BeneID-

DOB-

DOD-

Gender

RenalDiseaseIndicator-

The National Kidney Foundation has created this resource guide to help you learn more about insurance.

For people with kidney disease your insurance options may change as your kidney disease progresses. For example, when someone starts dialysis or has a kidney transplant they can apply for Medicare.

Typically Medicare is an insurance option for people over 65 years old, but there is a special entitelment for people who have kidney failure - also known as End Stage Renal Dissease (ESRD).

Medicare pays 80% of the cost of dialysis treatment and 80% of the cost of immunosuppressant medications after transplant.

NoOfMonths\_PartACov-

rOiginal Medicare consists of two parts: Medicare Part A (hospital insurance) and Medicare Part B (medical insurance).

Medicare Part A covers Medicare inpatient care, including care received while in a hospital, a skilled nursing facility, and, in limited circumstances, at home.

NoOfMonths\_PartBCov-

Medicare Part B (medical insurance) is part of Original Medicare and covers medical services and supplies that are medically necessary to treat your health condition.

This can include outpatient care, preventive services, ambulance services, and durable medical equipment.

ChronicCond\_Alzheimer-

ChronicCond\_Heartfailure-

ChronicCond\_KidneyDisease-

ChronicCond\_Cancer-

ChronicCond\_ObstrPulmonary-

ChronicCond\_Depression-

ChronicCond\_Diabetes-

ChronicCond\_IschemicHeart-

ChronicCond\_Osteoporasis-

ChronicCond\_rheumatoidarthritis-

ChronicCond\_stroke-

IPAnnualReimburementAmt-

IPAnnualDeductibleAmt-

OPAnnualReimburementAmt-

IPAnnualDeductibleAmt-

OPAnnualDeductibleAmt-