

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv("mobile.csv")
df
```

Out[2]:

| | Phone Name | Rating ?/5 | Number of Ratings | RAM | ROM/Storage | Back/Rare Camera | Front Camera | Battery | Processor | Price in INR |
|------|--------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|----------|---|--------------|
| 0 | POCO C50 (Royal Blue, 32 GB) | 4.2 | 33,561 | 2 GB RAM | 32 GB ROM | 8MP Dual Camera | 5MP Front Camera | 5000 mAh | Mediatek Helio A22 Processor, Upto 2.0 GHz Pro... | ₹5,649 |
| 1 | POCO M4 5G (Cool Blue, 64 GB) | 4.2 | 77,128 | 4 GB RAM | 64 GB ROM | 50MP + 2MP | 8MP Front Camera | 5000 mAh | Mediatek Dimensity 700 Processor | ₹11,999 |
| 2 | POCO C51 (Royal Blue, 64 GB) | 4.3 | 15,175 | 4 GB RAM | 64 GB ROM | 8MP Dual Rear Camera | 5MP Front Camera | 5000 mAh | Helio G36 Processor | ₹6,999 |
| 3 | POCO C55 (Cool Blue, 64 GB) | 4.2 | 22,621 | 4 GB RAM | 64 GB ROM | 50MP Dual Rear Camera | 5MP Front Camera | 5000 mAh | Mediatek Helio G85 Processor | ₹7,749 |
| 4 | POCO C51 (Power Black, 64 GB) | 4.3 | 15,175 | 4 GB RAM | 64 GB ROM | 8MP Dual Rear Camera | 5MP Front Camera | 5000 mAh | Helio G36 Processor | ₹6,999 |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 1831 | Infinix Note 7 (Forest Green, 64 GB) | 4.3 | 25,582 | 4 GB RAM | 64 GB ROM | 48MP + 2MP + 2MP + AI Lens Camera | 16MP Front Camera | 5000 mAh | MediaTek Helio G70 Processor | ₹14,999 |
| 1832 | Infinix Note 7 (Bolivia Blue, 64 GB) | 4.3 | 25,582 | 4 GB RAM | 64 GB ROM | 48MP + 2MP + 2MP + AI Lens Camera | 16MP Front Camera | 5000 mAh | MediaTek Helio G70 Processor | ₹14,999 |

| | Phone Name | Rating ?/5 | Number of Ratings | RAM | ROM/Storage | Back/Rare Camera | Front Camera | Battery | Processor | Price in INR |
|------|--|------------|-------------------|----------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| 1833 | Infinix Note 7 (Aether Black, 64 GB) | 4.3 | 25,582 | 4 GB RAM | 64 GB ROM | 48MP + 2MP + 2MP + AI Lens Camera | 16MP Front Camera | 5000 mAh | MediaTek Helio G70 Processor | ₹14,999 |
| 1834 | Infinix Zero 8i (Silver Diamond, 128 GB) | 4.2 | 7,117 | 8 GB RAM | 128 GB ROM | 48MP + 8MP + 2MP + AI Lens Camera | 16MP + 8MP Dual Front Camera | 4500 mAh | MediaTek Helio G90T Processor | ₹18,999 |
| 1835 | Infinix S5 (Quetzal Cyan, 64 GB) | 4.3 | 15,701 | 4 GB RAM | 64 GB ROM | 16MP + 5MP + 2MP + Low Light Sensor | 32MP Front Camera | 4000 mAh | Helio P22 (MTK6762) Processor | ₹10,999 |

1836 rows × 11 columns

In [3]:

```
df.head()
```

Out[3]:

| | Phone Name | Rating ?/5 | Number of Ratings | RAM | ROM/Storage | Back/Rare Camera | Front Camera | Battery | Processor | Price in INR | Date Scra |
|---|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------|----------|---|--------------|-----------|
| 0 | POCO C50 (Royal Blue, 32 GB) | 4.2 | 33,561 | 2 GB RAM | 32 GB ROM | 8MP Dual Camera | 5MP Front Camera | 5000 mAh | Mediatek Helio A22 Processor, Upto 2.0 GHz Pro... | ₹5,649 | 2023 |
| 1 | POCO M4 5G (Cool Blue, 64 GB) | 4.2 | 77,128 | 4 GB RAM | 64 GB ROM | 50MP + 2MP | 8MP Front Camera | 5000 mAh | Mediatek Dimensity 700 Processor | ₹11,999 | 2023 |
| 2 | POCO C51 (Royal Blue, 64 GB) | 4.3 | 15,175 | 4 GB RAM | 64 GB ROM | 8MP Dual Rear Camera | 5MP Front Camera | 5000 mAh | Helio G36 Processor | ₹6,999 | 2023 |
| 3 | POCO C55 (Cool Blue, 64 GB) | 4.2 | 22,621 | 4 GB RAM | 64 GB ROM | 50MP Dual Rear Camera | 5MP Front Camera | 5000 mAh | Mediatek Helio G85 Processor | ₹7,749 | 2023 |
| 4 | POCO C51 (Power Black, 64 GB) | 4.3 | 15,175 | 4 GB RAM | 64 GB ROM | 8MP Dual Rear Camera | 5MP Front Camera | 5000 mAh | Helio G36 Processor | ₹6,999 | 2023 |

Data cleaning and pre processing

In [4]: `df.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1836 entries, 0 to 1835
Data columns (total 11 columns):
 #   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   Phone Name            1836 non-null   object
 1   Rating ?/5           1836 non-null   float64
 2   Number of Ratings     1836 non-null   object
 3   RAM                   1836 non-null   object
 4   ROM/Storage           1662 non-null   object
 5   Back/Rare Camera      1827 non-null   object
 6   Front Camera          1435 non-null   object
 7   Battery               1826 non-null   object
 8   Processor             1781 non-null   object
 9   Price in INR          1836 non-null   object
10   Date of Scraping      1836 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(1), object(10)
memory usage: 157.9+ KB
```

In [5]: `df.describe()`

Out[5]:

| | Rating ?/5 |
|--------------|-------------|
| count | 1836.000000 |
| mean | 4.210512 |
| std | 0.543912 |
| min | 0.000000 |
| 25% | 4.200000 |
| 50% | 4.300000 |
| 75% | 4.400000 |
| max | 4.800000 |

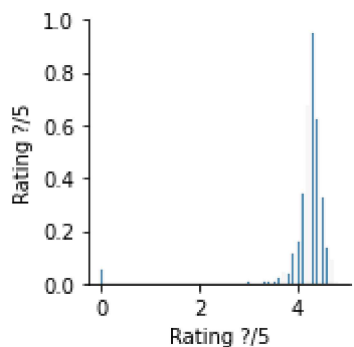
In [6]: `df.columns`

Out[6]: Index(['Phone Name', 'Rating ?/5', 'Number of Ratings', 'RAM', 'ROM/Storage', 'Back/Rare Camera', 'Front Camera', 'Battery', 'Processor', 'Price in INR', 'Date of Scraping'], dtype='object')

EDA and VISUALIZATION

In [7]: `sns.pairplot(df)`

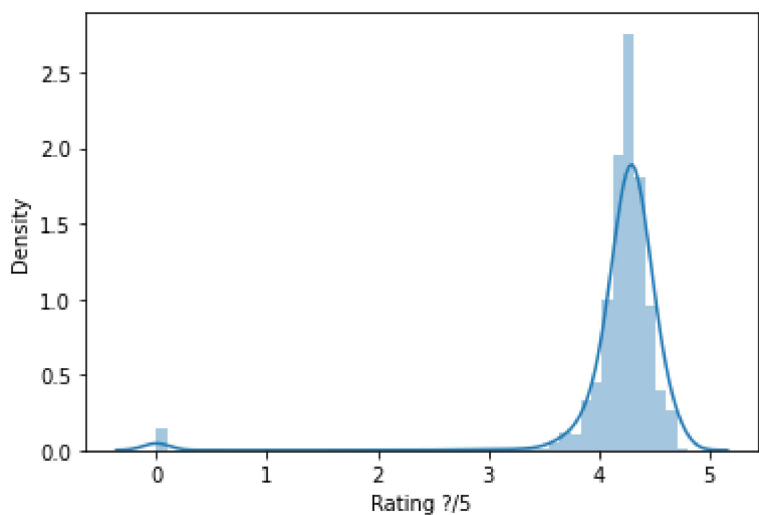
Out[7]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1495a28ca00>



In [8]: `sns.distplot(df["Rating ?/5"])`

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[8]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Rating ?/5', ylabel='Density'>



In [9]: `df1 = df[['Phone Name', 'Rating ?/5', 'Number of Ratings', 'RAM', 'ROM/Storage',
 'Back/Rare Camera', 'Front Camera', 'Battery', 'Processor',
 'Price in INR', 'Date of Scraping']]`

In [10]: `sns.heatmap(df1.corr())`

Out[10]: <AxesSubplot:>



```
In [11]: x = df1[['Rating ?/5','Rating ?/5']]
         y = df1['Rating ?/5']
```

split the data into training and test data

```
In [12]: x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
```

```
In [13]: lr = LinearRegression()
         lr.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

Out[13]: LinearRegression()

```
In [14]: lr.intercept_
```

Out[14]: -2.6645352591003757e-15

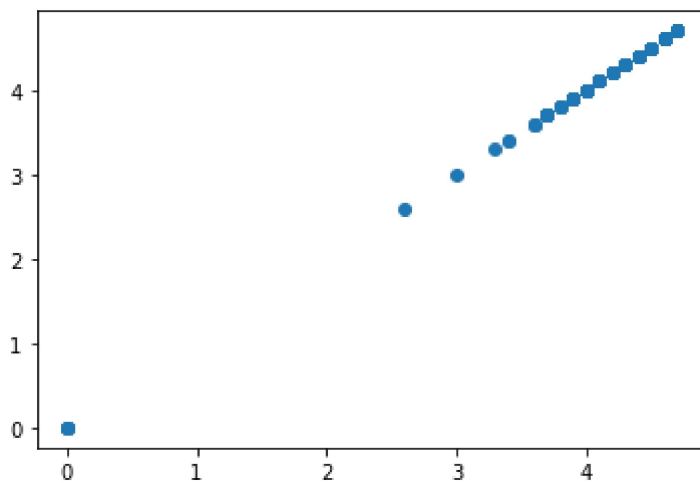
```
In [15]: coeff = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_, x.columns, columns =['Co-efficient'])
         coeff
```

```
Out[15]:
```

| | Co-efficient |
|------------|--------------|
| Rating ?/5 | 0.5 |
| Rating ?/5 | 0.5 |

```
In [16]: prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
         plt.scatter(y_test, prediction)
```

Out[16]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1495aed12e0>



```
In [17]: lr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

```
Out[17]: 1.0
```

```
In [18]: from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
```

```
In [19]: rr=Ridge(alpha=10)
rr.fit(x_train,y_train)
rr.score(x_test,y_test)
rr.score(x_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[19]: 0.9998643503417138
```

```
In [20]: rr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

```
Out[20]: 0.9998642822291992
```

```
In [21]: la = Lasso(alpha=10)
la.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[21]: Lasso(alpha=10)
```

```
In [22]: la.score(x_test,y_test)
```

```
Out[22]: -0.0005021207975841602
```

```
In [23]: from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet
en = ElasticNet()
en.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[23]: ElasticNet()
```

```
In [24]: print(en.coef_)
```

$$[\theta. \theta.]$$

```
In [25]: print(en.intercept_)
```

4.20739299610895

```
In [26]: print(en.predict(x_test))
```

[illegible]


```
In [27]: print(en.score(x_test,y_test))
```

```
In [28]: from sklearn import metrics
```

```
In [29]: print("Mean Absolute Error:", metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, prediction))
```

```
In [30]: print("Mean Squared Error:", metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, prediction))
```

```
In [32]: print("Root Mean Squared Error:", np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, prediction)))
```