COMMAND DESCRIPTION

Every command is sent via Bluetooth from PC/Mobile to the Master modules HC-05.

The master module receives the command and according to it takes specific action, it also broadcasts a relevant command set (if needed) to the slave modules for synchronization and movement.

Each **command is a string of characters**. Each **character can be an alphabet or a number**. Each character has some special meaning associated with it.

To know thoroughly about the commands go through the following sections of the code:

1) void listen_bluetooth() & void listen_RF()

These functions **give an insight about the first character** i.e. rf_rx_data[0]=bt_rx_data[0] which is received via wireless communication.

void listen_bluetooth() is **called** only if **module is master**. This receives data directly from user (PC/Mobile).

void listen_RF is **called** only if **module is slave**. Slave receives data from master module using RF(nRF24L01+) communication.

a => all modules ('a' means command for master as well as all slaves)

1 => command is for module number 1 (1 is always master)

n => command is for nth module

n=2,3,4,5....

2) void loop()

This function **gives an insight about the second character** i.e. final_rx_data[1] which is received via wireless communication.

r => snake (run sinusoidal)

e => escape (end all movements)

s => set_angle (sets angle manually)

h => hook_attach (attach modules=hook)

 \mathbf{n} => not angle (switches angle between two states -90 \Leftrightarrow 0 \Leftrightarrow 90)

w => wheel (run wheel)

Further characters of the command, i.e. character number 3,4,5,6 and so on can be explained by looking at the individual functions called in the loop function, when a specific second character is switched by the switch case in the loop function.

I) snake (if second character is r)

Snake motion can be observed in male direction (direction where the male face is facing) or in the female direction. (Forward or reverse)

The **3**rd **character** defines the direction in case of snake motion.

m => male direction

f => female direction

Eg: arm, arf, 1rm, 1rf, 2rm, 2rf ...

II) escape (if second character is e)

There is NO 3rd character for this command. The escape command for one specific or for all modules to stop is of 2 characters.

Eg: **ae**, **1e**, **2e**, **3e** ...

III) set angle (if second character is s)

The 3rd character defines the angle of which hinge servo (male/female) is to be set

m => male hinge servo

f => female hinge servo

The remaining characters(2 or 3) define the angle.

setting angle of hinge servos is accomplished by using the below commands

Eg: 1sm90, 1sf90, 1sm-90, 1sf-90 ...

IV) hook_attach (if second character is h)

The **3**rd **character** defines the servo of which **face** is to be altered

b => base

I => left

r => right

The 4th character defines the attaching/detaching 0 => detach 1 => attach 2 => detach and push (maximum detach) setting angle of face servos (attaching/detaching) is accomplished using the below commands Eg: ahb0,ahb1, 1hb0,1hb1 ... V) NOT angle (if second character is n)

'NOT' angle. Basically switches angle between 2 states, either 0<->90 or 0<->-90.

The 3rd character defines the angle of which hinge servo (male/female) is to be not,

m => male hinge servo

f => female hinge servo

The remaining characters(2 or 3) define the angle.

Eg: anm90. 1nm-90, anf-90, 2nf-90 ...

VI) wheel (if second character is w)

The **3rd character defines** either prepare or run

p=> prepare wheel

r=> run wheel

Eg: awp, awr

NOTE: All strings/words written in this document which are underlined and bold are COMMANDS except the note statement.