

Importing Libraries

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Importing Datasets ¶

```
In [2]: df=pd.read_csv("rainfall_konkan _ goa.csv")
df
```

Out[2]:

	index	SUBDIVISION	YEAR	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT
0	2507	KONKAN & GOA	1901	5.6	0.1	0.4	35.7	19.9	746.1	1075.5	748.0	117.4	38
1	2508	KONKAN & GOA	1902	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.4	7.6	428.2	943.6	515.1	613.8	74
2	2509	KONKAN & GOA	1903	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	201.1	470.5	1298.6	673.9	285.1	140
3	2510	KONKAN & GOA	1904	0.0	0.1	6.6	6.3	4.6	975.8	771.7	321.3	217.0	90
4	2511	KONKAN & GOA	1905	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.4	8.6	293.7	770.6	305.5	208.3	83
...
110	2617	KONKAN & GOA	2011	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4	1.1	857.0	1384.1	987.9	468.3	120
111	2618	KONKAN & GOA	2012	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.1	633.0	928.5	762.5	515.3	175
112	2619	KONKAN & GOA	2013	1.8	5.4	0.1	0.1	18.5	1028.3	1478.5	497.6	340.7	145
113	2620	KONKAN & GOA	2014	1.3	5.3	1.8	0.7	21.3	238.2	1293.2	658.0	419.5	98
114	2621	KONKAN & GOA	2015	2.7	0.0	36.8	3.6	11.3	764.0	526.5	377.3	240.9	97

115 rows × 20 columns



Data Cleaning and Data Preprocessing

```
In [3]: df=df.dropna()
```

```
In [4]: df.columns
```

```
Out[4]: Index(['index', 'SUBDIVISION', 'YEAR', 'JAN', 'FEB', 'MAR', 'APR', 'MAY',
              'JUN', 'JUL', 'AUG', 'SEP', 'OCT', 'NOV', 'DEC', 'ANNUAL', 'Jan-Feb',
              'Mar-May', 'Jun-Sep', 'Oct-Dec'],
              dtype='object')
```

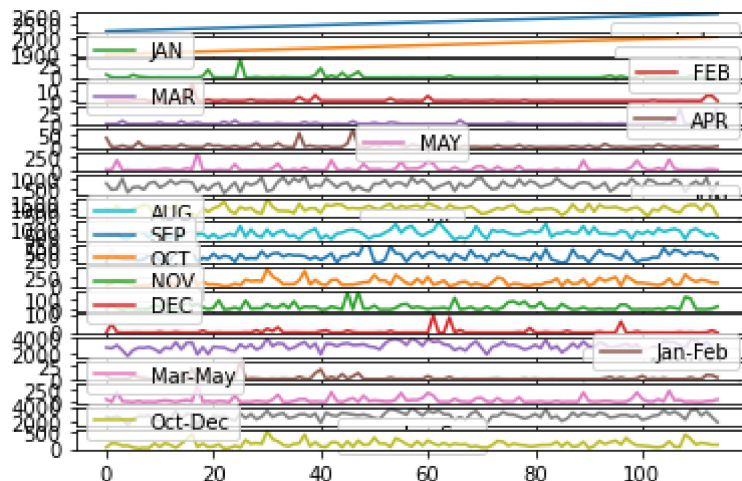
```
In [5]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 115 entries, 0 to 114
Data columns (total 20 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   index           115 non-null   int64
1   SUBDIVISION     115 non-null   object
2   YEAR            115 non-null   int64
3   JAN             115 non-null   float64
4   FEB             115 non-null   float64
5   MAR             115 non-null   float64
6   APR             115 non-null   float64
7   MAY             115 non-null   float64
8   JUN             115 non-null   float64
9   JUL             115 non-null   float64
10  AUG             115 non-null   float64
11  SEP             115 non-null   float64
12  OCT             115 non-null   float64
13  NOV             115 non-null   float64
14  DEC             115 non-null   float64
15  ANNUAL          115 non-null   float64
16  Jan-Feb        115 non-null   float64
17  Mar-May        115 non-null   float64
18  Jun-Sep        115 non-null   float64
19  Oct-Dec        115 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(17), int64(2), object(1)
memory usage: 18.9+ KB
```

Line chart

```
In [6]: df.plot.line(subplots=True)
```

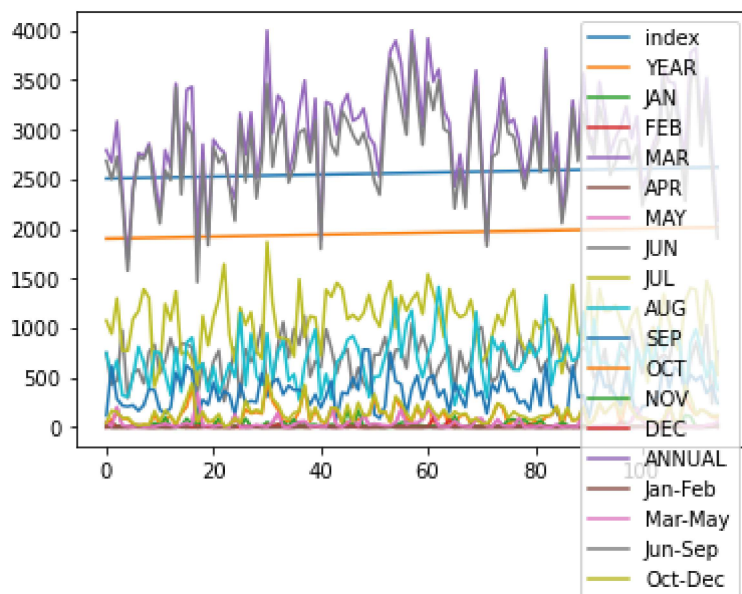
```
Out[6]: array([<AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>,
<AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>,
<AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>,
<AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>], dtype=object)
```



Line chart

```
In [7]: df.plot.line()
```

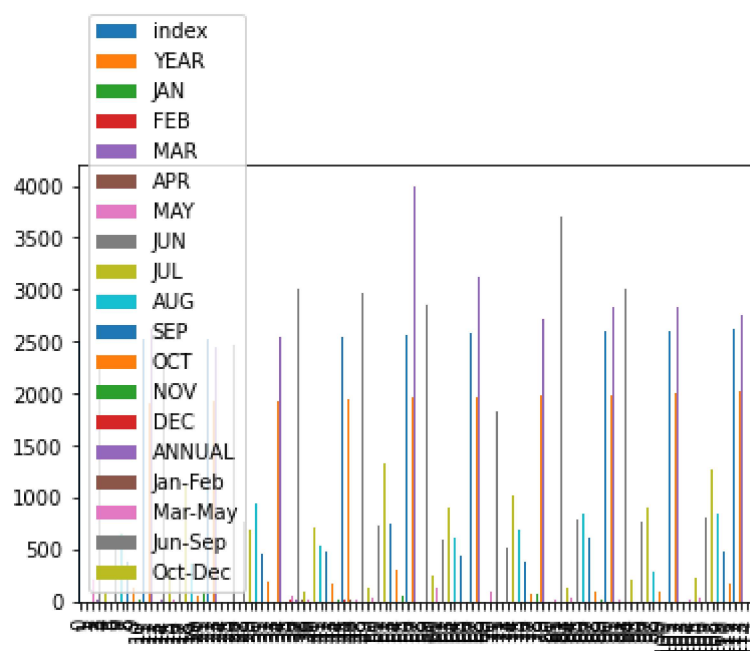
```
Out[7]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



Bar chart

```
In [8]: df.plot.bar()
```

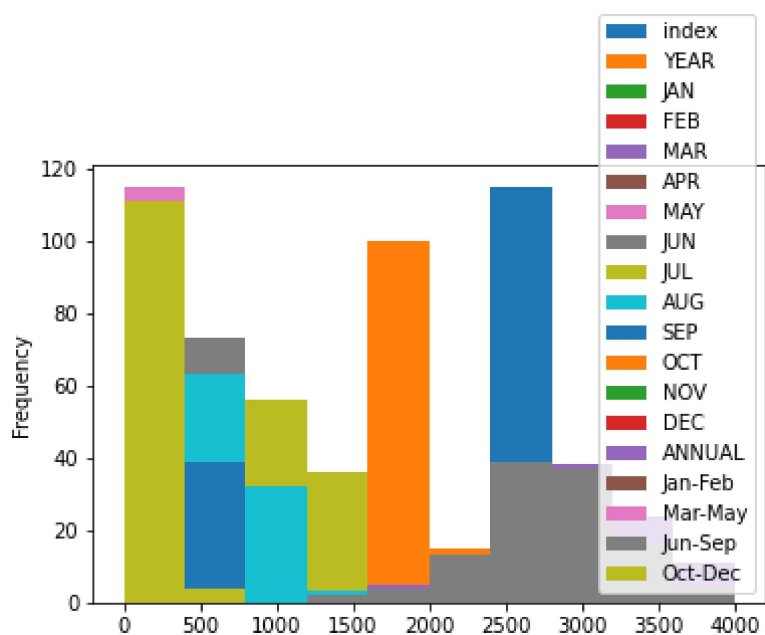
```
Out[8]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



Histogram

```
In [9]: df.plot.hist()
```

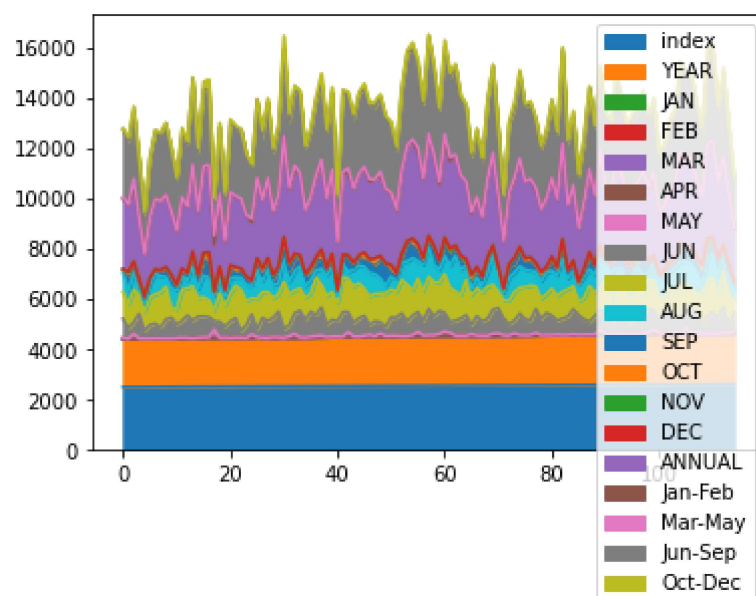
```
Out[9]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Frequency'>
```



Area chart

```
In [10]: df.plot.area()
```

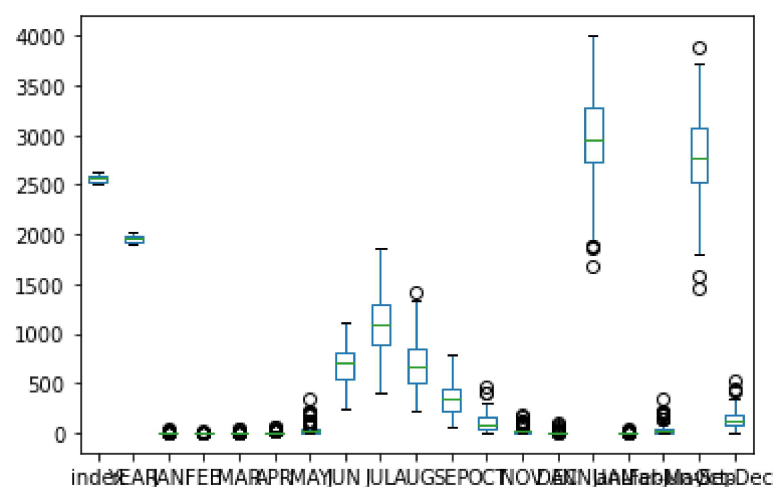
```
Out[10]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



Box chart

```
In [11]: df.plot.box()
```

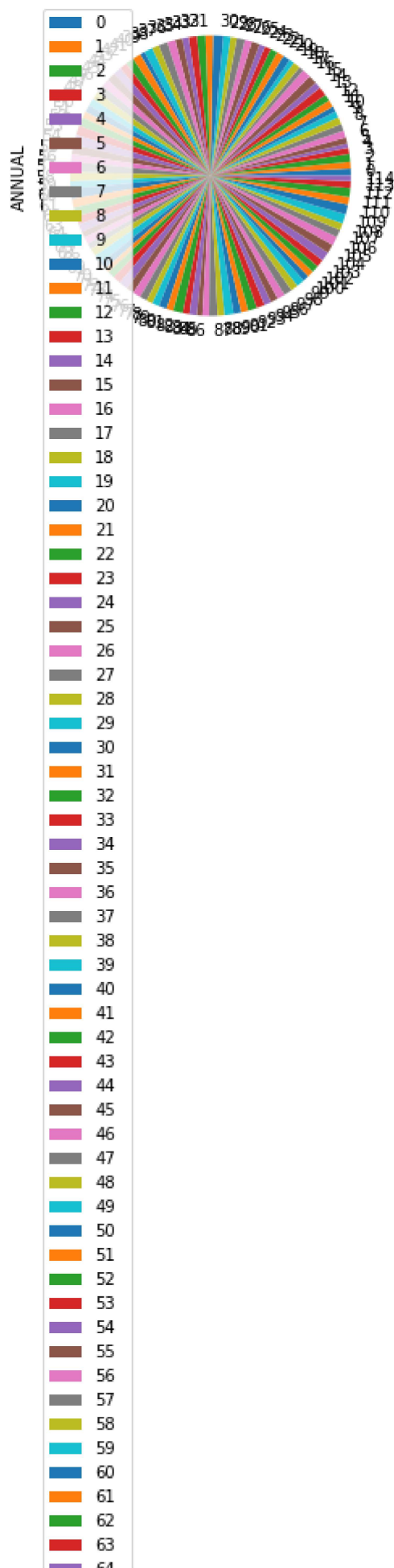
```
Out[11]: <AxesSubplot:>
```

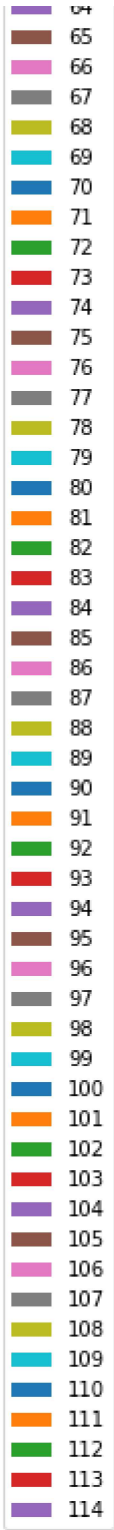


Pie chart

```
In [12]: df.plot.pie(y='ANNUAL' )
```

```
Out[12]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='ANNUAL'>
```

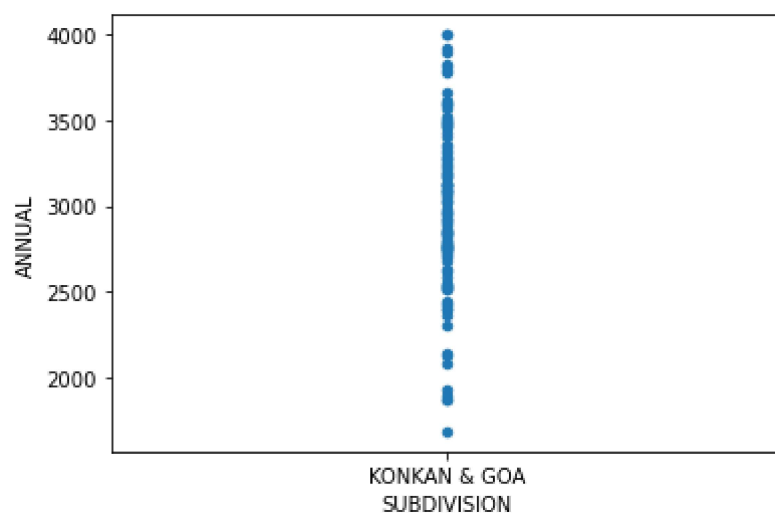





Scatter chart

```
In [13]: df.plot.scatter(x='SUBDIVISION', y='ANNUAL')
```

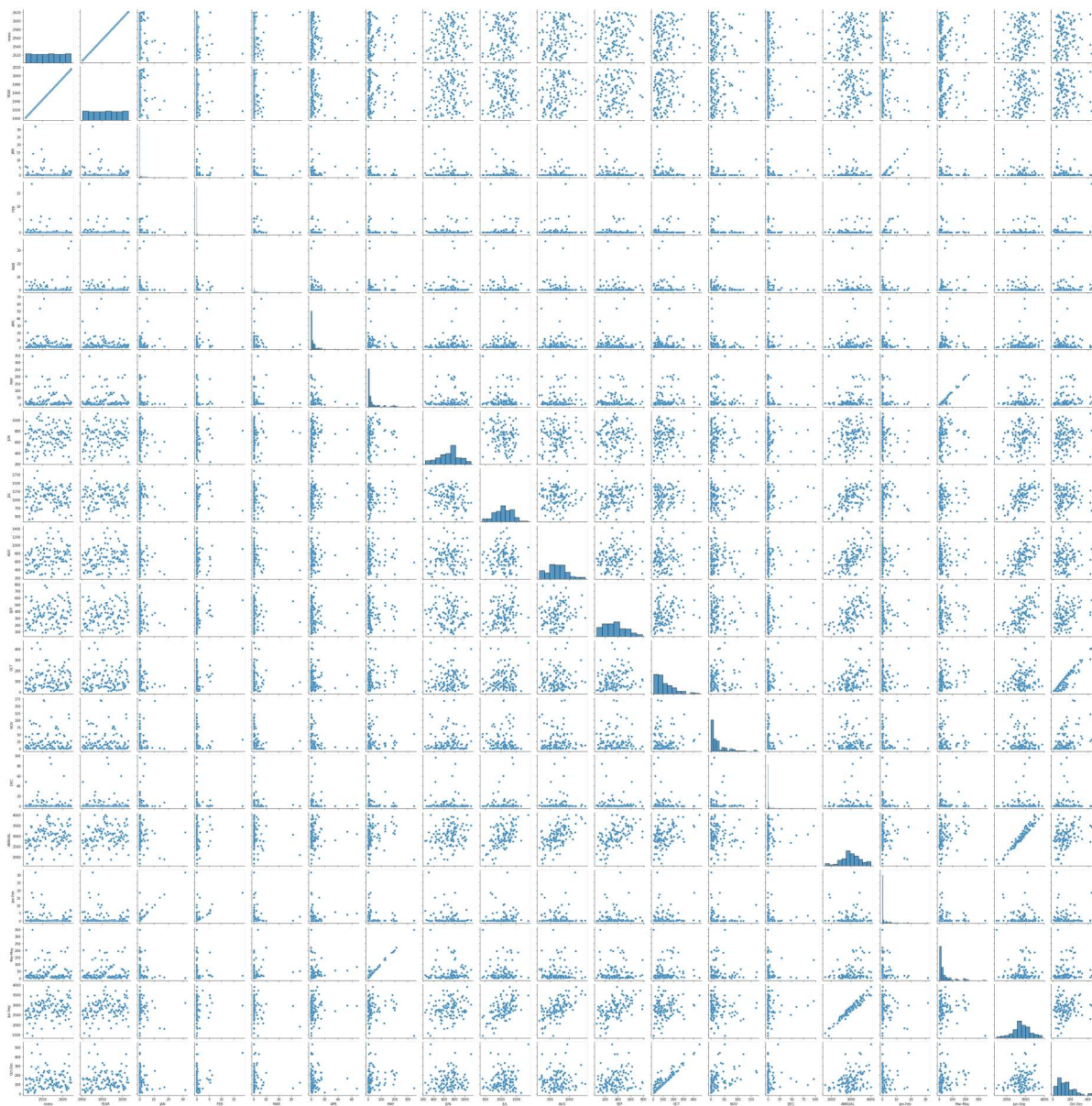
```
Out[13]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='SUBDIVISION', ylabel='ANNUAL'>
```



Seaborn

```
In [14]: sns.pairplot(df)
```

```
Out[14]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x25f507a11f0>
```

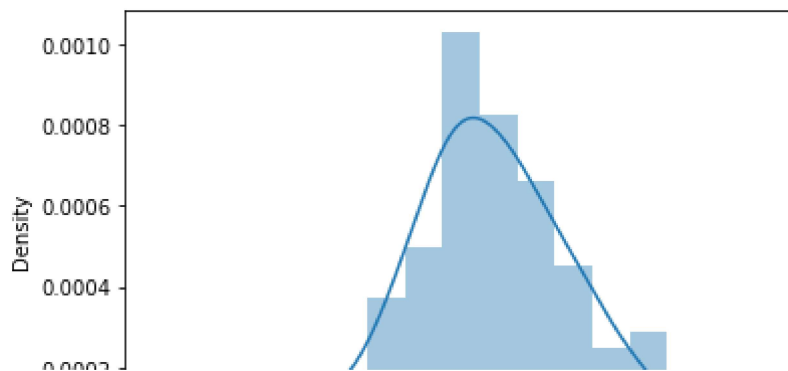


In [15]: `sns.distplot(df['ANNUAL'])`

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[15]: `<AxesSubplot:xlabel='ANNUAL', ylabel='Density'>`



In [16]: `sns.heatmap(df.corr())`

Out[16]: `<AxesSubplot:>`

