] += x[i]*x[i]+y[i];
}
double detfun(int col)
     for(int i=1; i<4; i++)
          for(int j=0; j<4; j++)
                tempA[i][j] = xi[i][j];
     if(col>0)
          { for(int i=1; i<4; i++)tempA[i][col] = con[i]; }
  return\ (tempA[1][1]^*(tempA[2][2]^*tempA[3][3] - tempA[2][3]^*tempA[3][2]) - tempA[1]
[2]*(tempA[2][1]*tempA[3][3] - tempA[2][3]*tempA[3][1]) + tempA[1][3]*(tempA[2][1]*tempA[3][2]
- tempA[2][2] * tempA[3][1]));
}
void solveEq()
     double det[4];
     det[0] = detfun(0);
  det[1] = detfun(1);
  det[2] = detfun(2);
  det[3] = detfun(3);
  a = det[1]/det[0];
     b = det[2]/det[0];
  c = det[3]/det[0];
}
```

```
void calculateParabolla(int n)
{
     calculateSums();
     solveEq();
}
int main()
{
     cout << "X values are : ";</pre>
     for (int i = 1; i < 6; ++i) cin >> x[i];
cout << "Y values are : ";
     for (int i = 1; i < 6; ++i) cin >> y[i];
     calculateParabolla(5);
     cout << "The parabolla is = " << a << " + " << b << "x " << c << "x^2" << endl;
     return 0;
}
-21012
12345
*/
```