## 1

## AI1103-Assignment-5

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Sravanth-k27/AI1103/tree/main/ Assignment-5/codes

Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Sravanth-k27/AI1103/tree/main/Assignment-5/Assignment-5.tex

UGC/MATH 2018(JUNE MATH SET A )Q.18:

Two students are solving the same problem independently, if the probability of first one solves the problem is  $\frac{3}{5}$  and the probability that the second one solves the problem is  $\frac{4}{5}$ , what is the probability that atleast one of them solves the problem?

(A) 
$$\frac{17}{25}$$

(C) 
$$\frac{21}{25}$$

(B) 
$$\frac{19}{25}$$

(D) 
$$\frac{23}{25}$$

SOLUTION UGC/MATH 2018(JUNE MATH SET A )Q.18::

Let the two students be A,B. Let the events of solving the problem by A,B be X,Y respectively. The probability of solving the problem by A is Pr(X).

The probability of solving the problem by B is Pr(Y).

Given that

$$\Pr(X) = \frac{3}{5} \tag{0.0.1}$$

$$\Pr(Y) = \frac{4}{5} \tag{0.0.2}$$

Now we have to find probability of solving the problem by at least one of them i.e Pr(X + Y) As,

$$Pr(X + Y) = Pr(X) + Pr(Y) - Pr(XY)$$
 (0.0.3)

Given that students solve the problem independently. So events X and Y are independent. for independent events

$$Pr(XY) = Pr(X) \times Pr(Y) \qquad (0.0.4)$$

from (0.0.1) and (0.0.2)

$$\Pr(XY) = \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{4}{5} \tag{0.0.5}$$

$$\Pr(XY) = \frac{12}{25} \tag{0.0.6}$$

now substituting (0.0.1),(0.0.2), (0.0.6) in (0.0.3) gives

$$\Pr(X+Y) = \frac{3}{5} + \frac{4}{5} - \frac{12}{25} \tag{0.0.7}$$

$$\Pr(X+Y) = \frac{23}{25} \tag{0.0.8}$$

Hence the probability that at least one of them solves the problem is  $\frac{23}{25}$ 

## .. Option D is correct