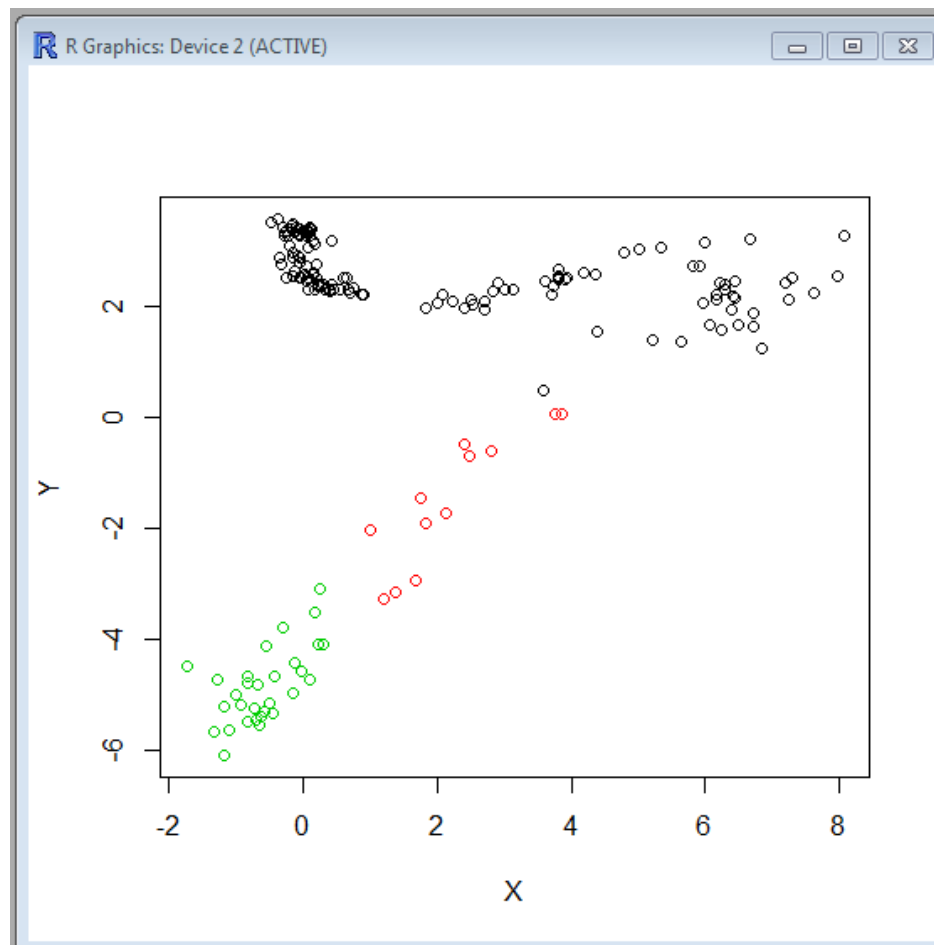


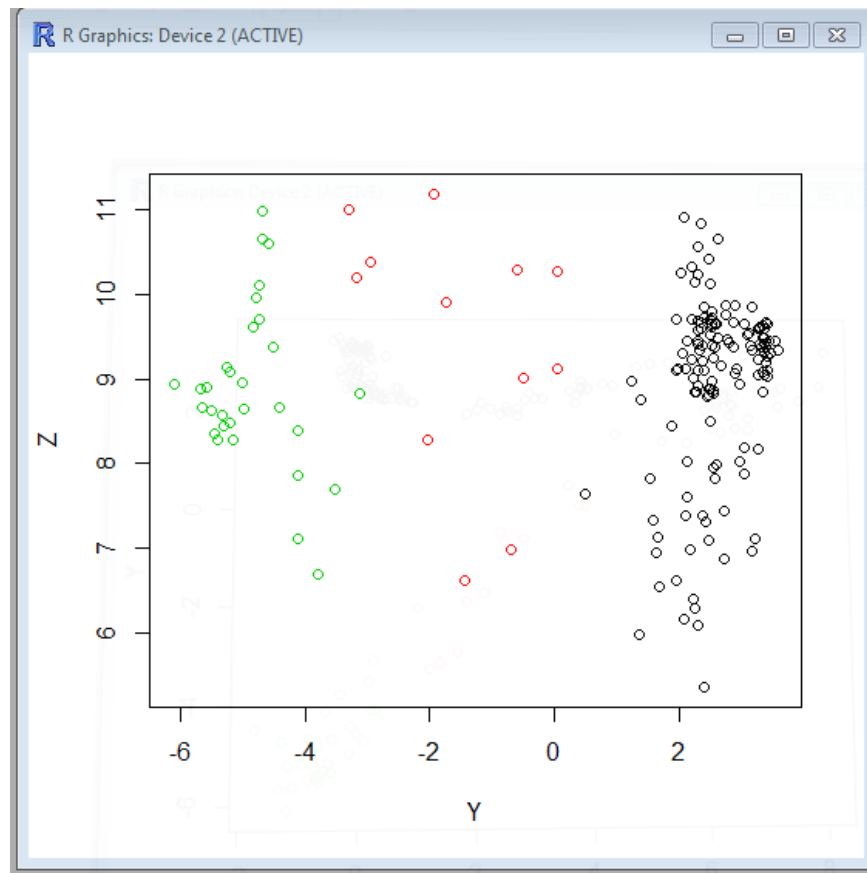
Performing Different Types of Clustering

I have collected accelerometer data which is collected when I was trying to move my hand. This data contains 3 columns for 3 different axes namely X, Y, Z

1. **K-Means Clustering Data :**

I have run K –Means Clustering Algorithm on my data and obtained different results for X-Y and Y-Z





Code For K-means Clustering:

```
data<-read.csv("D:/Accelometer_HandShake.csv")
```

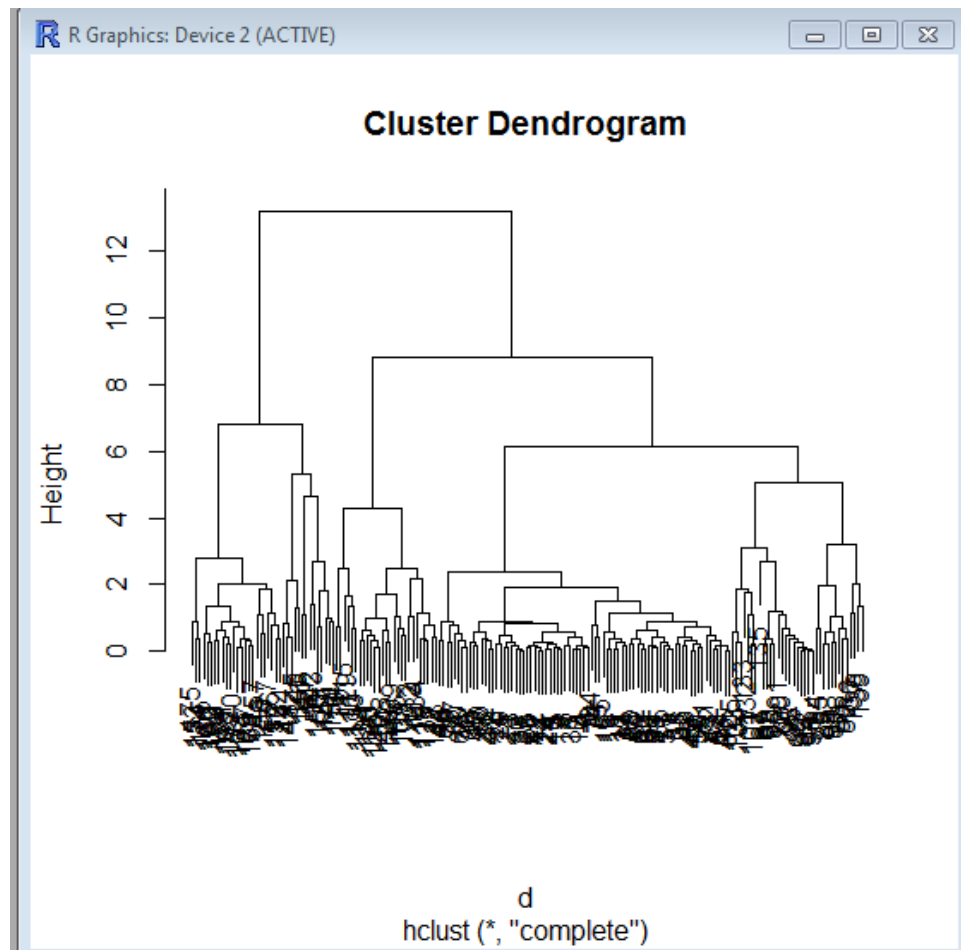
```
View(data)
```

```
Kmeans3<-kmeans(data,3)
```

```
plot(data[c("X","Y")], col=kmeans3$cluster)
```

```
plot(data[c("Y","Z")], col=kmeans3$cluster)
```

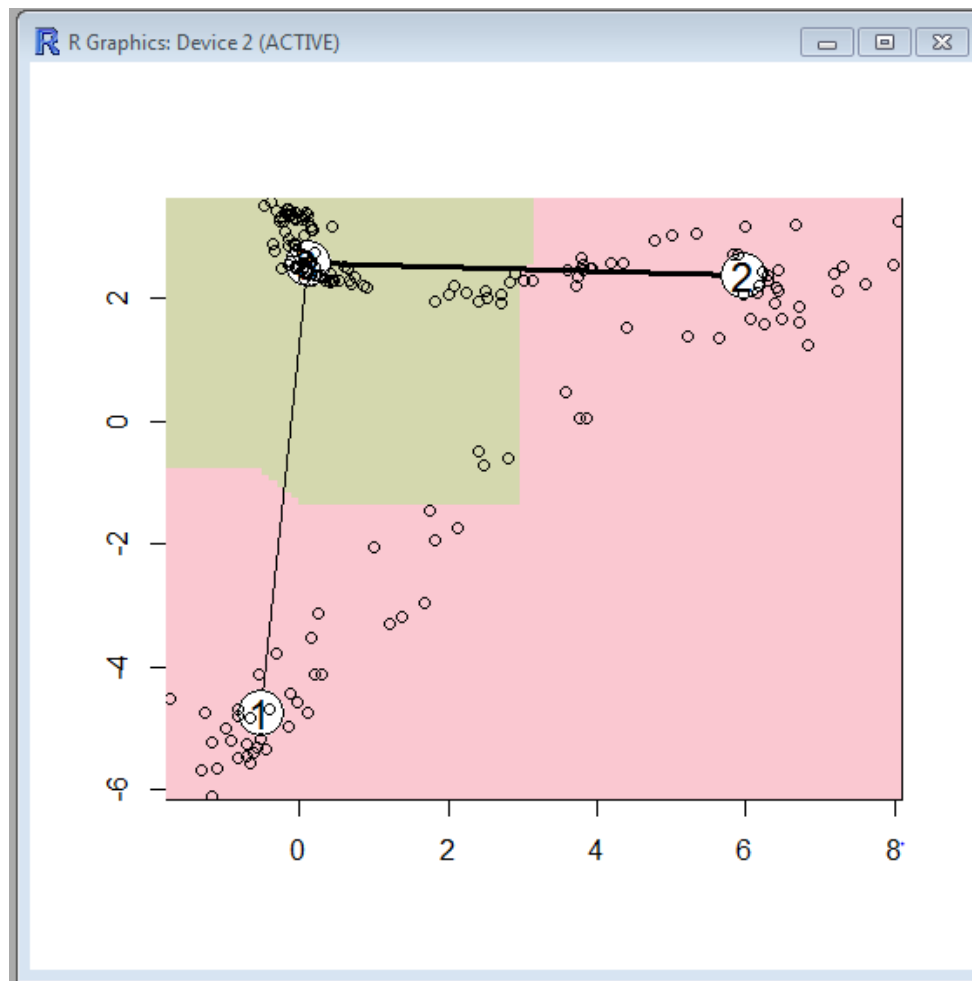
2. Hierarchical Clustering technique :



Code for Hierarchical Clustering:

```
data<-read.csv("D:/Accelerometer_HandShake.csv")
hierar<-dist(as.matrix(data))
hierarcluster<-hclust(hierar)
plot(hierarcluster)
```

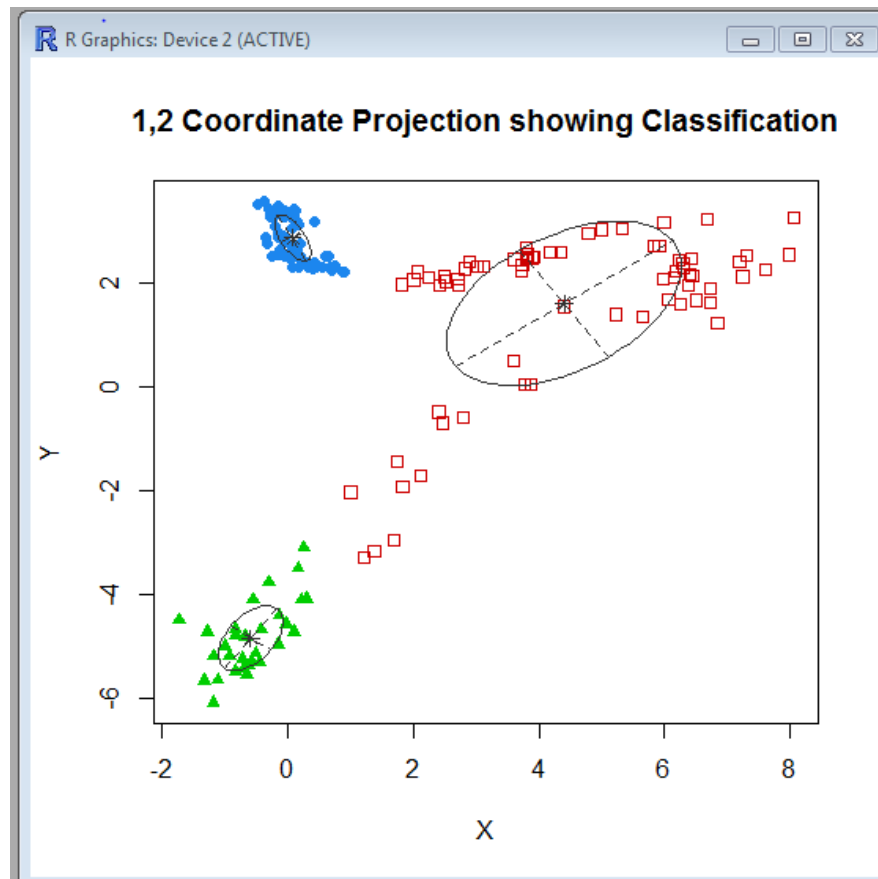
3. K-Medians Clustering Algorithm



Code For K-Medians:

```
data<-read.csv("D:/Accelometer_HandShake.csv")
cluster=kcca(data,k=3)
image(cluster)
points(data)
barplot(cluster)
cluster 2=kcca(data,k=3,family=kccaFamily("kmedians"),control=list(initcent="kmeanspp"))
image(cluster)
points(data)
```

4. Expectation-Maximization Algorithm :



Code for E-M Clustering Algorithm

```
data<-read.csv("D:/Accelometer_HandShake.csv")
emcluster<-Mclust(data[,1:3],G=3)
plot(emcluster,what=c("classification"),dims=c(1,2,3))
plot(emcluster,what=c("classification"),dims=c(1,2))
plot(emcluster,what=c("classification"),dims=c(2,3))
plot(emcluster,what=c("classification"),dims=c(1,3))
```