```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
```

data = pd.read\_csv("/content/heart.csv")

#### data.head()

<b>→</b>		age	sex	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	tha
	0	52	1	0	125	212	0	1	168	0	1.0	2	2	
	1	53	1	0	140	203	1	0	155	1	3.1	0	0	
	2	70	1	0	145	174	0	1	125	1	2.6	0	0	
	3	61	1	0	148	203	0	1	161	0	0.0	2	1	
	4	62	0	0	138	294	1	1	106	0	1.9	1	3	

Next steps:

Generate code with data

View recommended plots

#### data.tail()

<b>→</b>		age	sex	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca
	1020	59	1	1	140	221	0	1	164	1	0.0	2	0
	1021	60	1	0	125	258	0	0	141	1	2.8	1	1
	1022	47	1	0	110	275	0	0	118	1	1.0	1	1
	1023	50	0	0	110	254	0	0	159	0	0.0	2	0
	1024	54	1	0	120	188	0	1	113	0	1.4	1	1

#### data.columns.values

#### data.isna().sum()

```
age 0
sex 0
cp 0
trestbps 0
```

```
chol 0
fbs 0
restecg 0
thalach 0
exang 0
oldpeak 0
slope 0
ca 0
thal 0
target 0
dtype: int64
```

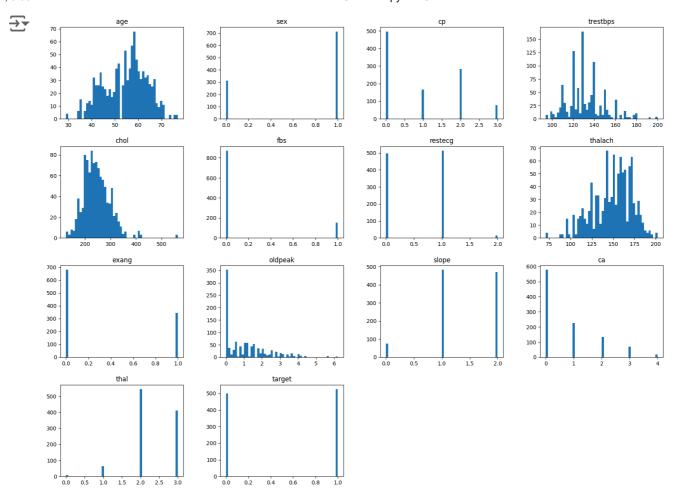
### data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1025 entries, 0 to 1024
Data columns (total 14 columns):
# Column Non-Null Count Dtype

#	Column	Non-N	Null Count	Dtype
0	age	1025	non-null	int64
1	sex	1025	non-null	int64
2	ср	1025	non-null	int64
3	trestbps	1025	non-null	int64
4	chol	1025	non-null	int64
5	fbs	1025	non-null	int64
6	restecg	1025	non-null	int64
7	thalach	1025	non-null	int64
8	exang	1025	non-null	int64
9	oldpeak	1025	non-null	float64
10	slope	1025	non-null	int64
11	ca	1025	non-null	int64
12	thal	1025	non-null	int64
13	target	1025	non-null	int64
	67	- / - \		

dtypes: float64(1), int64(13)
memory usage: 112.2 KB

data.hist(bins = 50, grid = False, figsize=(20,15));



## data.describe()

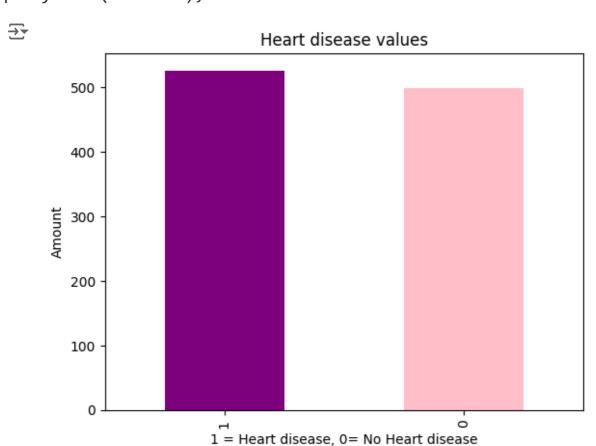
}		age	sex	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	
	count	1025.000000	1025.000000	1025.000000	1025.000000	1025.00000	1025.000000	102
	mean	54.434146	0.695610	0.942439	131.611707	246.00000	0.149268	
	std	9.072290	0.460373	1.029641	17.516718	51.59251	0.356527	
	min	29.000000	0.000000	0.000000	94.000000	126.00000	0.000000	
	25%	48.000000	0.000000	0.000000	120.000000	211.00000	0.000000	
	50%	56.000000	1.000000	1.000000	130.000000	240.00000	0.000000	
	75%	61.000000	1.000000	2.000000	140.000000	275.00000	0.000000	
	max	77.000000	1.000000	3.000000	200.000000	564.00000	1.000000	

# data.target.value\_counts()

target
1 526
0 499

Name: count, dtype: int64

```
data.target.value_counts().plot(kind = "bar", color=["purple","pink"])
plt.title("Heart disease values")
plt.xlabel("1 = Heart disease, 0= No Heart disease")
plt.ylabel("Amount");
```

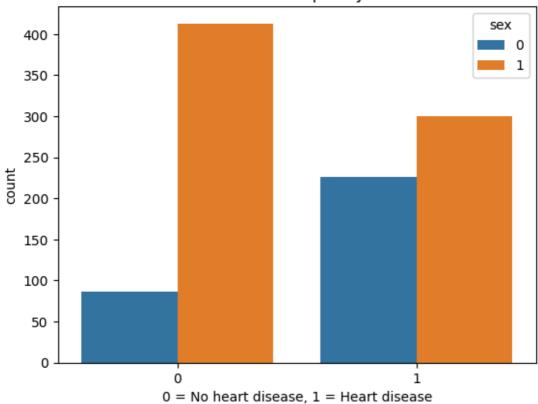


pd.crosstab(data.target,data.sex)

```
sns.countplot(x= "target", data=data, hue= "sex")
plt.title("Heart disease frequency for sex")
plt.xlabel("0 = No heart disease, 1 = Heart disease");
```



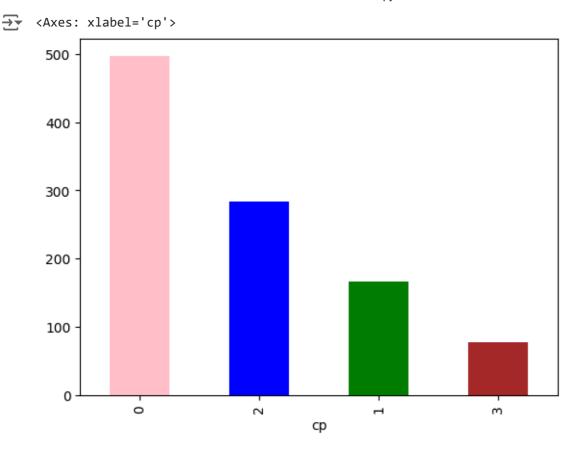




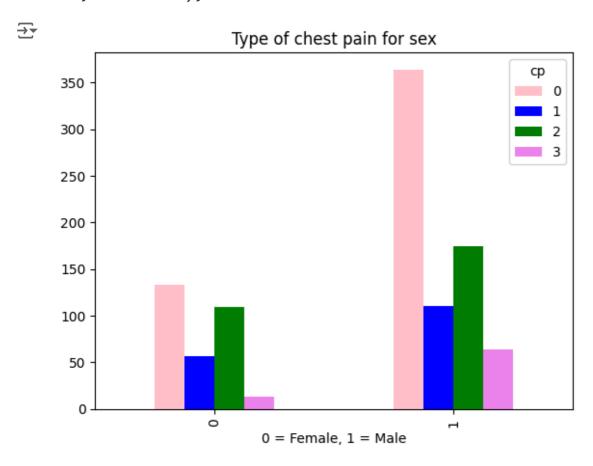
data.cp.value\_counts()

Name: count, dtype: int64

alue\_counts().plot(kind = "bar",color = ["pink", "blue", "green","brown"]



a.sex,data.cp).plot(kind= "bar", color = ["pink","blue","green","violet"]
 of chest pain for sex")
 Female, 1 = Male");



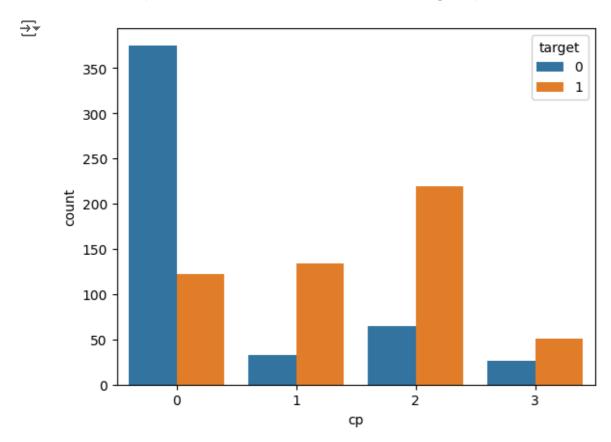
pd.crosstab(data.sex,data.cp)

<b>→</b> *	ср	0	1	2	3	
	sex					ılı
	0	133	57	109	13	
	1	364	110	175	64	

pd.crosstab(data.cp,data.target)

<b>₹</b>	target	0	1	
	ср			Ili
	0	375	122	
	1	33	134	
	2	65	219	
	3	26	51	

sns.countplot(x="cp", data = data, hue= "target");



sns.displot(x="age", data = data, bins = 30, kde= True,color = "skyblue")



