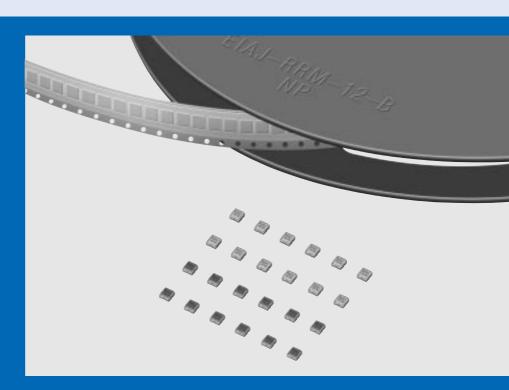
## **SAW Resonators**

SURFACE ACOUSTIC WAVE RESONATORS







# CONTENTS

Part Numbering —	
Applications and Data of SAW Resonator	3
SARCC Series	5
Oscillation Circuit	7
Actual measurments of SAW Oscillator	
Keyless Entry System	15
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■ Part Numbering (The structure of the "Global Part Numbers" that have been adopted since June 2001 and the meaning of each code are described herein.)

## **SAW Resonators**

SA R CC 433M92 B X M 0 R05 (Global Part Number)

## Product ID

Product ID	
SA	SAW

#### 2Function

Code	Function
R	Resonator

#### 3Structure/Size

Code	Structure/Size	
CC	Package (SC33 package)	

#### 4 Resonant Frequency

Expressed by six-digit alphanumerics. The unit is in hertz (Hz). A decimal point is expressed by the capital letter "M".

## 6 Design

Code	Design
В	1 port

#### **6**Board

Code	Board
Х	Crystal

## **7**Resonant Frequency Tolerance

Code	Resonant Frequency Tolerance	
L	±50kHz	
М	±75kHz	
Р	±100kHz	

#### **8**Customer Code

Expressed by a figure.

## Packaging

Code	Packaging		
R12	2000pcs. /ø178mm Reel		
R05	5000pcs. /ø330mm Reel		



## Applications and Data of SAW Resonator

## ■ Application

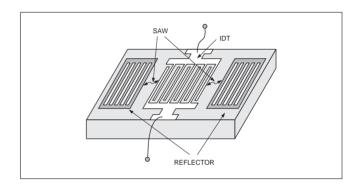
SAW RESONATER has generally 2 types of 1-port type and 2-port type.

1-port SAW RESONATOR is basically a 2 terminal device and its application is similar to that of quartz bulk wave resonator or ceramic resonator. Most of the application circuit is Colpitts or similar type that can be made with low cost. 1-port SAW RESONATOR is also applicable to VCO (Voltage Controlled Oscillator) application.

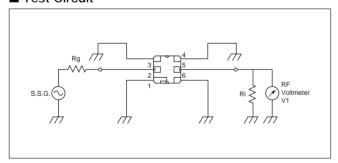
2-port SAW RESONATOR is a kind of very narrow, low loss band-pass filter. Oscillation circuit is mostly like a RF amplifier with feedback loop.

SARCC series is 1-port SAW RESONATOR. Later application data is oscillation circuit by 1-port SAW RESONATOR.

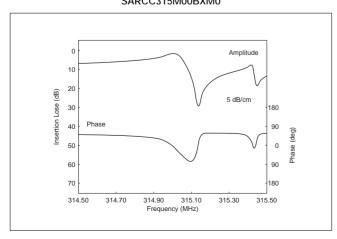
■ Basic structure of 1-port SAW RESONATOR
1-port SAW RESONATOR has one IDT (Inter Digital
Transducer), which generates and receives SAW, and two
grating reflectors, which reflect SAW and generate a
standing wave between the two reflectors. IDT and
reflectors are fabricated on quartz crystal substrate by
photolithographic process. Cut angle of the substrate shall
be selected carefully. SAW RESONATOR chip is
encapsuled in a ceramic package.



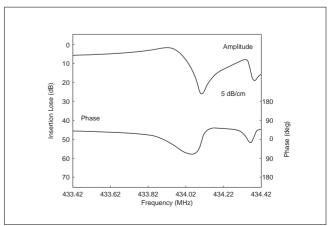
## ■ Test Circuit



## ■ Transmission Characteristics of 1-port SAW RESONATOR SARCC315M00BXM0



## SARCC433M92BXM0



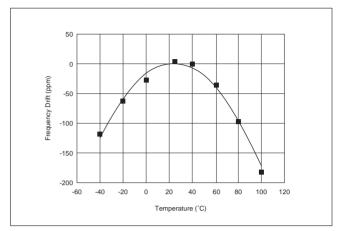
## **Applications and Data of SAW Resonator**

Continued from the preceding page.

## ■ Temperature Characteristics of 1-port SAW RESONATOR SARCC315M00BXM0

# -150 -200 -60 -40 -20 0 20 40 60 80 100 120 Temperature (°C)

#### SARCC433M92BXM0



## **SAW Resonators**

# muRata

## **SARCC Series**

SAW Resonator utilizes Surface acoustic Wave, and is able to be applied to high frequency circuit where conventional crystal, ceramic resonators are not available, as SAW Resonator oscillates stably with its fundamental mode over frequency range from 50 MHz to around 1 GHz.

Murata SAW Resonator - SARCC series - has high stability, good temperature characteristics provided by quartz crystal substrate and is developed with SAW technology accumulated for SAW filters through Murata's long experience.

SAW Resonator can be applied to many types of high frequency devices including RF remote controls, CATV FSK demodulators and CATV 2nd local oscillators.

#### ■ Features

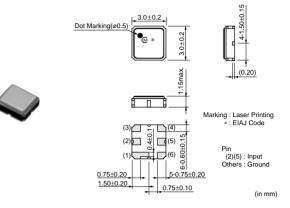
High Oscillation Frequency Stability
 Both initial tolerance and temperature coefficient
 of oscillating frequency of SAW Resonator are
 between quartz bulk resonator's and LC's / RC's.
 Temperature coefficient of oscillating frequency
 for quartz crystal:

10\*\*-6/degree C, LC: 10\*\*-3-10\*\*-4/dgree C, while SAW Resonator: 5x10\*\*-6/dgree C. (The number following \*\* means multiplier.)

2. Adjustment Free

As SAW Resonator utilizes mechanical vibration of piezoelectric material, while LC/RC utilizes electrical resonance, oscillator using SAW Resonator is stable against peripheral circuit or supply voltage fluctuation, and is basically free from adjustment.

- 3. Simple/Low Cost Circuit by Fundamental Oscillation Multiplying circuit necessary for quartz bulk wave resonator is not required as SAW Resonator oscillates with its fundamental mode over the frequency range of 50 MHz to 1 GHz. Therefore, oscillation circuit is simple and low cost.
- 4. Quartz Crystal Substrate SARCC series realizes better temperature characteristics, higher stability against peripheral circuit, by utilizing quartz crystal substrate, compared to SAW Resonators with other materials.
- Small Size Package
   SARCC series use small size ceramic package with
   3.0x3.0x1.15mm. This is good for high density mount.
- 6. They can be applied Corpitts Oscillator circuit.
- 7. Components do not contain lead.

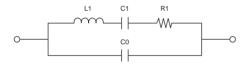




Part Number	Resonant Loss (dB)	Resonant Frequency (MHz)	Parallel Capacitance (at 1MHz) (pF)
SARCC304M30BXL0	2.2 max.	304.300	2.4
SARCC304M30BXM0	2.2 max.	304.300	2.4
SARCC304M30BXP0	2.2 max.	304.300	2.4
SARCC315M00BXL0	2.2 max.	315.000	2.4
SARCC315M00BXM0	2.2 max.	315.000	2.4
SARCC315M00BXP0	2.2 max.	315.000	2.4
SARCC423M22BXL0	2.5 max.	423.220	2.1
SARCC423M22BXM0	2.5 max.	423.220	2.1
SARCC423M22BXP0	2.5 max.	423.220	2.1
SARCC433M87BXL0	2.5 max.	433.870	2.1
SARCC433M87BXM0	2.5 max.	433.870	2.1
SARCC433M87BXP0	2.5 max.	433.870	2.1
SARCC433M92BXL0	2.5 max.	433.920	2.1
SARCC433M92BXM0	2.5 max.	433.920	2.1
SARCC433M92BXP0	2.5 max.	433.920	2.1
SARCC434M15BXL0	2.5 max.	434.150	2.1
SARCC434M15BXM0	2.5 max.	434.150	2.1
SARCC434M15BXP0	2.5 max.	434.150	2.1

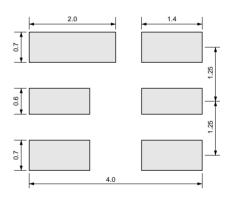
Operating Temperature Range: -40 to +85 dgree C, Storage Temperature Range: -40 to +85 dgree C.

## ■ Equivalent Circuit



Part Number	L1 (μH)	C1 (pF)	R1 (Ω)	C0 (pF)
SARCC304M30BX_0	164.495	0.001663	22.0	2.37
SARCC315M00BX_0	159.331	0.001602	22.0	2.25
SARCC423M22BX_0	110.088	0.001284	22.2	2.00
SARCC433M87BX_0	92.747	0.001451	20.2	2.00
SARCC433M92BX_0	96.529	0.001394	22.1	2.112
SARCC434M15BX_0	95.288	0.00141	20.0	1.97

## ■ Recommended Land Pattern



(in mm)

## **Oscillation Circuit**

## ■ Theory of Oscillation Circuit

Oscillation circuits using LC or quartz crystal are called 'Feedback Oscillators'. Feedback oscillator consists of an amplifier and a feedback circuit.

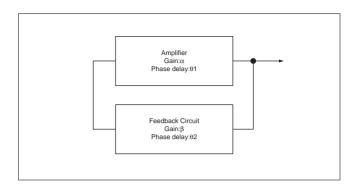
The circuit oscillates, with no input signal applied from outside of the oscillator, when feedback signal from the output of the amplifier has the same amplitude and phase to the input signal. The conditions required to the feedback to enable oscillation are as follows:

Amplitude :  $G = \alpha + \beta \ge 0$  [dB]

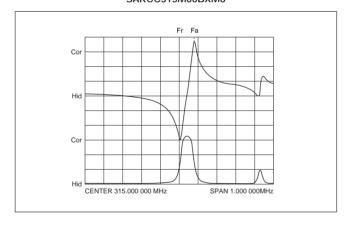
Phase :  $\theta = \theta 1 + \theta 2 = 360 \text{ x n [degree]}$ 

(n: Natural number)

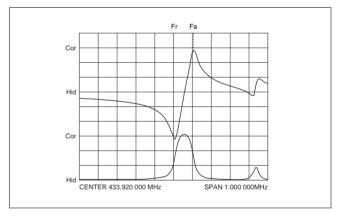
1-port SAW RESONATOR is a kind of two terminal resonant device utilizing piezoelectricity, like quartz crystal bulk wave resonator or ceramic resonator. The equivalent circuit of 1-port SAW RESONATOR is same to that of quartz or ceramic resonator, and therefore, impedance characteristics of SAW RESONATOR is as shown in Fig.1.



## 1. Fig. 1 Impedance Characteristics of 1-port SAW RESONATOR SARCC315M00BXM0



#### SARCC433M92BXM0

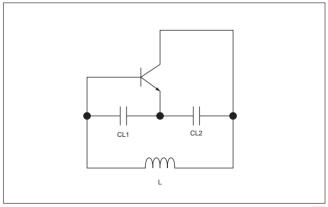


## 2. Basic Structure of Corpitts Oscillator

Colpitts is one of the popular oscillation circuits. Basic structure of Colpitts oscillator is as shown in Fig.2. The oscillating frequency is approximately same to resonant frequency of L, CL1 and CL2.

fosc =  $1/(2 \pi (Lx CL1 x CL2/(CL1 + CL2))^{1/2})$ 

Fig. 2. Corpitts Oscillator Circuit.



Continued on the following page.  $\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}\hline \end{tabular}$ 





## **Oscillation Circuit**



Continued from the preceding page.

## 3. Example of 1-port SAW Oscillator

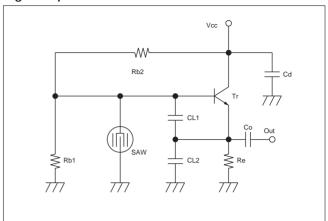
In the case of an oscillation circuit using piezo resonator, the inductor in Fig.2 can be replaced by the resonator because its impedance is inductive between fr (impedance minimum) and fa (impedance maximum) as shown in Fig.1.

Fig.3 shows an example of oscillation circuit using 1-port SAW RESONATOR. Rb1 and Rb2 are for DC bias. Re is a load impedance. Cd is for power line de-coupling. CL1 and CL2 are load capacitance to satisfy oscillation conditions. Values of CL1 and CL2 must be evaluated to get desired oscillating frequency.

Transistor shall be a high frequency type - fT a few GHz or

SMT type transistor, resistor, capacitor are recommended for application more than 100 MHz due to the inductance of the lead terminals.

Fig. 3. 1-port SAW Oscillator Circuit



## ■ 315 MHz 1-port SAW Oscillator

Fig.4 shows an example of oscillator with 1-port SAW RESONATOR. Here, transistor is 2SC4228(NEC), SAW RESONATOR is SARCC315M00BXL0 (315.00 MHz resonator).

Supply voltage (Vcc) characteristics and temperature characteristics are shown in Fig.6. CL1, CL2, Co and Re characteristics are shown in Fig. 7 ti Fig. 10.

Tr: 2SC4228

SAW: SARCC315M00BXL0

Rb1=Rb2= $2k\Omega$  $Re=160\Omega$ 

CL1=12pF GRM18821CH120JA01B CL2=8pF GRM1882C2D8RDV01B Co=2pF GRM1884C1H2R0CZ01B

Fig. 4 Oscilltor Circuit

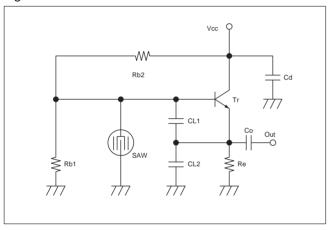
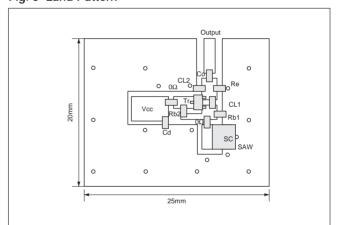
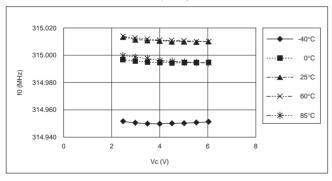


Fig. 5 Land Pattern

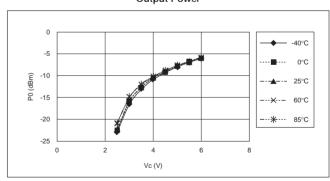


## 1. Fig. 6 Vcc Characteristics

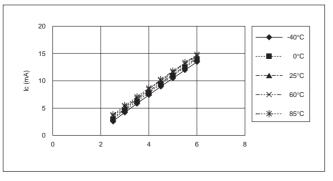
Frequency



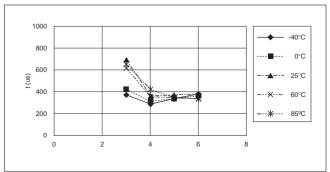
**Output Power** 



## **Current Consumption**



Rise Time

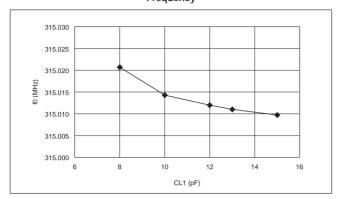




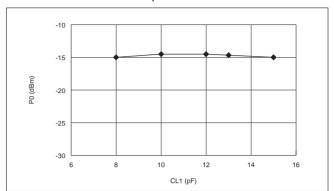


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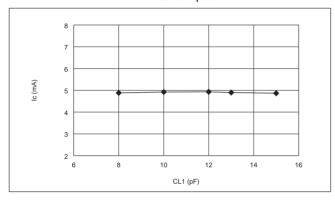
## 2. Fig. 7 CL1 Characteristics



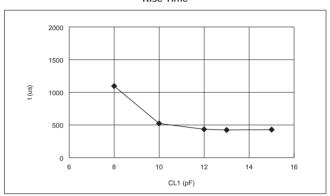
**Output Power** 



**Current Consumption** 

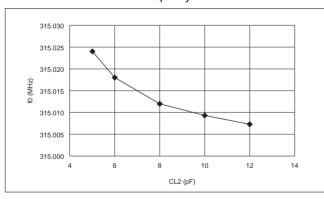


Rise Time

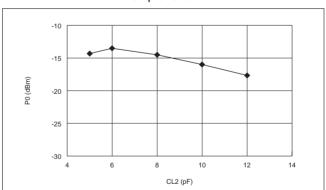


## 3. Fig. 8 CL2 Characteristics

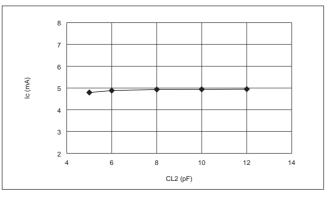
Frequency



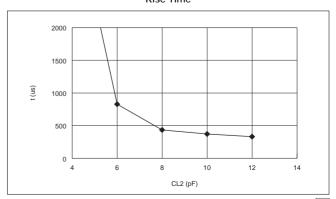
Output Power



**Current Consumption** 



Rise Time

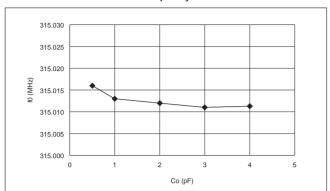




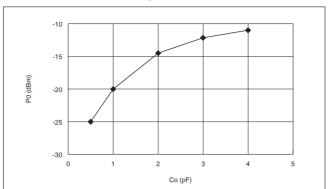


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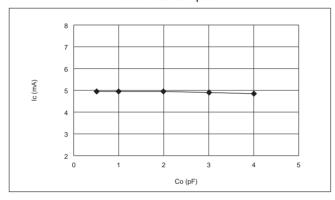
## 4. Fig. 9 Co Characteristics



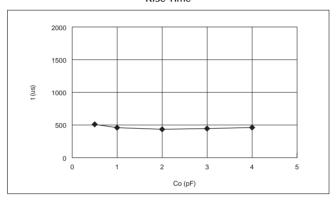
**Output Power** 



**Current Consumption** 

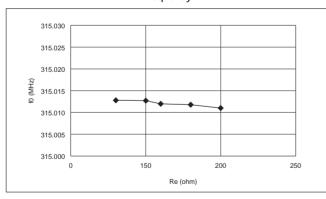


Rise Time

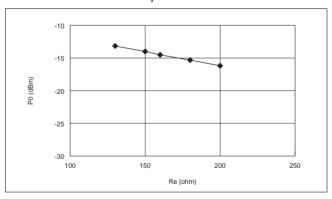


## 5. Fig. 10 Re Characteristics

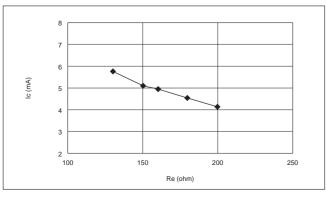
Frequency



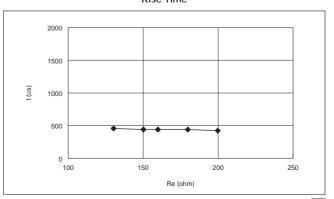
Output Power



**Current Consumption** 



Rise Time







Continued from the preceding page.

## ■ 433.92 MHz 1-port SAW Oscillator

Fig. 11 shows an example of oscillator with 1-port SAW RESONATOR. Here, transistor is 2SC4228(NEC), SAW RESONATOR is SARCC433M92BXM0 (433.92 MHz resonator).

Supply voltage (Vcc) characteristics and temperature characteristics are shown in Fig. 13.

Tr: 2SC4228

SAW: SARCC433M92BXM0

Rb1=Rb2=2k $\Omega$  $Re=160\Omega$ 

CL1=10pF GRM1882C1H100JA01B CL2=8pF GRM1882C1H8RD201B Co=2pF GRM1884C1H2R0CZ01B

Fig. 11 Oscillator Circuit

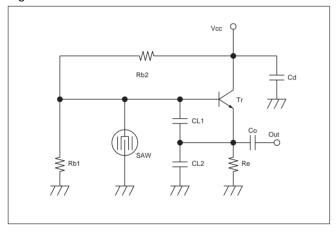
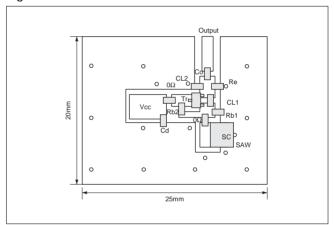
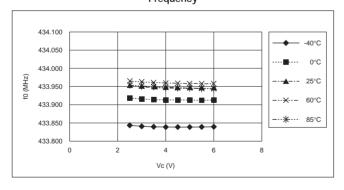


Fig. 12 Land Pattern

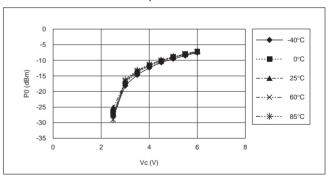


## 1. Fig. 13 Vcc Characteristics

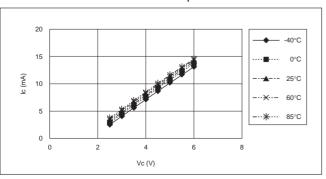
Frequency



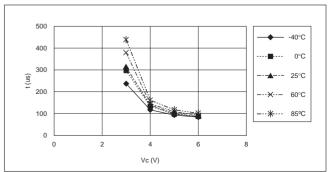
**Output Power** 



**Current Consumption** 



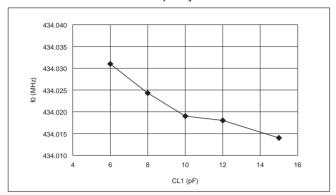
Rise Time



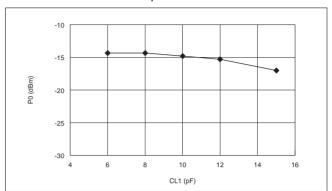


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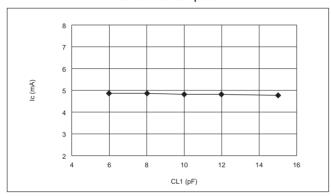
## 2. Fig. 14 CL1 Characteristics



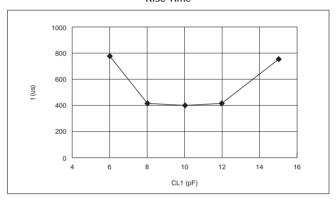
**Output Power** 



**Current Consumption** 

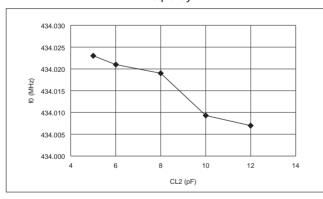


Rise Time

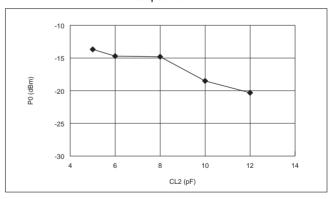


## 3. Fig. 15 CL2 Characteristics

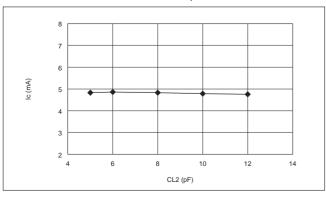
Frequency



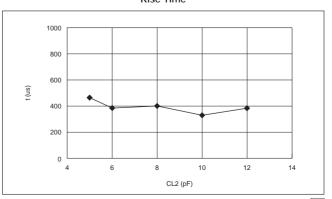
Output Power



**Current Consumption** 



Rise Time



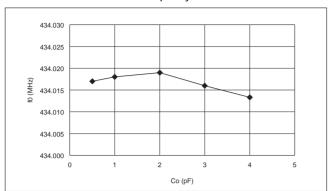




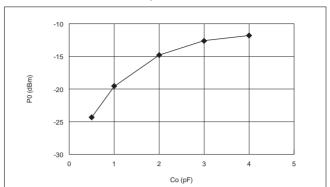
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## 4. Fig. 16 Co Characteristics

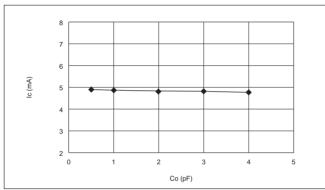
#### Frequency



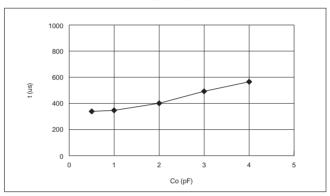




## **Current Consumption**

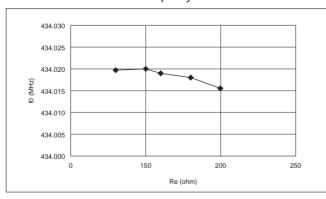


#### Rise Time

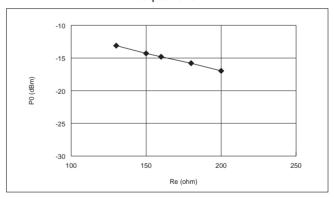


## 5. Fig. 17 Re Characteristics

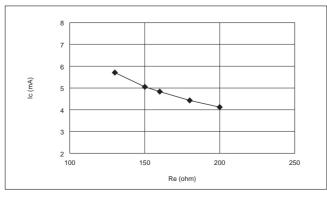
Frequency



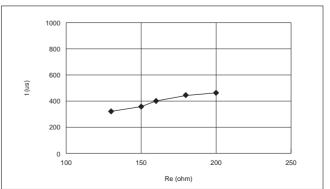
Output Power



**Current Consumption** 



Rise Time





## **Keyless Entry System**

RF remote control transmitter and reciver for automotive security device is getting popular. MURATA SARCC series are suitable for this application due to the advantage of adjustment-free (or easy adjustment) and high stability. Example of application circuit is shown in Fig.18 and Fig.19.

Fig. 18 Transmitter Circuit

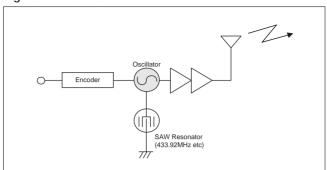
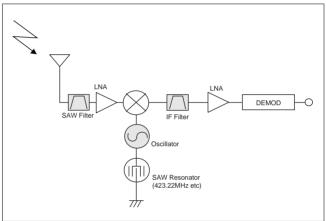
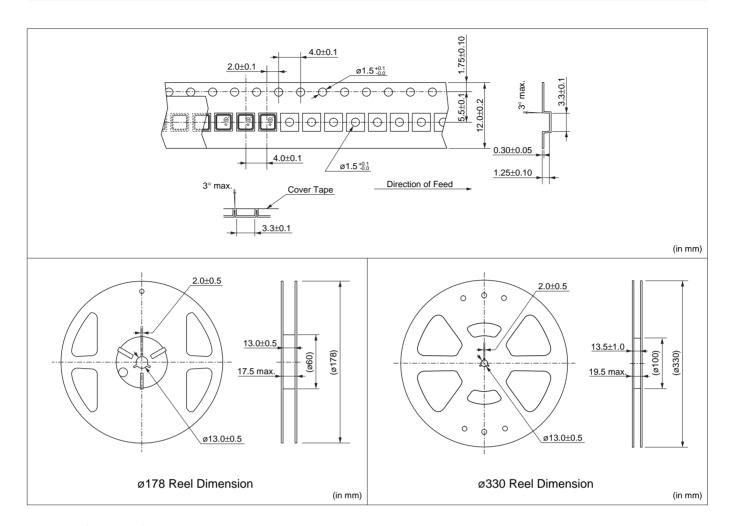


Fig. 19 Receiver Circuit





## Packaging/Notice



## ■ Notice (Handling)

- 1. Mount this component at the position so that stress by warp or bend of the PCB may not apply to it.
- 2. It might be a cause of destruction to apply excessive shock on mounting this component on PCB when positioning claw, pick-up nozzle, etc of component placement machine are abraded. Keep regular maintenance which is instructed on each machine to prevent from these kinds of troubles.
- 3. Mount all terminals, or terminal strength might be degraded.
- 4. Face this component to PCB.



#### 

1. Export Control

(For customers outside Japan)

Murata products should not be used or sold for use in the development, production, stockpiling or utilization of any conventional weapons or mass-destructive weapons (nuclear weapons, chemical or biological weapons, or missiles), or any other weapons.

⟨For customers in Japan⟩

For products which are controlled items subject to the "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law" of Japan, the export license specified by the law is required for export.

- 2. Please contact our sales representatives or product engineers before using our products listed in this catalog for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property, or when intending to use one of our products for other applications than specified in this catalog.
  - ① Aircraft equipment
- ② Aerospace equipment
- 3 Undersea equipment5 Medical equipment
- Power plant equipment
   Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- 7 Traffic signal equipment
- ® Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- 9 Data-processing equipment
- 10 Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above
- 3. Product specifications in this catalog are as of May 2002. They are subject to change or our products in it may be discontinued without advance notice. Please check with our sales representatives or product engineers before ordering. If there are any questions, please contact our sales representatives or product engineers.
- 4. Please read rating and  $\triangle$ CAUTION (for storage and operating, rating, soldering and mounting, handling) in this catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
- 5. This catalog has only typical specifications because there is no space for detailed specifications. Therefore, please approve our product specification or transact the approval sheet for product specification before ordering.
- 6. Please read CAUTION and Notice in this catalog for safety. This catalog has only typical specifications. Therefore you are requested to approve our product specification or to transact the approval sheet for product specification, before ordering.
- 7. Please note that unless otherwise specified, we shall assume no responsibility whatsoever for any conflict or dispute that may occur in connection with the effect of our and/or third party's intellectual property rights and other related rights in consideration of your using our products and/or information described or contained in our catalogs. In this connection, no representation shall be made to the effect that any third parties are authorized to use the rights mentioned above under licenses without our consent.
- 8. No ozone depleting substances (ODS) under the Montreal Protocol are used in our manufacturing process.



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