Medallion Architecture

The **Medallion Architecture** is a structured **data lakehouse design** that organizes data into multiple layers to improve **quality**, **performance**, **and governance**.

1. Bronze Layer (Raw Data)

- Purpose: Acts as a landing zone for raw, unprocessed data.
- Characteristics:
 - o Contains **raw ingested data** from various sources (e.g., databases, APIs, IoT devices, logs).
 - No transformations or validations applied.
 - o Retains historical data for auditing and reprocessing if needed.
- Storage: Typically stored in cheap, scalable storage (e.g., cloud storage like S3, ADLS, or HDFS).
- **Example**: A table storing raw JSON logs from an application.

2. Silver Layer (Cleansed & Transformed Data)

- **Purpose**: Cleans, standardizes, and enriches raw data.
- Characteristics:
 - o **Deduplicated** and **filtered** to remove bad records.
 - o Data types are corrected (e.g., timestamps formatted properly).
 - o Joins & enrichments may be applied (e.g., adding metadata).
- Storage: Still in a data lake, but optimized for querying (e.g., using Delta Lake or Parquet).
- **Example**: A table with application logs where errors have been categorized, missing values imputed, and redundant data removed.

3. Gold Layer (Business-Ready Data)

- Purpose: Provides high-quality, aggregated data for analytics and reporting.
- Characteristics:
 - o Data is **modeled** for business use cases (e.g., star schema, OLAP).
 - o Used for **BI dashboards, machine learning models, or executive reports**.
 - o May contain **aggregations** (e.g., daily revenue per product).
- **Storage**: Optimized for performance, often in a **data warehouse** (e.g., Snowflake, BigQuery, Redshift).
- **Example**: A table showing monthly revenue trends per customer segment.

1. Bronze Layer

• Data Type: Raw, unprocessed

• **Processing**: Minimal

• Use Case: Storage & auditing

2. Silver Layer

• **Data Type**: Cleaned, structured

• **Processing**: Standardized

• Use Case: Analytics & ML models

3. Gold Layer

• **Data Type**: Aggregated, optimized

• **Processing**: Business logic applied

• **Use Case**: BI, dashboards, reports