## **EXPERIMENT 4(A)**

#### IMPLEMENTATION OF LINEAR REGRESSION

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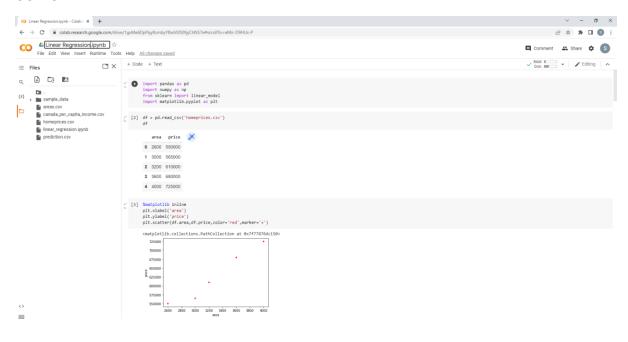
**REGISTRATION NUMBER: 19BCE7230** 

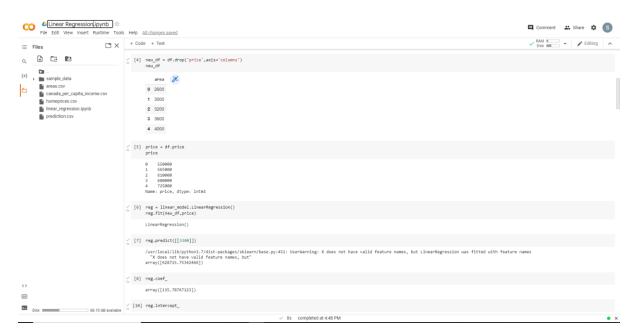
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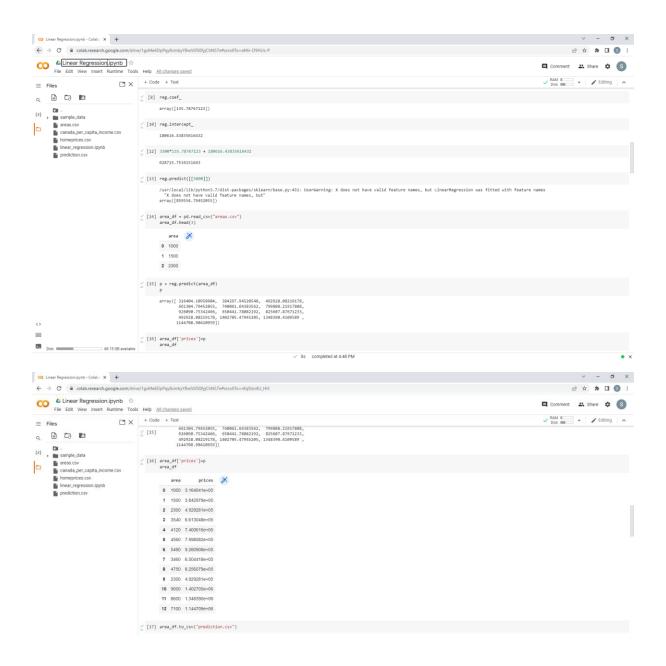
#### CODE -

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn import linear model
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df = pd.read csv('homeprices.csv')
%matplotlib inline
plt.xlabel('area')
plt.ylabel('price')
plt.scatter(df.area, df.price, color='red', marker='+')
new_df = df.drop('price',axis='columns')
new df
price = df.price
price
reg = linear model.LinearRegression()
reg.fit(new df,price)
reg.predict([[3300]])
reg.coef
reg.intercept
reg.predict([[5000]])
area df = pd.read csv("areas.csv")
area df.head(3)
p = reg.predict(area df)
area df['prices']=p
area df
area df.to csv("prediction.csv")
```

#### **OUTPUT** -







## **EXERCISE - CANADA INCOME**

# CODE -

```
df = pd.read_csv('canada_per_capita_income.csv')
df
%matplotlib inline
plt.xlabel('year')
plt.ylabel('capita income')
plt.scatter(df.year,df.income,color='red',marker='+')
new_df = df.drop('income',axis='columns')
new_df
income=df.income
income
reg = linear model.LinearRegression()
```

```
reg.fit(new_df,income)
reg.predict([[2020]])
reg.coef_
reg.intercept_
2020*828.46507522 - 1632210.7578554575
```

## **OUTPUT** -

