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AI1103-Assignment 2

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Sravanth-k27/AI1103/tree/main/ Assignment-2/codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Sravanth-k27/AI1103/tree/main/ Assignment-2/Assignment-2.tex

QUESTION(GATE EC 55):

Let X_1 be an exponential random variable with mean 1 and X_2 a gamma random variable with mean 2 and variance 2. If X_1 and X_2 are independently distributed, then $P(X_1 < X_2)$ is equal to

SOLUTION(GATE EC 55):

1) Given that X_1 is an exponential random variable. Let the P.D.F of X_1 be

$$P_{X_1}(x_1) = \begin{cases} \lambda e^{-\lambda x_1} & x \ge 0\\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$
 (0.0.1)

As mean =
$$\lambda$$
 (0.0.2)

Given that mean =
$$1$$
 (0.0.3)

so
$$\lambda = 1$$
 (0.0.4)

The P.D.F of X_1 is:

$$P_{X_1}(x_1) = \begin{cases} e^{-x_1} & x \ge 0\\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$
 (0.0.5)

2) Given that X_2 is an gamma random variable.Let the P.D.F of X_2 be:

$$P_{X_2}(x_2) = \begin{cases} \frac{a^b x_2^{b-1} e^{-ax_2}}{(b-1)!} & x \ge 0\\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$
 (0.0.6)

Since mean =
$$\frac{b}{a}$$
 = 2 (0.0.7)

Also, variance =
$$\frac{b}{a^2} = 2$$
 (0.0.8)

From (0.0.7) and (0.0.8)

$$b = 2, a = 1 \tag{0.0.9}$$

So, the P.D.F of X_2 is :

$$P_{X_2}(x_2) = \begin{cases} x_2 e^{-x_2} & x \ge 0\\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$
 (0.0.10)

Now we have to find $P(X_1 < X_2)$

3) Given that X_1 and X_2 are independent random variables

$$P_{(X_1|X_2)}(x_1|x_2) = P_{X_1}(x_1) \tag{0.0.11}$$

4) Consider the random variable $Z = X_1 - X_2$ Since

$$P(X_1 < X_2) \implies P(X_1 - X_2 < 0)$$
 (0.0.12)

So, we have to find C.D.F of random variable Z for $z \le 0$ i.e $P(z \le 0)$

C.D.F of random variable $Z = X_1 - X_2$ for $z \le 0$:

$$F_{Z}(z) = P(X_{1} - X_{2} \le z)$$

$$= \int_{-z}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{z+x_{2}} P_{X_{1}X_{2}}(x_{1}, x_{2}) dx_{1} dx_{2}$$

$$= \int_{-z}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{z+x_{2}} P_{(X_{1}|X_{2})}(x_{1}|x_{2}) \times P_{X_{2}}(x_{2})$$

$$(0.0.15)$$

from (0.0.11)

$$= \int_{-z}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{z+x_2} P_{X_1}(x_1) \times P_{X_2}(x_2) dx_1 dx_2$$

$$= \int_{-z}^{\infty} P_{X_2}(x_2) \left(\int_{0}^{z+x_2} P_{X_1}(x_1) dx_1 \right) dx_2$$

$$= \int_{-z}^{\infty} x_2 e^{-x_2} \left(\int_{0}^{z+x_2} e^{-x_1} dx_1 \right) dx_2$$
(0.0.18)

Now for $F_Z(0)$

$$F_{Z}(0) = \int_{0}^{\infty} x_{2}e^{-x_{2}} \left(\int_{0}^{x_{2}} e^{-x_{1}} dx_{1} \right) dx_{2}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} x_{2}e^{-x_{2}} (1 - e^{-x_{2}}) dx_{2}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} x_{2}e^{-x_{2}} dx_{2} - \int_{0}^{\infty} x_{2}e^{-2x_{2}} dx_{2}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$(0.0.19)$$

So, $P(X_1 < X_2) = F_Z(0) = \frac{3}{4}$

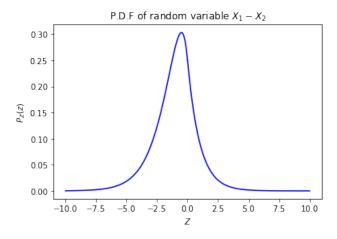


Fig. 4: P.D.F of Z

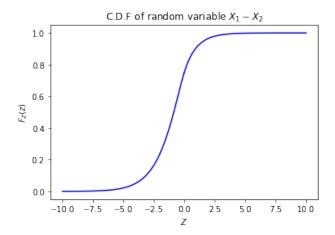


Fig. 4: C.D.F of Z