## **FUNCTIONS**

## 1.Add 2 Number

```
SQL> create or replace function add_fun(a number,b number) return number as
 2 c number;
 3 begin
 4 c:=a+b;
 5 return c;
 6 end;
 7 /
Function created.
SQL> declare
 2 result number;
 3 begin
 4 result:=add_fun(10,20);
 5 dbms_output_line('the sum of 10 and 20 is '||result);
 6 end;
 7 /
the sum of 10 and 20 is 30
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
2. Armstrong
```

SQL> create or replace function armstrong(n number) return number is

```
2 r number(10);
 3 a number(10);
 4 b number(10);
 5 c number(10);
 6 begin
 7 b:=0;
 8 c:=n;
 9 while(c>0)
10 loop
11 r:=c mod 10;
12 b := b + (r * r * r);
13 c:=floor(c/10);
14 end loop;
15 return b;
16 end armstrong;
17 /
Function created.
SQL> declare
 2 n number(10);
 3 m number(10);
 4 begin
 5 n:=&n;
 6 m:=armstrong(n);
 7 if(m=n) then
 8 dbms_output_line('Number is Armstrong');
```

```
9 else
```

10 dbms\_output.put\_line('Number is not an Armstrong ');

11 end if;

12 end;

13 /

Enter value for n: 153

old 5: n:=&n;

new 5: n:=153;

Number is Armstrong

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

3. SQL> select \* from item;

ITEM_ID ITEMNAME		PRICE
1234 Geera	204.5	
1235 Colgate	200	
1236 lays	50	
1237 Buiscuit	100	

SQL> create or replace function itemprice(id number) return number is

- 2 p item.price % type;
- 3 begin
- 4 select price into p from item where item\_id=id;

```
5 return(p);
 6 end;
 7 /
Function created.
SQL> create or replace function itemname(id number) return number is
 2 p item.name % type;
 3 begin
 4 select itemname into n from item where item_id=id;
 5 return(n);
 6 end;
 7 /
Function created.
SQL> declare
 2 pr number; id number;
 3 name varchar(30);
   pr number;
 4 begin
 5 id:=&item_id;
   Name:=itemname(id);
 6 pr:=itemprice(id);
 7 dbms_output.put_line('item Price is RS:'||pr);
   dbms_output_line('item Name is :'||name);
```

```
8 end;
 9 /
Enter value for itemid: 1236
old 6: id:=&item_id;
new 6: id:=1236;
item Price is RS:50
item Name is :lays
4. SQL> create or replace function pow (n1 number,n2 number) return number as
 2 res number;
 3 begin
 4 select power (n1,n2) into res from dual;
 5 return res;
 6 end;
 7 /
Function created.
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL> declare
 2 a number;
 3 b number;
 4 begin
 5 a:=&a;
```

```
6 b:=&b;

7 dbms_output.put_line('power(n1,n2)='||pow(a,b));

8 end;

9 /

Enter value for a: 4

old 5: a:=&a;

new 5: a:=4;

Enter value for b: 3

old 6: b:=&b;

new 6: b:=3;

power(n1,n2)=64
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.