

# Polymorphism

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\* Polymorphism is considered one of the important features of Object-Oriented Programming.

\* Polymorphism allows us to perform a single action in different ways.

\* In other words, polymorphism allows you to define one interface and have multiple implementations.

\* The word "Poly" means many and "morphe" means forms, so it means many forms.



## Need of Polymorphism:

\* Polymorphism allows us to use inheritance, overriding, and overloading to streamline code for easy readability and faster runtimes.

\* We can use two specific of compile time and runtime polymorphism to maximize this result.

## Types of Java Polymorphism:

\* Compile-time Polymorphism: It is also known as static polymorphism. This type of polymorphism is achieved by function overloading or operator overloading.

\* Runtime Polymorphism: It is also known as Dynamic Method Dispatch. It is a process in which a function call to the overridden method is resolved at Runtime. This type of polymorphism is achieved by function overloading, overriding.

## Method Overloading

\* When there are multiple functions with same name but different parameters then these functions are said to be overloaded.

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\* Functions can be overloaded by changes in the number of arguments or a change in the type of arguments.

### Method Overriding

\* Method overriding, occurs when a derived class has a definition for one of the member functions of the base class. That base function is said to be overridden.