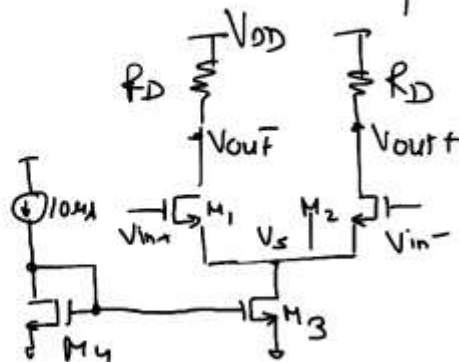


Assignment 5

Assignment - Diffamp Basics

Part 1



$$M_1 = M_2 = \frac{10\mu}{180n}$$

$$M_3 = M_4 = \frac{20\mu}{300n}$$

$$R_D = 50k$$

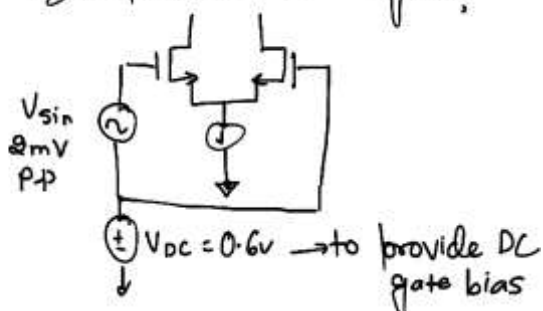
- ① Fix $V_{in-} = 0.6V$, sweep V_{in+} from 0 to V_{DD} , obtain the plot for V_{out+} , V_{out-} and V_s
- ② Apply a fully differential signal V_{in+} : 1mV p-p
(freq = 100K) V_{in-} : -1mV p-p
with common mode DC = 0.6V.
obtain the output differential signal and V_s plot.
- ③ Apply a common-mode sin signal of magnitude 10mV p-p
with common mode DC = 0.6V, obtain the common mode
output signal.

Hint → How to apply differential sin signal?

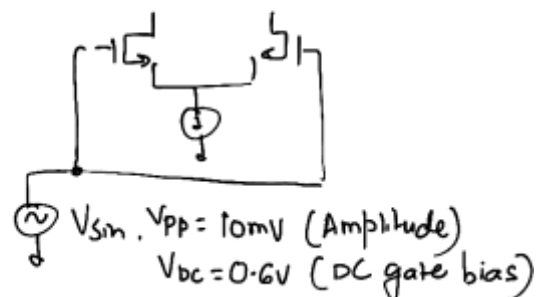
- ④ Try to increase gain of the diffamp (differential A_d)
by ex. by appropriate changes.

HINT:

How to apply differential sin signal?



How to Apply V_{cm} signal?



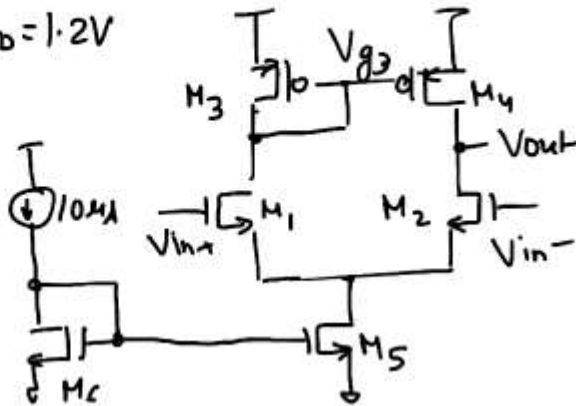
Part 2

$$M_1 = M_2 = \frac{10\mu}{180n}$$

$$M_3 = M_4 = \frac{5\mu}{180n}$$

$$M_6 = M_5 = \frac{20\mu}{300nm}$$

$$V_{DD} = 1.2V$$



- ① Find ICMR using DC sweep
- ② For $V_{in-DC} = 0.6V$, find A_{diff} and A_{cm} using frequency response (AC analysis) and validate using transient simulation. Observe the transient signal at V_{gs}
- ③ Try to increase A_{diff} by 2x and reduce A_{cm} by 2x using appropriate modifications.
- ④ Connect the diffamp in unity gain configuration and obtain V_{out} vs V_{in} curve using DC sweep.