

Introduction to Programming

Lecture Six

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Topics in this lecture

- Structures
- Review
- Passing addresses
- Recursion
- Binary search

Structures

Structures: Example 1

```
struct Book
```

```
{
```

```
    char bookName[30];
```

```
    char author[20];
```

```
    float price;
```

```
};
```

```
struct Book book1,book2;
```

```
strcpy(book1.bookName," Timeline");
```

```
strcpy(book1.author," Michael Crichton");
```

```
book1.price=400;
```

Structures: Example 2

```
struct polynomial
{
    unsigned int degree;
    float coefficients[30];
};
```

Structures: Example 3

```
struct Circle
{
    double centerX;
    double centerY;
    double radius;
};
struct Circle c[10];
c[1].centerX=2.3;
c[1].centerY=-2.1;
c[1].radius=3.0;
```

Structures: Example 4

```
struct Point
{
    double x;
    double y;
};
struct Circle
{
    struct Point center;
    double radius;
};
```

Divide-and-Conquer

- Compute x^{80} .
- Method 1: Compute $x^2, x^3, \dots, x^{79}, x^{80}$.
- Method 2: Compute $y = x^{40}$; then $x^{80} = y * y$.
- Method 2 (Bottom-up): Compute $x, x^2, x^4, x^8, x^{16}, x^{32}, x^{64}$.
- Write $x^{80} = x^{64} * x^{16}$.
- Write $x^{83} = x^{64} * x^{16} * x^2 * x$.
- $x^{105} = x^{64} * x^{32} * x^8 * x^1$.

Divide-and-Conquer: Top-down

- Compute x^{164} .
- Compute x^{82} .
- Compute x^{41} .
- Compute $y = x^{20}$; write $x^{41} = y * y * x$.
- Compute x^n .
- If n is even, square $x^{n/2}$.
- If n is odd, square $x^{(n-1)/2}$ and multiply by x .

Recursive solution

```
double power (double x, unsigned int n)
{
    double y;
    if (n==0) return 1;
    y=power(x,n/2);
    y=y*y;
    if (n%2==1) {y=y*x;}
    return y;
}
```

Binary search

Binary search

- $X \in [1, 100]$. Find X using Y/N questions.
- Is $X \geq 50$?

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- Is $X \geq 50$? No.
 $X \in [1, 50]$.
- Is $X \geq 25$?

Binary search

- $X \in [1, 100]$. Find X using Y/N questions.
- Is $X \geq 50$? No.
 $X \in [1, 50]$.
- Is $X \geq 25$? Yes.
 $X \in [25, 50]$.
- Is $X \geq 37$?

Binary search

- $X \in [1, 100]$. Find X using Y/N questions.
- Is $X \geq 50$? No.
 $X \in [1, 50]$.
- Is $X \geq 25$? Yes.
 $X \in [25, 50]$.
- Is $X \geq 37$? Yes.
 $X \in [37, 50]$.
- Is $X \geq 43$?

Binary Search

```
int binarySearch(int value,int left,int right);  
//
```


Binary Search

```
left=0; right=n-1;
while(right > left)
{
    mid = (left+right)/2;
    if (X <= a[mid])
        right=mid;
    else
        left=mid;
}
```

Binary Search

Finding square-root of X ; $X \geq 1$.

```
left=1; right=X;
while (right-left>0.001)
{
    mid=(left+right)/2;
    if (mid*mid>X) right=mid;
    else left=mid;
}
```