

Maa Dunagiri

Have you heard of Maa Dunagiri? She is also known as Bhagvati, Jagdamba, Ambe, and Devi, and she is also an appearance of the Hindu Goddess, Durga or Adi Shakti. It is believed that when Hanuman Ji was carrying the mountain 'Sanjiwani' for Laxman, the piece has fallen down since that day this place is known as 'Dunagiri'. ('giri' mean's fell).

Shaktipeeth Maa Dunagiri

Maa Dunagiri temple is the second Vaishno Shaktipeeth in Kumaon of Uttarakhand.

Maa ka Aawahan

People strongly believe that the Divine Mother sends a call to her children, and once they receive it, they are bound to visit her to receive her unconditional love and blessings, and many people experienced the call of maa Dunagiri.

Zone Of Sages

In this town, over the years, many Indian sages have come and built their peaceful places, called 'ashrams', in the middle of nature surroundings.

Aadi Shakti Maa Dunagiri Mandir Trust

Dunagiri temple is maintaining by 'Aadi Shakti Maa Dunagiri Mandir Trust'.

MAATA DUNAGIRI AARTI

All devotees are invited.

The Goddess aarti is done two times every day. Once in the morning, before the sunrise, and again in the evening, after the sunset.

AARTI for Everything

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/about-the-temple/>

Many people believe that the Divine Mother calls her children, not just who trust her. When someone feels this call, they should visit the mother to receive her love and blessings, no matter where they are.

ABOUT THE DUNAGIRI TEMPLE

The Dunagiri Temple is a well-known Hindu temple located at 15.1 kilometers away from Dwarahat in the Almora district of Uttarakhand, India. It is situated at the top of Drona Mountain.

Maa Dunagiri

After Vaishno Devi, "Dunagiri" is the second Vaishno Shaktipeeth in Kumaon, Uttarakhand. Also, you can find statues of "ShivaParvati" in this temple.

Mount Dunagiri is the house of Dunagiri Temple, which stands at 8,000 feet above sea level. To reach the temple, you need to climb about 365 stairs. These stairs have different heights, along the way, you will notice thousands of identical bells hanging, creating a pleasant atmosphere.

After Vaishno Devi, "Dunagiri" is the second Vaishno Shaktipeeth in Kumaon, Uttarakhand. Not only this, the idols of "ShivaParvati" are seated in the temple.

The 'Aadi Shakti Maa Dunagiri Mandir Trust' takes care of the Dunagiri Temple, and they also arrange daily meals there. Additionally, from the Dunagiri Temple, you can see the entire Himalaya Mountain range.

The special recognition of this temple is also from many other mythological beliefs.

For many years, Indian sages (Rishi-Munis) and Yogis have set up ashrams in this town, surrounded by nature. According to legend, the river Gagas got its name from Garga Muni ashram in Dunagiri.

During the anonymous time of the Pandavas, Sukhdev Muni had his ashram here, which is now called "Sukh Devi." They also stayed in a place called Pandukholi near Dunagiri for a while. Also the Pandavas teacher, Dronacharya, performed meditation and devotee practices at Dunagiri.

The Skanda Purana's Manas Khand mentions the existence of Dunagiri and even calls it the "Divine Mountain" or "Brahm-part." Dunagiri is one of the oldest "Sidh Shaktipeeth" in the Kumaon region. It's known as the "Ugra Peeth." Over time, this place has been influenced by practices related to Shiva, Vaishnav, and Shakti traditions.

Local people say that in ancient times during the Treta Yuga, Lakshman was badly injured in a battle with Meghnath, who was Ravana's son. To heal Lakshman, Hanuman was advised by an herbal medicine named Susan Vidiya to go to Dronachal Mountain and get a special herb called 'Sanjivini.' Hanuman could not find that herb, so he carried the entire mountain back with him. This part of the mountain eventually became Dunagiri, and the temple was named Dunagiri, which is short for 'DRONAGIRI.' It is the second Shaktipeeth after Vaishno Devi Temple in Jammu and Kashmir.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/history/>

This Shakti Peeth is related to many unprecedented special mythological events. Let us introduce you to all these features.

Dunagiri is a historic place located in the Dwarahat area of Uttarakhand, India, in the Almora district. It is well-known in Kumaon for its Shakti temple called Dunagiri Devi. Over the years, this town has been a haven for many Indian sages who established their peaceful aashrams in the middle of nature. Even the Pandavas teacher, Dronacharya, is believed to have meditated here. This place, known as a 'Shaktipeeth,' has been influenced by various spiritual practices, including Vaishnav, Shaiva, and Shakti traditions.

The Dunagiri Temple is famous for several reasons, including

Religious Significance: The temple holds religious importance and is regarded as one of the holiest places for Hindus. It is believed to be the spot where the goddess Durga manifested herself as "Mahishasuramardini".

Dunagiri Temple is special for a few key reasons:

- 1. Ancient History:** It is one of the oldest temples around, standing for centuries.
- 2. Scenic Location:** It is in the gorgeous Himalayan mountains, attracting many visitors with its natural beauty.
- 3. Cultural Significance:** The temple is a center for traditional festivals and local culture.
- 4. Food and Accommodation:** They offer food and accommodation, which is convenient for visitors.
- 5. Navratri Festival:** It is particularly famous for its Navratri celebration, thousands of devotees.

All of these factors make Dunagiri Temple a popular spot, whether you are religious or just looking to explore India's rich culture and history.

Katyuri Ruler Dharmadev Re-established the temple

The Dunagiri Temple, located in Uttarakhand, was re-established in 1318 AD by the Katyuri ruler Dharmadev. He placed a Durga Idol there and constructed temples for Lord Hanuman, Shri Ganesh, and Bhairav Ji in front of the main temple. According to the Himalaya Gazetteer and Edkikshan, there is evidence suggesting the temple is origins as far back as 1181 AD. This temple is known as a Shaktipeeth, which are revered spots connected to powerful Hindu goddesses. The Dronagiri & Vaishnavi Shakti Peeth's is considered one of the most important Shakti Peethas in the region, second only to Vaishno Devi. The temple also houses idols of Shiva and Parvati.

Ramayana Connection

According to Hindu legend, the Dunagiri Temple in Uttarakhand is linked to the ancient epic Ramayana. The story goes like this: During the battle between Lord Rama and the demon king Ravana, Lord Rama's brother, Laxman, was wounded by a powerful arrow from Meghnath. To save Laxman, Sage Sushena advised Hanuman to fetch a healing herb called Sanjivani from Dronachal Mountain. Hanuman, in his hurry to save Laxman, carried the entire mountain back. However, a piece of it fell to the ground where the Dunagiri Temple stands today. This is why the temple was built in that spot, and it is also why many medicinal herbs can still be found there. In Hindu legends, the temple is considered one of the most important Shakti Peethas, sacred places connected to powerful goddesses in Hinduism. People visit the temple not only for blessings but also in search of these healing herbs to cure diseases.

According to Mahabharata

In Hindu mythology, the Dunagiri temple in Uttarakhand has ties to the epic Mahabharata. It is said that during their period of anonymous travel (agratvas), the Pandavas, the five main characters from the Mahabharata, sought refuge at Dunagiri. They stayed in a place called Pandukholi, near Dunagiri, for a while. During their stay, Draupadi, the Pandavas wife, prayed to the goddess Durga at the Dunagiri temple to protect her virtue. Also, it is believed that the Pandavas teacher, Guru Dronacharya, performed deep meditation (tapasya) in the same area where the temple stands today. These connections to the Pandavas, Dronacharya, and the worship of goddess Durga have made the Dunagiri temple a popular devotional site. People visit not only for blessings but also to learn more about the Pandavas and their stories.

Visited by Many Sages

Mahavatar Babaji is a spiritual person known to have been seen by many sages in the Dronagiri mountain range. The cave where Babaji is believed to reside is considered one of the most sacred caves in the Himalayas. It is also thought to be where Kriya yoga, a spiritual practice focused on breath and energy control, originated.

Yoga Guru Lahiri Mahasaya is said to have received direct teachings of Kriya yoga from Mahavatar Babaji in this cave. The first reported encounter with Babaji happened in 1861 when Shyamacharan Lahiri, an accountant for the British government in Ranikhet, heard a voice calling his name while walking in the hills of Dunagiri above Ranikhet. He followed the voice and met a radiant sadhu (holy person) who knew his name, and this was Babaji.

Visited by Many Sages

The Dronagiri mountain range has a rich history of being visited by many sages, also known as munis, in India. These holy men established their ashrams in the area, which were essentially spiritual retreats where they could live and meditate in the middle of nature. One notable sage who had an ashram in Dunagiri is Garga Muni. The river Gagas is said to be named after him. Another sage, Shukdev Muni, son of sage Ved Vyasa, also had an ashram in the area at a place now known as "Shukdevi". These ashrams were places of great spiritual significance and many people would visit them to seek guidance and wisdom from the sages who lived there.

Dunagiri Temple

In the Dunagiri temple, there is no idol. Instead, they worship naturally formed Siddha pinds in the form of Mata Bhagwati. One special feature of the temple is the continuous sacred flame called Akhand Jyoti. This temple, dedicated to Vaishnavi Mata, does not involve any sacrifices or breaking coconuts.

Dunagiri is mentioned in the Skanda Purana's Manas Khand, which calls Dunagiri Devi "Mahamaya Harpriya" and even titles it "Brahm-parvat" (Divine Mountain).

All the usual festivals are celebrated in Dunagiri Devi Temple, with a special puja during Durga Puja and Navaratri. The temple gets decorated with flowers and lights during these times, creating a peaceful and spiritual atmosphere for devotees.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/about-the-trust/>

About The Trust

The maintenance work of the Dunagiri Temple is done by 'Aadi Shakti Maa Dunagiri Mandir Trust'

Aadi Shakti Maa Dunagiri Mandir Trust

The Dunagiri Temple situated at the top of a mountain 8,000 feet above sea level. To reach it, you will need to climb around 365 stairs of different heights. These stairs are covered, and there are many identical bells hanging along the way.

The temple's maintenance is taken care of by the 'Aadi Shakti Maa Dunagiri Mandir Trust,' and they organize daily meals at the temple known as "bhandare."

What is unique about this temple is that it does not have an idol. Instead, they worship naturally formed Siddha pinds as Mata Bhagwati. The temple also features a continuous sacred flame known as Akhand Jyoti.

Also, from the Dunagiri Temple, you get a beautiful view of the entire Himalayan mountain range.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/aarti-timings/>

Aarti Timings

During the Aarti ceremony for the goddess, various sacred shlokas and mantras are chanted. This ceremony happens twice daily: once at 4:00 AM before sunrise, and again at either 6:30 PM in winter or 7:30 PM in summer after sunset. The exact timing may differ with the changing seasons. Aarti is a deeply religious ritual at the revered Mata Temple. It takes place both in the morning and evening. During this prayer ceremony, it is believed that all the Gods and Goddesses are present in the temple's inner sanctum, making the aarti very sacred. Only priests, pujaris, authorized temple board members, and devotees are allowed to attend the Aarti at Dunagiri Mandir.

Timings of Aarti at Devi Dunagiri Mandir

Praying to Maa Dunagiri holds great spiritual significance for many Hindus. She embodies divine energy (Shakti), symbolizing strength and protection. Often depicted as a fierce warrior, she is believed to shield her devotees from harm and help them overcome obstacles to achieve their goals.

People turn to Maa Dunagiri for several reasons. She is considered the source of wisdom and knowledge, offering insight and understanding in challenging situations. Her blessings are also thought to bring health, wealth, and prosperity.

In essence, praying to Maa Dunagiri is a potent spiritual practice that connects individuals to her powerful energy and protective influence. It is believed that by seeking her blessings, one can lead a more fulfilling and prosperous life.

Gallery

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Morning Aarti Timing

4:00 AM

Evening Aarti Timing

6:30 PM in the winter or 7:30 PM in the summer

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/call-of-mata/>

Call of Mata

About Mata Dunagiri Devi, it is believed that the call for Darshan comes from Her only.

Many people have not just heard but also personally felt the Divine Mother's call. When someone receives this call, they feel compelled to visit the mother to receive her boundless love and blessings, no matter where they are.

Maa Dunagiri is a revered Hindu goddess known for her immense power and strength. She is often depicted as a fierce warrior armed with weapons, ready to safeguard her devotees from harm. There are several compelling reasons to pray to Maa Bhagwati.

Firstly, she embodies Shakti, the divine energy, which can assist us in overcoming obstacles and accomplishing our objectives. She is also believed to be the source of all wisdom and knowledge, offering guidance and clarity during challenging times. Praying to Maa Bhagwati is thought to bestow blessings of good health, wealth, and prosperity.

Additionally, she is a formidable protector, capable of shielding us from harm and negative influences. In essence, seeking her blessings allows us to connect with her potent energy, facilitating our goals, wisdom, and protection from harm.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/prasad-souvenirs/>

Maa Dunagiri Prasad & Souvenirs

After the Aarti, devotees can receive blessed Prasad, fulfilling their long-held desires. The board plans to offer more facilities to pilgrims from all around the world for this sacred journey.

You can also receive Prasad after visiting the divine mother, and may she fulfill all your wishes.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/bhandara/>

The temple management, along with many devotees, offers hygienic and delicious Bhandara food to visitors every day, from 9:00 AM in the morning to 5:00 PM in the evening.

Bhandara food is a traditional offering to Hindu deities and is commonly served at temples as a sign of devotion and thankfulness. It is prepared in large quantities and offered to all visitors, regardless of their social or economic status.

Temple management and devotees prioritize cleanliness and taste when preparing Bhandara food. This is crucial for both the devotees who consume it and the temple itself, which is considered sacred. The food is made in a clean and controlled environment, with cooks trained to maintain high hygiene standards and use quality ingredients to enhance the flavor.

Furthermore, temple trusts and devotees make sure that Bhandara food is accessible to everyone, regardless of their background. They often provide various vegetarian options to accommodate different dietary preferences and offer it for free or at low prices for those with financial constraints. In essence, Bhandara food represents an important part of Hindu worship and devotion, emphasizing the significance of community and inclusivity in Hindu tradition.

CONTRIBUTE FOR BHANDARA

Bhandara At Dunagiri Temple

The trust regularly organizes Bhandara on various occasions for devotees. Along with temple management, ensure that hygienic and delicious Bhandara food is available to visitors on these special occasions.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/services-3/>

Kathgodam, Haldwani

Your journey to Dronagiri Temple begins in Kathgodam, Haldwani.

Nanital

Your journey continues through the beautiful city of Nainital

Ranikhet

You will travel through the beautiful Ranikhet valleys on your way.

Dwarahat

When you reach Dwarahat, you will have several choices for food and places to stay. From there, you can start your trek to Dunagiri Temple by foot.

Dunagiri Temple

After passing through Dwarahat, you will automatically reach Maa Dunagiri Temple through Road

Drive from Kathgodam to Dunagiri takes about four hours (140 km) through very picturesque lakes and hills.

Train Station

The nearest train station is Kathgodam. Drive to Dunagiri takes about four hours (140 km) through very picturesque lakes and hills.

Nearest Airport

The nearest airport to Dunagiri is Pantnagar Airport. There is a direct flight from Delhi to Pantnagar, with just one hour, making it convenient for travelers.

Dunagiri is a peaceful hill town in the Kumaoni Himalayas of Uttarakhand, 43 km from Ranikhet and 14 km from Dwarahat. It is a place which surrounds with nature, perfect for solitude and self-discovery.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/altitude-temperature/>

Altitude Dunagiri Temple

The Dunagiri Temple is located in the Dwarahat area of the Almora district in Uttarakhand, India. Dunagiri situated at high in the Himalayan mountains, which is about 1800-1900 meters above sea level. The best time to go is outside the monsoon season (August and September), as heavy rains can make it tough to reach the temple. Winters get cold with snowfall, so dress warmly if you plan to visit during that time.

Best Time To Visit Dunagiri

The best time to visit the Dunagiri temple in Dwarahat, is during the non-monsoon months, You should visit between June to October , when the weather is mild and pleasant. The monsoon season (July-September) is best avoided as the heavy rainfall can make the trek to the temple challenging. The winter months (December-February) can be quite cold, so it is important to pack warm clothing. Overall, the village of Dunagiri is beautiful all around, with the added charm of snowfall during the winter months. So it is important to bring extra layers of clothing. Additionally, the winter season adds an enchanting charm to the area due to snowfalls.

The best time to visit the Dunagiri temple during the Navratri festival would be in either September or April, as these are the two times of the year when Navratri is celebrated. During this festival, the temple is likely to be crowded, making it an ideal time to visit and participate in the celebrations.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/accommodation/>

Accommodation

Staying at the temple ashram in Dunagiri is a unique experience, but it is important to note that there are limited rooms available. This means that visitors will need to obtain permission from the temple trust in order to stay there. In addition to the ashram, There are also other accommodation options available in the nearby city of Dwarahat, which is located below the temple. These options may include hotels, guesthouses, and homestays, and provide visitors with a comfortable place to stay while visiting the temple. It is best to check the availability and make a booking in advance, especially during peak tourist seasons, if you are planning to stay overnight near Dunagiri Temple.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/bhojanalaya-refreshment-units/>

It sounds like the Dunagiri temple is a popular destination for visitors, especially during the Navratri festival, and ~~that~~ the temple management is well-prepared to accommodate a large number of visitors. They are providing hygienic and tasty Bhandara food for all sections of visitors from morning 9:00 AM to Evening 5:00 PM which is a welcoming thing for all the devotees. This is a great way to make the temple a welcoming and inclusive place for people of all backgrounds and dietary restrictions.

Inside the Dunagiri Temple, there are no shops or vendors selling goods. However, outside of the temple, visitors can purchase refreshments such as snacks, cold drinks, tea, coffee, milk, and mineral water from refreshment units that are located along the way to the temple. These units provide a convenient way for visitors to purchase food and drinks while on their journey to the temple. Additionally, there are restaurants located in the nearby city of Dwarahat that provide visitors with a comfortable and hygienic environment to eat in it. These restaurants offer a variety of foods and are easily accessible to those visiting the temple. It is advisable to check the availability and make a booking in advance if you plan to eat at a restaurant while in the area.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/mahavatar-babaji-cave/>

Mahavatar Babaji Cave

near Dunagiri Temple, Dwarahat

About Mahavatar Babaji

According to the teachings of Paramahansa Yogananda, who wrote the book “Autobiography of a Yogi”, Mahavatar Babaji is an immortal spiritual master who has been guiding and helping humanity from time immemorial. He was known for his teachings on self-realization and the attainment of spiritual

enlightenment. He had a large following of students and disciples, and his teachings continue to be studied and followed by many people around the world today.

Mahavatar Babaji is said to have appeared in the region of the Himalayas, near the town of Dwarahat, in the northern Indian state of Uttarakhand. He is said to have initiated Lahiri Mahasaya into the ancient technique of Kriya Yoga, which is a powerful spiritual practice that leads to the realization of the self, and the attainment of spiritual liberation.

Kriya Yoga is a spiritual practice that involves specific breath control techniques and meditation practices to the mind and achieve a deep state of inner peace and tranquility. It is said to be a direct path to self-realization and spiritual liberation, and to be able to bring about a profound transformation in the individual's consciousness.

Mahavatar Babaji is said to have lived in a cave near the town of Dwarahat, in the Almora district of Uttarakhand, which is now known as Babaji's Cave. The cave is considered to be a sacred place, and many spiritual seekers and devotees visit the cave to meditate and perform spiritual practices.

Mahavatar Babaji's teachings and practices have been passed down through generations of Kriya Yoga masters and it is still being taught by various organizations and institutions. Many people around the world practice Kriya Yoga and consider it a powerful tool for personal growth and spiritual development.

Autobiography of a Yogi book, Babaji delivered the first speech on Kriya Yoga technique to Lahiri Mahasaya at Kukuchina on Dunagiri Mountain near Dwarahat, Ranikhet in 1861. During the British occupation, Lahiri Mahasaya was appointed to the Military Engineering Department in Danapur, West Bengal, in 1861."

Mahavatar Babaji ji discovered a new advanced yoga technique called Kriya yoga and has since become famous around the world. The book "Autobiography of a Yogi" by Paramahansa Yogananda describes all the events and activities related to Babaji as well as Kriya Yoga. While working for the British Government in Ranikhet, Mahavatar Baba taught Kriya Yoga to Yogiraj Lahiri Mahasaya, who stayed with babaji for many years and learned Kriya Yoga. Baba ji instructed him to spread Kriya Yoga to worldwide.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/pandavkholi-3/>

Pandavkholi: The way to heaven

Pandavkholi (also Pandukholi or Pandav Kholi) is a cave located in the Indian state of Uttarakhand. It is said to be the place where the Pandavas, the five brothers from the Hindu epic Mahabharata, stayed during their exile. The cave is believed to be one of the five places where the Pandavas stayed during their exile period. The cave is located in the Kedarnath Wildlife Sanctuary, near the town of Guptakashi, in the Rudrapur district of Uttarakhand.

According to Hindu mythology, the Pandavas were sent into exile for 12 years and were asked to spend one year in hiding, where no one would be able to find them. It is said that the Pandavas found refuge in the Pandavkholi cave during this year of hiding. The cave is believed to be the place where the Pandavas performed penances and meditated, and where they were finally able to attain salvation.

The cave is said to be the way to heaven and it is believed that those who visit the cave will be blessed with good fortune and will be able to attain salvation. Many Hindu devotees visit the cave during the Char Dham Yatra, which is a pilgrimage to four sacred temples in the Indian Himalayas.

There are many stories and legends associated with the Pandavkholi cave. It's believed that the cave was visited by the Pandavas, and they meditated here and attained salvation. Another legend states that Lord Vishnu had blessed the cave that whoever visits will get the blessings and attain salvation. It is also believed that the cave has healing powers, and those who are ill can be cured by visiting the cave and meditating there.

In conclusion, Pandavkholi is a cave located in the Indian state of Uttarakhand, which is believed to be the place where the Pandavas stayed during their exile period. It is considered to be one of the most sacred places in Hindu mythology and is visited by many devotees as a way to attain salvation.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/yogoda-satsanga-sakha-ashram/>

Ashram is located about 1.5 km from the Dwarahat town and is surrounded by pine forest on all sides.

Experiencing the divinity within our own souls, claiming divine joy as our own joy — this is what the Kriya Yoga teachings of Paramahansa Yogananda offer to each of us.

Yogoda Satsanga Sakha Ashram Dwarahat

The Yogoda Satsanga Sakha Ashram at Dwarahat was founded in 1983 as a center for spreading the teachings of Sri Sri Paramahansa Yogananda, the ashram's founder and guru. The ashram is particularly known for promoting the art of meditation as a means of calming the mind and reducing stress. The ashram is open to all visitors, and it is a popular destination for those seeking a peaceful and relaxing weekend getaway.

The ashram holds special significance for followers of Paramahansa Yogananda, as it is located in the same mountainous region where Mahavatar Babaji, the first in the line of YSS Gurus, revived Kriya Yoga in 1861 and passed it on to his disciple, Lahiri Mahasaya. This event, which is described in Paramahansa Yoganandaji's book, *Autobiography of a Yogi*, is considered to be of great spiritual importance.

The Ashram also serves as the starting point for visiting the Mahavtar Babaji Cave, where Babaji initiated Lahiri Mahasaya into Kriya Yoga in 1861. Kriyabans, or those who practice Kriya Yoga, trace their spiritual lineage back to this event. All visitors are welcome to learn about the teachings of the ashram and the spiritual traditions it represents.

The Yogoda Satsanga Sakha Ashram at Dwarahat is famous for several reasons and can be considered as a must-visit destination for many reasons. Some of the key reasons why it's famous and why one should visit are:

Spiritual Significance: The ashram is located in the same mountainous region where Mahavatar Babaji, the first in the line of YSS Gurus, revived Kriya Yoga in 1861 and passed it on to his disciple, Lahiri Mahasaya. This event, which is described in Paramahansa Yoganandaji's book, *Autobiography of a Yogi*, is considered to be of great spiritual importance. It is also the place where Babaji initiated Lahiri Mahasaya into Kriya Yoga in 1861. Kriyabans, or those who practice Kriya Yoga, trace their spiritual lineage back to this event.

Boosting meditation: The ashram is particularly known for promoting the art of meditation as a means of calming the mind and reducing stress. The ashram provides workshops and classes to help visitors learn and practice the techniques of meditation.

Connection with Paramahansa Yogananda: The ashram was founded by Sri Sri Paramahansa Yogananda and it is a center for spreading his teachings. This makes it an ideal destination for those interested in learning more about his philosophy and spiritual practices.

Scenic Location: The ashram is situated in the beautiful and serene Himalayas which makes the place perfect for anyone looking for a peaceful and relaxing weekend getaway. The natural beauty of the surrounding area is a great way to rejuvenate the body and mind.

Cultural Significance: The ashram is home to many traditional festivals and celebrations that are deeply rooted in the local culture. Visitors can take part in these celebrations to learn more about the culture of the region and gain a deeper understanding of the spiritual traditions that are practiced there.

Starting Base to visit Mahavtar babaji Cave: The ashram serves as the starting point for visiting the Mahavtar babaji Cave, where Babaji initiated Lahiri Mahasaya into Kriya Yoga. It's a great opportunity to visit ~~the a~~ place of spiritual significance and gain a deeper understanding of the spiritual traditions that are practiced there.

All of these reasons combined make the Yogoda Satsanga Sakha Ashram at Dwarahat an ideal destination for anyone looking to deepen their understanding of spiritual practices and traditions, learn more about the teachings of Paramahansa Yogananda, and enjoy the natural beauty of the Himalayas.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/sukhdev-muni-ashram/>

Sukhdev Muni Ashram

Sukhdev Muni Ashram

Many people believe that Sukhdev Muni, an important person in Hinduism, lived and taught in an ashram near Binsar Mahadev town in Uttarakhand. This ashram is well-known among those who seek spiritual guidance. They go there to meditate, do yoga, and learn from Sukhdev Muni. Sukhdev Muni is the main storyteller in the Bhagavat.

Sukhdev Muni's ashram, where he lived is now called as "Sukh Devi."

More about the Sukhdev Muni

Sukhdev Muni was a popular sage in ancient days, in Bhagavata tradition of Hinduism, also known as Sukhadeva Goswami. He was believed to be the son of Vyasadeva, who created the Vedas.

Sukhdev Muni made a big impact in the "Sanatan Dharma" by telling the story of the Bhagavat Purana to King Parikshit. This is extremely important in Hinduism, often seen as the holiest among the 18 Puranas. It's a spiritual book that tells the story and teachings of Lord Vishnu. Sukhdev Muni played a crucial role in spreading Lord Vishnu's teachings all across ancient India.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/lakhanpur-temple/>

Lakhanpur Temple

The Lakhanpur Temple is an important Hindu temple constructed by the Katyuri Kings between 800 and 1100 AD. This ancient temple is located about 25 km from Dwarahat in the Almora district of Uttarakhand, along the Jaurasi-Chaukhutia road.

<https://digians.com/staging/dunagiri/badrinath-temple-dwarahat/>

This is a well-known temple in Dwarahat. It is devoted to Lord Vishnu and it showcases the architectural style of the Kumaon and Garhwal regions in the central Himalayas.

The temple is believed to have been constructed during the Katyuri dynasty around the 10th and 12th centuries.

In Dwarahat, Uttarakhand, there is a temple dedicated to Lord Vishnu, known as the “Badrinath Temple”. It stands as an example of Garhwala-style architecture. This group of Badrinath temples is a combination of three structures, with the main temple housing black stone idols of Lord Vishnu.

The Badrinath Temple, although not particularly large in size, holds a historical significance. It is believed that it has been built during the Katyuri dynasty, between the 10th and 12th centuries. This temple holds a special place in the hearts of the local community, thousands of devotees come to pay their respects and seek blessings.

For Contact

we need the full address of trust

email

phone number