45426: Teste e Qualidade de Software

# UAT with web automation using the Selenium framework

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## **User acceptance testing (UAT)**

#### Acceptance testing

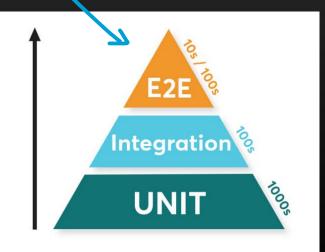
focus

This type of testing is done to determine if a feature or system meets the <u>customer</u> expectations and requirements. This type of testing generally involves the customer's cooperation or feedback, being a validation activity that answers the question:

Are we building the *right* product?



Level



## Web UAT $\subset$ UAT $\subset$ Functional testing

...by controlling the browser programmatically.

For web applications, the automation of this testing can be done directly with Selenium by simulating user expected behaviour. This simulation could be done by record/playback or through the different supported languages as explained in this documentation. Note:



#### Selenium WebDriver

If you want to create robust, browser-based regression automation suites and tests, scale and distribute scripts across many environments, then you want to use Selenium WebDriver, a collection of language specific bindings to drive a browser - the way it is meant to be driven.



#### Selenium IDE

If you want to create quick bug reproduction scripts, create scripts to aid in automation-aided exploratory testing, then you want to use Selenium IDE; a Chrome and Firefox add-on that will do simple record-and-playback of interactions with the browser.



#### Selenium Grid

If you want to scale by
distributing and running tests
on several machines and
manage multiple
environments from a central
point, making it easy to run the
tests against a vast
combination of browsers/OS,
then you want to use Selenium
Grid.

## Selenium IDE

#### **Browser plugin**

#### Record/replay tests

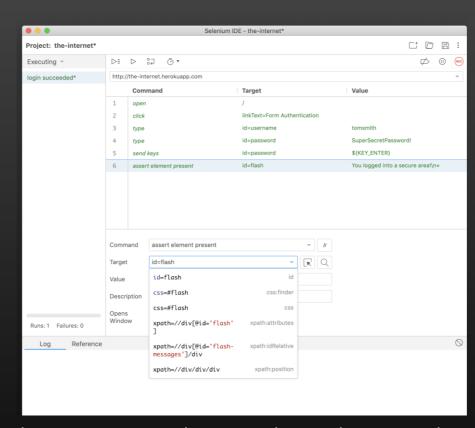
#### **Developer-friendly:**

Interactive web elements picker
Step-by-step execution
Can export the test as Java
These tests can be run in
different cloud services

...

#### Similar alternative:

https://www.katalon.com/katalon-recorder-ide/



https://www.selenium.dev/selenium-ide/

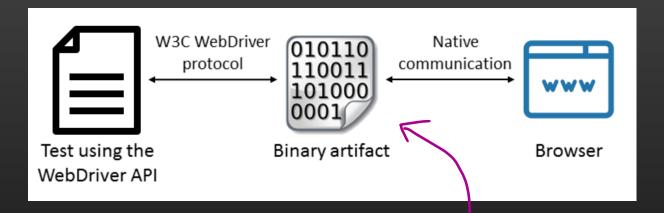
## Frequent commands

| Command  | Description   |
|--|---|
| open   | Opens a specified URL in the browser.                                   |
| assertTitle, VerifyTitle                                     | Returns the current page title and compares it with the specified title |
| assertElementPresent,<br>verifyElementPresent                | Verify / Asserts the presence of an element on a web page.              |
| assertTextPresent, verifyTextPresent                         | Verify / Asserts the presence of a text within the web page.            |
| type, typeKeys,<br>sendKeys                                  | Enters a value (String) in the specified web element.                   |
| Click, clickAt,<br>clickAndWait                              | Clicks on a specified web element within a web page.                    |
| waitForPageToLoad  | Sleeps the execution and waits until the page is loaded completely.     |
| waitForElement<br>Present                                    | Sleeps the execution and waits until the specified element is present   |
| chooseOkOnNext Confirmation, chooseCancelOn NextConfirmation | Click on "OK" or "Cancel" button when next confirmation box appears.    |

**Step-by-step introduction with examples** available from: https://www.softwaretestinghelp.com/selenium-ide-script-selenium-tutorial-3/

## Selenium WebDriver for testing





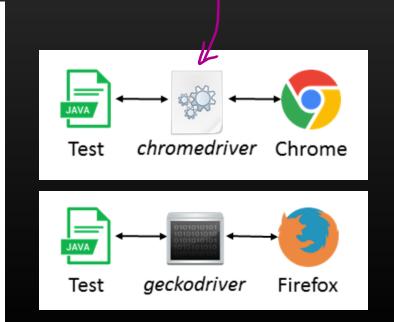
#### WebDriver

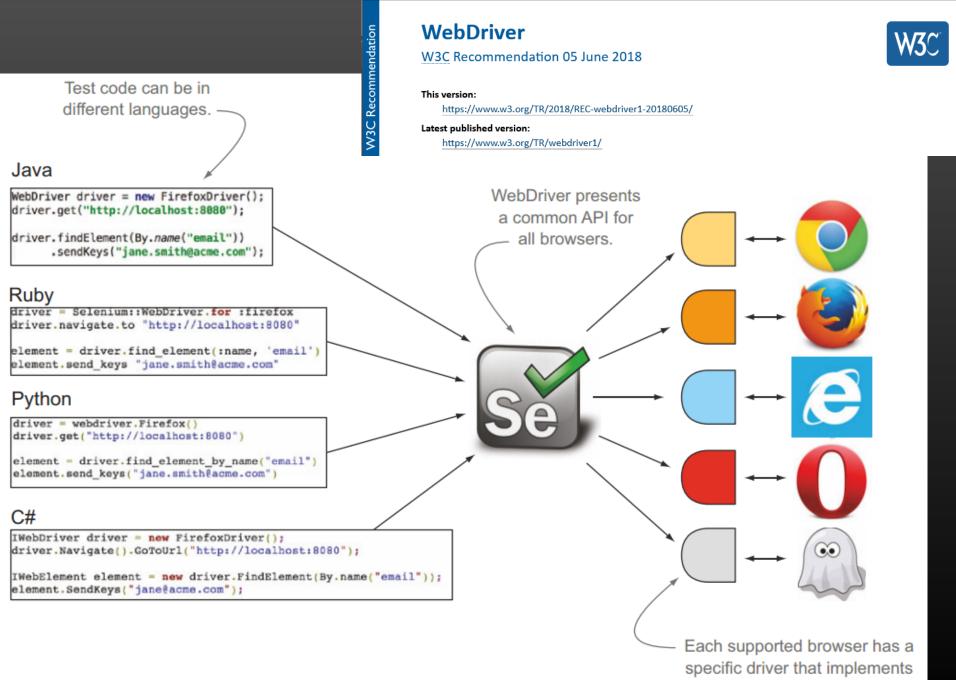
WebDriver drives a browser natively, learn more about it.

WebDriver drives a browser natively, as a user would, either locally or on a remote machine using the Selenium server, marks a leap forward in terms of browser automation.

Selenium WebDriver refers to both the language bindings and the implementations of the individual browser controlling code. This is commonly referred to as just *WebDriver*.

Selenium WebDriver is a W3C Recommendation





the common API.

| org.openqa.selenium  | static interface W                           | MebDriver.Window   |
|--|--|--|
| Interfaces   |  |  |
| Alert Capabilities ContextAware HasCapabilities                        | Method Summary  All Methods Instance Methods | Abstract Methods   |
| JavascriptExecutor<br>OutputType                                       | Modifier and Type                            | Method and Description   |
| Rotatable SearchContext TakesScreenshot WebDriver                      | void   | close() Close the current window, quitting the browser if it's the last window current               |
| WebDriver.ImeHandler<br>WebDriver.Navigation<br>WebDriver.Options      | WebElement                                   | <pre>findElement(By by) Find the first WebElement using the given method.</pre>                      |
| WebDriver.TargetLocator WebDriver.Timeouts WebDriver.Window WebElement | java.util.List <webelement></webelement>     | <pre>findElements(By by) Find all elements within the current page using the given mechanism.</pre>  |
| Classes  | void   | get(java.lang.String url) Load a new web page in the current browser window.                         |
| By By.ByClassName By.ByCssSelector By.ById                             | java.lang.String                             | <pre>getCurrentUrl() Get a string representing the current URL that the browser is looking at.</pre> |
| By.ByLinkText<br>By.ByName<br>By.ByPartialLinkText                     | java.lang.String                             | getPageSource() Get the source of the last loaded page.  |
| By.ByTagName By.ByXPath Cookie Cookie.Builder                          | java.lang.String                             | getTitle() The title of the current page.  |

https://seleniumhq.github.io/selenium/docs/api/java/org/openqa/selenium/WebDriver.html

## **Automation sample (not as a Test)**

```
import org.openga.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.Keys;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;
import org.openqa.selenium.firefox.FirefoxDriver;
import org.openga.selenium.support.ui.WebDriverWait;
import static org.openga.selenium.support.ui.ExpectedConditions.presenceOfElementLocated;
import java.time.Duration;
public class HelloSelenium {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
       WebDriverWait wait = new WebDriverWait(driver, Duration.ofSeconds(10));
            driver.get("https://google.com/ncr");
            driver.findElement(By.name("q")).sendKeys("cheese" + Keys.ENTER);
            WebElement firstResult = wait.until(presenceOfElementLocated(By.cssSelector("h3>div")));
            System.out.println(firstResult.getAttribute("textContent"));
           driver.quit();
```

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|   | Class  | <pre>driver.findElement(By.className("dues"));</pre>                 |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
|   | CSS Selector   | <pre>driver.findElement(By.cssSelector(".flash. success"));</pre>    |  |  |
|   | ID   | <pre>driver.findElement(By.id("username"));</pre>                    |  |  |
|   | Link Text  | <pre>driver.findElement(By.linkText("Link Text"));</pre>             |  |  |
|   | Name   | <pre>driver.findElement(By.name("elementName"))</pre>                |  |  |
|   | Partial Link<br>Text   | <pre>driver.findElement(By.partialLinkText("nk Text"));</pre>        |  |  |
|   | Tag Name   | <pre>driver.findElement(By.tagName("td"));</pre>                     |  |  |
|   | XPath  | <pre>driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@ id='username']"));</pre> |  |  |
| Notes Conditionators are unique descriptive and unlikely to change          |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Note:</b> Good locators are unique, descriptive, and unlikely to change. |  |  |  |  |
|   | So it's best to start with ID and Class locators. These are the most   |  |  |  |
|   | performant locators available and the most likely ones to be helpfully |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |

BY LOCATOR EXAMPLE (JAVA)

Locating elements in the page

named. If you need to access something that doesn't have a helpful ID or Class, then use CSS selectors or XPath. But be careful when using these approaches, since they can be very brittle (and slow).

| Purpose  | Selenium IDE                    | Selenium WebDriver (Java)                             |
|--|---------------------------------|---|
| Click on an element                              | click                           | element.click()  Acting in the page                   |
| Type a text                                      | type                            | element.sendKeys()                                    |
| Check a  | check                           | <pre>If(!element.isSelected() {</pre>                 |
| checkbox/  |                                 | element.click()                                       |
| radio button                                     |                                 | }   |
| Uncheck  | uncheck                         | <pre>If(element.isSelected() {</pre>                  |
| Checkbox/<br>Radio Button                        |                                 | element.click()                                       |
|  |                                 | }   |
| Select item(s)                                   | select                          | element.  |
| in a list or                                     | addSelection (for multi select) | selectByVisibleText("Option"); or                     |
| drop-down list                                   |                                 | element.  |
|  |                                 | selectByVisibleValue("Option"); or                    |
|  |                                 | element.selectByVisibleIndex(1);                      |
| Remove   | removeSelection                 | element.deselectByVisibleText("O                      |
| selection from<br>a list or a drop-<br>down list | removeAllSelection              | ption");  |
|  |                                 | or  |
|  |                                 | <pre>element.deselectByVisibleValue("0 ption");</pre> |
|  |                                 | or  |
|  |                                 | <pre>element. deselectByVisibleIndex(1);</pre>        |

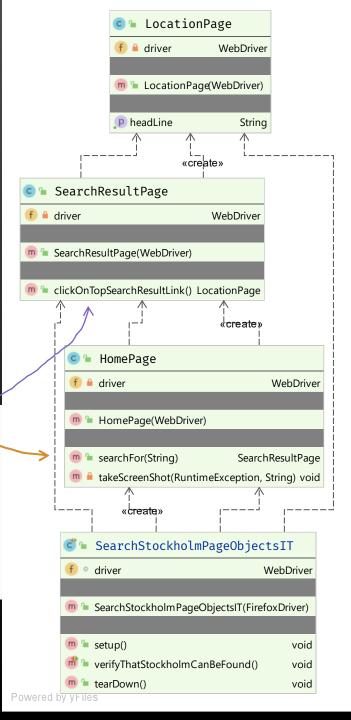
## Page Object Model

Create Classes to map the Pages

Encapsulate WebDriver lowlevel interaction in the target class method

```
public void verifyThatStockholmCanBeFound() {
    HomePage home = new HomePage(driver);
    SearchResultPage searchResult = home.searchFor(location: "Stockholm");

    LocationPage stockholm = searchResult.clickOnTopSearchResultLink();
    String actual = stockholm.getHeadLine();
    assertTrue(actual.contains("Stockholm"));
}
```



### Race conditions in tests

```
<meta charset=utf-8>
<title>Race Condition Example</title>

<script>
  var initialised = false;
  window.addEventListener("load", function() {
    var newElement = document.createElement("p");
    newElement.textContent = "Hello from JavaScript!";
    document.body.appendChild(newElement);
    initialised = true;
  });
</script>
```

```
driver.get("file:///race_condition.html");
WebElement element = driver.findElement(By.tagName("p"));
assertEquals(element.getText(), "Hello from JavaScript!");
```

https://www.selenium.dev/documentation/en/webdriver/waits/

Might cause intermittent results...

## **Explicit waits**

Normal instruction set available on the WebElement (e.g.: WebElement.click and WebElement.sendKeys ) are guaranteed to be synchronous

When employing a wait, you are using what is commonly referred to as an explicit wait:

• allow your code to halt program execution until the *condition* resolves (or times out).

https://www.selenium.dev/documentation/en/webdriver/waits/

## Selenium-Jupiter (JUnit 5 extension)

Get browser (driver) instance with DI (at constructor or parameter levels)

Automatic connect/close browser

Can retrieve browser driver automatically

Auto-deploy containers and run tests "remotely" (RemoteWebDriver mode)



```
@ExtendWith(SeleniumJupiter.class)
public class JupiterAndDockerTest {
                                       DI injection
    private FirefoxDriver firefoxDriver;
    public JupiterAndDockerTest(FirefoxDriver driver) {
        this.firefoxDriver = driver;
   @Test
    void testWithOneFirefox() {
        firefoxDriver.get("https://www.ua.pt");
        assertThat(firefoxDriver.getTitle(),
                containsString( substring: "Universidade de Aveiro"));
                             auto-diplox
                                                            D١
    @Test
    void testChrome(@DockerBrowser(type = CHROME) RemoteWebDriver driver) {
        driver.get("https://bonigarcia.github.io/selenium-jupiter/");
        assertThat(driver.getTitle(),
                containsString( substring: "JUnit 5 extension for Selenium"));
```

## **Suggested links**

Very comprehensive tutorials

Selenium doc: <a href="https://www.selenium.dev/">https://www.selenium.dev/</a>

Selenium-Jupiter doc: https://bonigarcia.github.io/selenium-jupiter/

Book: "Instant Selenium Testing Tools Starter"

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