In [1]:
```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

In [2]:
```
df = pd.read_csv("Iris.csv")
# .dropna(axis="columns")
df
```

Out[2]:

	Id	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
0	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	5	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
145	146	6.7	3.0	5.2	2.3	Iris-virginica
146	147	6.3	2.5	5.0	1.9	Iris-virginica
147	148	6.5	3.0	5.2	2.0	Iris-virginica
148	149	6.2	3.4	5.4	2.3	Iris-virginica
149	150	5.9	3.0	5.1	1.8	Iris-virginica

150 rows × 6 columns

In [3]:
```
df.head()
```

Out[3]:

	Id	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
0	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	5	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa

Data cleaning and pre processing

In [4]:
```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 150 entries, 0 to 149
Data columns (total 6 columns):
 #   Column         Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  ------         --------------  -----  
 0   Id             150 non-null    int64  
 1   SepalLengthCm  150 non-null    float64
 2   SepalWidthCm   150 non-null    float64
 3   PetalLengthCm  150 non-null    float64
 4   PetalWidthCm   150 non-null    float64
 5   Species        150 non-null    object 
dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 7.2+ KB
```

In [5]:
```
df.describe()
```

Out[5]:

	Id	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm
count	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000
mean	75.500000	5.843333	3.054000	3.758667	1.198667
std	43.445368	0.828066	0.433594	1.764420	0.763161
min	1.000000	4.300000	2.000000	1.000000	0.100000
25%	38.250000	5.100000	2.800000	1.600000	0.300000
50%	75.500000	5.800000	3.000000	4.350000	1.300000
75%	112.750000	6.400000	3.300000	5.100000	1.800000
max	150.000000	7.900000	4.400000	6.900000	2.500000

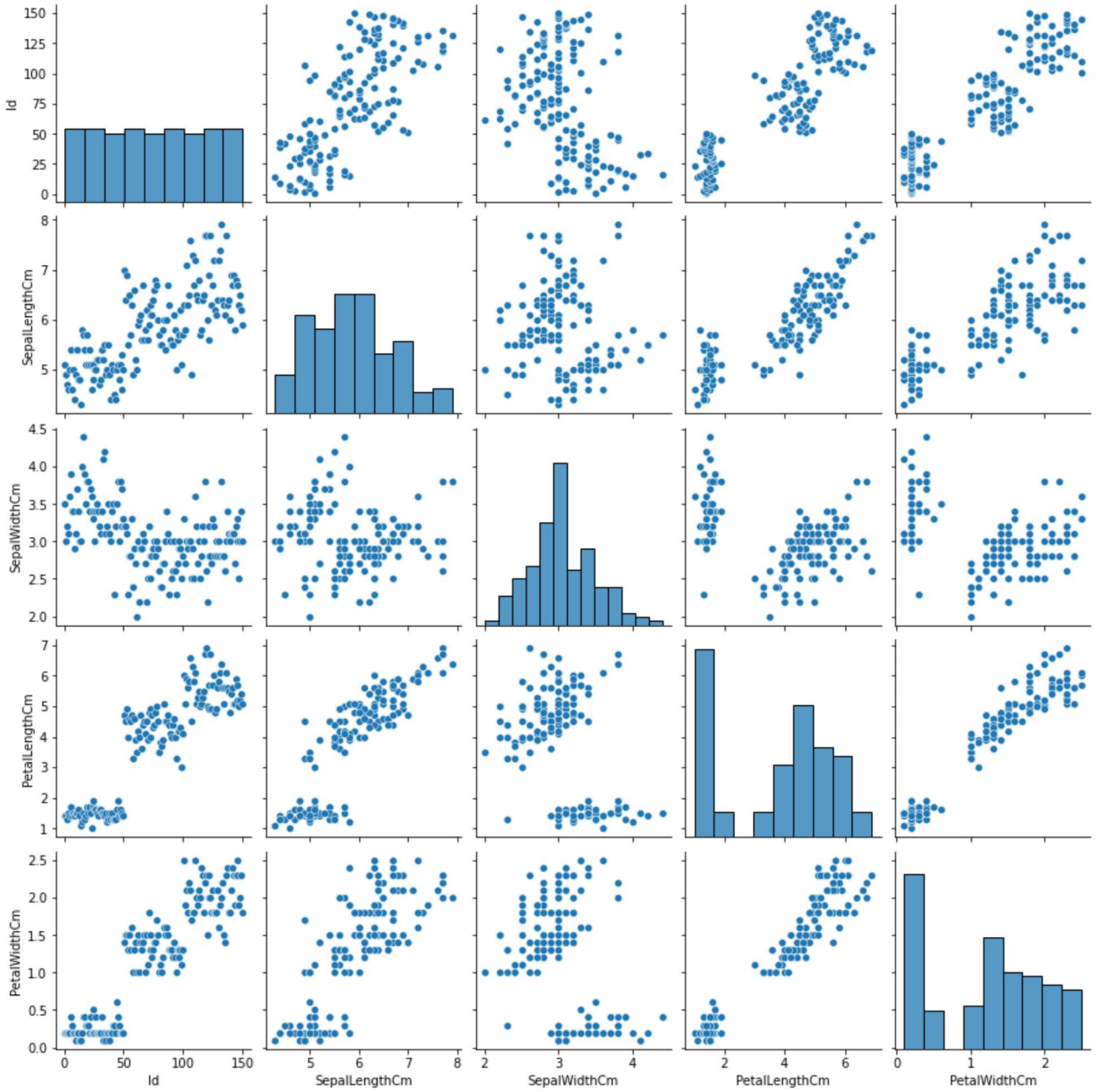
In [6]:
```
df.columns
```

Out[6]:
```
Index(['Id', 'SepalLengthCm', 'SepalWidthCm', 'PetalLengthCm', 'PetalWidthCm',
       'Species'],
      dtype='object')
```

EDA and VISUALIZATION

In [7]:
```
sns.pairplot(df)
```

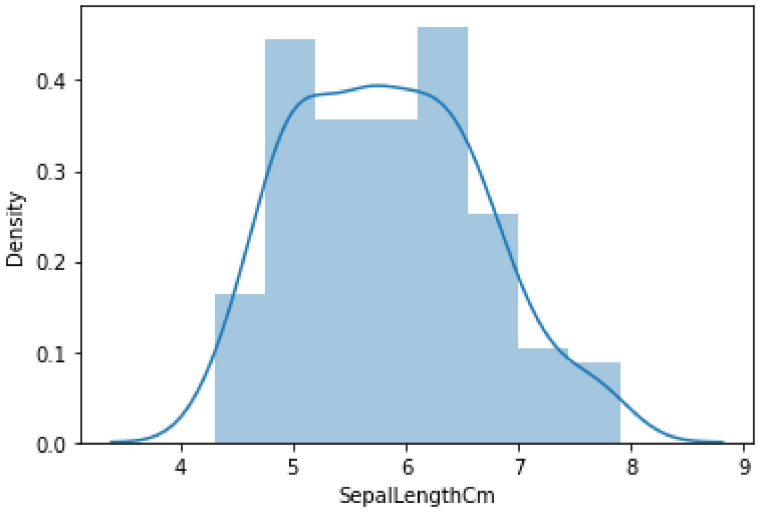
Out[7]:
```
<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x25a60c28790>
```



In [8]:
```
sns.distplot(df[ 'SepalLengthCm'])
```

```
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning:
`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adap
t your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) o
r `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
  warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)
```

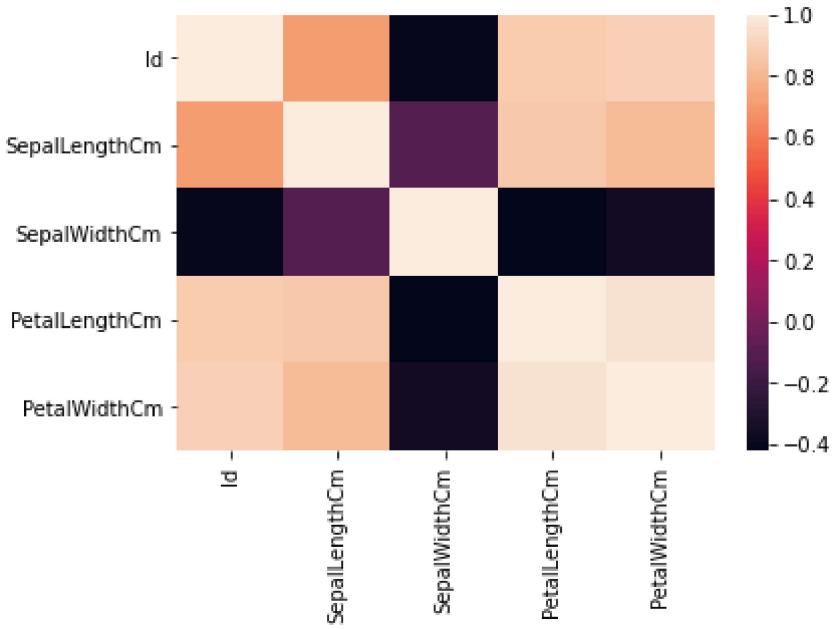
Out[8]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='SepalLengthCm', ylabel='Density'>



In [9]:
```
df1 = df[['Id', 'SepalLengthCm', 'SepalWidthCm', 'PetalLengthCm', 'PetalWidthCm',
       'Species']]
```

In [10]:
```
sns.heatmap(df1.corr())
```

Out[10]: <AxesSubplot:>



In [11]:
```
x = df1[['Id', 'SepalLengthCm', 'SepalWidthCm', 'PetalWidthCm']]
y = df1[ 'PetalLengthCm']
```

split the data into training and test data

In [12]:
```
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
```

In [13]:
```
lr = LinearRegression()
lr.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

Out[13]:
```
LinearRegression()
```

In [14]:
```
lr.intercept_
```

Out[14]:
```
-0.3308682501944493
```

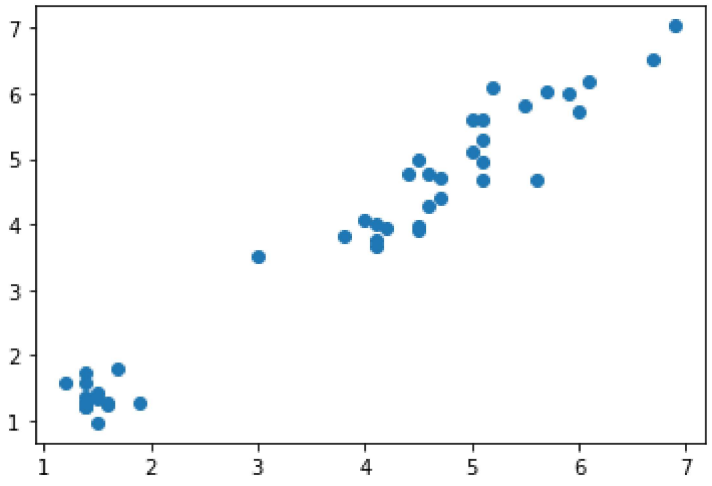
In [15]:
```
coeff = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_, x.columns, columns =['Co-efficient'])
coeff
```

Out[15]:

	Co-efficient
Id	0.002636
SepalLengthCm	0.750799
SepalWidthCm	-0.688092
PetalWidthCm	1.328811

In [16]:
```
prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
plt.scatter(y_test, prediction)
```

Out[16]:
```
<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x25a624598b0>
```



In [17]:
```
lr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[17]:
```
0.9571365220360376
```

ACURACY

In [18]:
```
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
```

In [19]:
```
rr=Ridge(alpha=10)
rr.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```
rr.score(x_test,y_test)
rr.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[19]: 0.9544588048793379

In [20]:
```
rr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[20]: 0.9395084922916778

In [21]:
```
la = Lasso(alpha=10)
la.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[21]: Lasso(alpha=10)

In [22]:
```
la.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[22]: 0.7302717056543535