

PROGRAMMING ASSIGNMENT REPORT -1

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SUMMARY:

Directed Acyclic Graph is one of the popular concepts in computer science. We have given a problem to find the estimated amount of time the student takes to graduate. The problem given is to find the longest time for a student to graduate from a university with completing all the courses with prerequisites. The inputs that are given are in the text file format that we have to parse it using the file reader to form the nodes and graph. Our starting approach is to parse the input file and pass the values as the inputs to the topological sort, which is done by using the DFS approach also recursion to sort the data in the proper order. As far as topological sorting is concerned, the graph must not contain any cycles. With the graph provided for the input, it's pretty clear that the process works. In topological sort, print the values at the stack to get the topological sorting order. We use a concept called a temporary stack. With the topological sort, we are going to write the algorithm, print the vertex in the following ways. Taking as output as the input to find the longest path. Tracking the maximum length of each path and storing the values of the nodes in the list. When the complete traversing is done, the length and the path will be printed.

Pseudocode for topological sort:

Step 1: Create the graph by calling new graduation _time();

Step 2: call the read file using Graph.readfile()

Step 3: Read the text file using a buffered reader("graph.txt") (Parsing)

```
While (line != null){
    If (line=="#")
        Increment }
    If (value==0){
        Integer value}
    Else If (value==1){
        Insert vertex}
    Else if (value==2){
        Insertedge(str(0),str(1))
```

Step 4: Call the topological sort using graph.topologicalsort()

Step 5: Create a stack and a boolean array named as visited[] which can keep track of which node is visited or not and set them initially to false.

```
Begin
mark u as visited
for all vertices v which is adjacent to u, do
if v is not visited, then
    topoSort(c, visited, stack)
While stack.empty == false
```

Add string and do stack pop.

Done

push u into a stack using stack.push(str)

Step6: initially mark all nodes as unvisited so we can make it true in the array if visited.

for all nodes v of the graph, do

if v is not visited, then

Topological Sort(i, visited, stack)

done

Stack pop and print all elements from the stack

Pseudocode for the longest path:

Function labelNodes(sortedNodes)

n=sortedNodes of length;

index=0;

for nodes to sortedNodes

do labelnodes[index]=node;

index++

return labelnodes

Function calculateDistance(number_of_nodes, sortedNodes)

distance=sortedNodes.size;

for i from 1 to n

do for j 1 to n

do if adjList contains labelNode[i]

get_adjListlabelNode[i] contains labelNode[j]

if distance[j] < distance[i] + 1

distance[j] = distance[i] + 1;

if destSourceMap contains labeledNodes[j]

destSourceMap replace labeledNodes[j] labeledNodes[i]

else

destSourceMap put labeledNodes[j] labeledNodes[i]

Function getEndNode (n , labeledNodes

endNode = empty;

max = Integer.MIN_VALUE;

for index from 1 to n

do if distance[index] > max

max = distance[index];

endNode = labeledNodes[index];

length = max;

return endNode;

```

Function longestPath (node)
    if !destSourceMap contains node
        then add node to longestPath;
    return
longestPath destSourceMap get (node);
add node to longestPath;

```

Pseudocode for the entire algorithm:

Step 1: Create the graph by calling new graduation _time();

Step 2: call the read file using Graph.readfile()

Step 3: Read the text file using a buffered reader("graph.txt") (Parsing)

```

While (line != null){
    If (line=="#")
        Increment }
    If (value==0){
        Interger value}
    Else If (value==1){
        Insert vertex}
    Else if (value==2){
        Insertedge(str(0),str(1))
    }
}

```

Step 4: Call the topological sort using graph.topologicalsort()

Step 5: Create a stack and a boolean array named as visited[] which can keep track of which node is visited or not and set them initially to false.

```

Begin
    mark u as visited
    for all vertices v which is adjacent to u, do
        if v is not visited, then
            topoSort(c, visited, stack)
    While stack.empty == false
        Add string and do stack pop.
    Done
    push u into a stack using stack.push(str)

```

Step6: initially mark all nodes as unvisited so we can make it true in the array if visited.

```

for all nodes v of the graph, do
    if v is not visited, then
        Topological Sort(i, visited, stack)
done
Stack pop and print all elements from the stack

```

Step7: For finding the longest path,

```

Function labelNodes(sortedNodes)
    n=sortedNodes of length;
    index=0;

```

```

for nodes to sortedNodes
    do labelnodes[index]=node;
    index++
return labelnodes

```

```

Function clalulateDistance(number_of_nodes, sortedNodes)
distance=sortedNodes.size;
for i from 1 to n
    do for j 1 to n
        do if adjList contains labelNode[i]
            get_adjListlabelNode[i] contains labelNode[j]
            if distance[j] < distance[i] + 1
                distance[j] = distance[i] + 1;
            if destSourceMap contains labeledNodes[j]
                destSourceMap replace labeledNodes[j] labeledNodes[i]
            else
                destSourceMap put labeledNodes[j] labeledNodes[i]

```

```

Function getEndNode (n , labeledNodes
    endNode = empty;
    max = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
    for index from 1 to n
        do i distance[index] > max
            max = distance[index];
            endNode = labeledNodes[index];
length = max;
return endNode;

```

```

Function longestPath (node)
    if !destSourceMap contains node
        then add node to longestPath;
    return
    longestPath destSourceMap get (node);
    add node to longestPath;

```

The description on how to run the code:

In Tuffix Environment:

- Save the .java and all the .txt files into the local drive.
- Copy the path of Graph01.txt, Graph02.txt and biggraph.txt and paste in the file reader.
- Run the .java file in the command prompt.
- Then take the .class file and run with javac.
- The outputs of the file will be shown in the console.

In Java IDE:

- Graph01.txt, Graph02.txt and biggraph.txt are the input files that have to be parsed and fed into the code. Just keep the file in the local disk and indicate the exact path in the code.
- Open the Graduation_time.java file using any java IDE like eclipse, sublime editor to execute the code.
- Hit enter or run to execute the code to get the desired output.
- The outputs of the file will be shown in the console.

Steps:

- Download the .txt input files on the hard disk and copy the path and paste it into the read file function.
- Then hit the run button so as to code execute the code to get the output of topological sorting and longest path as well.

Screenshots corresponding to three input files and project members:

Project members:

Project1 - CPSC535

Graduation time

Group members:

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Sri Harsha Pasupuleti sriharshap@csu.fullerton.edu

The project is to find the estimated amount of time the student takes to graduate in CSUF. There are three inputs provided in the form of text files denoting the courses and its mapping. Our goal is to sort the graph topologically then find the maximum length of the semester and longest path that the student takes to graduate.

Feed the input files with .txt in the code that parses the file and get the desired output.

We have used Java programming to code and did our best to bring C++ craftsmanship.

Biggraph.txt output using tuffix environment and Java IDE:

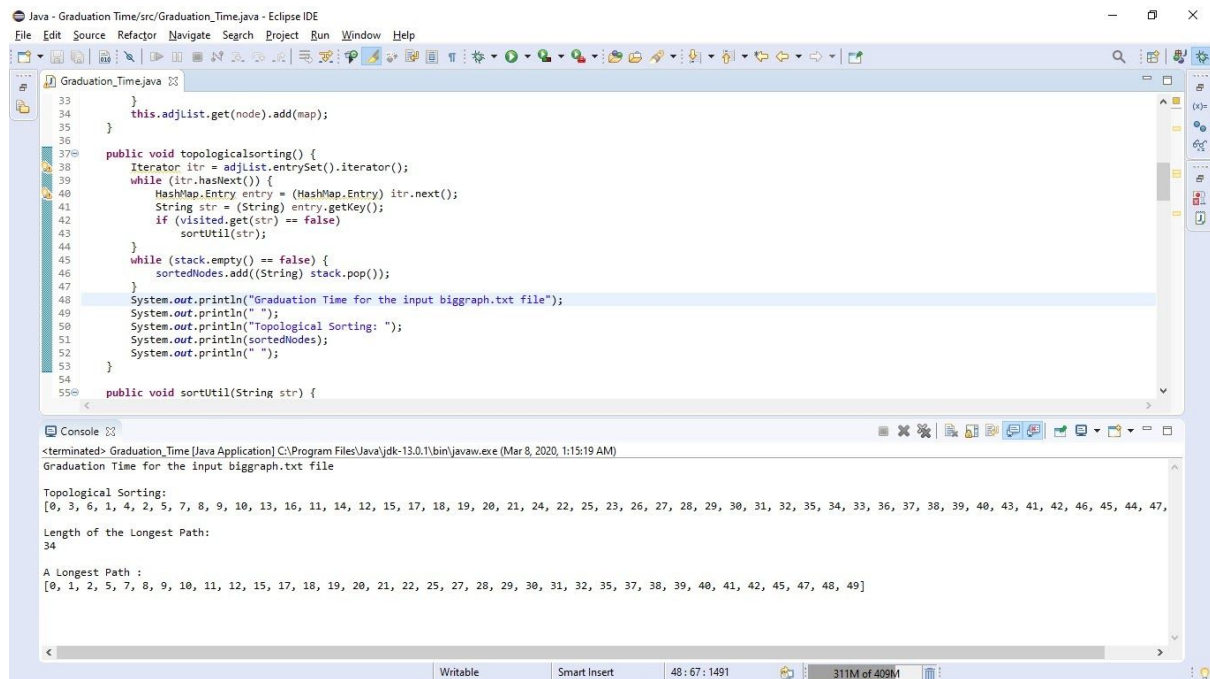
Tuffix Environment:

```

student@tuffix-vm:~/Desktop$ java Graduation_Time
Topological Sorting:
[0, 3, 6, 1, 4, 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 16, 11, 14, 12, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 24, 22, 25, 23, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 34, 33, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 43, 41, 42, 46, 45, 44, 47, 48, 49]
Length of the Longest Path:
34
Longest Path is:
[0, 1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 45, 47, 48, 49]

```

Java IDE:



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface. The main editor displays the `Graduation_Time.java` file. The code includes a `topologicalSorting()` method that uses a stack and a `HashMap` to perform topological sorting on a graph. The console output at the bottom matches the terminal output shown in the first image.

```

Java - Graduation Time/src/Graduation_Time.java - Eclipse IDE
File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help

Graduation_Time.java
33     }
34     this.adjList.get(node).add(map);
35 }
36
37 public void topologicalSorting() {
38     Iterator itr = adjList.entrySet().iterator();
39     while (itr.hasNext()) {
40         HashMap.Entry entry = (HashMap.Entry) itr.next();
41         String str = (String) entry.getKey();
42         if (visited.get(str) == false)
43             sortUtil(str);
44     }
45     while (stack.empty() == false) {
46         sortedNodes.add((String) stack.pop());
47     }
48     System.out.println("Graduation Time for the input biggraph.txt file");
49     System.out.println(" ");
50     System.out.println("Topological Sorting: ");
51     System.out.println(sortedNodes);
52     System.out.println(" ");
53 }
54
55 public void sortUtil(String str) {

```

```

<terminated> Graduation_Time (Java Application) C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-13.0.1\bin\javaw.exe (Mar 8, 2020, 1:15:19 AM)
Graduation Time for the input biggraph.txt file

Topological Sorting:
[0, 3, 6, 1, 4, 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 16, 11, 14, 12, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 24, 22, 25, 23, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 34, 33, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 43, 41, 42, 46, 45, 44, 47,

Length of the Longest Path:
34

A Longest Path :
[0, 1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 45, 47, 48, 49]

```

Graph01.txt output through using and Java IDE:

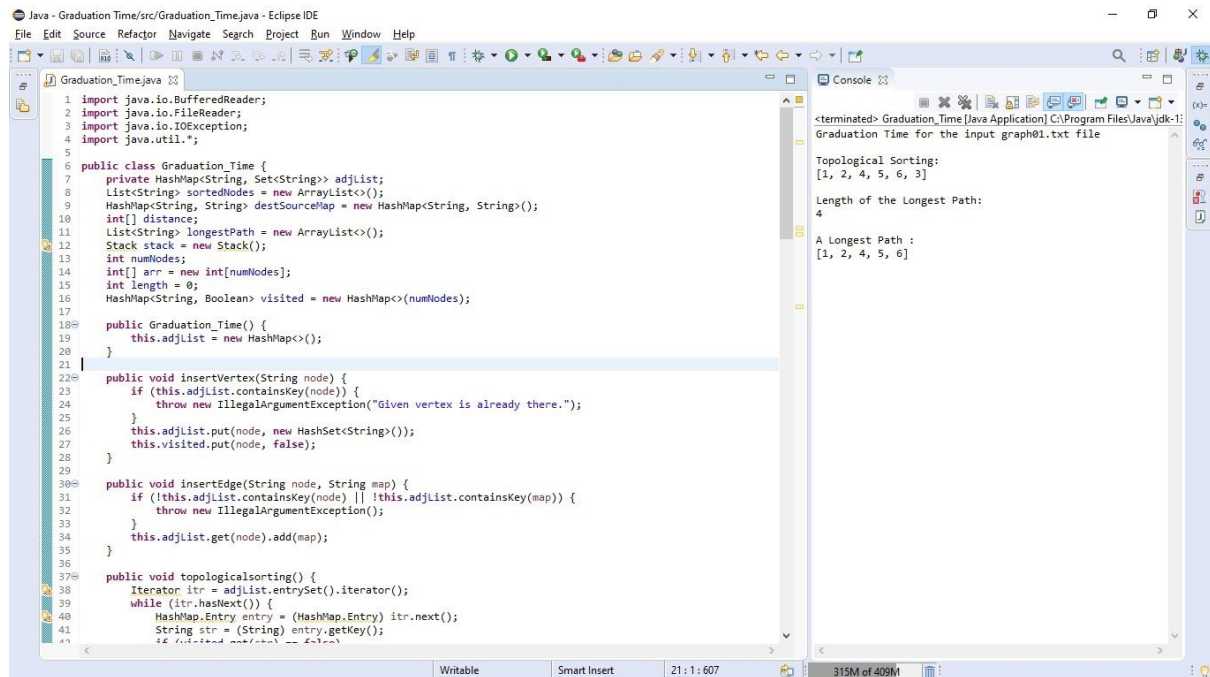
Tuffix Environment:

```

student@tuffix-vm:~/Desktop$ java Graduation_Time
Topological Sorting:
[1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 3]
Length of the Longest Path:
4
Longest Path is:
[1, 2, 4, 5, 6]

```

Java IDE:



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE with the file `Graduation_Time.java` open. The code defines a `Graduation_Time` class with methods for inserting vertices and edges, topological sorting, and finding the longest path. The console output shows the results for the input file `graph01.txt`:

```
<terminated> Graduation_Time [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-11...
Graduation Time for the input graph01.txt file

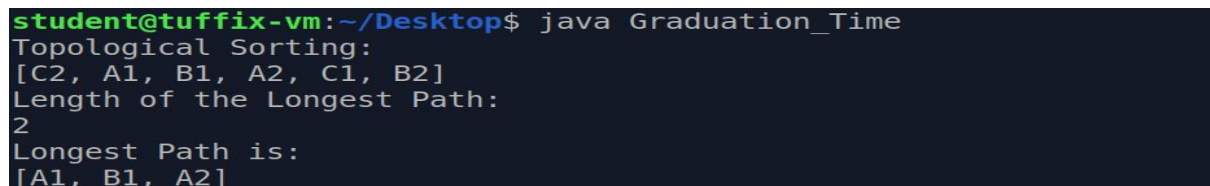
Topological Sorting:
[1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 3]

Length of the Longest Path:
4

A Longest Path :
[1, 2, 4, 5, 6]
```

Graph02.txt output using tuffix and Java IDE:

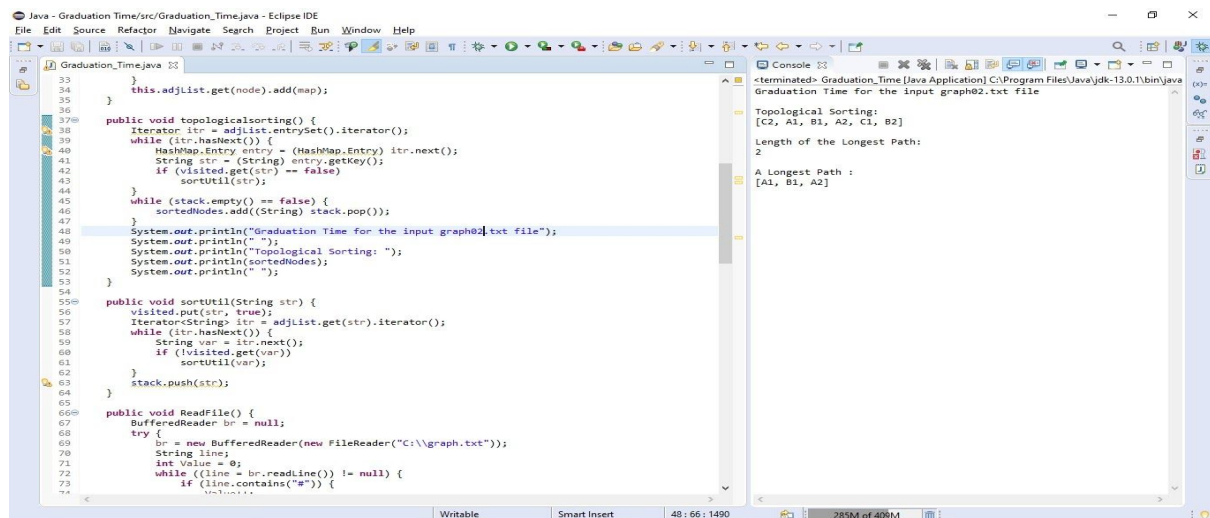
Tuffix Environment:



The screenshot shows a terminal window with the command `java Graduation_Time` executed. The output is as follows:

```
student@tuffix-vm:~/Desktop$ java Graduation_Time
Topological Sorting:
[C2, A1, B1, A2, C1, B2]
Length of the Longest Path:
2
Longest Path is:
[A1, B1, A2]
```

Java IDE:



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE with the file `Graduation_Time.java` open. The code is similar to the previous one but includes a `ReadFile` method to read the input file. The console output shows the results for the input file `graph02.txt`:

```
<terminated> Graduation_Time [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-13.0.1\bin\java
Graduation Time for the input graph02.txt file

Topological Sorting:
[C2, A1, B1, A2, C1, B2]

Length of the Longest Path:
2

A Longest Path :
[A1, B1, A2]
```

Combined output:

```
Terminal - student@tuffix-vm: ~ - Desktop
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
student@tuffix-vm:~/Desktop$ javac Graduation_Time.java
Note: Graduation_Time.java uses unchecked or unsafe operations.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:unchecked for details.
student@tuffix-vm:~/Desktop$ java Graduation_Time
Topological Sorting:
[1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 3]
Length of the Longest Path:
4
Longest Path is:
[1, 2, 4, 5, 6]
student@tuffix-vm:~/Desktop$ javac Graduation_Time.java
Note: Graduation_Time.java uses unchecked or unsafe operations.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:unchecked for details.
student@tuffix-vm:~/Desktop$ java Graduation_Time
Topological Sorting:
[C2, A1, B1, A2, C1, B2]
Length of the Longest Path:
2
Longest Path is:
[A1, B1, A2]
student@tuffix-vm:~/Desktop$ javac Graduation_Time.java
Note: Graduation_Time.java uses unchecked or unsafe operations.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:unchecked for details.
student@tuffix-vm:~/Desktop$ java Graduation_Time
Topological Sorting:
[0, 3, 6, 1, 4, 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 16, 11, 14, 12, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 24, 22, 25, 23, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 34, 33, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 43, 41, 42, 46, 45, 44, 47, 48, 49]
Length of the Longest Path:
34
Longest Path is:
[0, 1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 45, 47, 48, 49]
student@tuffix-vm:~/Desktop$
```