# Untitled1

February 8, 2025

```
[3]: #unfixed code
     import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import random
     def generate_random_number(min_num, max_num):
         num = random.randint(min_num, max_num)
         print("Random number is: " + num)
     def calc_average(num_list):
         total = sum(num_list)
         return total / lenght(num_list)
     def check_prime(start, end):
         prime_list = []
         for i in range(start, end):
             if i \% 2 == 0:
                 prime_list.append(i)
         return prime_list
     def load_data(filepath):
         data = pd.read_csv(filepath)
         return data
     def main():
         num_list = [10, 20, 30, "forty", 50]
         print("The average is: ", calc_average(num_list))
         print("Prime numbers: ", check_prime(1, 10))
         file_path = "data.csv"
         data = load_data(file_path)
         print("Data loaded: ", data)
         random_num = generate_random_number(1, 100)
         print("Generated Random Number: ", random_num)
         try:
```

```
print("Result of division: ", 10 / 0)
except ZeroDivisionError:
    print("Can't divide by zero")

numbers = [x for x in range(100) if x % 3 == 0 and x % 5 == 0]
print("Numbers divisible by 3 and 5 are: ", numbers)
undefined_function_call()

main()
```

```
TypeError
                                          Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[3], line 47
            print("Numbers divisible by 3 and 5 are: ", numbers)
     43
     45
            undefined_function_call()
---> 47 main()
Cell In[3], line 27, in main()
     25 def main():
     26
            num_list = [10, 20, 30, "forty", 50]
            print("The average is: ", calc_average(num_list))
---> 27
            print("Prime numbers: ", check_prime(1, 10))
     28
            file_path = "data.csv"
     30
Cell In[3], line 11, in calc_average(num_list)
     10 def calc_average(num_list):
---> 11
            total = sum(num_list)
            return total / lenght(num_list)
     12
TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for +: 'int' and 'str'
```

```
[5]: #chatgpt fixed code
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import random

# Function to generate a random number
def generate_random_number(min_num, max_num):
    num = random.randint(min_num, max_num)
    print("Random number is: " + str(num)) # Fixed concatenation error
    return num # Added return statement

# Function to calculate the average of a list of numbers
def calc_average(num_list):
    try:
```

```
num_list = [x for x in num_list if isinstance(x, (int, float))]
 Filter out non-numeric values
        total = sum(num_list)
        return total / len(num_list) # Fixed "lenght" typo
    except ZeroDivisionError:
        return "List is empty, can't compute average"
# Function to find prime numbers in a given range
def check_prime(start, end):
    prime_list = []
    for i in range(start, end):
        if i > 1: # 1 is not prime
            for j in range(2, int(i ** 0.5) + 1): # Check divisibility up to_
 □sqrt(i)
                if i \% j == 0:
                    break
            else:
                prime_list.append(i) # Fixed logic: Only add primes
    return prime_list
# Function to load CSV data
def load_data(filepath):
    try:
        data = pd.read_csv(filepath)
        return data
    except FileNotFoundError:
        print(f"Error: File '{filepath}' not found.")
        return None
# Main function
def main():
    num_list = [10, 20, 30, "forty", 50]
    print("The average is:", calc_average(num_list)) # Fixed function call
    print("Prime numbers:", check_prime(1, 10)) # Fixed logic in prime checking
    file_path = "data.csv"
    data = load_data(file_path)
    if data is not None:
        print("Data loaded:\n", data)
    random_num = generate_random_number(1, 100)
    print("Generated Random Number:", random_num) # Now prints correctly
    try:
        print("Result of division:", 10 / 0) # Will trigger ZeroDivisionError
    except ZeroDivisionError:
```

```
print("Can't divide by zero.")
         # Generate numbers divisible by 3 and 5 up to 100
         numbers = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in range}(100) \text{ if } x \% 3 == 0 \text{ and } x \% 5 == 0]
         print("Numbers divisible by 3 and 5:", numbers)
         # Removed undefined_function_call() since it's not defined
     # Run the main function
     if _name__ == "_main_":
         main()
    The average is: 27.5
    Prime numbers: [2, 3, 5, 7]
    Error: File 'data.csv' not found.
    Random number is: 30
    Generated Random Number: 30
    Can't divide by zero.
    Numbers divisible by 3 and 5: [0, 15, 30, 45, 60, 75, 90]
[7]: #perplexity ai fixed code
     import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import random
     def generate_random_number(min_num, max_num):
         num = random.randint(min_num, max_num)
         print("Random number is: " + str(num)) #Corrected: Convert num to string
     def calc_average(num_list):
         total = sum(num_list)
         return total / len(num_list) #Corrected: Use len() instead of lenght()
     def check_prime(start, end):
         prime_list = []
         for i in range(start, end + 1): # Corrected: Iterate through the correct.
       range
              if i > 1: # Corrected: Check only for numbers greater than 1
                  is_prime = True
                  for j in range(2, int(i^{**}0.5) + 1):
                      if (i % j) == 0:
                          is_prime = False
                          break
                  if is_prime:
                      prime_list.append(i)
         return prime_list
```

```
def load_data(filepath):
    trv:
         data = pd.read_csv(filepath)
         return data
    except FileNotFoundError:
         print(f"Error: File not found at {filepath}")
         return None # Handle the case where the file is not found
def main():
    num_list = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50] #Corrected: "forty" to 40
    print("The average is: ", calc_average(num_list))
    print("Prime numbers: ", check_prime(1, 10))
    file_path = "data.csv"
    data = load_data(file_path)
    if data is not None:
         print("Data loaded successfully.") # Improved: Confirmation message
         print(data) # Print the data
    generate_random_number(1, 100) # Corrected: remove the assignment
     #print("Generated Random Number: ", random_num) #Removed: random_num not_
  defined
    try:
         print("Result of division: ", 10 / 0)
    except ZeroDivisionError as e:
         print(f"Can't divide by zero: {e}") #Improved: include the error message
    numbers = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in range}(100) \text{ if } x \% 3 == 0 \text{ and } x \% 5 == 0]
    print("Numbers divisible by 3 and 5 are: ", numbers)
     #undefined function call() #Corrected: remove the call, because it's.
  undefined
if __name___ == "__main__":
    main()
The average is: 30.0
Prime numbers: [2, 3, 5, 7] Error:
File not found at data.csv
Random number is: 14
Can't divide by zero: division by zero
Numbers divisible by 3 and 5 are: [0, 15, 30, 45, 60, 75, 90]
```

[]:

## Chat gpt ai:

## 1)Improve generate random number()

**Issue**: The function prints but does not return anything useful. **Improvement**: Allow flexibility by returning the number instead of printing inside the function.

```
python
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def generate_random_number(min_num, max_num):
    return random.randint(min num, max num)
```

## 2) Improve calc average()

#### **Issues:**

- It filters non-numeric values but doesn't alert the user.
- Returns "List is empty, can't compute average" instead of None or float('nan'), which can be more useful for handling.

#### **Improvement:**

```
python
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def calc_average(num_list):
    num_list = [x for x in num_list if isinstance(x, (int, float))]

if not num_list:
    print("Warning: No valid numbers to calculate average.")
    return None # Return None instead of a string

return sum(num list) / len(num list)
```

# 3)Optimize check\_prime()

**Issue**: Checking divisibility for all numbers up to sqrt(n) for **every number** is inefficient. **Improvement**: Use a **list comprehension** for performance and readability.

```
python
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def check_prime(start, end):
    return [n for n in range(max(2, start), end) if all(n % d != 0 for d in range(2, int(n **
```

# 4)Improve load\_data()

**Issue**: Doesn't handle other **errors like empty files** or **corrupt CSVs**. **Improvement**:

```
python
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def load data(filepath):
   try:
        data = pd.read csv(filepath)
        if data.empty:
            print(f"Warning: '{filepath}' is empty.")
            return None
       return data
    except FileNotFoundError:
        print(f"Error: File '{filepath}' not found.")
    except pd.errors.EmptyDataError:
       print(f"Error: '{filepath}' contains no data.")
    except pd.errors.ParserError:
       print(f"Error: Could not parse '{filepath}'. Check file format.")
    return None
```

## Perplexity ai:

### Improvements and Suggestions

- if \_\_name\_\_ == "\_\_main\_\_":: I wrapped the main() call in this standard Python construct. This ensures that main() is only called when the script is executed directly, not when it's imported as a module into another script.
- Error Handling: Added try...except block in load\_data to handle the FileNotFoundError gracefully. This prevents the program from crashing if the CSV file doesn't exist.
- **Function Comments/Docstrings**: Consider adding docstrings to each function to explain its purpose, arguments, and return value. This makes the code more readable and maintainable.
- **More Robust Prime Number Check**: The prime number check could be further optimized, but the current version is a significant improvement in terms of correctness and efficiency.
- **Data Validation**: In the <code>load\_data</code> function, consider adding validation steps to ensure that the loaded data has the expected format and content. This can prevent errors later in the program.
- **Clearer Output**: Improved some of the print statements to provide more informative output to the user
- **Return values**: Consider returning a value from <code>generate\_random\_number</code> instead of just printing it, for greater flexibility.