

# **School of Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence**

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## **Lab Assignment # 7.5**

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**Program : B. Tech (CSE)**

**Specialization : AIML**

**Course Title : AI Assisted  
Coding Course Code:**

**23CS002PC304**

**Semester : VI**

**Academic Session : 2025-2026**

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**Batch No. : 33**

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## Lab 7: Error Debugging with AI (Week 4 – Tuesday)

**Topic:** Systematic approaches to finding and fixing bugs using AI

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### Task 1 – Runtime Error Due to Invalid Input Type

#### Bug Analysis (AI Explanation)

- `input()` always returns a **string**
- Adding a string and an integer causes a **TypeError**

The screenshot shows a code editor interface with two sections: "Buggy Code" and "AI-Corrected Code".

**Buggy Code:**

```
[3] 5s
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
result = num + 10
print(result)
...
Enter a number: 5
15
```

**AI-Corrected Code:**

```
[4]
numbers = [10, 20, 30]
for i in range(len(numbers)):
    print(numbers[i])
...
10
20
30
```

#### Expected Output – 1

- AI converts user input to an integer
- Runtime error is eliminated

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### Task 2 – Incorrect Function Return Value

#### Bug Analysis (AI Explanation)

- Function calculates the square but **does not return it**
- Without return, Python returns None

⌄ Buggy Code

```
[9] 0s ⏪ def square(n):
    result = n * n
```

+ Code + Text

⌄ AI-Corrected Code

```
[10] 0s def square(n):
    result = n * n
    return result
```

## Expected Output – 2

- Function correctly returns the square of the number

### Task 3 – IndexError in List Traversal Bug Analysis (AI Explanation)

- range(0, len(numbers)+1) goes **one step too far**
- Causes IndexError: list index out of range

⌄ Buggy Code

```
[2] 0s ⏪ numbers = [10, 20, 30]
for i in range(0, len(numbers)+1):
    print(numbers[i])
```

... 10  
20  
30

```
-----
IndexError: Traceback (most recent call last)
/tmp/ipython-input-2172525831.py in <cell line: 0>()
      1 numbers = [10, 20, 30]
      2 for i in range(0, len(numbers)+1):
----> 3     print(numbers[i])
IndexError: list index out of range
```

Next steps: Explain error

⌄ AI-Corrected Code

```
[4] 0s ⏪ numbers = [10, 20, 30]
for i in range(len(numbers)):
    print(numbers[i])
```

... 10  
20  
30

+ Code + Text

## Expected Output – 3

- Loop boundary corrected
- Prevents out-of-range access

### Task 4 – Uninitialized Variable Usage

## Bug Analysis (AI Explanation)

- Variable total is used before assignment
- Causes NameError

▼ Buggy Code

```
[5] D 0s
  if True:
      pass
  print(total)

...
NameError: name 'total' is not defined
```

Traceback (most recent call last)  
/tmp/ipython-input-3608487366.py in <cell line: 0>()
 1 if True:
 2 pass
----> 3 print(total)

NameError: name 'total' is not defined

Next steps: ( Explain error )

▼ AI-Corrected Code

```
[6] ✓ 0s
  total = 0
  if True:
      pass
  print(total)

...
0
```

+ Code + Text

## Expected Output – 4

- Variable initialized before use
- Program runs safely

## Task 5 – Logical Error in Student Grading System

### Bug Analysis (AI Explanation)

- Logical order of grading conditions is incorrect
- marks  $\geq 80$  wrongly assigns grade **C**
- else block assigns **B** incorrectly

▼ Buggy Code

```
[7] ✓ 0s
  marks = 85
  if marks >= 90:
      grade = "A"
  elif marks >= 80:
      grade = "C"
  else:
      grade = "B"
  print(grade)

...
C
```

▼ AI-Corrected Code

⌄ AI-Corrected Code

```
[8] 0s
▶ marks = 85
if marks >= 90:
    grade = "A"
elif marks >= 80:
    grade = "B"
else:
    grade = "C"
print(grade)

⌄ ... B
```

### Expected Output – 5

- Correct grade is assigned based on marks
- Logical flow fixed

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### Summary: AI-Assisted Debugging Strategies Used

- ✓ Type conversion for runtime errors
- ✓ Return statement validation
- ✓ Loop boundary correction
- ✓ Variable initialization checks
- ✓ Logical condition reordering