

FML ASSIGNMENT 4

Sri Chandana

2023-11-19

```
# The necessary packages are loaded  
library(caret)
```

```
## Warning: package 'caret' was built under R version 4.3.2
```

```
## Loading required package: ggplot2
```

```
## Loading required package: lattice
```

```
#install.packages("factoextra")  
library(factoextra)
```

```
## Warning: package 'factoextra' was built under R version 4.3.2
```

```
## Welcome! Want to learn more? See two factoextra-related books at https://goo.gl/ve3WBa
```

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.3.2
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
```

```
##
```

```
## filter, lag
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
```

```
## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 4.3.2
```

```
## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 4.3.2

## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v forcats 1.0.0      v stringr 1.5.0
## v lubridate 1.9.2    v tibble 3.2.1
## v purrr 1.0.2       v tidyr 1.3.0
## v readr 2.1.4
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## x purrr::lift() masks caret::lift()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

```
#install.packages("cowplot")
library(cowplot)
```

```
## Warning: package 'cowplot' was built under R version 4.3.2
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'cowplot'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
## stamp
```

```
#install.packages("flexclust")
library(flexclust)
```

```
## Warning: package 'flexclust' was built under R version 4.3.2
```

```
## Loading required package: grid
```

```
## Loading required package: modeltools
```

```
## Loading required package: stats4
```

```
#install.packages("cluster")
library(cluster)
```

```
## Warning: package 'cluster' was built under R version 4.3.2
```

```
#install.packages("NbClust")
library(NbClust)
```

```
# It imports the "Pharmaceuticals" dataset from the specified file path
Pharmacy <- read.csv("C://Users//srich//OneDrive//Desktop//FML//DATASETS//Pharmaceuticals.csv")
```

```
# The "Pharmacy" dataset will be viewed
view(Pharmacy)
```

```
# It displays the first few rows of the "Pharmacy" dataset
head(Pharmacy)
```

```
##      Symbol      Name Market_Cap Beta PE_Ratio ROE ROA Asset_Turnover
## 1  ABT Abbott Laboratories    68.44 0.32    24.7 26.4 11.8      0.7
## 2  AGN Allergan, Inc.      7.58 0.41    82.5 12.9  5.5      0.9
## 3  AHM Amersham plc       6.30 0.46    20.7 14.9  7.8      0.9
## 4  AZN AstraZeneca PLC    67.63 0.52    21.5 27.4 15.4      0.9
## 5  AVE Aventis          47.16 0.32    20.1 21.8  7.5      0.6
## 6  BAY Bayer AG         16.90 1.11    27.9  3.9  1.4      0.6
##      Leverage Rev_Growth Net_Profit_Margin Median_Recommendation Location Exchange
## 1      0.42      7.54      16.1      Moderate Buy      US      NYSE
## 2      0.60      9.16      5.5      Moderate Buy      CANADA  NYSE
## 3      0.27      7.05     11.2      Strong Buy      UK      NYSE
## 4      0.00     15.00     18.0      Moderate Sell     UK      NYSE
## 5      0.34     26.81     12.9      Moderate Buy     FRANCE  NYSE
## 6      0.00     -3.17      2.6      Hold      GERMANY  NYSE
```

```
# It displays the summary statistics for the "Pharmacy" dataset
summary(Pharmacy)
```

```
##      Symbol      Name      Market_Cap      Beta
## Length:21      Length:21      Min.   : 0.41      Min.   :0.1800
## Class :character Class :character 1st Qu.: 6.30      1st Qu.:0.3500
## Mode  :character Mode  :character Median  : 48.19      Median :0.4600
##                                     Mean   : 57.65      Mean   :0.5257
##                                     3rd Qu.: 73.84      3rd Qu.:0.6500
##                                     Max.   :199.47      Max.   :1.1100
##      PE_Ratio      ROE      ROA      Asset_Turnover      Leverage
## Min.   : 3.60      Min.   : 3.9      Min.   : 1.40      Min.   :0.3      Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:18.90      1st Qu.:14.9      1st Qu.: 5.70      1st Qu.:0.6      1st Qu.:0.1600
## Median :21.50      Median :22.6      Median :11.20      Median :0.6      Median :0.3400
## Mean   :25.46      Mean   :25.8      Mean   :10.51      Mean   :0.7      Mean   :0.5857
## 3rd Qu.:27.90      3rd Qu.:31.0      3rd Qu.:15.00      3rd Qu.:0.9      3rd Qu.:0.6000
## Max.   :82.50      Max.   :62.9      Max.   :20.30      Max.   :1.1      Max.   :3.5100
##      Rev_Growth Net_Profit_Margin Median_Recommendation Location
## Min.   : -3.17      Min.   : 2.6      Length:21      Length:21
## 1st Qu.: 6.38      1st Qu.:11.2      Class :character Class :character
## Median : 9.37      Median :16.1      Mode  :character Mode  :character
## Mean   :13.37      Mean   :15.7
## 3rd Qu.:21.87      3rd Qu.:21.1
## Max.   :34.21      Max.   :25.5
##      Exchange
## Length:21
## Class :character
## Mode  :character
##
##
##
```

#a. Use only the numerical variables (1 to 9) to cluster the 21 firms. Justify the various choices made

```
# Calculates the column wise mean of missing values in the "Pharmacy" dataset  
colMeans(is.na(Pharmacy))
```

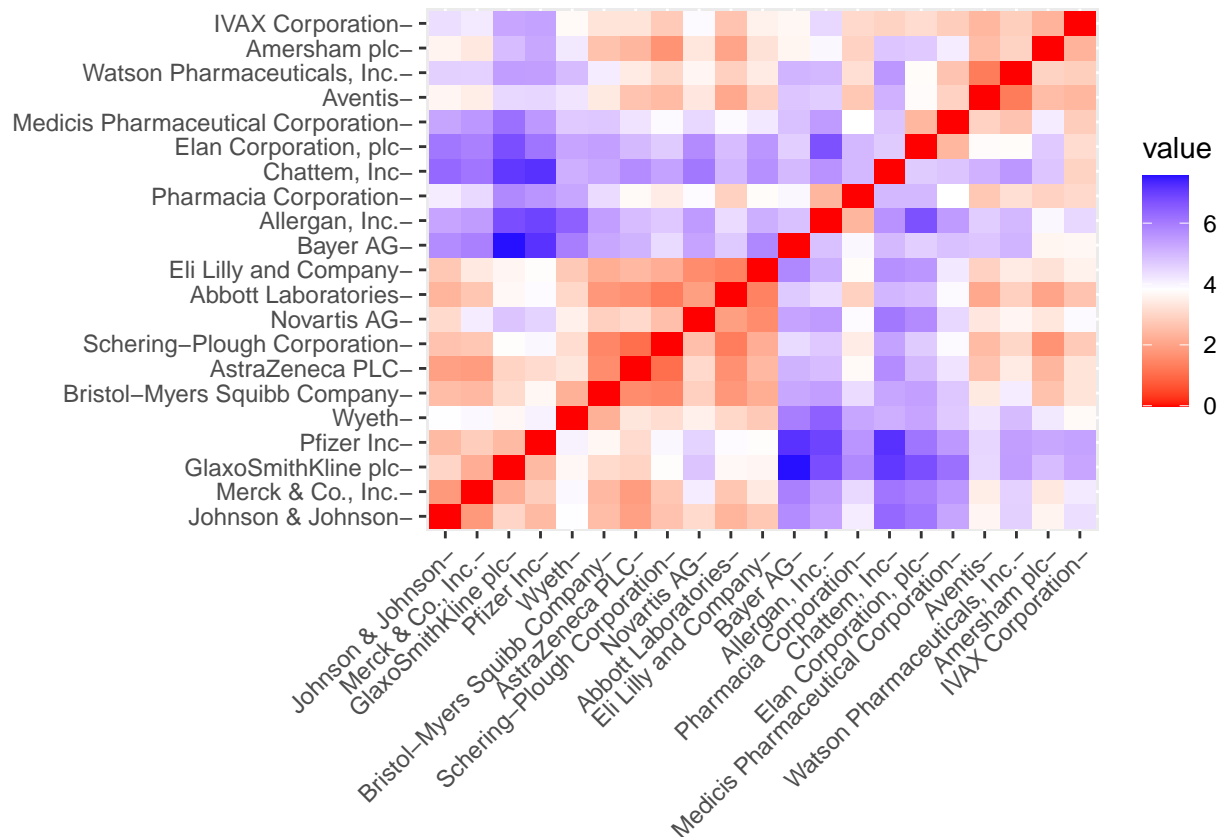
```
##           Symbol           Name           Market_Cap  
##           0             0             0  
##           Beta          PE_Ratio          ROE  
##           0             0             0  
##           ROA          Asset_Turnover      Leverage  
##           0             0             0  
##           Rev_Growth    Net_Profit_Margin  Median_Recommendation  
##           0             0             0  
##           Location      Exchange  
##           0             0
```

```
# Sets row names of "Pharmacy" to the values in the second column.  
row.names(Pharmacy) <- Pharmacy[,2]  
# Removes the second column from the "Pharmacy" dataset  
Pharmacy <- Pharmacy[,-2]  
# Removes the first column and columns 11 to 13 from the updated "Pharmacy" dataset  
Pharmacy.1 <- Pharmacy[,-c(1,11:13)]
```

```
# Checks the dimensions of the "Pharmacy" dataset  
dim(Pharmacy)
```

```
## [1] 21 13
```

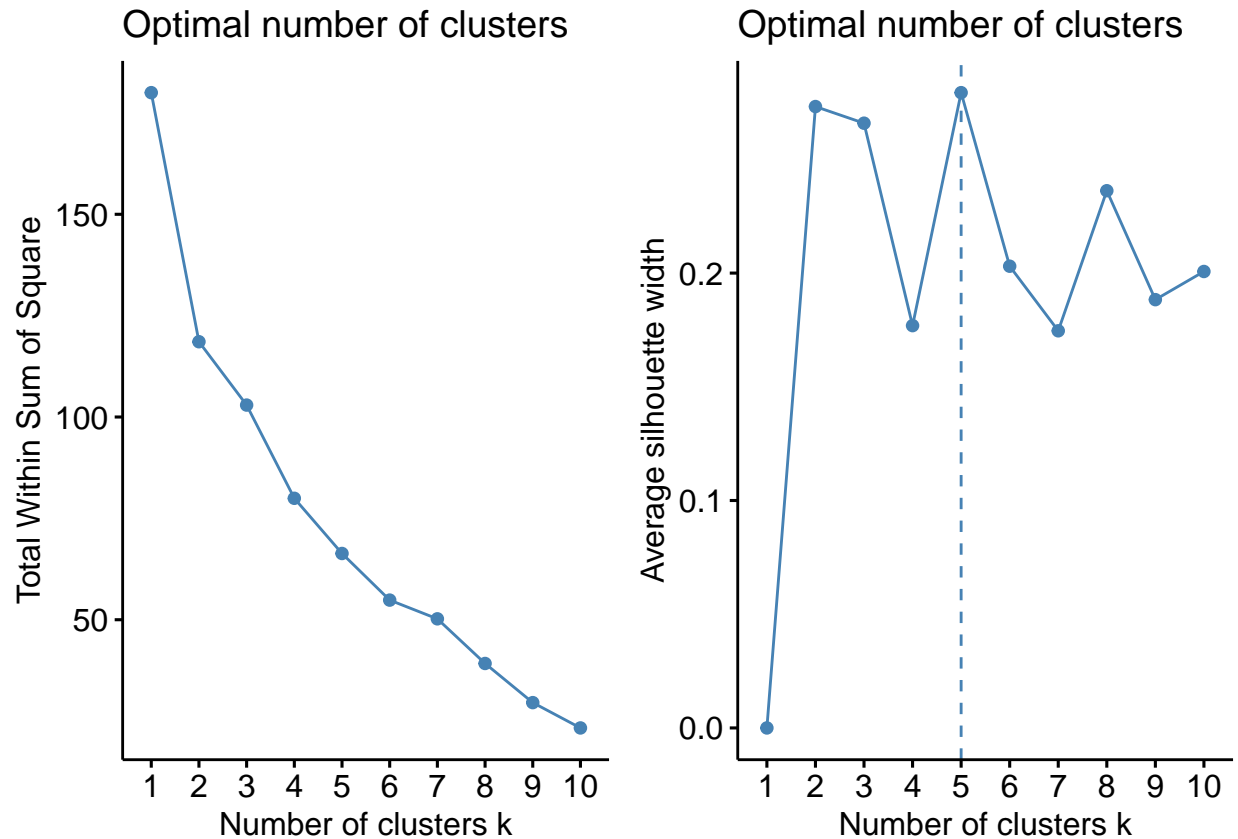
```
# Standardizes the columns of "Pharmacy.1" using the scale function  
norm.Pharma.1 <- scale(Pharmacy.1)  
# Calculates the distance matrix based on the standardized data  
dist <- get_dist(norm.Pharma.1)  
# Visualizes the distance matrix using function  
fviz_dist(dist)
```



The chart shows how the color intensity changes as we move across distances. As expected, the diagonal

For finding the best K Value: The Elbow chart and the Silhouette Method are effective ways to decide

```
# Calculates Within Cluster Sum of Squares (WSS) for different numbers of clusters using the k-means al.
WSS <- fviz_nbclust(norm.Pharmacy.1, kmeans, method = "wss")
# Calculates Silhouette scores for different numbers of clusters using the k-means algorithm
Sil <- fviz_nbclust(norm.Pharmacy.1, kmeans, method = "silhouette")
# Displays the plots of WSS and Silhouette scores
plot_grid(WSS, Sil)
```



The charts indicate different optimal values for k, the Elbow Method suggests k=2, while the Silhouette

```
# Set the seed for reproducibility
# Performs k-means clustering on the normalized "Pharmacy.1" data with 5 centers
# Displays the cluster centers obtained from the k-means clustering
set.seed(123)
KMeans.Pharmacy.Opt <- kmeans(norm.Pharmacy.1, centers = 5, nstart = 50)
KMeans.Pharmacy.Opt$centers
```

```
##      Market_Cap      Beta      PE_Ratio      ROE      ROA Asset_Turnover
## 1 -0.03142211 -0.4360989 -0.31724852  0.1950459  0.4083915  0.1729746
## 2 -0.87051511  1.3409869 -0.05284434 -0.6184015 -1.1928478 -0.4612656
## 3 -0.43925134 -0.4701800  2.70002464 -0.8349525 -0.9234951  0.2306328
## 4  1.69558112 -0.1780563 -0.19845823  1.2349879  1.3503431  1.1531640
## 5 -0.76022489  0.2796041 -0.47742380 -0.7438022 -0.8107428 -1.2684804
##      Leverage Rev_Growth Net_Profit_Margin
## 1 -0.27449312 -0.7041516  0.556954446
## 2  1.36644699 -0.6912914 -1.320000179
## 3 -0.14170336 -0.1168459 -1.416514761
## 4 -0.46807818  0.4671788  0.591242521
## 5  0.06308085  1.5180158 -0.006893899
```

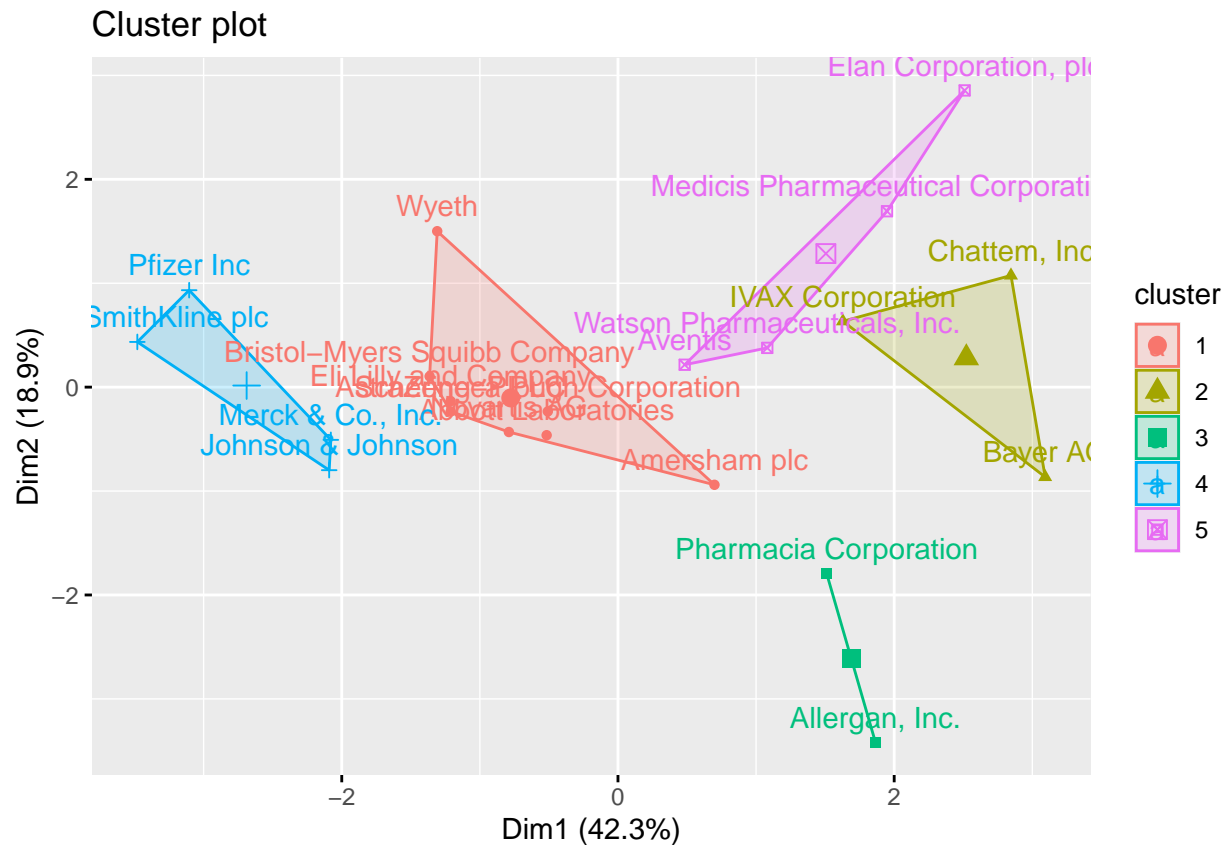
```
# Display the size of each cluster
KMeans.Pharmacy.Opt$size
```

```
## [1] 8 3 2 4 4
```

```
# Display the within-cluster sum of squares
KMeans.Pharmacy.Opt$withinss
```

```
## [1] 21.879320 15.595925 2.803505 9.284424 12.791257
```

```
# Visualize the k-means clusters using a scatter plot
fviz_cluster(KMeans.Pharmacy.Opt, data = norm.Pharmacy.1)
```



```
# Using the dataset, we identified five clusters based on their proximity to core points. Cluster 4 stands
# On the other hand, Cluster 5 is characterized by a low Asset Turnover. Examining the size of each cluster
# The within-cluster sum of squared distances provides insights into data dispersion: Cluster 1 (21.9)
```

```
#b. Interpret the clusters with respect to the numerical variables used in forming the clusters.
```

```
# Set the seed for reproducibility
# Performs k-means clustering on the normalized "Pharmacy.1" data with 3 clusters
# Displays the cluster centers
```

```
set.seed(123)
KMeans.Pharmacy <- kmeans(norm.Pharmacy.1, centers = 3, nstart = 50)
KMeans.Pharmacy$centers
```

```
##   Market_Cap      Beta  PE_Ratio      ROE      ROA Asset_Turnover
## 1 -0.6125361  0.2698666  1.3143935 -0.9609057 -1.0174553    0.2306328
## 2  0.6733825 -0.3586419 -0.2763512  0.6565978  0.8344159    0.4612656
## 3 -0.8261772  0.4775991 -0.3696184 -0.5631589 -0.8514589   -0.9994088
##   Leverage Rev_Growth Net_Profit_Margin
## 1 -0.3592866 -0.5757385      -1.3784169
## 2 -0.3331068 -0.2902163       0.6823310
## 3  0.8502201  0.9158889      -0.3319956
```

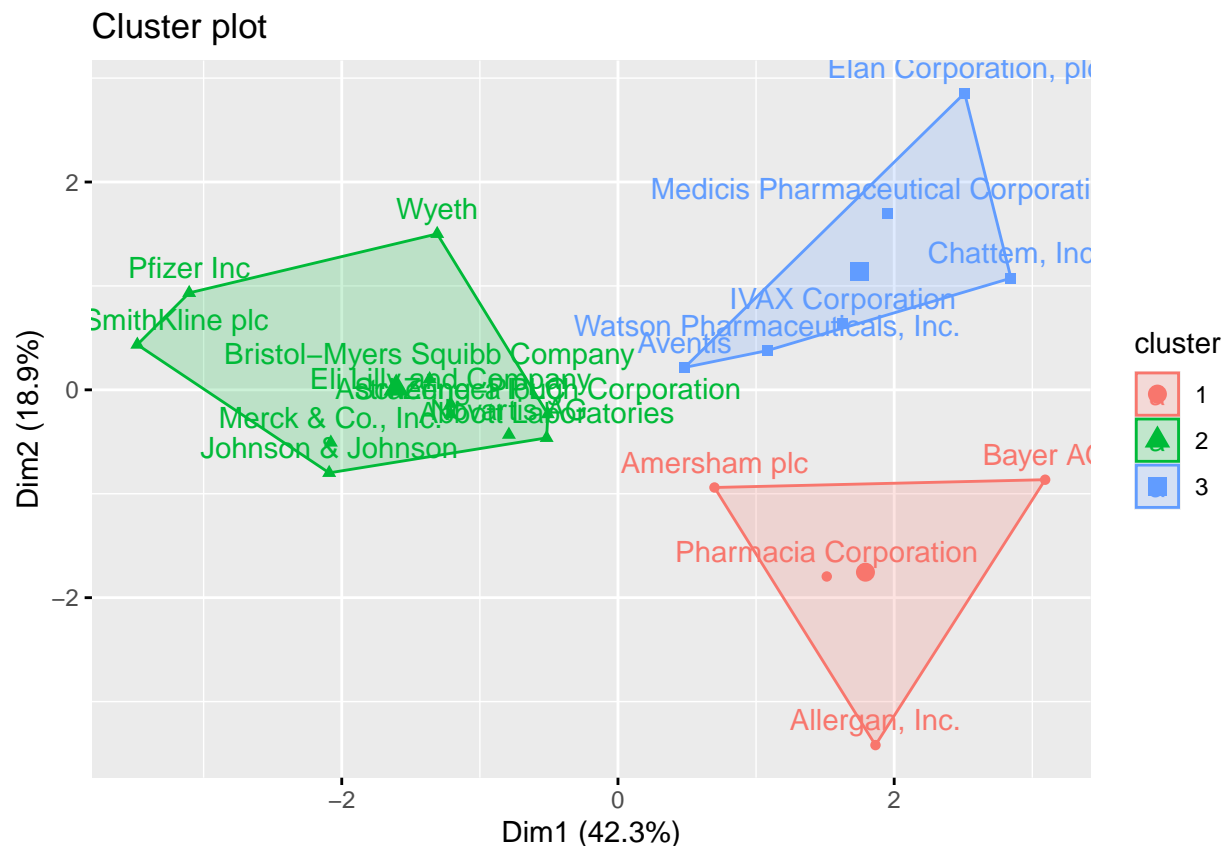
```
# Displays the sizes of each cluster obtained from the k-means clustering.
KMeans.Pharmacy$size
```

```
## [1]  4 11  6
```

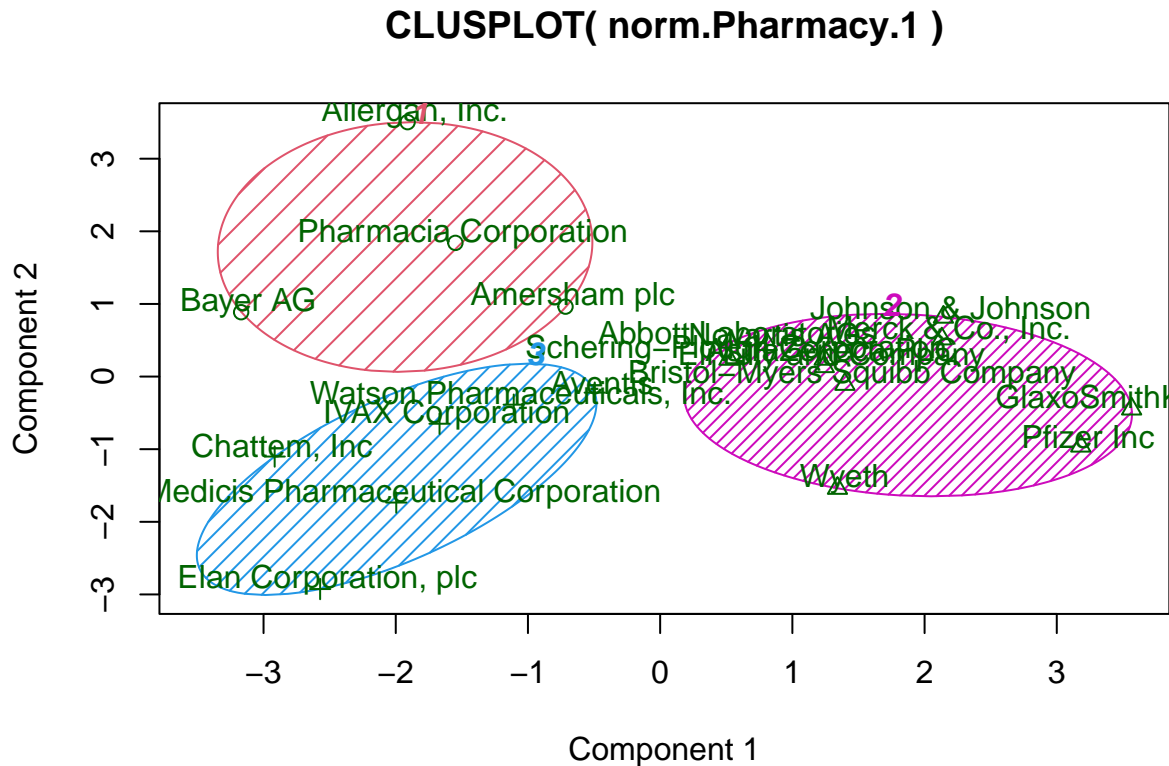
```
# Displays the within-cluster sum of squares for each cluster
KMeans.Pharmacy$withinss
```

```
## [1] 20.54199 43.30886 32.14336
```

```
# Visualize the k-means clusters using a scatter plot
fviz_cluster(KMeans.Pharmacy, data = norm.Pharmacy.1)
```




```
clusplot(norm.Pharmacy.1,KMeans.Pharmacy$cluster,color = TRUE,shade =TRUE, labels=2,lines=0)
```

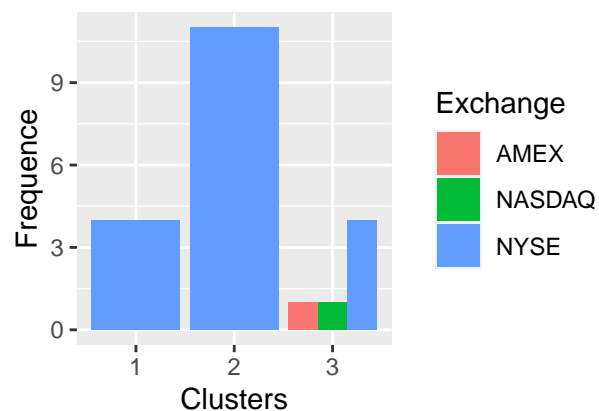
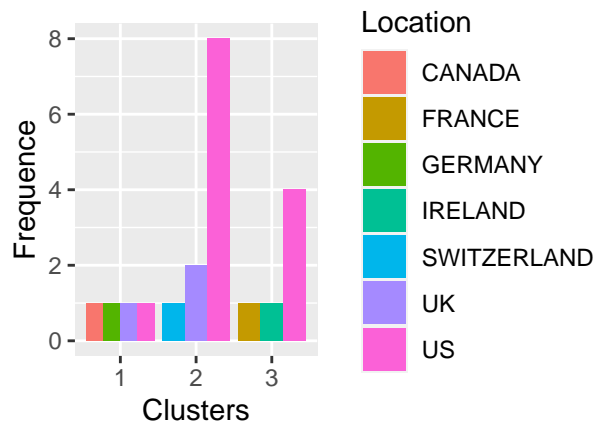
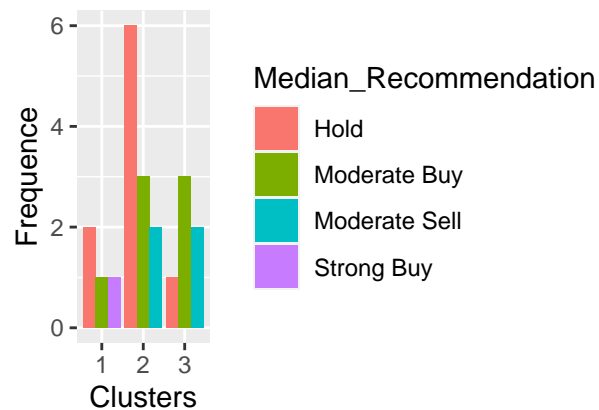


These two components explain 61.23 % of the point variability.

#c. Is there a pattern in the clusters with respect to the numerical variables (10 to 12)?

To explore patterns in the data for the last three categorical variables-Median Recommendation, Location, and Exchange

```
Pharmacy.2 <- Pharmacy %>% select(c(11,12,13)) %>%
  mutate(Cluster = KMeans.Pharmacy$cluster)
Med_Recom <- ggplot(Pharmacy.2, mapping = aes(factor(Cluster), fill=Median_Recommendation)) +
  geom_bar(position = 'dodge') +
  labs(x='Clusters', y='Frequency')
Loc <- ggplot(Pharmacy.2, mapping = aes(factor(Cluster), fill=Location)) +
  geom_bar(position = 'dodge') +
  labs(x='Clusters', y='Frequency')
Ex <- ggplot(Pharmacy.2, mapping = aes(factor(Cluster), fill=Exchange)) +
  geom_bar(position = 'dodge') +
  labs(x='Clusters', y='Frequency')
plot_grid(Med_Recom, Loc, Ex)
```



The chart makes it clear that most companies in cluster 3 are from the United States, and all of them

#d. Provide an appropriate name for each cluster using any or all of the variables in the dataset.

- #1) Cluster 1 - Global Giants: These companies are considered "overvalued international firms" because
- #2) Cluster 2 - Growth Prospects: This group is labeled as "growing and leveraged firms" due to "Modera
- #3) Cluster 3 - Stable US Companies: Companies in this cluster are characterized as "mature US firms" s