EE22BTECH11029 - Komakula Sreeja

Ouestion 11.16.3.20

While shuffling a pack of 52 playing cards, 2 cards are dropped. Find the probability that the missing cards to be of different colours.

Solution: We know that the 52 playing cards contain 26 red cards and 26 black cards.

Let X_1 be a random variable denoting the colour of first card:

$$X_1 = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{red card} \\ 1, & \text{black card} \end{cases}$$
 (1)

Probability of choosing the first card:

$$p_{X_1}(k) = \frac{26}{52} \quad \{k = 0, 1\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$
(2)

Let X_2 be a random variable denoting the colour of second card:

$$X_2 = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{red card} \\ 1, & \text{black card} \end{cases}$$
 (4)

Using conditional probability:

$$p(X_2 = 0|X_1 = 0) = \frac{25}{51} \frac{26}{52} / \frac{26}{52}$$
 (5)

$$=\frac{25}{51}\tag{6}$$

$$p(X_2 = 1|X_1 = 0) = \frac{26}{51} \frac{26}{52} / \frac{26}{52}$$
 (7)

$$=\frac{26}{51}\tag{8}$$

$$p(X_2 = 0|X_1 = 1) = \frac{26}{51} \frac{26}{52} / \frac{26}{52}$$
(9)

$$=\frac{26}{51}$$
 (10)

$$p(X_2 = 1|X_1 = 1) = \frac{25}{51} \frac{26}{52} / \frac{26}{52}$$
(10)

$$=\frac{25}{51}$$
 (12)

Probabilty that both cards have different colour:

$$p(\text{different colours}) = p_{X_1}(0) p(X_2 = 1|X_1 = 0) + p_{X_1}(1) p(X_2 = 0|X_1 = 1)$$
 (13)

$$=\frac{26}{52}\frac{26}{51} + \frac{26}{52}\frac{26}{51} \tag{14}$$

$$p(\text{different colours}) = p_{X_1}(0) p(X_2 = 1|X_1 = 0) + p_{X_1}(1) p(X_2 = 0|X_1 = 1)$$

$$= \frac{26}{52} \frac{26}{51} + \frac{26}{52} \frac{26}{51}$$

$$= 2\frac{26}{52} \frac{13}{51}$$

$$= \frac{26}{51}$$

$$(14)$$

$$= (15)$$

$$=\frac{26}{51}$$
 (16)

TABLE 1: Description of random variables

Random Variable	Values	Description
X_1	0	First card is red
	1	First card is black
X_2	0	Second card is red
	1	Second card is black