

# Classes And Objects -



① Class -

class is nothing but a blueprint.

→ pattern that is being followed.

② Object -

Materialisation / real-world representation of class / blue print.

In OOPs, class

variables → attributes

Functions → methods.

OOPs.

① Namespace → segregation functional style in frames.

② OOPs.

```
class myclass:
```

```
    my_num = 1234
```

```
    def say_hello(name)
```

```
        print('Hello' + name)
```

class Car:

def launch(self, brand, name):

print("The brand is {} and the name is {}".format(brand, name))

car1 = Car()

car1.launch("fate", "neon")

encapsulation

count

student 5  
count: increase

---

② class Car:

→ static attribute

def \_\_init\_\_(self, name, brand):

→ Parameters

→ Constructor / Initialize method

self.model\_name = name

self.model\_brand = brand

→ Instance variable

→ current content of object

def launch(self)

print(self.model\_name, self.model\_brand)

Private Variables — In Java — scope — outside the class.  
public, default, protected.  
private

In python, we don't have any such concept (

dunder methods — (special methods provided by python).

\_\_ <function-name> \_\_ (dunder methods).

- ① Two ways to represent class object — `--str--`, `--repr--`
- ② `--str--` > `--repr--` (always)
- ③ If `--str--` is not present, then python compiler will search for `--repr--`.

# Inheritance -

- ① Inheriting the properties from a parent class to a child class.

DRY - Don't Repeat Yourself.

class Phone:

brand, model\_name, price

class SmartPhone

ram, internal\_memory, rear\_camera.

class FlagshipPhone(Phone, SmartPhone):

① class method.

② break, continue.

③ decorator/generators

④ recursion  
↳ style of programming

⑤ deep copy/shallow.

⑥ filter, reduce, map.

SmartPhone is a child of phone.



Grand\_Car etc.

- ① Single inheritance - 1 parent - 2 child. (less).
- ② <sup>→ in Java (not supported).</sup> multiple inheritance - more than 1 parent, but 1 child.  
(very rarely).
- ③ Multilevel inheritance - 1 child is a parent of other class.  
(mostly used).
- ④ Hybrid inheritance - combination of any on.
- ⑤ Hierarchical inheritance - A single parent but more than 2 child.  
(mostly used).

































