

Neural Networks: Representation

4/5 points (80%)

Quiz, 5 questions

✓ Congratulations! You passed![Next Item](#)0 / 1
points

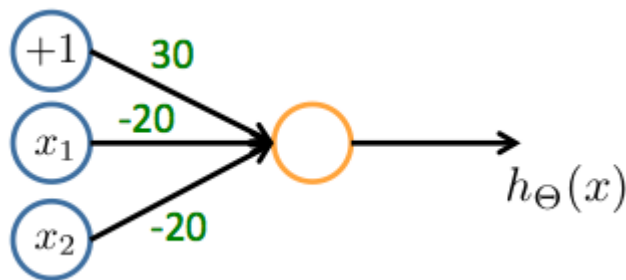
1.

Which of the following statements are true? Check all that apply.

1 / 1
points

2.

Consider the following neural network which takes two binary-valued inputs $x_1, x_2 \in \{0, 1\}$ and outputs $h_{\Theta}(x)$. Which of the following logical functions does it (approximately) compute?

1 / 1
points

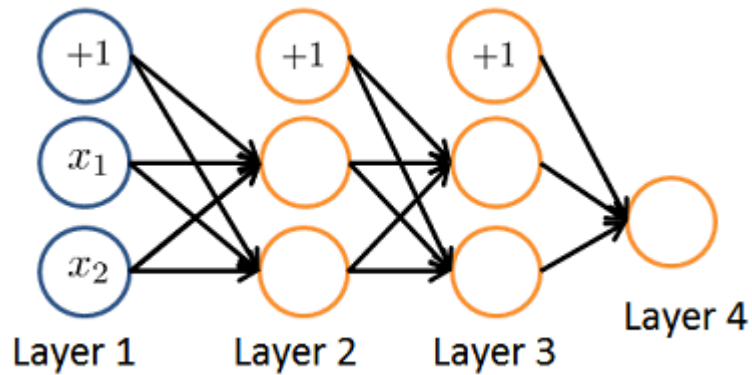
3.

Consider the neural network given below. Which of the following equations correctly computes the activation $a_1^{(3)}$? Note: $g(z)$ is the sigmoid activation function.

Neural Networks: Representation

4/5 points (80%)

Quiz, 5 questions



1 / 1
points

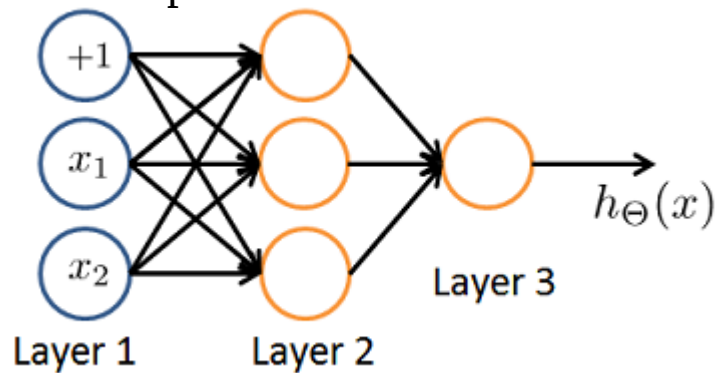
4.

You have the following neural network:

Neural Networks: Representation

4/5 points (80%)

Quiz, 5 questions



You'd like to compute the activations of the hidden layer $a^{(2)} \in \mathbb{R}^3$. One way to do so is the following Octave code:

```
% Theta1 is Theta with superscript "(1)" from lecture
% ie, the matrix of parameters for the mapping from layer 1 (input) to layer 2
% Theta1 has size 3x3
% Assume 'sigmoid' is a built-in function to compute 1 / (1 + exp(-z))

a2 = zeros (3, 1);
for i = 1:3
    for j = 1:3
        a2(i) = a2(i) + x(j) * Theta1(i, j);
    end
    a2(i) = sigmoid (a2(i));
end
```

You want to have a vectorized implementation of this (i.e., one that does not use for loops). Which of the following implementations correctly compute $a^{(2)}$? Check all that apply.



1 / 1
points

5.