ML Use Cases for Fraud Detection:

Problem Framing:

	Qualitative	Quantitative	
Current State	Too Many Fraud cases	5% Fraud Cases => 8-	What is the
	=> Low Customer	10% decrease in cash	current problems
	Investment Sentiment	flow + 2% direct	we are facing in
	=> Lower Cash flow +	loss(depending on	the initial state,
	Direct Revenue losses	fraud size) => 12-15%	and why do we
	through Fraud =>	loss in revenue	need to rectify
	Lower Bank revenue	1033 III TEVETIGE	them.
Objectives	Build a model that can	Reduce fraud cases by	What is it that we
Objectives	spot fraud cases	<u> </u>	
		60% (5% to 2%) => 6%	are doing and
	efficiently within a	increase in cash flow =>	why? (Improve
	short span of the	9% increase in revenue	Bank Revenue in
	fraudulent transaction		this case)
	Decrease Fraud Cases		
	=> Improve Customer		
	Sentiment => Higher		
	Cash flow => Improve		
	revenue		
Cost/Benefit Analysis	FP – Normal Bank	Cost-Benefit Matrix	What are the cost,
	transactions	C(TP) C(FP)	benefits of correct
	misidentified as	C(FN) C(TN)	predictions and
	fraudulent => doesn't		why?
	affect user experience	1% TP => 0.5% increase	
	much => no significant	in cash flow => 0.5%	
	impact on revenue	revenue increase	
	FN – Fraud remains		
	undetected => Low	1% FP =>05% cash	
	user trust => Loss in	flow due to customer	
	bank revenue	harassment causing	
	TP – Fraudulent cases	decline in user	
	detected => Higher	experience =>1% loss	
	Bank reliability =>	in bank revenue	
	more Cash flows =>	III bank revenue	
	Higher Bank Revenue	1% FN => 0.6% risk of	
	TN - Normal	direct lump sum loss	
	transactions classified	=>4% cash flow loss =>	
	as non-fraud =>	7% loss in revenue	
	maintained bank user	7% loss in revenue	
	experience => No	40/ TNL >	
	significant impact	1% TN => no significant	
Caralasiala		impact on bank.	AA/bartara st
Constraints	Can afford a very small	At most 5% FN => 3%	What are the
	percent of FN => Small	risk of lump sum loss	acceptable risk
	percentage of loss in	=> acceptable for 9%	margins and why?
	cash flow => Limited	increase in revenue.	
	loss in revenue.		
Final State	Benefits: significantly	At least 60% decrease	What is the
	lesser fraud =>	in Fraud cases	desired outcome

Significantly better		that we want to
user experience =>	At most 5% FN allowed	see?
Generates more	=> 3% of risk of lump	
circular cash flow =>	sum loss => 5% risk in	
More bank revenue	revenue loss.	
Costs:- Cant allow too		
many FN's => limited		
risk of direct loss + los	S	
through lower		
customer sentiment =	>	
limited loss in revenue	e	