

# Linear Algebra

Practice Quiz, 5 questions

**4/5 points (80%)**

✓ **Congratulations! You passed!**

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points

1.

Let two matrices be

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 5 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

What is  $A - B$ ?

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -3 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -7 \\ -7 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 7 \\ 7 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -7 \\ -7 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Correct**1 / 1  
points

2.

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$$\text{Let } x = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 7 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

4/5 points (80%)

What is  $3 * x$ ?

☐  $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 21 & 12 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

☐  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{7}{3} \\ \frac{4}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$

☐  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & \frac{7}{3} & \frac{4}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$

☒  $\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 21 \\ 12 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$



**Correct**

To multiply the vector  $x$  by 3, take each element of  $x$  and multiply that element by 3.



1 / 1  
points

3.

Let  $u$  be a 3-dimensional vector, where specifically

$$u = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

What is  $u^T$ ?

☐  $\begin{bmatrix} 9 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

☐  $\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

4/5 points (80%)



$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 1 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Correct**1 / 1  
points

Let  $u$  and  $v$  be 3-dimensional vectors, where specifically

$$u = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

and

$$v = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

What is  $u^T v$ ?

(Hint:  $u^T$  is a

1x3 dimensional matrix, and  $v$  can also be seen as a 3x1

matrix. The answer you want can be obtained by taking

4. the matrix product of  $u^T$  and  $v$ .) Do not add brackets to your answer.

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**Correct Response**

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0 / 1  
points

4/5 points (80%)

5.

Let  $A$  and  $B$  be  $3 \times 3$  (square) matrices. Which of the following must necessarily hold true? Check all that apply.

☒

$$A + B = B + A$$

**Correct**

We add matrices element-wise. So, this must be true.

☐

If  $C = A * B$ , then  $C$  is a  $6 \times 6$  matrix.

**Un-selected is correct**☐

If  $A$  is the  $3 \times 3$  identity matrix, then  $A * B = B * A$

**This should be selected**☐

$$A * B = B * A$$

**Un-selected is correct**