

Today's Content

Paintees Pavilion

Aggressive cows.

Painters Partition Problem.

Ques

We have to paint n boards of length A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n . There are k painters available and each takes 1 unit of time to paint 1 unit of board.

find min time to get the job done.

→ 1 painter will paint only continuous sections of the board.

e.g. 1) $A = \{10, 10, 10, 10\}$ time $\Rightarrow 20$.
 $k = 2$

e.g. 2) $A = \{10, 20, 30, 40\}$ time $\Rightarrow 60$
 $k = 2$

	⁰	¹	²	³	
	10	20	30	40	3
	<hr/>				
	P_1		P_2		
	↓		↓		
	60		40		

Ex
N = 15

k = 3

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
3	5	1	7	8	2	5	3	10	1	4	7	5	4	6

idea 1:-

divide into $\frac{\text{totaltime}}{k}$

Ans = 100

arr[6] = 1 1 1 2 1 100 , k = 2

$$\frac{106}{2} = 53$$

→ not possible to divide like this.

Ex
N = 15

k = 4

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
3	5	1	7	8	2	5	3	10	1	4	7	5	4	6
<u>W₁</u>						<u>W₂</u>						<u>W₃</u>		
<u>W₁</u>		<u>W₂</u>		<u>W₃</u>		<u>W₄</u>								

Can we do all task in 30 mins?

ans
(

$\begin{array}{ccccc} & \checkmark & & & \\ 30 & 31 & 32 & 33 & 34 \\ & \checkmark & \checkmark & \checkmark & \checkmark \end{array}$
 goto left ,

can we finish all tasks in 10 mins?

$\begin{array}{cccc} f & 8 & 9 & 10 \\ x & x & x & x \end{array}$
 goto right

$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & & & \text{first True} & & \\ f & f & f & f & \text{True} & T & T & T & T \\ 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & \dots & 30 & 31 & 32 & 33 \\ x & x & x & x & & \checkmark & \checkmark & \checkmark & \end{array}$

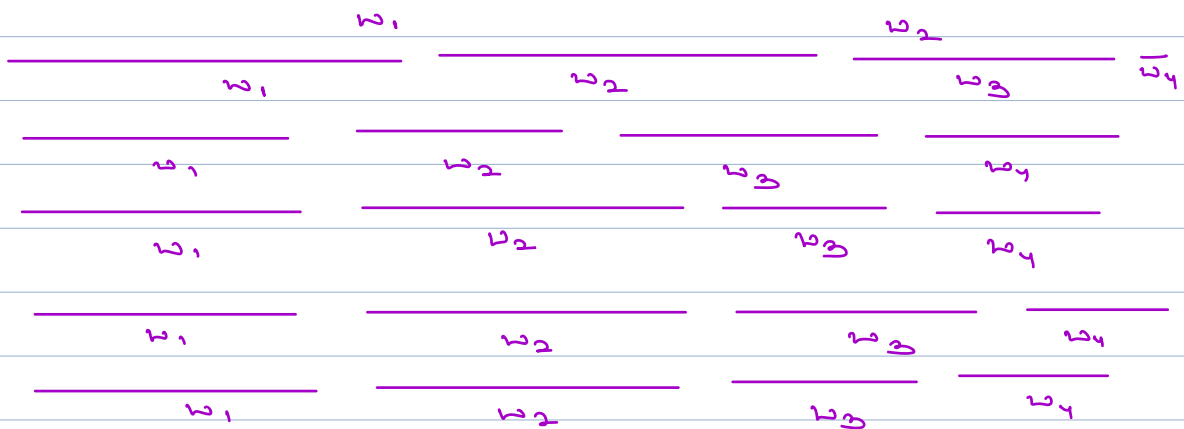
Target :- min time to get the job done .

Search Space :- $\log n$,
 $lo \rightarrow$ Max of Array
 $hi \rightarrow$ Sum of Array .

Ex
N=15 .

$k=4$

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
 3 5 1 7 8 2 5 3 10 1 4 2 5 4 6



lo	hi	mid	
10	14	40	Ans = 40, goto left
10	39	24	Ans = 24, goto left
10	23	16	goto right
17	23	20	goto right
21	23	22	Ans = 22, goto left
21	21	21	goto right .
22	21	<u>break</u> .	

Pseudo Code :-

Binary Search on Answer

```

int workers (int time[], int n, int k) {
    lo = max(arr), hi = sum of arr
    ans = hi
    while (lo <= hi) {
        m = (lo + (hi - lo)) / 2
        if (check(m, time, n, k)) {
            ans = m;
            hi = m - 1;
        }
        else {
            lo = m + 1;
        }
    }
    return ans;
}

```

$$O(\log(\text{sum of arr} - \text{max of arr}) \times n) + n$$

↓
Bcoz of max & sum.

k = 4

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
3	5	1	7	8	2	5	3	10	1	4	7	5	4	6

→ 0(m)

bool check (int m, int time[], int n, int k){

 s = 0, c = 1,

 for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {

 s += time[i];

 if (s > m) {

 c = c + 1; ✓

 s = time[i];

 if (c > k) {

 return false

 }

 }

 }

 return true;

}

Task todo

two three parameters.

1-2 constraints

maximize or minimize something.

see what is asked.

1) Painters Partition

2) Aggressive cows

3) Allocate books.

T T T T T T T f f f f f f
f f f f f f f T T T T T

Ques) Given N cows & M stalls, all M stalls are on x axis at diff. locations, place all N cows such a way that min dist b/w any 2 cows is Maximised.

Note 1:- In a stall only one cow can be present.

Note 2:- All cows have to be placed.

Ex 1:-
 $C = 3$

	0	1	2	3	4	Min dist
	1	2	4	8	9	
	C_1	C_2	C_3			1
	C_1		C_2		C_3	3
	C_1			C_2	C_3	1

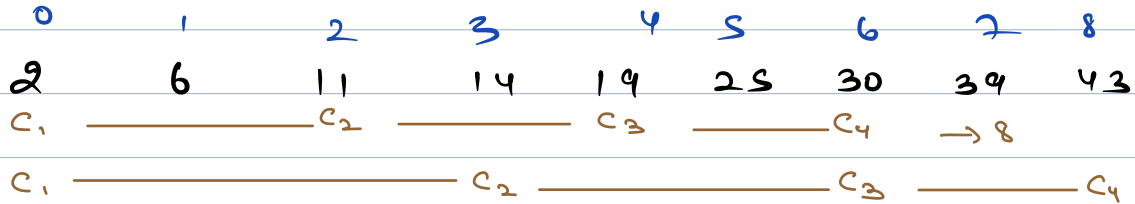
we can place cows atleast 3 dist away.

Ex 2

balls = 9

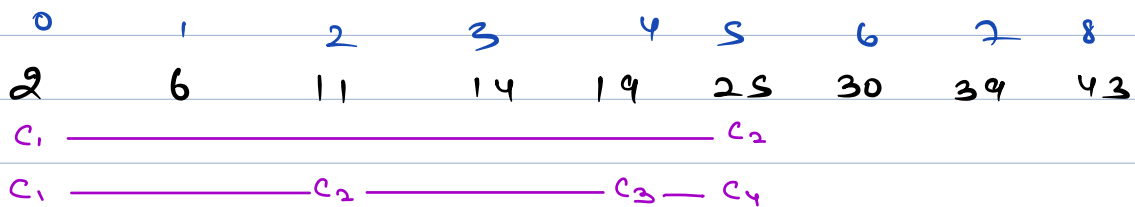
cows = 4

atleast 12



balls = 9

cows = 4



Can we place the cows
atleast 20 dist away?

20	21	22	23
X	X	X	X

Can we place the cows 5 dist away?

3	4	5
✓	✓	✓

3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
T	T	T	T														f	f	f

T T T T T - - - f f f
 ↓
 last true ,

Target → least dist b/w 2 cows should be max.

Search Space →

lo → min diff b/w adj cells.

hi → $a[n-1] - a[0]$

cows = 4 .

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2	6	11	14	19	25	30	39	43

C_1 _____ $\rightarrow C_2$

C_1 _____ C_2 _____ C_3 _____ C_4

C_1 _____ C_2 _____ C_3

C_1 _____ C_2 _____ C_3

C_1 _____ C_2 _____ C_3

j_0	h_i	m
-------	-------	-----

3	41	22
---	----	----

goto left.

3	21	<u>12</u>
---	----	-----------

ans = 12, goto right.

13	21	17
----	----	----

goto left.

13	16	14
----	----	----

goto left

13	13	13
----	----	----

goto left

13	12	<u>break</u>
----	----	--------------

Pseudo Code :-

$O(m \log(hi - lo))$

```
int moo (int dist[], int n, int c) {
```

```
    lo = min adj dist in dist[]
```

```
    hi = arr[n-1] - arr[0];
```

```
    ans = 0;
```

```
    while (lo <= hi) {
```

```
        m = lo +  $\frac{(hi - lo)}{2}$ 
```

```
        if (check(m, dist, n, c)) {
```

```
            ans = m;
```

```
            lo = m + 1;
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            hi = m - 1;
```

```
        return ans;
```

coins = 4 .

m = 12

c = 2

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2	6	11	14	19	25	30	39	43
<u>last</u>			<u>last placed</u>					

→ O(m).

```
bool check (int m, int dist[], int n,  
            int cows) {
```

```
    last_placed = dist[0];
```

```
    count = 1;
```

```
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
```

```
        if (dist[i] - last_placed >= m) {
```

```
            c = c + 1;
```

```
            last_placed = dist[i];
```

```
            if (c == cows) {
```

```
                return True;
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    return false;
```

```
}
```

Monotonic nature

↳ problem is feasible till a certain point & after it is not,

or
vice versa