```
//ECGR 5101
//Lab 08
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//Two MSP430G2553 are connected to each other. Chip1 is connected
//to an UltraSonic Sensor and a buzzer. Chip2 is connected to
//a quad-digit 7-segment LED. Chip 1 get the value for UltraSonic
//Sensor using PWM and increases the buzzer's volume if an object
//gets closer to the UltraSonic Sensor. Seconds Chip receives the
//distance measured by UltraSonic Sensor by UART and displays that
//value in CM on the quad-digit 7-segment LED.
#include <msp430.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <string.h>
//Global Variables
int milisec, distance, sensorVal, temp=0;
int US Sensor Reading[11];
unsigned int count=0;
//Prototyped Functions
void UART_Setup();
void TimerA_Setup();
void PWM Setup();
void US_Sensor_Setup();
void Buzzer_Setup();
int uartReceiveData();
void uartTransmitData(int ADCval);
void DisplayLED(int n_SingleDigit);
void Control Dx(int n);
void Setup_Chip_one();
void Setup Chip two();
void Program Chip one();
void Program_Chip_two();
//Main Function
            *****************
int main(void){
   //Stop watchdog timer
   WDTCTL = WDTPW | WDTHOLD;
   //Check P1.4 to see if it is connected to GND
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//or VCC. Chip1 is connected to GND and Chip2
   //is connected to VCC. Then setups up the peripherals
   //and pins accordingly.
   if(!(P1IN & BIT4)) Setup_Chip_one();
   else
                    Setup_Chip_two();
   while(1){
       //Check P1.4 to see if it is connected to GND
       //or VCC. Chip1 is connected to GND and Chip2
       //is connected to VCC. Then uploads the code
       //accordingly.
       if(!(P1IN & BIT4)) Program_Chip_one();
                        Program_Chip_two();
   }
}
: UART_Setup()
//Name
//Input : void
//Returns : void
//Function to Setup UART
              ******************
void UART_Setup(){
   //Clear DCO
   DCOCTL = 0;
   //Set to 1MHz
   //MCLK = SMCLK = 1MHZ
   BCSCTL1 = CALBC1 1MHZ;
   DCOCTL = CALDCO_1MHZ;
   //P1.1 = RX = BIT1, P1.2 = TX = BIT2
   P1SEL |= BIT1 + BIT2;
   P1SEL2 |= BIT1 + BIT2;
   //Disable USCI, reset mode
   UCA0CTL1 |= UCSWRST;
   //SMCLK
   UCA0CTL1 |= UCSSEL 2;
   //1MHz
   //Baud Rate -> 9600
   UCAOBRO = 104;
   UCAOBR1 = 0;
   //Modulation UCBRSx = 1
   UCA0MCTL = UCBRS0;
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//Initialize USCI state machine
  UCA0CTL1 &= ~UCSWRST;
}
//Name : TimerA_Setup()
//Input : Void
//Returns : Void
//Function to Setup Timer
void TimerA_Setup(){
  //Resolution(Delay per TAR Count) in Seconds =
  //(DIV / Input Clock in HZ)
  //1/1MHZ = 1 * 10^-6 sec
  //CCR0 interrupt enabled
  CCTL0 = CCIE;
  //1ms at 1 MHZ
  CCR0 = 1000;
  //SMCLK, <u>upmode</u>
  TACTL = TASSEL_2 + MC_1;
}
//Name
     : PWM Setup()
//Input : Void
//Returns : Void
//Function to Setup PWM
void PWM_Setup(){
  //PWM period
  TA1CCR0 = 1000;
  //CCR1 PWM Duty Cycle
  TA1CCR1 = 1;
  //CCR1 selection reset-set
  TA1CCTL1 = OUTMOD_7;
  //SMCLK submain clock,upmode
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TA1CTL = TASSEL 2 | MC 1;
}
//Name
      : Port 1(void)
//Input : Void
//Returns : Void
//ISR for Echo Pin
#pragma vector=PORT1_VECTOR
__interrupt void Port_1(void){
  //Check interrupt Status
  if(P1IFG & 0x40){
     //Check rising edge
     if(!(P1IES & 0x40)){
        //Clear timer A
        TACTL = TACLR;
        milisec = 0;
        //Set to Falling edge
        P1IES |= 0x40;
     }
     else{
        //ECHO length
        sensorVal = milisec*1000 + TAR;
     }
     //Clear flag
     P1IFG &= ~0x40;
  }
}
: Timer A(void)
//Name
//Input : Void
//Returns : Void
//ISR for Timer
#pragma vector=TIMER0_A0_VECTOR
__interrupt void Timer_A(void){
  milisec++;
}
```

```
//Name
       : US_Sensor_Setup()
//Input : void
//Returns : void
//Function to Setup all pins related to UltraSonic Sensor
void US_Sensor_Setup(){
   //Disable <u>interu</u>pt
   P1IE &= ~0x01;
   //Trigger to P1.5
   P1DIR |= 0x20;
   //Generate pulse from Trigger
   P10UT |= 0x20;
   //Generate pulse from Trigger for 10us
   __delay_cycles(10);
   //Stop pulse from Trigger
   P10UT &= \sim 0 \times 20;
   //Echo to P1.6
   P1DIR &= ~0x40;
   //Clear Flag
   P1IFG = 0x00;
   //Enable interrupt for ECHO pin
   P1IE |= 0x40;
   //Set ECHO PIN to rising edge
   P1IES &= ~0x40;
}
//Name : Buzzer_Setup()
//Input : void
//Returns : void
//Function to Setup all pins related to UltraSonic Sensor
void Buzzer_Setup(){
   //Set Direction of buzzer as output
   P2DIR |= BIT2;
   //Set select Pin for P2.1
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P2SEL |= BIT2;
}
//Name : uartReceiveData()
//Input : void
//Returns : int
//Checks if USCI A0 RX has been received and returns it
         int uartReceiveData(){
  //Check if USCI_A0 RX has been received
  while (!(IFG2 & UCA0RXIFG));
  return UCA0RXBUF;
}
//Name
      : uartTransmitData(int ADCval)
//Input : int
//Returns : void
//Checks if USCI_A0 TX buffer is ready and transmits the data
void uartTransmitData(int ADCval){
  //Check if USCI A0 TX buffer is ready
  while(!(IFG2 & UCA0TXIFG));
  UCA0TXBUF = ADCval;
}
: DisplayLED(char n_SingleDigit)
//Input : char
//Returns : void
//Used to display a number.
//char 0-9 is given as an input and the corresponding
//light turns on using a switch statement
//Case 10 is used to turn off LED and turn off All the LED digits
void DisplayLED(int n_SingleDigit){
  switch(n_SingleDigit){
     //P20UT = 0xhgfedcba
     //0x00111111
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```
case 0:
    P2OUT = 0xC0;
   break;
//0x00000110
case 1:
   P20UT = 0xF9;
   break;
//0x01011011
case 2:
   P2OUT = 0xA4;
   break;
//0x01001111
case 3:
   P2OUT = 0xB0;
   break;
//0x01100110
case 4:
   P2OUT = 0x99;
   break;
//0x01101101
case 5:
   P2OUT = 0x92;
   break;
//0x01111101
case 6:
    P2OUT = 0x82;
   break;
//0x00000111
case 7:
   P2OUT = 0xF8;
   break;
//0x01111111
case 8:
   P2OUT = 0x80;
    break;
//0x01110111
case 9:
    P2OUT = 0x90;
   break;
case 10:
   P10UT = 0x00;
   P2OUT = 0xFF;
   break;
```

```
}
}
: Control_Dx(<u>int</u> n)
//Name
//Input : int
//Returns : void
//This function is responsible for displaying the numbers.
//It gets an input of the reading of the potentiometer.
//Depending on the number of digits required, the digits are turned on.
//Then the Display LED function is used to turn on the numbers, one
//number at a time.
//If the ADC number is 357. 7 is displayed on D1, 5 on D2 and 3 on D3.
//DisplayLED(10) is used to turn off everything
void Control_Dx(int n){
   int SingleDigit;
   //if n = 271, 2 is displayed on D1
   //then D1 is turned off and D2 is turned on
   //and 7 is displayed. Then D3 is turned on
   //and 1 is displayed
   if(n <= 9){
       //D4 - 0x00100000
       P10UT = 0x01;
       SingleDigit = n;
       DisplayLED(SingleDigit);
       delay cycles(10000);
   }
   else if((n>=10) && (n<=99)){
       //D4 - 0x00100000
       //D3 - 0x00010000
       DisplayLED(10);
       P10UT = 0 \times 01;
       SingleDigit = n % 10;
       DisplayLED(SingleDigit);
       delay cycles(10000);
       DisplayLED(10);
       P10UT = 0x20;
       SingleDigit = n / 10 % 10;
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```
DisplayLED(SingleDigit);
    delay cycles(10000);
    DisplayLED(10);
}
else if((n>=100) && (n<=999)){
    //D4 - 0x00100000
    //D3 - 0x00010000
    //D2 - 0x00000100
    P10UT = 0x01;
    SingleDigit = n % 10;
    DisplayLED(SingleDigit);
    _ delay cycles(10000);
    DisplayLED(10);
    P10UT = 0x20;
    SingleDigit = n / 10 % 10;
    DisplayLED(SingleDigit);
    delay cycles(10000);
   DisplayLED(10);
    P10UT = 0x40;
    <u>SingleDigit = n / 100 % 10;</u>
    DisplayLED(SingleDigit);
    delay cycles(10000);
    DisplayLED(10);
}
else if(n >= 1000){
    //D4 - 0x00100000
    //D3 - 0x00010000
    //D2 - 0x00000100
    //D1 - 0x00000010
    P10UT = 0x01;
    SingleDigit = n % 10;
   DisplayLED(SingleDigit);
    delay cycles(10000);
    DisplayLED(10);
    P10UT = 0x20;
    SingleDigit = n / 10 % 10;
    DisplayLED(SingleDigit);
    delay cycles(10000);
    DisplayLED(10);
```

```
P10UT = 0x40;
      SingleDigit = n / 100 % 10;
      DisplayLED(SingleDigit);
      delay cycles(10000);
     DisplayLED(10);
      P10UT = 0x80;
      SingleDigit = n / 1000 % 10;
     DisplayLED(SingleDigit);
      _ delay cycles(10000);
     DisplayLED(10);
   }
}
: Setup_Chip_one()
//Input : void
//Returns : void
//Sets up all the ports and pins used by Chip 1
void Setup_Chip_one(){
   //Function to Setup UART
   UART_Setup();
   P1IFG = 0x00;
   //Buzzer Setup
   Buzzer_Setup();
   //Timer Setup
   TimerA_Setup();
   //PWM Setup
   PWM_Setup();
   //Enable Interrupts
   _enable_interrupts();
}
//Name : void Setup_Chip_two()
//Input : void
//Returns : void
```

```
//Sets up all the ports and pins used by Chip 2
void Setup_Chip_two(){
   //Set XIN and XOUT to GPIO
   P2SEL = 0;
   P2SEL2 = 0;
   //P1.0,P1.5,P1.6,P1.7 -> D1,D2,D3,D4
   P1DIR = 0xE1;
   //Set P2.0 - P2.5 to output
   //P2.0 - P2.7 -> <u>abcdefgh</u>
   P2DIR = 0xFF;
   //Function to setup UART
   UART_Setup();
}
//Name
       : Program Chip one()
//Input : void
//Returns : void
//Program to be uploaded to Chip 2 This program is placed into an
//infinite while loop so it keeps occurring forever
void Program Chip one(){
   unsigned int j,k;
   //Sets up UltraSonic Sensor to read distance
   US_Sensor_Setup();
   //Delay for 30ms
   //If no object it found, ECHO times out
   delay cycles(30000);
   //Converting ECHO value to CM
   distance = sensorVal/58;
   //Get 10 Ultrasonic Readings in an array
   if(count <= 11){
       US Sensor Reading[count] = distance;
       count++;
   }
   //Sort the array with UltraSonic Sensor readings in
   //ascending order and their median will be the
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```
//distance in CM
   else if(count == 12){
       for(k=0; k<11; k++){
          for (j = 0; j+1<11-k; j++){}
              if (US_Sensor_Reading[j] > US_Sensor_Reading[j + 1]){
                  temp = US Sensor Reading[j];
                  US_Sensor_Reading[j] = US_Sensor_Reading[j + 1];
                  US_Sensor_Reading[j + 1] = temp;
              }
          }
       }
       temp = US_Sensor_Reading[6];
       //Five levels of sound for UltraSonic Sensor
       if(temp>=0 && temp<=80) TA1CCR1 = 250;</pre>
       else if(temp>=81 && temp<=160) TA1CCR1 = 100;</pre>
       else if(temp>=161 && temp<=240) TA1CCR1 = 50;</pre>
       else if(temp>=241 && temp<=320) TA1CCR1 = 15;</pre>
       else if(temp>=321) TA1CCR1 = 5;
       count = 0;
   }
   //Send UltraSonic Sensor readings to Chip 2
   uartTransmitData(temp/2);
}
: Program_Chip_two()
//Name
//Input : void
//Returns : void
//Program to be uploaded to Chip 2 This program is placed into an
//infinite while loop so it keeps occurring forever
void Program_Chip_two(){
   //Display ADC Value from Chip 1 on the LED
   Control_Dx(uartReceiveData()*2);
}
```