
OVERLOADING

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FUNCTION OVERLOADING **OPERATOR OVERLOADING**

fun. name -> same **+ , - , * , / , ...**
argument -> different

sum (int , int); ----------> t = a + b ; // integer

sum (float , float)

t . sum (p,q); ----------> t = p + q; // complex no.

+ -> int , float , user-defined data type

OPERATOR OVERLOADING

A. OPERATOR MEMBER FUNCTION

B. OPERATOR FRIEND FUNCTION

OVERLOADING ASSIGNMENT (=) OPERATOR

```
//    COPY  COMPLEX  NO.

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class     complex
 {
          private :       int  a , b;

          public    :     complex()
                          {
                          }
                          complex( int  x , int  y)
                          {
                               a = x ;  b = y ;
                          }

                          void    out()
                          {
                                  cout<< a << " +i " << b << endl;
                          }

                          void    operator = ( complex  x )
                          {
                                  a =  x . a;       // a = 3
                                  b =  x . b;      //  b = 2
                          }
```

```
        ~complex() {     }
};
int    main()
{
        complex p(3,2);
        complex q;

        q = p ;     // q . operator = (p);

        p . out();  // 3 + i2
        q . out(); //  3 + i2
}
```

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1. **passing object into function**

   copy constructor // compiler

   complex x = p; // complex x(p);

2. **returning object**

   void opertor= (complex x) // compiler

   t = sum (p,q);
   t = w ; // t.operator = (w)

OVERLOADING UNARY(-) OPERATOR

```
void      operator- ()
{
          a = -a ;  // a = -3

          b = -b ;  // b = -2
}

int     main()
{
        complex p (3,2);

        p . out();  // 3 , 2

       -p ; // -p  or  p-   // p . operator - () ;

        p . out();  // -3, -2

}
```

OVERLOADING INCREMENT ++ AND DECREMENT -- OPERATOR

```
// p ++ ;  // p . operator++ ()

    void    operator ++()
    {
            a = a + 1 ;  // a++;

            b = b + 1 ;
    }
    void    operator --()
    {
            a = a - 1;

            b = b - 1;
    }
```

OVERLOADING AIRTHMATIC ASSIGNMENT += AND -= OPERATOR

```
//   p+= 5; // p . operator += (5);

   void   operator += ( int t )
   {
          a =  a + t ;

          b =  b + t ;
   }
```

```
void   operator -= ( int  t )
{
        a =  a - t;

        b =  b - t;
}

int    main()
{
       complex  p(3,2);

        p += 5;    //  p . operator += (5)    // 8, 7

       p -= 2;    //   p . operator -= (2)   // 6, 5

      p++ ;     //    p . operator ++ ()   // 5, 4   7.6

      p-- ;       //    p . operator --()   // 4, 3 ;   6.5

      p. out();  //   4, 3    6.5

}
```

OVERLOADING BINARY(+) OPERATOR

ADDITION OF TWO COMPLEX NOS USING OVERLOADING '+' OPERATOR

```
complex   operator+  ( complex  x )
{
            complex  w;

            w . a = a + x . a;  // w . a = 3 + 2 = 5

            w . b = b + x . b;  // w . b = 2 + 4 = 6

            return(w);
}

int       main()
{
            complex  p(3,2);
            complex  q(2,4);
            complex  t;

            t = p + q ;  // t = p . operator+ (q);
                                  ||
                                  w

            p . out();
            q . out();
            t . out(); // 5 + i 6
}
```

```
//addition of two complex nos using overloading '+' operator

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class complex
{
private: int a,b;
public :
  complex(int x=0,int y=0)
  {
      a=x;b=y;
  }
  void out()
  {
      cout<<a<<"+i"<<b<<endl;
  }
 complex   operator + ( complex  x )
  {
                  complex w;

                  w.a = a + x.a ;  // w.a = 3 + 2 = 5

                  w.b = b + x.b ; //  w.b = 2 + 4 = 6

                  return(w);
   }
};
```

```
int    main()
{
        complex  p(3,2);
        complex  q(2,4);
        complex  t ;

        t = p + q ;  // t = p . operator + ( q );

        p . out();   // 3 +i 2
        q . out(); //  2 +i 4
        t . out(); //   5 + i 6
}
/*
 ------------------------------------------------------------------
          a + i b        // first complex
          x.a + i x.b    //  second complex
-------------------------------------------------------------------

       a + ib        // first complex

    *   x.a + ix.b    //  second complex
_____________________________________________

a * x.a + ib * x.a + ix.b * a - b * x.b
_____________________________________________

( a * x.a - b * x.b ) +i ( b * x.a + a * x.b)
 real                    imag
```

OVERLOADING * OPERATOR

```
complex   operator * ( complex  x )
{
            complex w;

            w.a = ( a * x.a - b * x.b ) ;

            w.b = ( b * x.a + a * x.b)

            return( w );
}
```

$$\frac{\text{first complex}}{\text{second complex}} = \frac{(a + ib)}{(x.a + ix.b)} * \frac{(x.a - i*x.b)}{(x.a - i*x.b)}$$

$$= \frac{(a * x.a + b * x.b)}{(x.a * x.a + x.b * x.b)} + i \frac{(b * x.a - a * x.b)}{(x.a * x.a + x.b * x.b)}$$

real imag.

OVERLOADING / OPERATOR

```
complex  operator / ( complex  x )
{
        complex w;

        w.a = ( a * x.a + b * x.b ) /(x.a * x.a + x.b * x.b);

        w.b = ( b * x.a - a * x.b) / (x.a * x.a + x.b * x.b);


        return(w);
}
```

ADDITON OF TWO STRING USING OPERATOR (+) MEMBER FUNCTION

```
class  string
{
        private :   char  a[40];

        public  :
                .
                .
```

```
                string    operator + ( string  x )
                {
                          string  w;

                          strcpy( w.a , a ) ;

                           strcat( w.a , x.a);

                          return(w);

                }

        };

*/
```