

Development Environment Set up

Created by Rajeev Chamyal, last modified by Ambarish Rapte on Mar 22, 2019

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Setting up build environment.

Pre-requisites

- **[Windows/Linux/Mac] Boot JDK :** jdk for building OpenJDK.

JAVA SE9 / 10 /11 latest edition from: <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/index.html>

It is advised to use the latest JDK builds as boot JDK (**10 / 11**)

OR

JDK bundles from: <https://java.se.oracle.com/artifactory/re-release-local/jdk/> And/OR
<http://jre.us.oracle.com/java/re/jdk>

Set env variables: Typical set of exports for Java on **Windows**
export JAVA_HOME="D:\\jdk_bundle\\10\\46\\jdk-10"

export JDK_HOME=\$JAVA_HOME

export JAVA_BIN=\$JAVA_HOME\\bin

export PATH=\${JAVA_BIN}: \${PATH}

- **[Windows/Linux/Mac]Mercurial SCM** (source control management tool)
 - Cygwin includes mercurial. The version would be little older but it would be sufficient
 - Latest mercurial on <https://mercurial.selenic.com/wiki/Download>
 - [Windows] TortoiseHg GUI Front end to Mercurial <http://tortoisehg.bitbucket.org/download/>
 - For Mac check the default system python version and install compatible mercurial version.
 - **[Ubuntu] See Virtual Linux OS**
 - sudo apt-get update
 - sudo apt-get install mercurial
- **[Windows/Linux/Mac]IDE**
 - IntelliJ IDEA (Latest Community Edition) - <https://www.jetbrains.com/idea/>
 - Netbeans latest Development build: <https://netbeans.apache.org/download/index.html>
- **[Windows] DirectX Software Development Kit**
 - Direct X9 : <https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=6812>
- **[Windows] Visual Studio**
 - Visual Studio 2013 / 2015 : <https://uno.oraclecorp.com/uno/dssm>
 - Microsoft site : <https://visualstudio.microsoft.com/vs/older-downloads/>
 -
- **[Windows] Cygwin**
 1. Install cygwin [Windows] from <https://cygwin.com/install.html>
 2. Run the cygwin setup-x86_64.exe (preferable 64 bit)
 3. Select <http://mirrors.kernel.org> server for downloading packages.
 4. Required cygwin packages for building JDK are Devel and archive
 5. Set JAVA_HOME, JDK_HOME & PATH env variables in ~/.bashrc
- **[Solaris]Solaris**
 1. Download Oracle Solaris 11.2 VM template for Oracle VM Virtual box from <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/server-storage/solaris11/downloads/vm-templates-2245495.html>
 2. Follow these steps to install the Oracle 11.2 on Oracle VM, <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/systems/hands-on-labs/s11-vbox-install-1408628.html>
 - a. Please note above guide installs 32-bit (i386 arch), please download related image to your need.
 3. After installation change proxy to www-proxy.idc.oracle.com:80
 4. Follow these steps and install solaris studio 12.4,

http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E37069_01/html/E37072/gozlw.html#scrolltoc
 5. Update the PATH variable
 - a. gedit ~/.profile
 - b. export PATH=\${PATH}:/opt/solarisstudio12.4/bin/
 6. Install necessary packages for build
 - a. pfexec pkg install jdk-8
 - b. pkg install SUNWmercurial
 - c. pfexec pkg install SUNWgmake SUNWcups SUNWzip SUNWunzip SUNWxwhl SUNWxorg-headers SUNWaugh SUNWfreetype2
 - d. sudo pkg install [pkg:/developer/assembler](#)
 7. Follow below given steps to download the JDK source repo
 8. There is a slight change in build command, please check the build section below.
- **[Mac] Xcode** application for Mac OS X <https://developer.apple.com/xcode/>
- **Virtual Linux OS**
 - [Windows/Mac] Latest virtual box <https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads>
 - [Windows/Mac] Ubuntu 16.04 / 18.04 LTS 64 bit on Virtual box <http://www.ubuntu.com/download/desktop> : (prefer 16.04)
 - [Linux - Ubuntu] : After installation of Virtual OS - do below steps to get started :
 - a. Set the system wide network proxy : www-proxy.idc.oracle.com:80
 - b. Open a terminal and issue command : "sudo apt-get update"
 - c. The above command may fail to connect to internet. The browser does connect to internet but terminal fails. Use below steps to solve the problem.
 - i. Change of proxy:
 1. Change proxy setting to automatic method using configuration URL <http://wpad/wpad.dat>.
 2. If this does not work follow below steps.
 - ii. apt.conf
 1. Launch terminal

2. `cd /etc/apt`
3. `sudo gedit apt.conf`
4. Add below two lines to apt.conf & save the file


```
Acquire::http::proxy "http://www-proxy.idc.oracle.com:80/";
Acquire::ftp::proxy "http://www-proxy.idc.oracle.com:80/";
```
5. Save the apt.conf file & start new terminal. The terminal should connect to internet.
- d. Install **mercurial**: `sudo apt-get install mercurial`
- e. To use shared folder of host system, run below command and restart the VM.
 - i. `sudo adduser <user_name> vboxsf`

Building JDK

Step 1: get open + closed sources

- a. Dev repository
 - i. `hg clone http://closedjdk.us.oracle.com/jdk/client`
 - ii. `cd client`
 - iii. `sh get_source.sh OR hg clone http://hg.openjdk.java.net/jdk/client open`
- b. Old repository (**NOT REQUIRED**)
 - i. `hg clone http://hg.openjdk.java.net/jdk/client`
 - ii. `cd client`
 - iii. `sh get_source.sh`
 - iv. `sh get_source.sh http://closedjdk.us.oracle.com` // you need to be on OWAN/VPNed in for this one
 - v. To save build time and also to avoid figuring it out since we rarely need these :- `rm -rf pubs deploy install`

Step 2: Build JDK on Linux(Virtual box)/Windows/Mac OS X

1. Linux / Windows / Mac

- **Configure the build**
 - navigate to **client** directory in terminal
 - `sh configure`
 - In case of errors follow the error log to install missing packages
 - There are three types of build based of debug level, release, fastdebug & slowdebug.
 - release, `sh configure`
 - fast debug, `sh configure --enable-debug`
 - slow debug, `sh configure --with-debug-level=slowdebug`
 - Can provide boot jdk with `--with-boot-jdk` option.
 - Command for more help on options: `sh configure --help`
- **BuildJDK**
 - navigate to **client** directory in terminal
 - make help : up-to-date list of important make targets and make control variables
 - make
 - make images
 - make demos
 - make all
 - make CONF=<conf name> where <conf name> on **ubuntu** is linux-x86-normal-server-release / linux-x86-normal-server-fastdebug / linux-x86-normal-server-slowdebug
 - release, make CONF=**linux-x86-normal-server-release**
 - fastdebug, make CONF=**linux-x86-normal-server-fastdebug**
 - slowdebug, make CONF=**linux-x86-normal-server-slowdebug**
 - Build directory : client / build / (XXXXXX-release / fastdebug / slowdebug)

2. Solaris

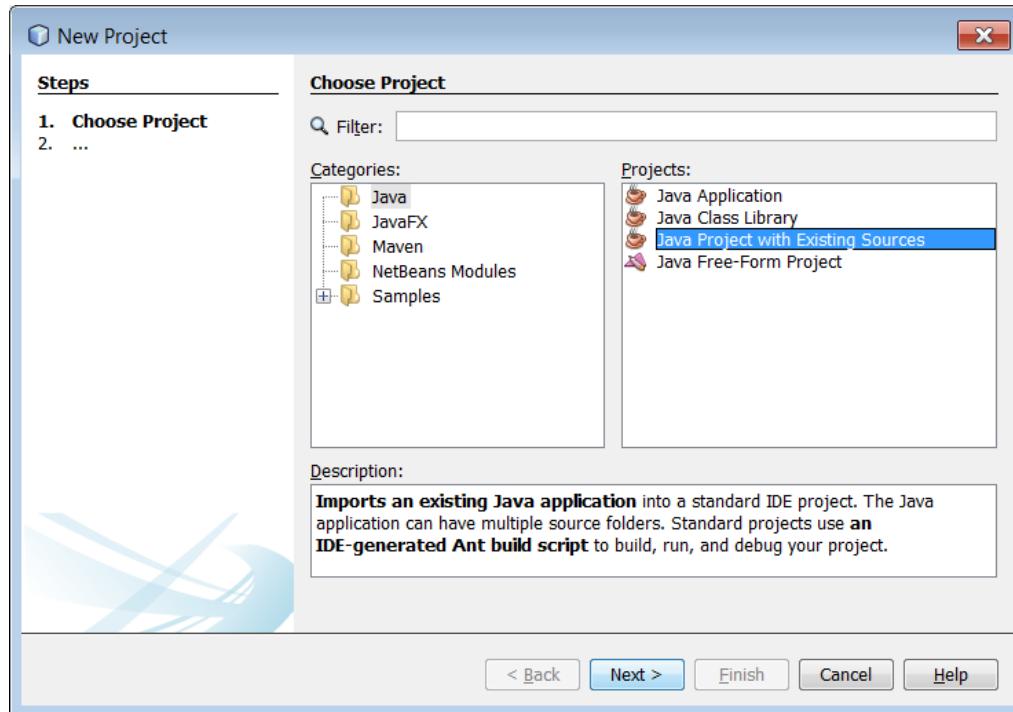
- Steps are same as above but there is slight change as below
- In `sh configure` command, these two options may be required `--disable-warnings-as-errors` & `--with-native-debug-symbols=internal`
- Use `gmake` command instead of `make`

3. Mac

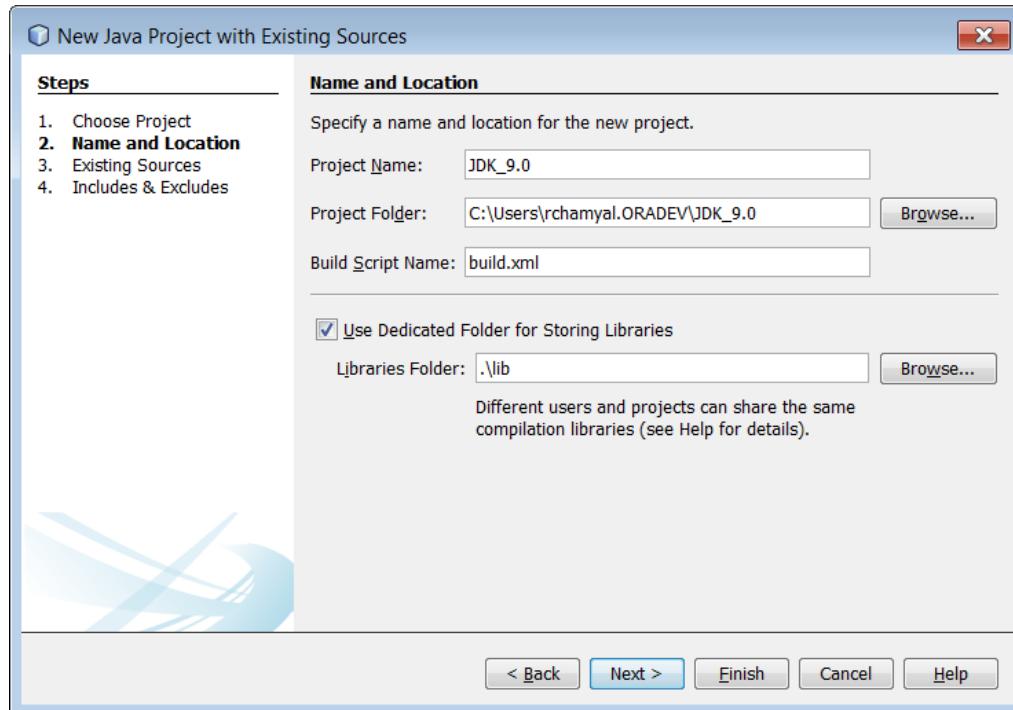
- Steps are same as above but there is slight change as below
- In `sh configure` command, `--disable-warnings-as-errors` option may be required.

Netbeans: Creating java project with JDK source files

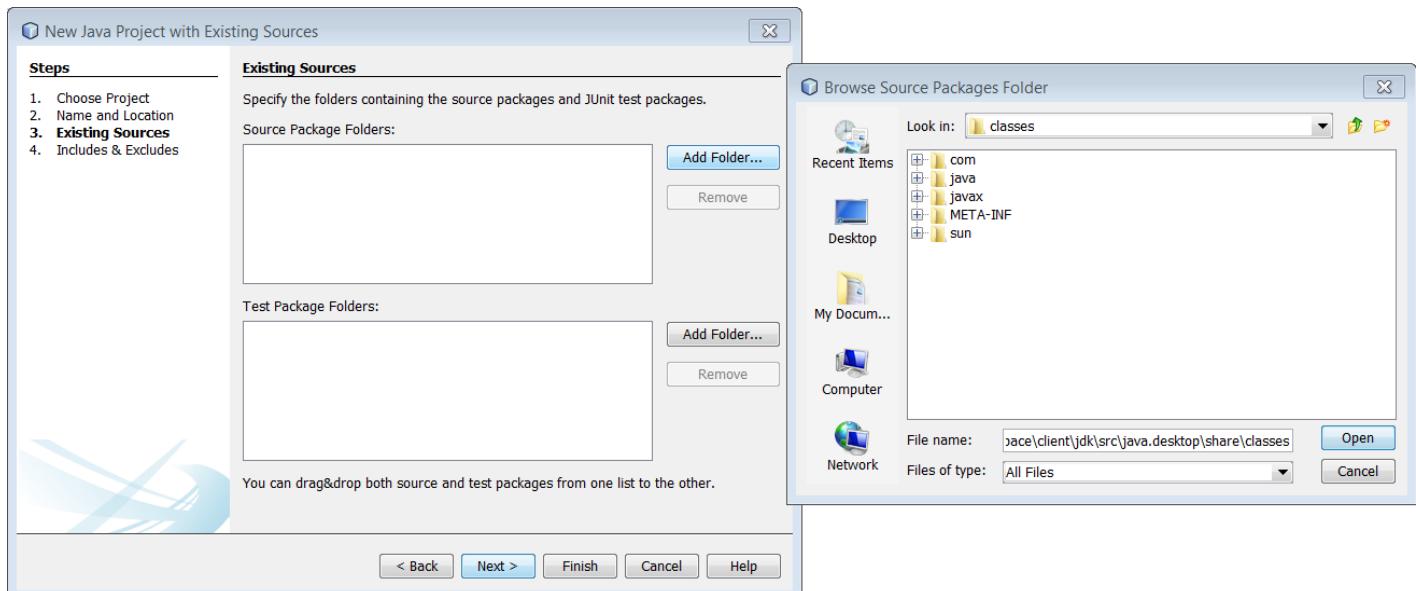
1. Create new java project with existing sources.



2. Give some name to project and click next.



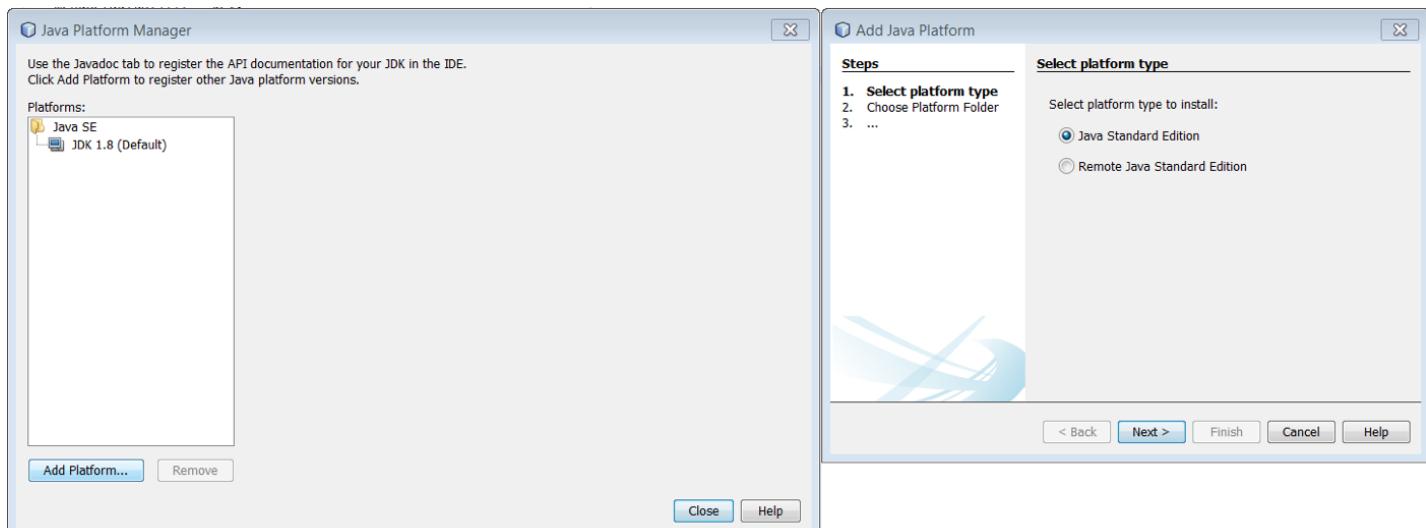
3. Add the relevant source folders depending on the module you are working and then click finish. A new project will be created in netbeans.



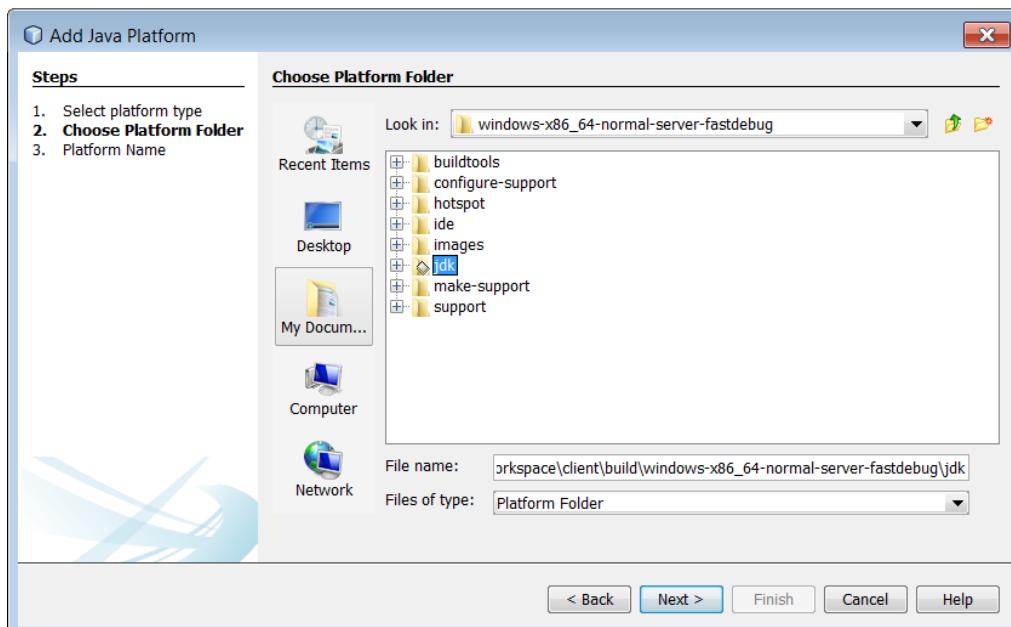
Netbeans: Creating java platform with locally built JDK

1. Add new JAVA platform to Netbeans. Click on tools menu in Netbeans toolbar Tools->Java Platform.

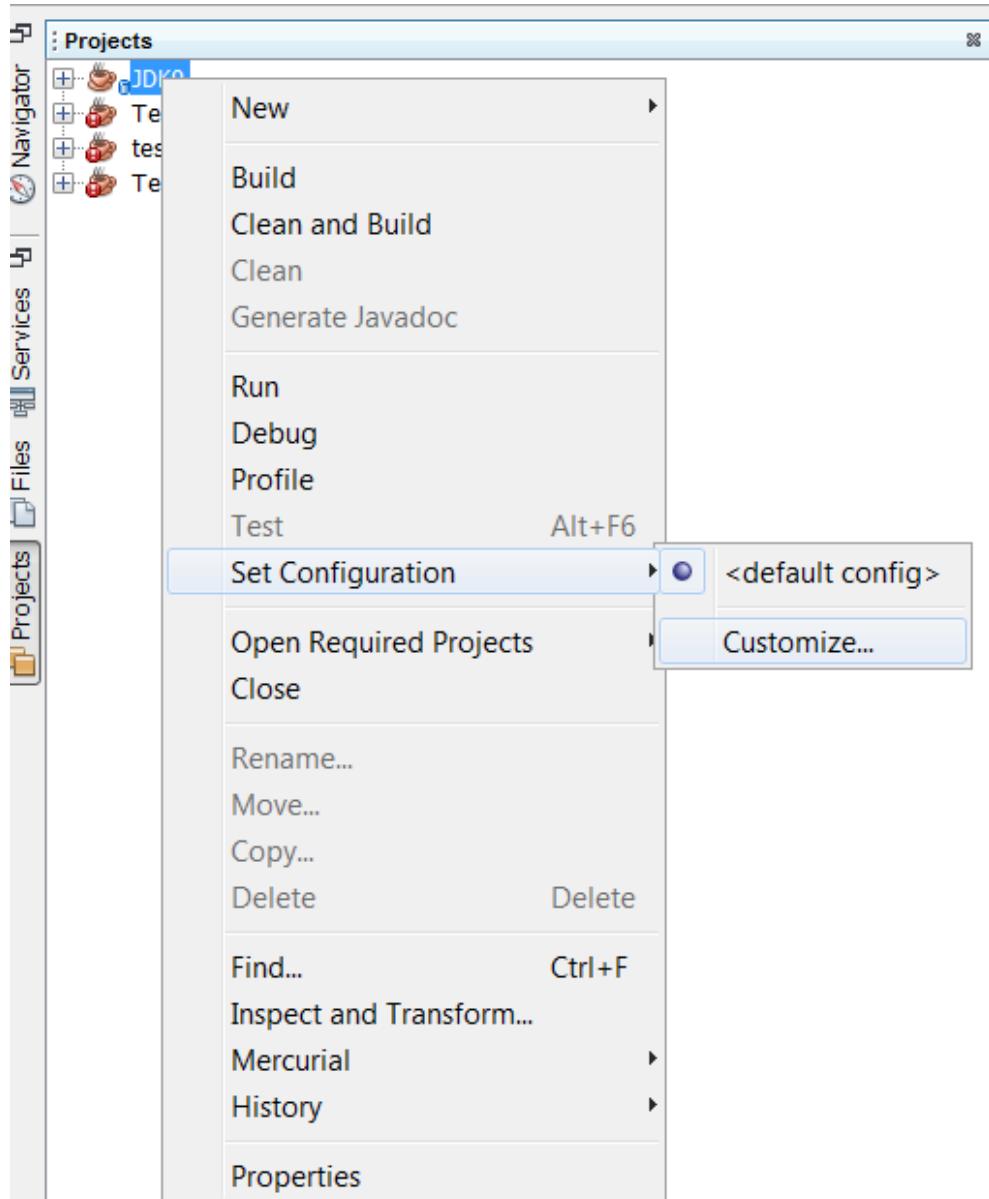
Click on Add Platform.. button. Select Java Standard Edition and click next.



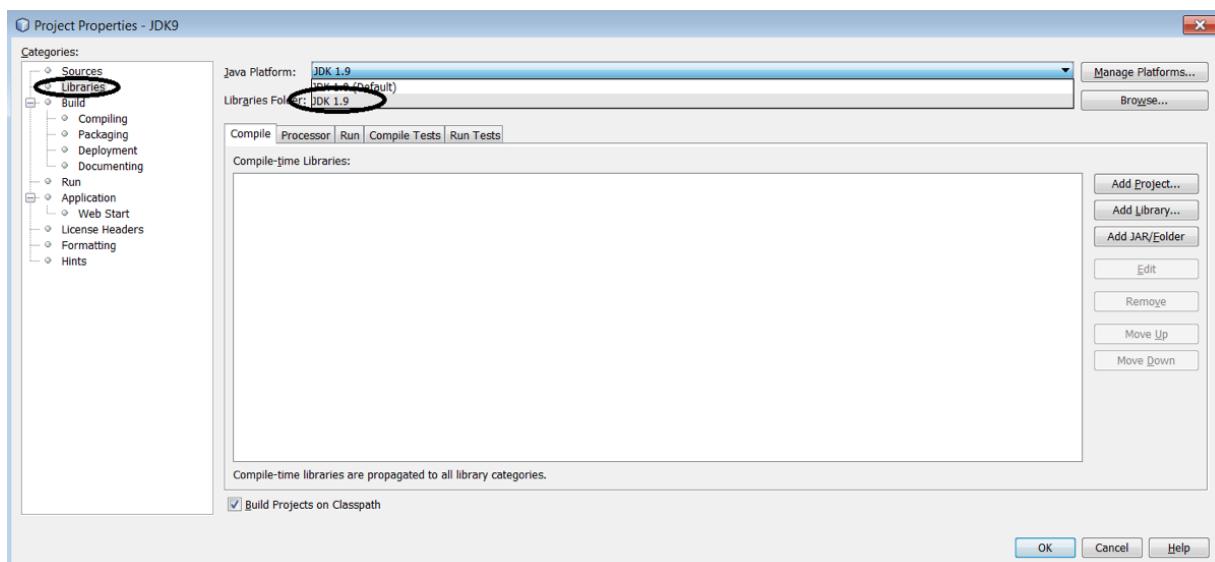
2. Select JDK folder from <PATH>\client\build\windows-x86_64-normal-server-fastdebug and click next. Select finish on opened dialog.



3. Right click on the newly created JDK project. In popup menu select Set Configuration-> Customize.

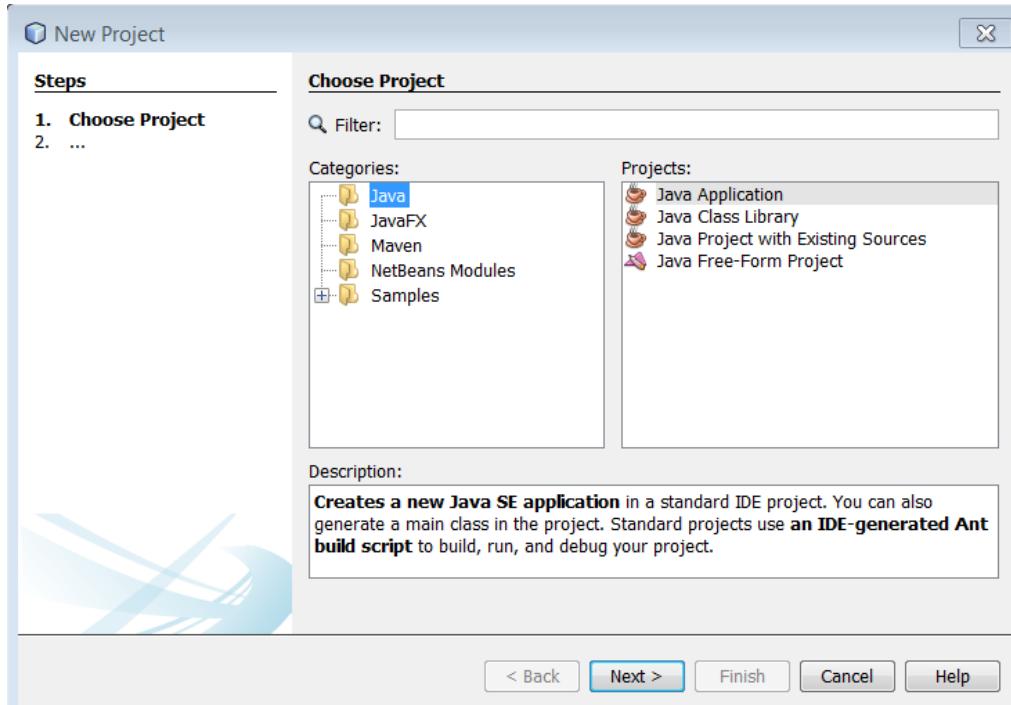


Clicking on customize will open following dialog. Make selections in this dialog as shown in snapshot and click ok

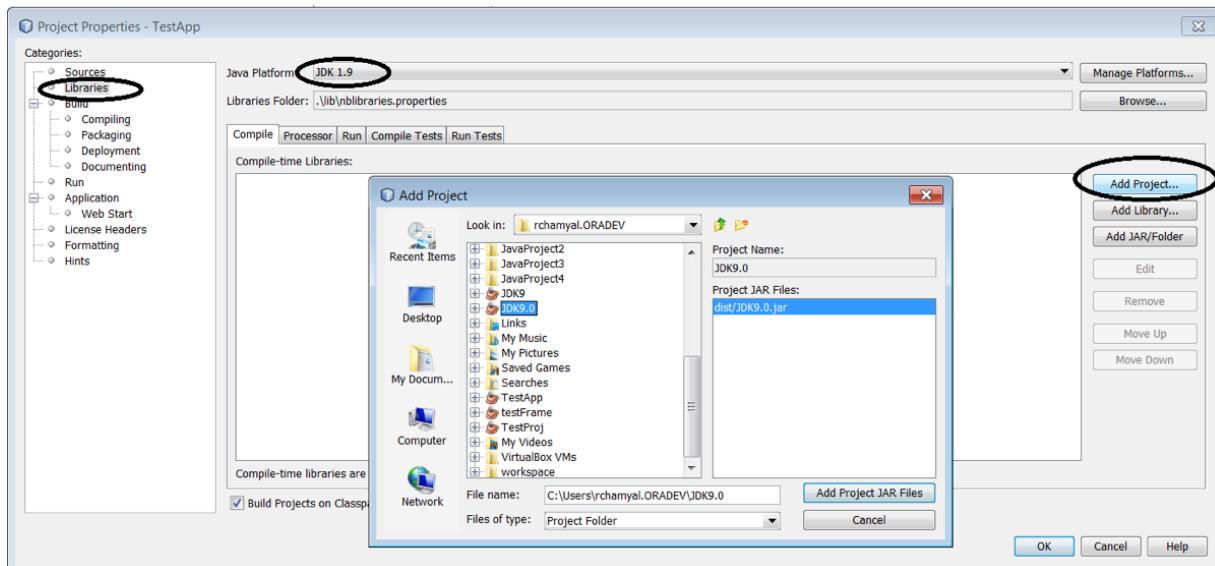


Netbeans: Creating JDK project with java sources / JDK platform

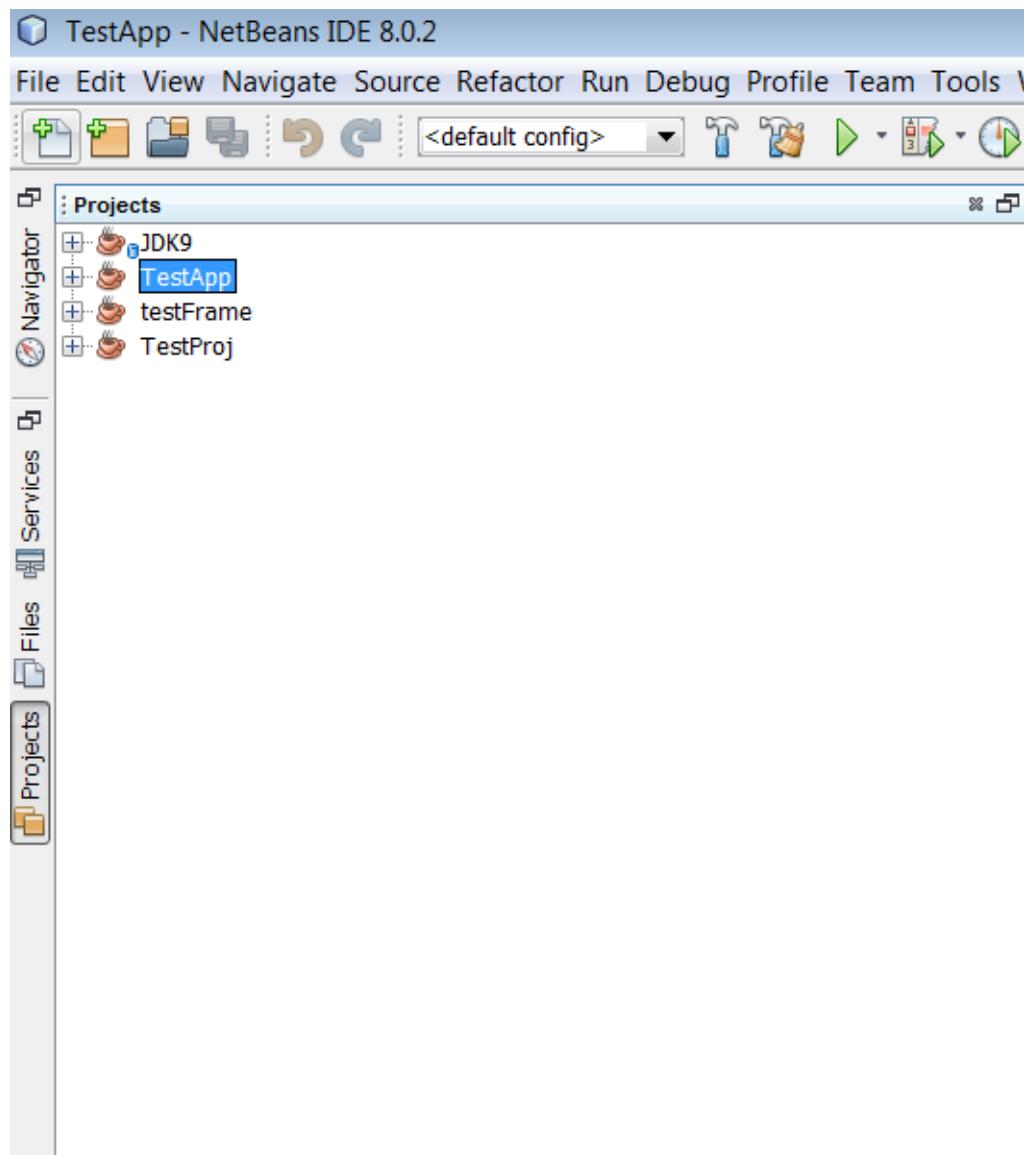
1. For debugging your java applications create a new normal java project.



2. Right click on the new JAVA project .In popup menu select [Set Configuration->customize](#).Select below options in the newly opened dialog.



3. New Projects will be created under projects tab in netbeans.

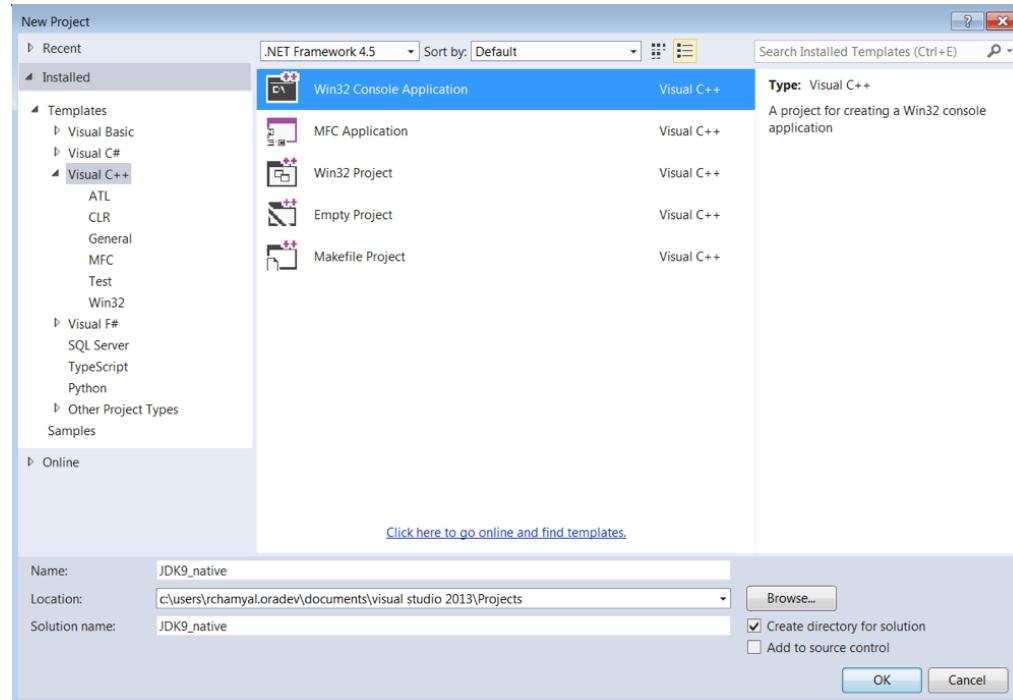


Visual Studio: Native code project setup for debugging

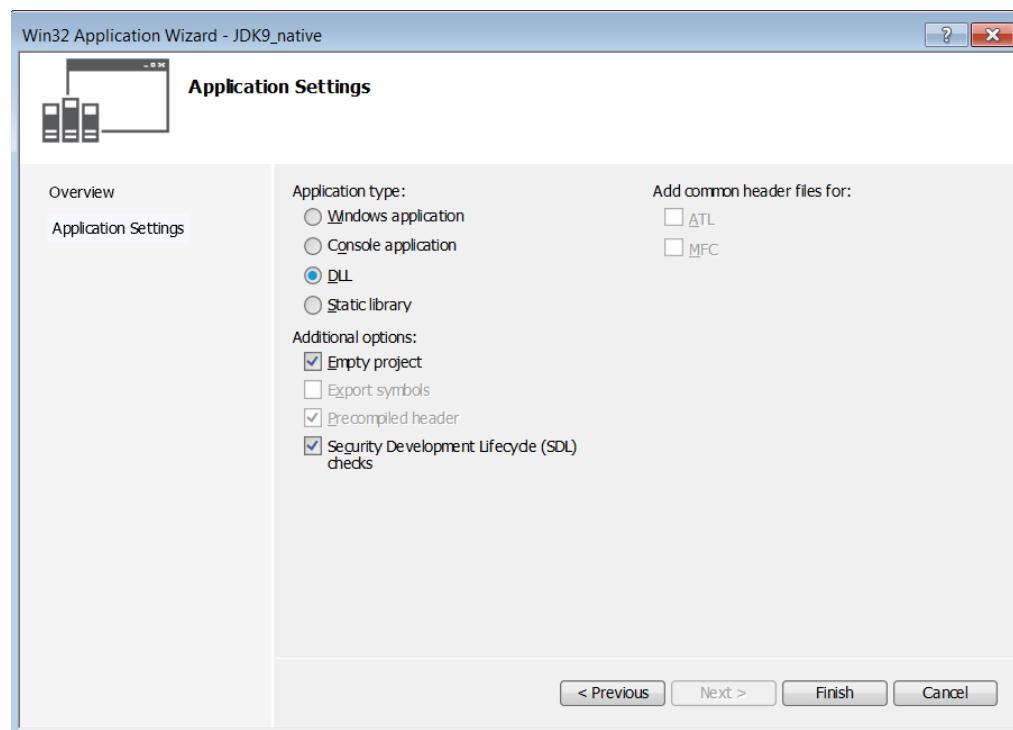
Windows

Visual Studio

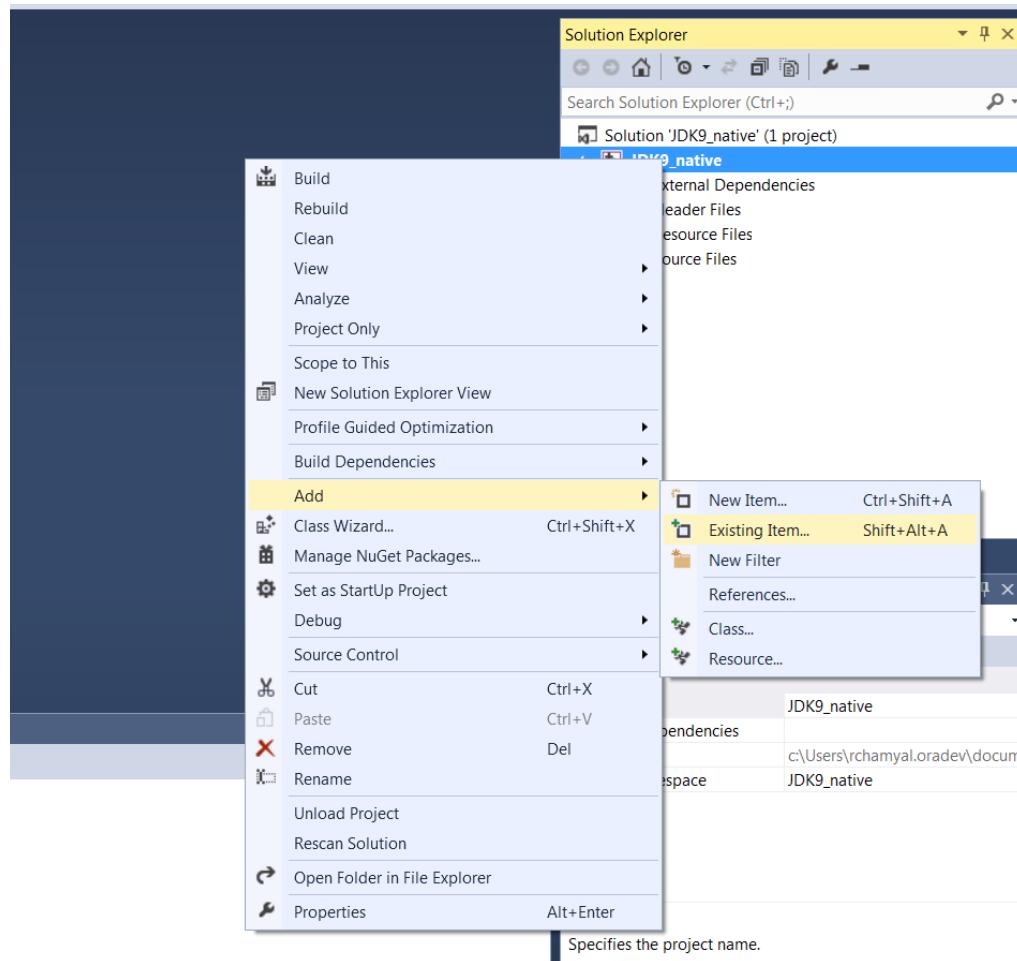
1. Create new Win32 Console Application and click ok and then click next



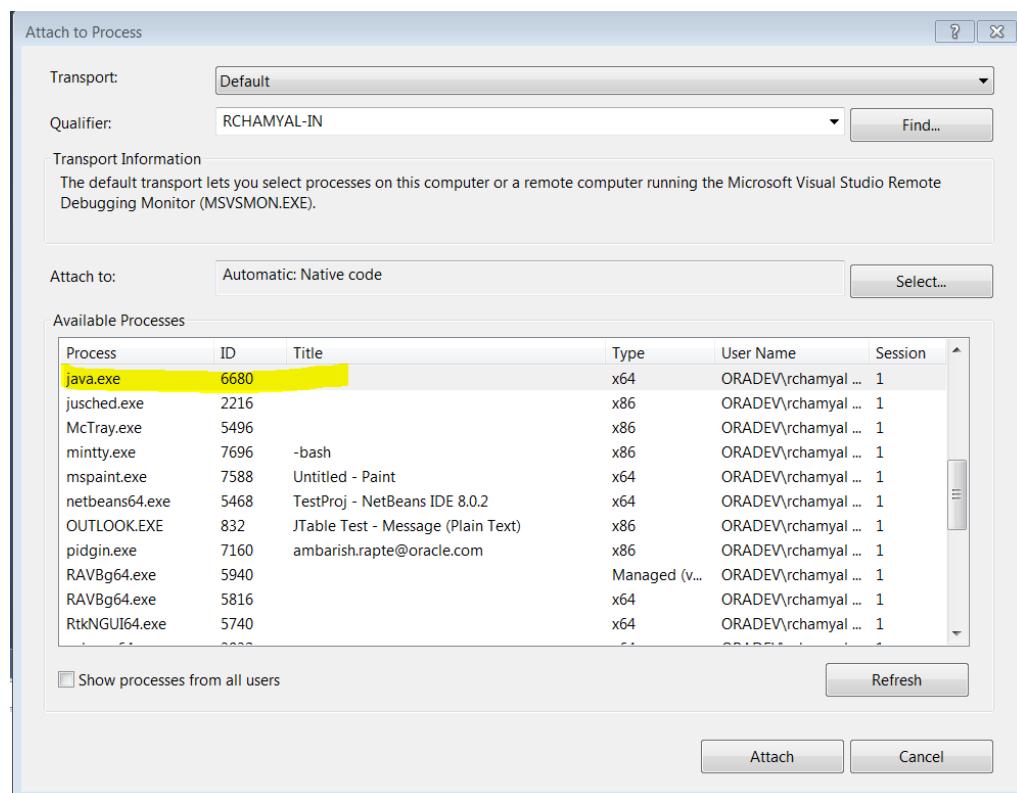
2. Make selections as in the dialog and click finish



3. Add required headers and source files as shown in snapshot.

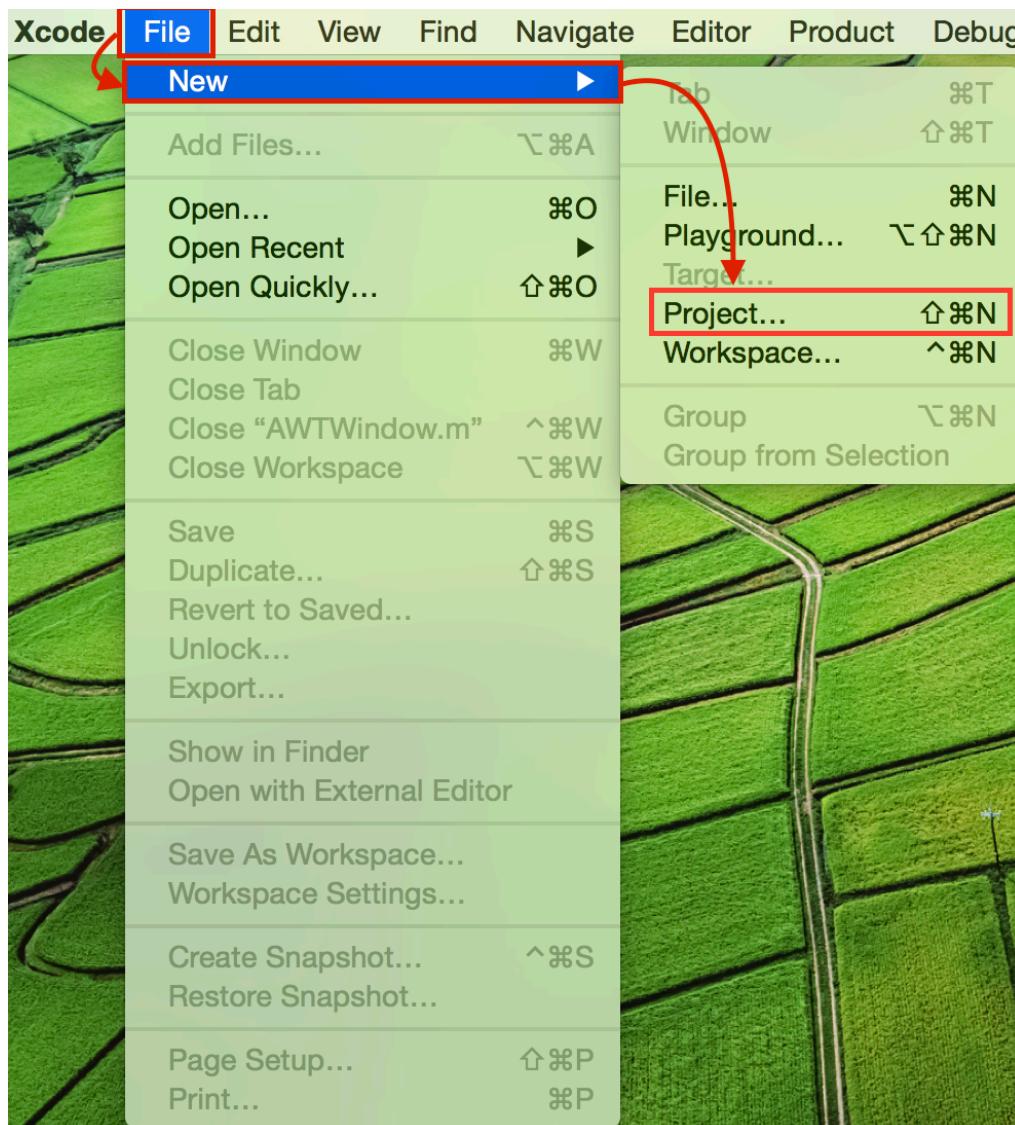


4. For debugging start a java process and attach to visual studio debugger. Click on Debug menu in main menu bar and select Attach to Process....

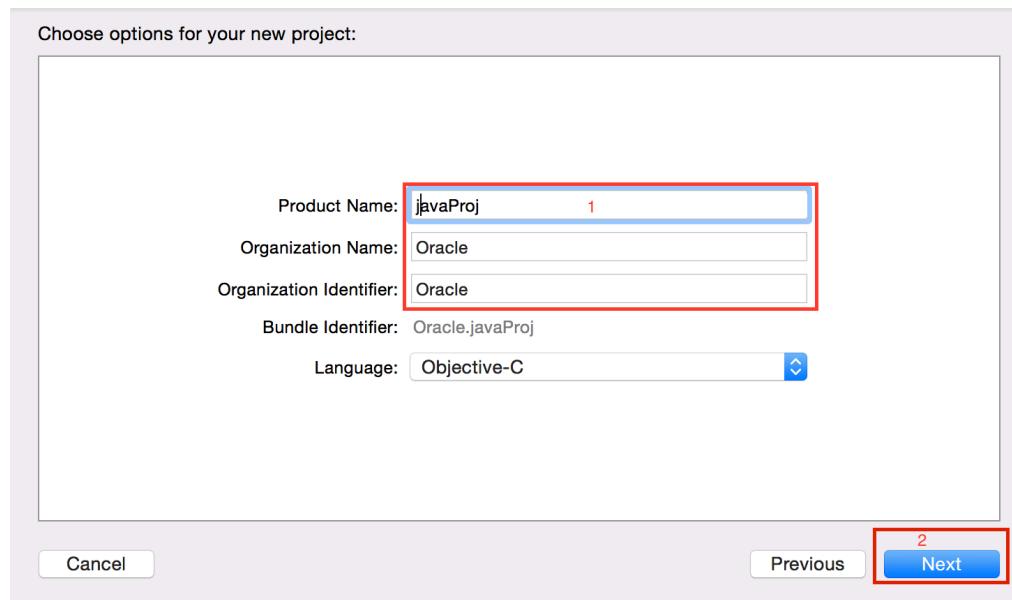
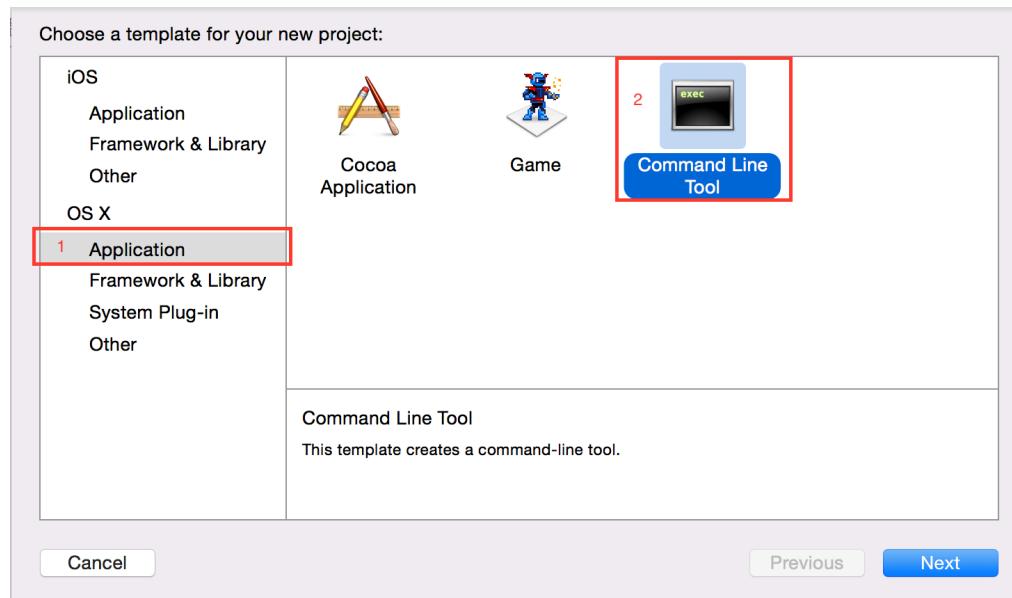


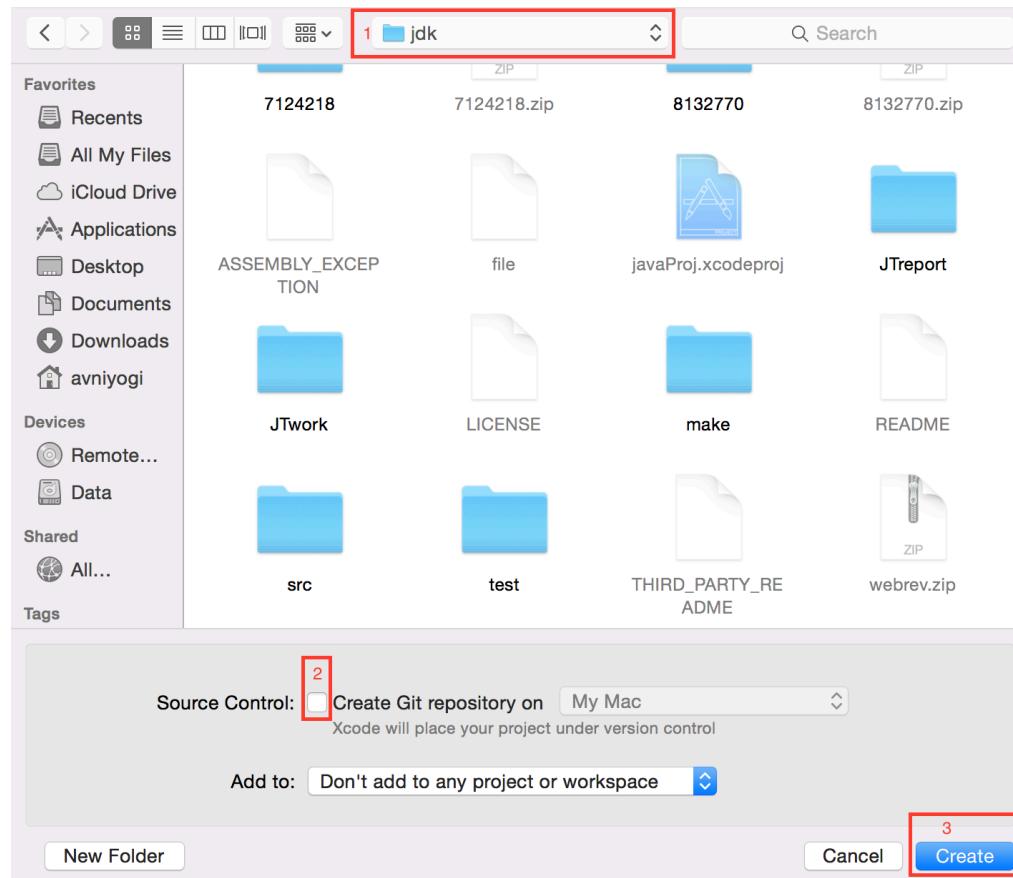
Mac OS X using Xcode

1) Open Xcode application on Mac OS X

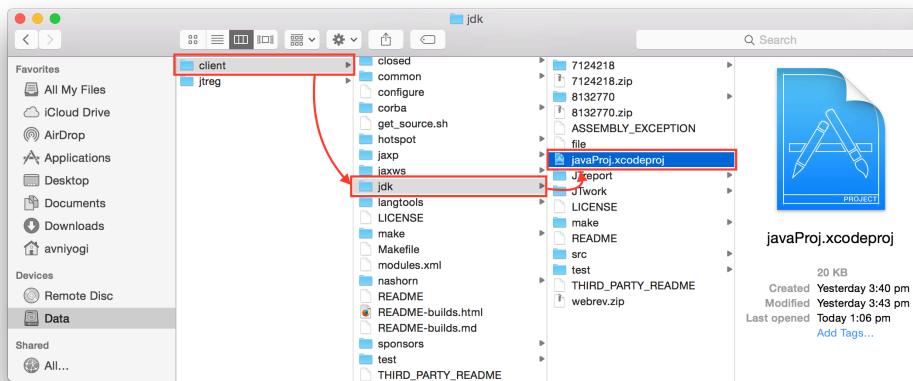


2) Create a "javaProj" (lets assume this is file name, other file name can be used appropriately. For the purpose of this document it is assumed to be javaProj.xcodeProj) in the below manner in steps indicated by order of annotation numerals:

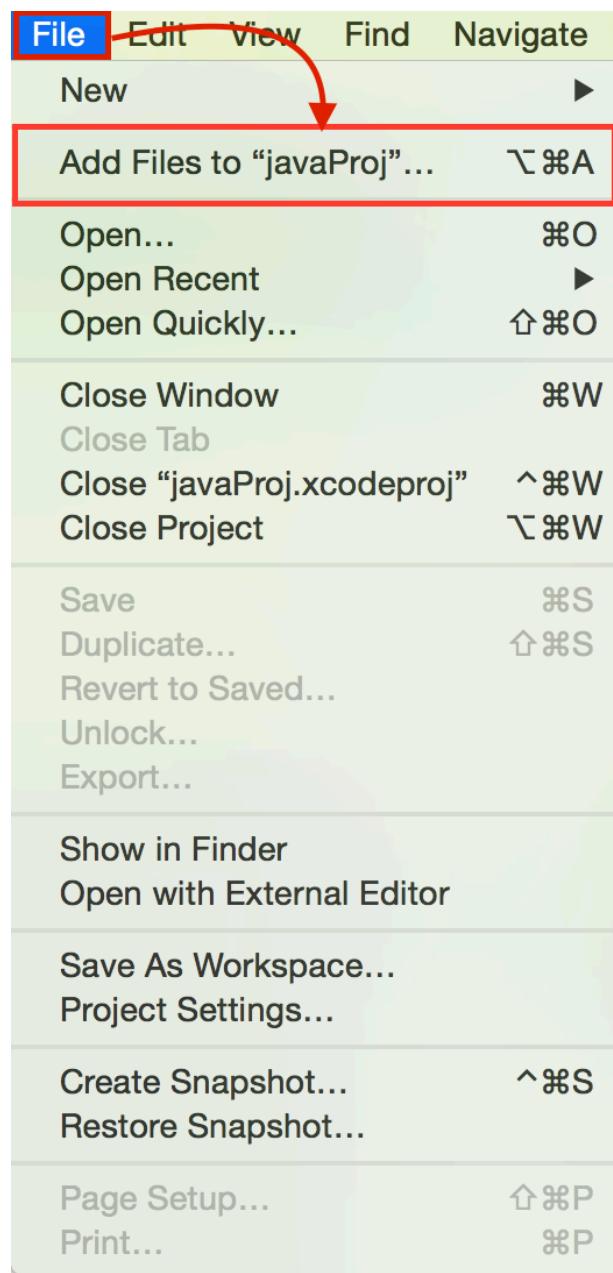


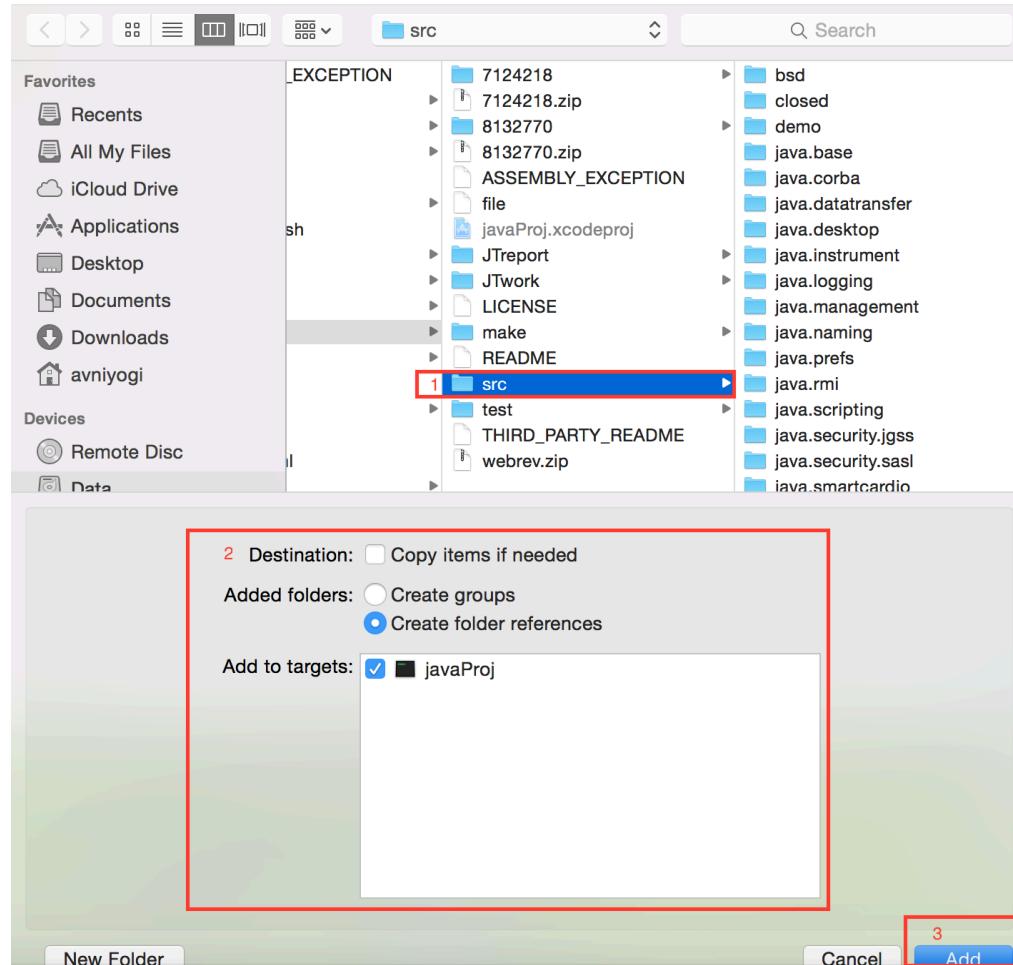


3) Delete auto created files from project menu and make sure the javaProj.xcodeproj is moved to below location.

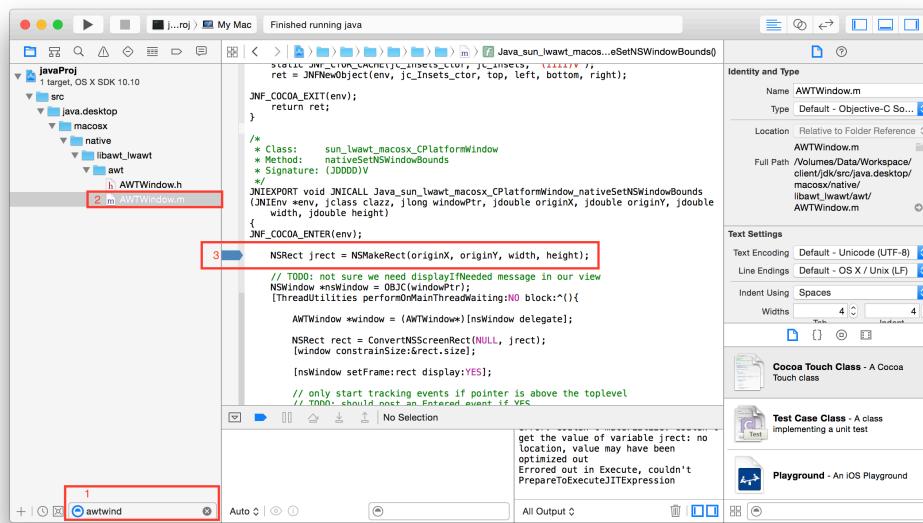


4) Add src folder in below manner:

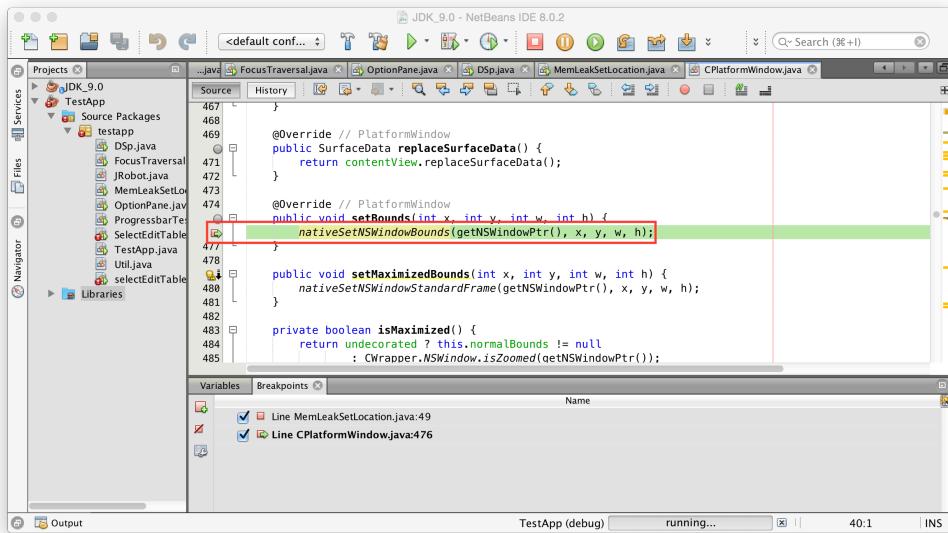




5) Add breakpoint in "required" Objective C (*.m) file. Note: Which file is required is based on understanding of JNI and some Spotlight Searching.



6) Add breakpoint to Netbeans project and make sure it is the native call method used by the running java file



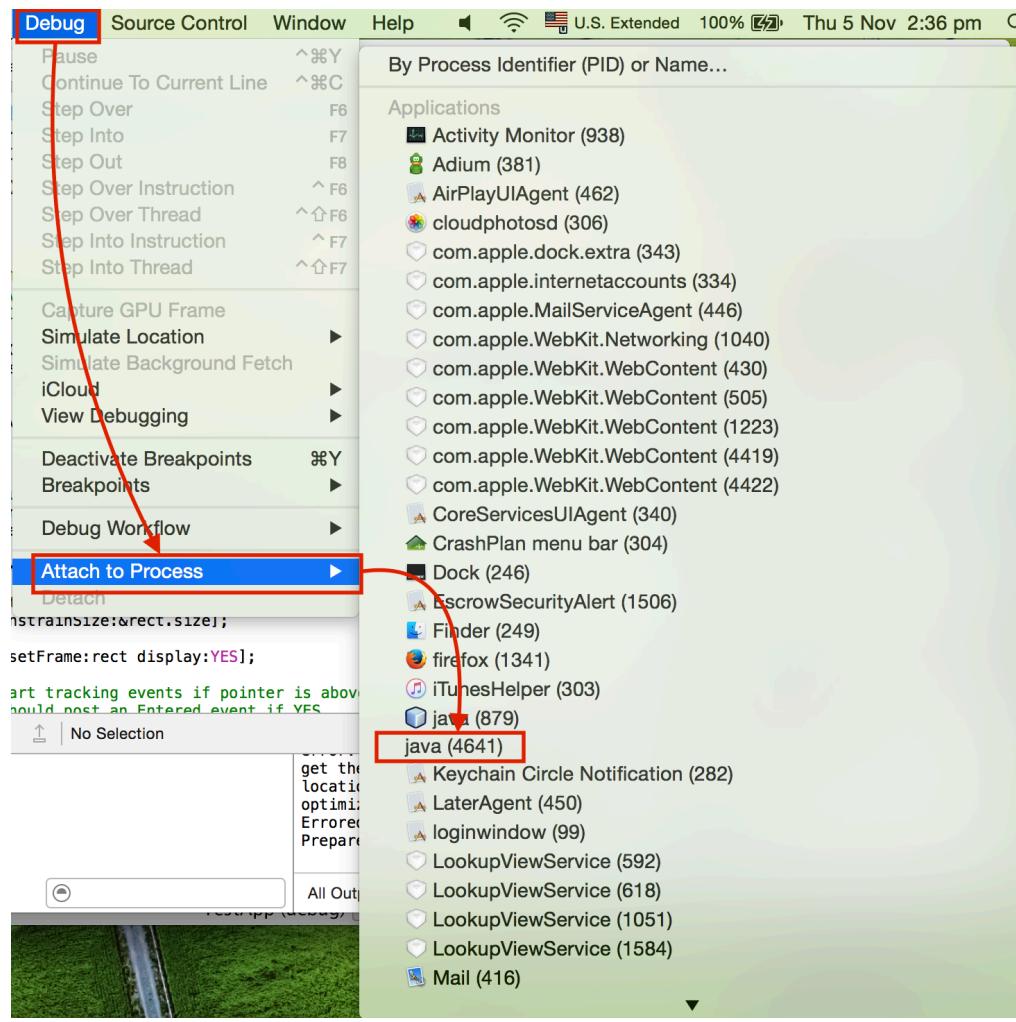
7) Look for process ID of running java file in Activity Monitor after running debugger in Netbeans. Note it.

Process Name	Memory	Compressed Mem	Threads	Ports	PID	User
NetBeans	1,022.8 MB	0 bytes	53	318	879	avniyogi
Xcode	620.6 MB	0 bytes	13	495	555	avniyogi
https://mail.google.com	475.6 MB	0 bytes	22	293	4422	avniyogi
Firefox	356.9 MB	0 bytes	51	257	1341	avniyogi
http://www.scoopwhoop.co...	289.7 MB	0 bytes	16	242	4419	avniyogi
Finder	221.8 MB	0 bytes	5	343	249	avniyogi
http://www.tutorialspoint.com	123.2 MB	0 bytes	11	215	123	avniyogi
Safari	89.8 MB	0 bytes	9	354	137	avniyogi
MemLeakSetLocation	71.7 MB	0 bytes	35	219	4641	avniyogi
Adium	65.8 MB	0 bytes	9	294	381	avniyogi
Mail	57.9 MB	0 bytes	10	370	416	avniyogi
Dock	50.4 MB	0 bytes	3	258	246	avniyogi
Activity Monitor	37.1 MB	0 bytes	7	214	938	avniyogi
Mail Web Content	36.3 MB	0 bytes	11	230	430	avniyogi
CalendarAgent	29.3 MB	0 bytes	4	197	289	avniyogi
Spotlight	22.2 MB	0 bytes	6	258	365	avniyogi
Mail Web Content	20.8 MB	0 bytes	8	192	505	avniyogi
Safari Networking	19.4 MB	0 bytes	7	112	1040	avniyogi
callservicesd	18.7 MB	0 bytes	2	162	345	avniyogi
soagent	18.4 MB	0 bytes	2	92	301	avniyogi
Photos Agent	17.4 MB	0 bytes	7	198	306	avniyogi
Terminal	16.4 MB	0 bytes	6	197	1560	avniyogi
Notification Center	16.2 MB	0 bytes	3	207	284	avniyogi

Below the table, there is a summary section titled "MEMORY PRESSURE" showing system memory usage:

- Physical Memory: 16.00 GB
- Memory Used: 7.95 GB
- Cache: 7.89 GB
- Swap Used: 0 bytes
- App Memory: 6.38 GB
- Wired Memory: 1.56 GB
- Compressed: 0 bytes

8) Attach the java process to Xcode debugger in following manner.



9) Find the execution stop at breakpoint in Xcode

```

static JNIF_CTOR_CACHED(jc_insets_cctor, jc_insets, "(IIIII)V");
ret = JNFNewObject(env, jc_Insets_ctor, top, left, bottom, right);

JNF_COCOA_EXIT(env);
return ret;
}

/*
 * Class:      sun_lwawt_macosx_CPlatformWindow
 * Method:    nativeSetNSWindowBounds
 * Signature: (JDDDD)
 */
JNIEXPORT void JNICALL Java_sun_lwawt_macosx_CPlatformWindow_nativeSetNSWindowBounds
(JNIEnv *env, jclass clazz, jlong windowPtr, jdouble originX, jdouble originY, jdouble
width, jdouble height)
{
JNF_COCOA_ENTER(env);

NSRect jrect = NSMakeRect(originX, originY, width, height);

// TODO: not sure we need displayIfNeeded message in our view
NSWindow *nsWindow = OBJC(windowPtr);

[ThreadUtilities performOnMainThreadWaiting:NO block:^{
Java: AWT-EventQueue-0 (32): breakpoint 1.1
    AWTWindow *window = (AWTWindow*)[nsWindow delegate];

    NSRect rect = ConvertNSScreenRect(NULL, jrect);
    [window constrainSize:&rect.size];

    [nsWindow setFrame:rect display:YES];

    // only start tracking events if pointer is above the toplevel
    // TODO: should post an Entered event if YES
}

```

(lldb)

Auto | All Output |

Note: Some values are not available with debugger. Use command line code like "po" to get the values of the same on the console.

JTREG Test Execution

Note : To run jtreg for JDK9 build having Jigsaw download jtreg from :
<http://jre.us.oracle.com/java/re/jtreg/4.2/promoted/latest/bundles/>

Setup

1. General information can be found at <http://openjdk.java.net/jtreg/index.html>
2. Download jtreg [jtreg4.1-b12.tar.gz] from, <https://adopt-openjdk.ci.cloudbees.com/job/jtreg/lastSuccessfulBuild/artifact/>
3. Extract the jtreg at convenient location on machine.

Execution

1. Open terminal and navigate to jdk/test folder. ex. `cd ~/workspace/jdk1.9/client/jdk/test/`
- Run a test using jtreg command `jtreg -jdk:test-jdk-ptah test-or-folder...`

where,

- a. **jtreg**, is the bin/jtreg in extracted jtreg package.
- b. **test-jdk-ptah**, is the absolute path to locally built java home folder to be tested against.
- c. **test-or-folder**, is the path of test folder, or individual test file to be executed.

Example:

`~/workspace/jtreg/bin/jtreg -jdk:/home/user/workspace/jdk1.9/client/build/linux-x86-normal-server-fastdebug/jdk/ java.awt/Mixing/AWT_Mixing/OpaqueOverlappingChoice.java`

3. Test report will be generated at, [jdk1.9/ client/ jdk/ test/ JTreport](#)

More information on running jtreg can be found in <http://openjdk.java.net/jtreg/runtests.html>

JCK Test Execution

1. Download JCK-runtime-9.jar

<http://jre.us.oracle.com/java/re/jck/9/promoted/latest/bundles/JCK-runtime-9.jar>

2. Download JCK-extra-9.zip

<http://jre.us.oracle.com/java/re/jck/9/promoted/latest/extra/bundles/JCK-extra-9.zip>

3. Put files downloaded above to the same directory

4. Extract the jar content

> <jdk> / bin / java -jar JCK-runtime-9.jar

5. Unzip JCK-extra-9.zip

6. Build JDK images on your working JDK with the applied fix:

> make images

7. Run the JCK tests with the built JDK from images: (I believe it is placed in <build-jdk>/build/<os-normal-server>/images/jdk, but it could be changed)

> <jdk from images>/bin/java -jar JCK-runtime-9/lib/jtjck.jar "api/javax_swing/JTabbedPane"

or using the -jdk option:

> <jdk>/bin/java -jar JCK-runtime-9/lib/jtjck.jar -jdk <jdk from images> "api/javax_swing/JTabbedPane"

Note : above example is for api/javax_swing/JTabbedPane JCK tests. Please refer to JCK-runtime-9/tests directory to check and provide path of the particular set of tests you are interested in.

To run interactive tests (and with added vm options), you need to execute the following

```
bin/java -jar JCK-runtime-12/lib/jtjck.jar -vmoptions:-Dswing.defaultlaf=com.sun.java.swing.plaf.motif.MotifLookAndFeel -v -k:interactive "api/javax_swing/interactive/JTextAreaTests.java"
```

JPRT (JDK Putback Reliability Testing) build

Steps to do JPRT build

1. Install autofs: sudo apt-get install autofs

2. Modify /etc/auto.master file and add "/net /etc/auto.net" as the first entry

3. Restart autofs service: /etc/init.d/autofs restart

4. Check to see if you can access /net/scaaa637.us.oracle.com/ [reboot if autofs restart does not work]

Execute command "/net/scaaa637.us.oracle.com/export/archives/data/jprt/archive/west/dist/bin/jprt" to see if it can access jprt script. You should see this output

- a. JPRT Version: 3.3.227: (2015-11-15) Case Of the Ancient Romeo [53a2573e96dc]

JPRT System: west [scaaa563.us.oracle.com:5325]

Java Version: 1.8.0_45

Execute command from "client" directory or topmost directory of the client workspace

- a. /net/scaaa637.us.oracle.com/export/archives/data/jprt/archive/west/dist/bin/jprt submit -stree . -bo -lt -noqa -quickabortcount 1000 -email prasanta.sadhukhan@oracle.com

- b. the above command will only build the workspace for different targets. it will not run any tests. If you want to run all tests add parameters "-testset all" to the above commandline.

- c. It will bundle your source code and upload to the jprt server and start the jprt build and send you notification to your email once it completes which might take 2-3 hrs depending on slowness of server.

- d. you can see the progress in <http://scaaa637.us.oracle.com/archive/west.html> [search for you email id]

- N.B: Alternatively, if scaaa637.us.oracle.com server is not working, we can use slnas01.se.oracle.com.

- The jprt path to be used : /net/slnas01.se.oracle.com/export/archives/stockholm/dist/bin/jprt

- The http server to see the progress will then be: <http://slnas01.se.oracle.com/archives/2016/12/2016-12-28>

[112832.PRSADHUK.jdk8u-dev](#) [where PRSADHUK is the user id used to submit the job and jdk8u-dev is the workspace to be compiled] used

- Run 7u-cpu and 6u-cpu on Legacy queue: <http://jdk-services.us.oracle.com/jprt/archive/legacy.html> [location is: /net/scanas415.us.oracle.com/export/jprt_storage/archive/legacy/dist/bin/jprt]
- HINT: Use 'jprt rerun [-comment <arg>] <JOB ID>' to rerun this job if you suspect the verdict was wrong. Example: '/net/scanas415.us.oracle.com/export/jprt_storage/archive/legacy/dist/bin/jprt' rerun 2017-03-28-094346.prem.jdk7u-cpu'
- HINT: Delete install folder i.e., .../jdk7u-cpu/install if getting errors as follows:
LINK : fatal error LNK1181: cannot open input file 'c:/jprt/T/P1/064108.manajit/s/build/windows-x86-normal-clientANDserver-release/install/obj/installer-full.exe/full.res' make[2]: *** [/cygdrive/c/jprt/T/P1/064108.manajit/s/build/windows-x86-normal-clientANDserver-release/install/bin/installer-full.exe] Error 157 make[2]: Leaving directory `/cygdrive/c/jprt/T/P1/064108.manajit/s/install/make' make[1]: *** [/cygdrive/c/jprt/T/P1/064108.manajit/s/build/windows-x86-normal-clientANDserver-release/install/_install.timestamp] Error 2 make[1]: Leaving directory `/cygdrive/c/jprt/T/P1/064108.manajit/s/jdk/make/closed' make: *** [installer-only] Error 2
- HINT: If Targets failed due to INFRA-8393(
● [INFRA-8393](#) - LongLink: typeflag 'L' not recognized on JPRT legacy [OPEN](#)). i.e., Target solaris_sparc_5.8-fastdebug sick. Target solaris_sparc_5.8-product sick. Target solaris_sparcv9_5.8-fastdebug sick. Target solaris_sparcv9_5.8-product sick. Target solaris_i586_5.8-fastdebug sick. Target solaris_i586_5.8-product sick. then use the workaround : export TAR_OPTIONS="--format=ustar" before running the jprt submit command.

Mach5

Run Mach5 client

[Mach 5 User Guide for Building and Testing JDK 10](#)

1. Configuring mach5 's jobs :

Configuration file(client-test.js) location: <jdk-source>/ client/ closed/ task-definitions/ jobs/

Commit - howto

- Download [defpath.py](#) from <http://jre.us.oracle.com/java/jdk/lib/hgext/>
- Place [defpath.py](#) in your home folder (or to any directory of your choice)
- Add [defpath = ~/defpath.py](#) in your [~/.hgrc](#) file under [extensions]
so you should have something like this
[extensions]
trees = ~/trees.py
jcheck = ~/jcheck.py
defpath = ~/defpath.py

[hooks] // this will help in catching spaces and other anomalies during commit before push

```
pretxnchangegroup.jcheck = python:jcheck.hook
pretxncommit.jcheck = python:jcheck.hook
```

- Clone a fresh repo for your commits
- Run "[hg defpath -du <username>](#)" in all your freshly cloned repo like in jdk, jdk/test/closed from where you need to commit files
- Check that in <repo>/.hg/hgvc file you should now have this
default-push = ssh://<username>@closedjdk.us.oracle.com/jdk9/client/jdk/test/closed
- Download jdk.patch and do "[hg import --no-commit jdk.patch](#)" to import the patch
- If there is a new binary file like image, hg import will not import the binary file we have to explicitly copy the binary file to proper path in the workspace which we are using to commit the changes.
After this execute "[hg add <new_file>](#)". Also make sure that binary file to be added is not executable. If it is executable

- "hg push" will fail, so remove executable permission of file and then perform "hg add <new_file>"
9. Create a comments.txt with following information
<bugid>: <description>
Reviewed-by: <reviewer1>, <Reviewer2>
Contributed-by: <emailid of contributer> [optional] (The developers guide says the contributed-by line is just in case the author does not have commit rights/ author ID.)
 10. Execute "hg commit -u <username of the fixer> -I comments.txt" [-u is needed if you are committing for someone else]
 11. Execute "hg push"
 12. Steps 9-10 can be done in tortoise hg. Install "sudo apt-get install tortoisehg"

PIT (sync and integration steps)

- **Sync from jdk/jdk to jdk/client**

1. Get a fresh clone of <http://closedjdk.us.oracle.com/jdk/client>. cd client;
2. Run "sh get_source.sh"
3. hg pull -u <http://closedjdk.us.oracle.com/jdk/jdk>
4. hg merge
5. hg commit -m Merge
6. cd open
7. hg pull -u <http://hg.openjdk.java.net/jdk/jdk>
8. hg merge
9. hg commit -m Merge
10. cd ..
11. mach5/bin/mach5 --remote-build [or use jib \$ sh jib.sh mach5 -- remote-build --email prasanta.sadhukhan@oracle.com]
12. Now wait (30 mins or more) to be sure it builds.
13. CHECK INCOMING from client

```
hg in
cd open
hg in
```

If there are new changes you will need to pull (hg pull -u) and re-merge (hg merge) before you can push.

Once that is done you can push

14. hg push;
15. cd open
16. hg push

Wait for nightly builds

- **Integrate from jdk/client to jdk/jdk**

1. Look at the client mach5 nightly build, eg http://java.se.oracle.com:10065/mdash/buildIds/2018-09-26-1022502.jdk-client-confidential_ww_grp.source
Verify all builds + tests passed .
If so prepare an integration workspace based on the revisions listed at that location (see Sources-> revisions)

In the top-level repo of your local clone of <http://closedjdk.us.oracle.com/jdk/client>, copy-paste these commands to sync your forest to this version of the code:

```
sh ./get_source.sh
hg -R . update -c -r 46216031f21a7977727a34a4fb8ba671da27be4d
hg -R open update -c -r 54937a08689bb21a60382be8663ce8fa532eaf99
```

2. Pull down the build artifacts to each platform on which we need to run the HEADFUL jtreg test suite.

On EACH platform you will need a matching copy of the workspace because you need

the exact set of regression tests that are in the workspace corresponding to the builds.

3. Start a jtreg job on each platform

```
jtreg -a -ignore:quiet -exclude:open/test/jdk/ProblemList.txt -exclude:closed/test/jdk/ProblemList.txt
open/test/jdk:jdk_desktop closed/test/jdk:jdk_desktop
```

This will take at least several hours on each platform (windows, linux, mac)

4. Inspect the results for each platform.

5. Many tests fail when run as a batch. Many tests fail or give errors regularly because we still need to update the ProblemList.txt files. For tests that you think should NOT have failed, run them one at a time.

They'll probably pass this time, if so you can ignore them for now. If they fail REPEATEDLY, then file a new bug if there's none already, and add whatever bug you created or found to the problem list in the usual way - platform-specific or generic, and get a code review

If the bug is SERIOUS, discuss whether it is an integration stopper. This becomes more important the later you get in the release

6. If all is good to integrate you need to sync the integration w/s with jdk/jdk
7. cd <integrationws>/client [**Note:** Ensure step 1 of updating the workspace to correct revision is performed before doing step 8]
8. hg pull -u <http://closedjdk.us.oracle.com/jdk/jdk>
9. hg merge
10. hg commit -m Merge
11. cd open
12. hg pull -u <http://hg.openjdk.java.net/jdk/jdk>
13. hg merge [N.B: You need to use "hg merge -r tip" if there are more commits after the nightly build or after the ws updation done above hg -R open update -c -r 54937a08689bb21a60382be8663ce8fa532eaf99]
14. hg commit -m Merge
15. ~/mach5/mach5/bin/mach5 remote-build
16. Now, wait for that job to complete.

When it has completed, on EACH platform, pull down

(1) the JDK build artifact as .tar.gz or .zip

(2) The tests + demos artifact which contains SwingSet2, J2Demo

unpack these wherever you want

(3) Run systematically through these demos, verifying options, text input, mouse input
each L&F etc etc

```
$ cd jdk/demo/jfc/SwingSet2
```

```
$ ../../bin/java -jar SwingSet2.jar
```

```
$ cd ..\J2Ddemo
```

```
$ ../../bin/java -jar J2Ddemo.jar
```

If all works then you may INTEGRATE : - push to jdk/jdk

17. HOWEVER, most likely someone pushed to jdk/jdk since you did so first check

```
$ hg in http://closedjdk.us.oracle.com/jdk/jdk
comparing with http://closedjdk.us.oracle.com/jdk/jdk
searching for changes
```

no changes found

18. cd open; hg in <http://hg.openjdk.java.net/jdk/jdk>

comparing with <http://hg.openjdk.java.net/jdk/jdk>

searching for changes

changeset: 51938:760ca4ba79ce

tag: tip

parent: 51936:11fd6c8188d9

user: gadams

date: Thu Sep 27 07:33:13 2018 -0400

summary: 8210984: [TESTBUG] hs203t003 fails with "# ERROR: hs203t003.cpp, 218: NSK_CPP_STUB2 (ResumeThread, jvmti, thread)"

19. In which case

(1) sync changes from master again, remerge, or rebase

```
$ hg pull -u http://hg.openjdk.java.net/jdk/jdk
pulling from http://hg.openjdk.java.net/jdk/jdk
searching for changes
adding changesets
adding manifests
adding file changes
added 1 changesets with 2 changes to 2 files (+1 heads)
abort: not updating: not a linear update
(merge or update --check to force update)
```

(2) verify at least locally this still builds

(3) Hope no one pushed AGAIN in the 15 mins since you just synced.

If they have go back to step (1) and seriously consider rebase to avoid
more merge changesets.

(4) Once all is in sync push open+closed

20. hg push <ssh://psadhukhan@closedjdk.us.oracle.com/jdk/jdk>
21. cd open; hg push <ssh://psadhukhan@hg.openjdk.java.net/jdk/jdk>

[N.B: you need to use "hg.push -r tip" if the jdk/client actual tip has more commits than local jdk/client ws which is updated to -r 54937a08689bb21a60382be8663ce8fa532eaf99]

- **Integration is DONE, Sync again from jdk/jdk to jdk/client so that both master & client are on same page.**

1. Immediately sync jdk/jdk to jdk/client
2. cd sync/client
3. Run "sh get_source.sh"
4. hg pull -u <http://closedjdk.us.oracle.com/jdk/jdk>
5. hg merge
6. hg commit -m Merge
7. cd open
8. hg pull -u <http://hg.openjdk.java.net/jdk/jdk>
9. hg merge
 - hg commit -m Merge
10. hg push
11. cd ..
12. hg push
 - pushing to <ssh://psadhukhan@closedjdk.us.oracle.com/jdk/client>

Building JavaFX

-
- Detailed build instructions for OpenJFX are available at:
<https://wiki.openjdk.java.net/display/OpenJFX/Building+OpenJFX>.
 - The below steps are an example of using those instructions for Mac (Mac OS 10.12) and Windows. It also contains settings and test program execution examples.

Clone workspace

- a. hg clone <http://closedjdk.us.oracle.com/openjfx/jfx-dev>
- b. cd jfx-dev
- c. hg clone <http://hg.openjdk.java.net/openjfx/jfx-dev/rt>
- d. hg clone <http://closedjdk.us.oracle.com/openjfx/jfx-dev/rt-closed>

2. Set gradle (4.4+) latest in path - <https://gradle.org/releases>

3. Set ant (1.9.7+) latest in path - <http://ant.apache.org/bindownload.cgi>
Set boot jdk to build OpenJFX - <https://java.se.oracle.com/artifactory/re-release-local/jdk/9/>

- a. Typical set of exports for step, 2,3,4 would be as [Windows]

```
export JDK_HOME="D:\\jdk_bundle\\9\\181\\jdk-9"
export JAVA_HOME="D:\\jdk_bundle\\9\\181\\jdk-9"
export JAVA_BIN="D:\\jdk_bundle\\9\\181\\jdk-9\\bin"
export GRADLE_HOME="D:\\fx\\tools\\gradle-4.4"
export ANT_HOME="D:\\fx\\tools\\apache-ant-1.9.7"
export PATH=${JAVA_BIN}:${GRADLE_HOME}\\bin:${ANT_HOME}\\bin:${PATH}
```

5. Additionally set the following env variable to allow gradle to run with the latest JDK 9 as boot JDK:

```
export _JAVA_OPTIONS="-Dsun.reflect.debugModuleAccessChecks=true --add-opens=java.base/java.lang=ALL-UNNAMED --add-opens=java.base/java.util=ALL-UNNAMED --add-opens=java.base/java.lang.invoke=ALL-UNNAMED --add-opens=java.base/java.io=ALL-UNNAMED --add-opens=java.base/java.util.concurrent=ALL-UNNAMED --add-opens=java.base/java.text=ALL-UNNAMED"
```

Set proxy for gradle if you are connected to vnc:

- a. For Win & Linux, execute gradle command as : `gradle -Dhttps.proxyHost=www-proxy.idc.oracle.com -Dhttps.proxyPort=80`

This command is required only once, afterwards only `gradle` command is sufficient.

- b. For Mac OS:

Go to your home folder:(For Windows C:\\Users\\<user>.ORADEV\\)

`cd ~`

.gradle folder should be available in this folder. Create gradle.properties file inside .gradle folder and add the below proxy configuration:

```
systemProp.proxyHost=www-proxy.idc.oracle.com
systemProp.proxyPort=80
cat .gradle/gradle.properties
systemProp.proxyHost=www-proxy.idc.oracle.com
systemProp.proxyPort=80
```

Build OpenJFX

- a. `cd rt`
- b. `gradle (or gradle sdk)`

Info:

- a. `_JAVA_OPTIONS` is available in file "README-java-options"
- b. Sample source location: `rt/apps/toys/Hello/src/main/java/hello/`
- c. Mac glass code location: `rt/modules/javafx.graphics/src/main/native-glass/mac`
- d. Java glass code location: `rt/modules/javafx.graphics/src/main/java/com/sun/glass/ui`
- e. Java glass peer code location: `rt/modules/javafx.graphics/src/main/java/com/sun/glass/ui/mac`

Working with stand alone JavaFX & JDK 11

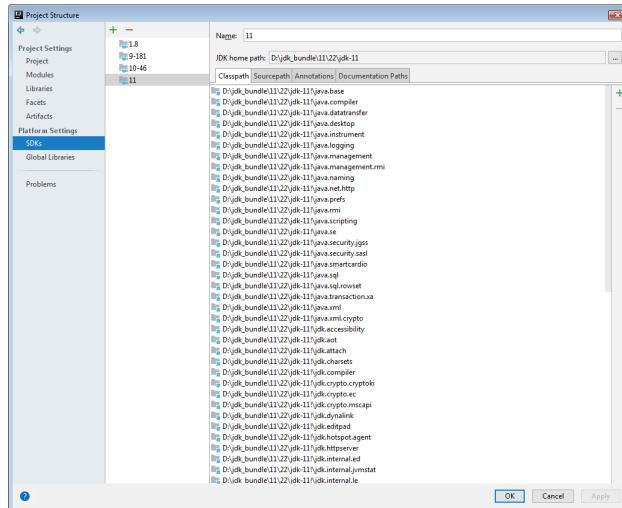
Background

Since JDK 11, Java FX is removed from JDK build, which means JavaFX programs will not compile or execute with JDK 11 build.

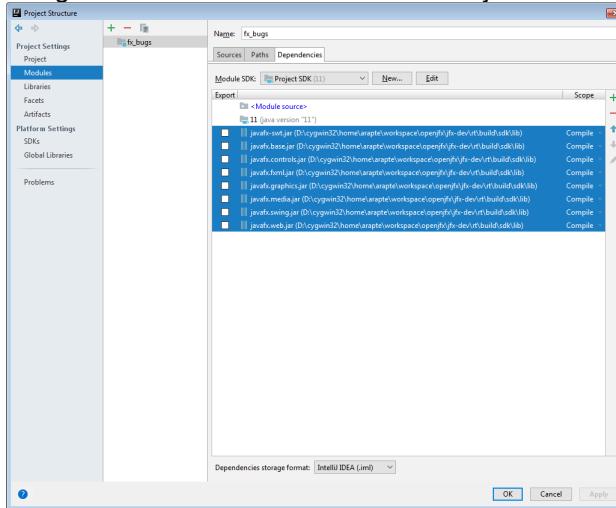
Compile & Execute JavaFX program on terminal

1. Compile the program : `javac @"PATH_TO /jfx-dev/rt/build/compile.args" testApp.java`
2. Execute the program : `java @"PATH_TO /jfx-dev/rt/build/run.args" testApp`

IntelliJ setup to Compilie JavaFX program



1. Setup JDK 11 in IntelliJ → (Image)
2. Open Module settings of project of JavaFX project.
3. Navigate to Modules → Dependencies.
4. Click + icon and select JARs or Directories.
5. Navigate to rt/build/sdk/lib & select all 8 javafx JARs , click Ok. → (Image)



6. The Java FX programs should compile & execute in IntelliJ IDE.
7. The FX source links might get disturbed with this setting, re link the FX source to navigate to files.
8. Debugging may not work with this setup, Please update the steps in case you find solution.

Testing Public member additions to Java FX

Below are steps for verifying public additions to Java FX without building JDK.
Below steps are command line to be executed on terminal.

1. Add public API / classes to Java FX
 2. Build the Java FX normally without building JDK source
 3. Write a test application which uses the newly added public entities.
- Compile & execute the program using jdk bundle
- a. Compile the program : `javac @"/PATH_TO/jfx-dev/rt/build/compile.args" testApp.java`
 - b. Execute the program : `java @"/PATH_TO/jfx-dev/rt/build/run.args" testApp`

The program should compile and execute.

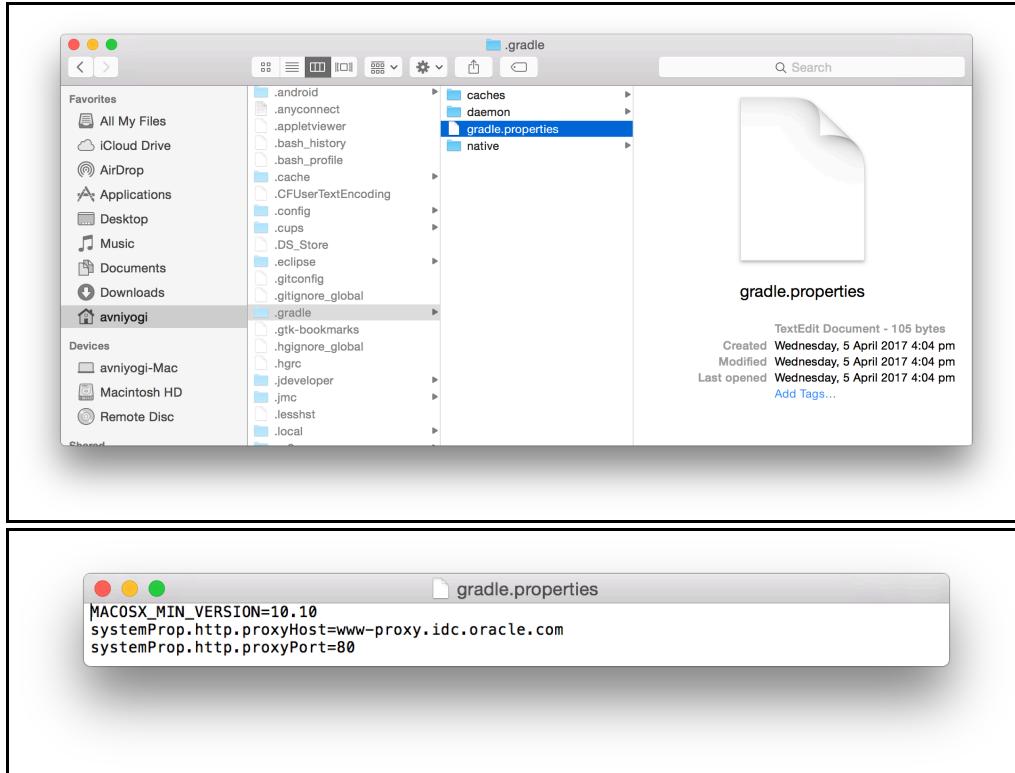
Currently IntelliJ IDE does not have any option to solve this problem.

If the compile.args can be provided through IntelliJ or any other IDE, then it should be possible to debug.

Configure IntelliJ IDE for Java FX

1. This configuration assumes the following:

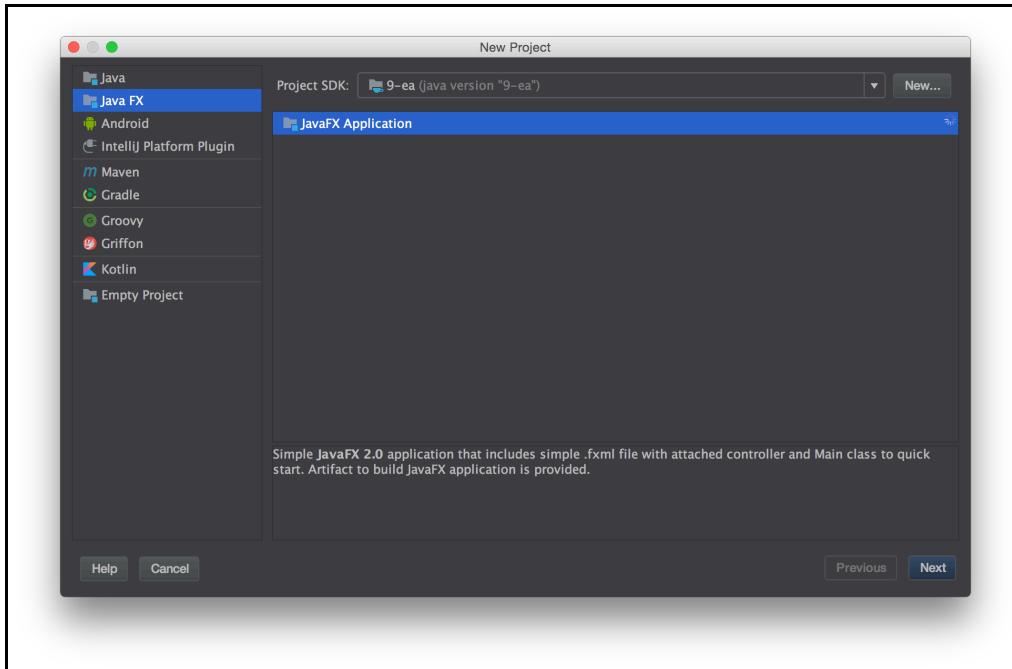
- Java FX is setup for respective OS versions with steps available for perusal at [this link](#).
- Java FX with JDK9 is shown here
- Java FX is running well from Terminal/Console/Command Line
- All environment variables are setup
- All gradle properties are setup. For Example:



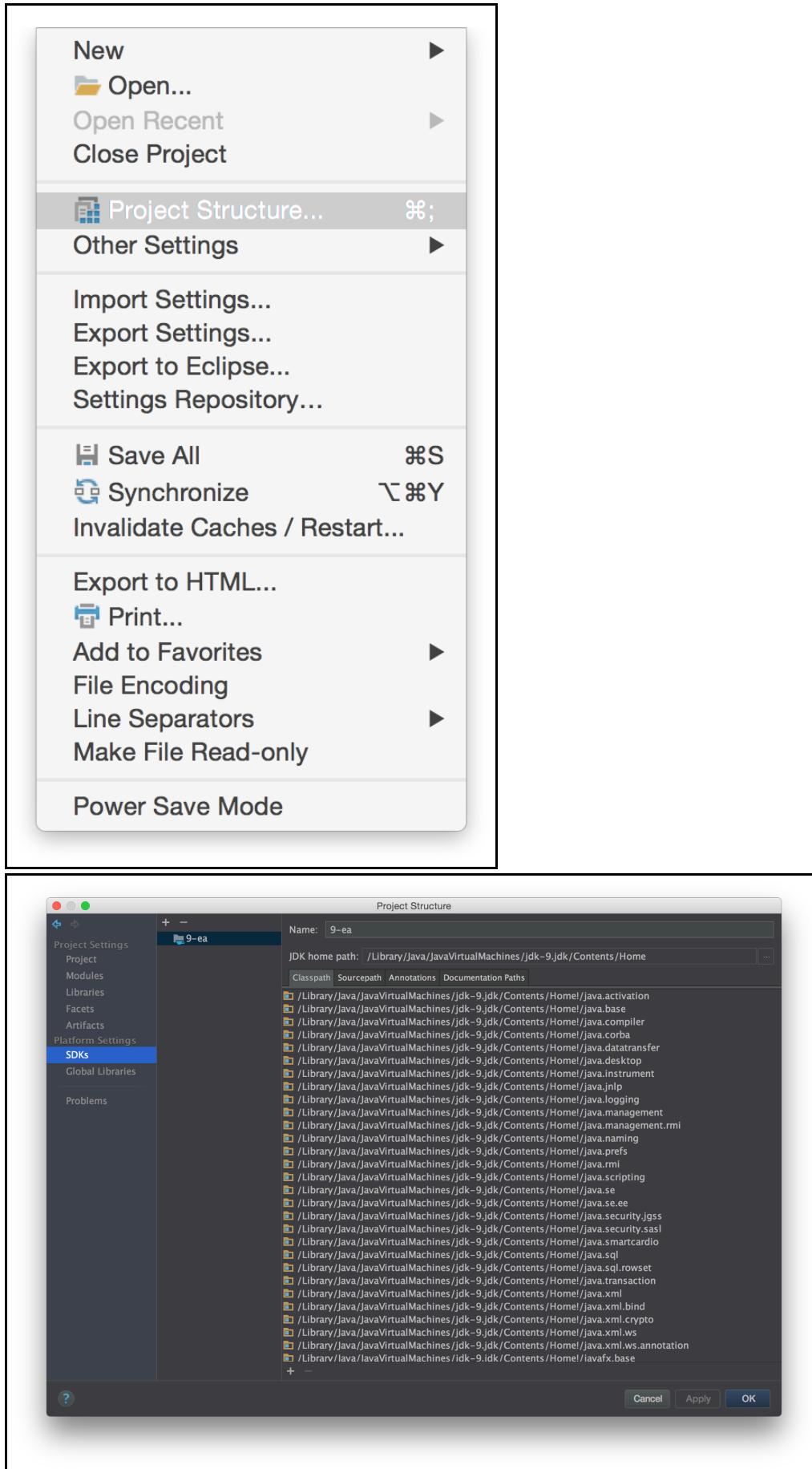
2. Download the latest IntelliJ IDE from [here](#) and install it.

3. Open IntelliJ IDE (configure LAF and other settings as per requirement) and select **New Project**.

4. Select **Java FX** as below:

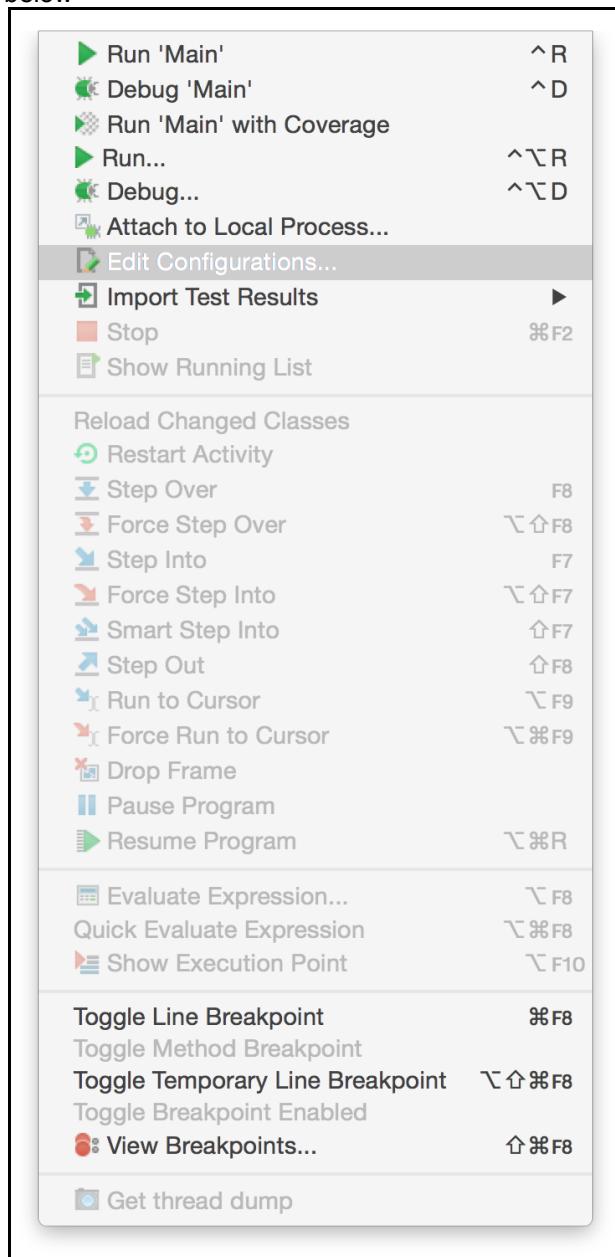


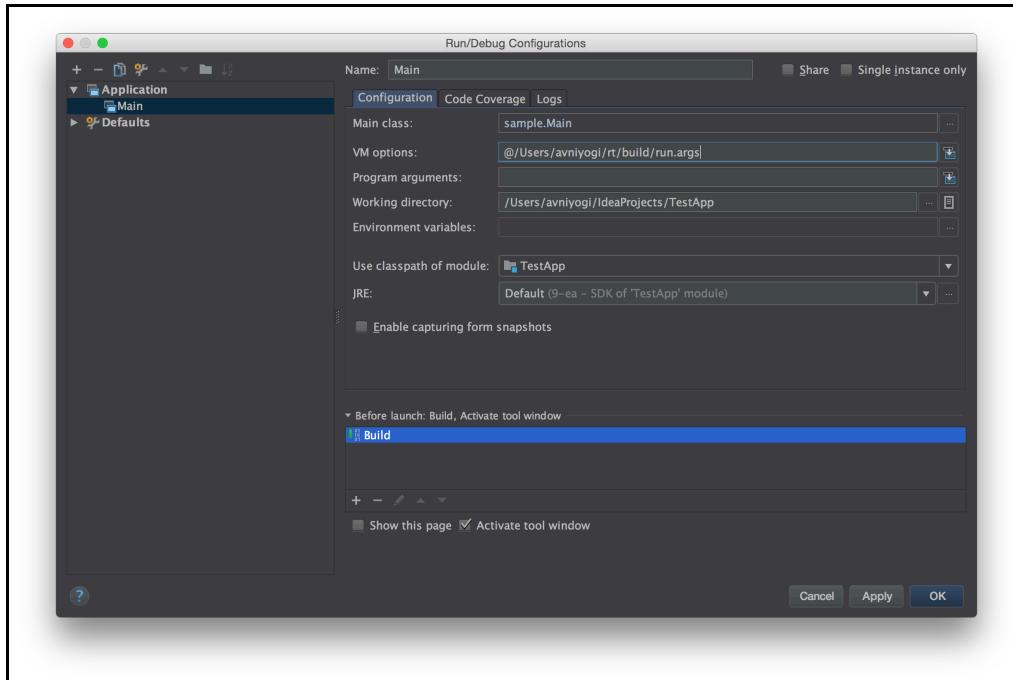
5. Create TestApp and select Project Structure:



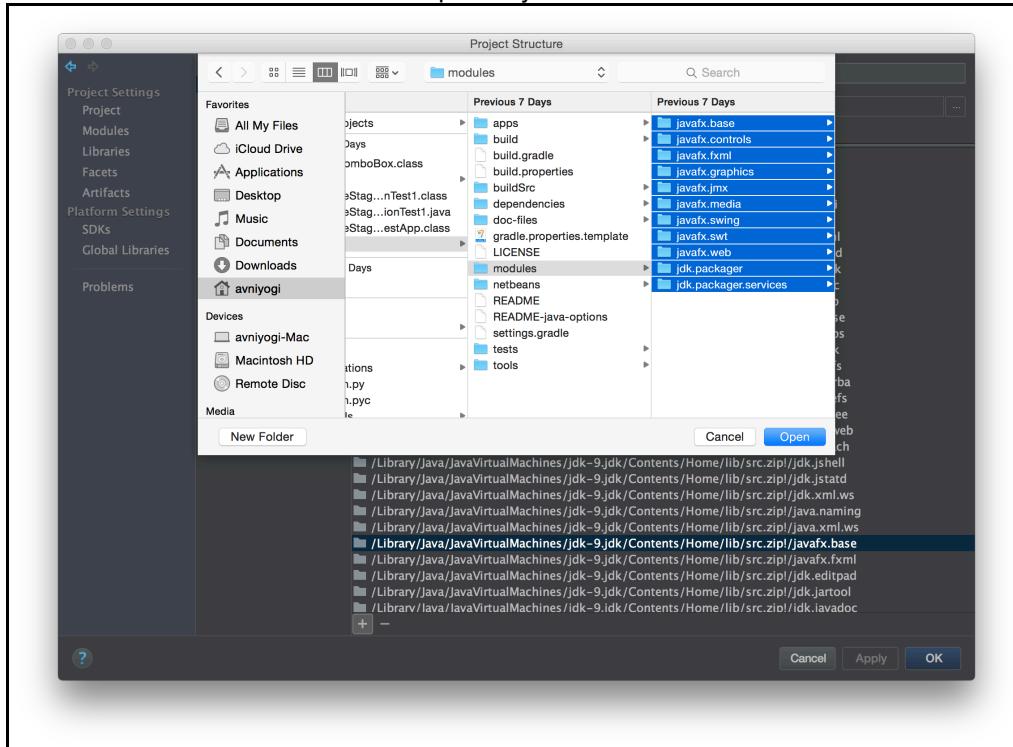
6. Verify that the correct SDK classpath is referred to.
7. Run the sample Main.java to verify that the Hello World is running. Quit "Hello World" java application.
8. Select **Run/Debug Configurations** titled as **Edit Configurations..** and add **@<full_path_of_run.args>** as shown

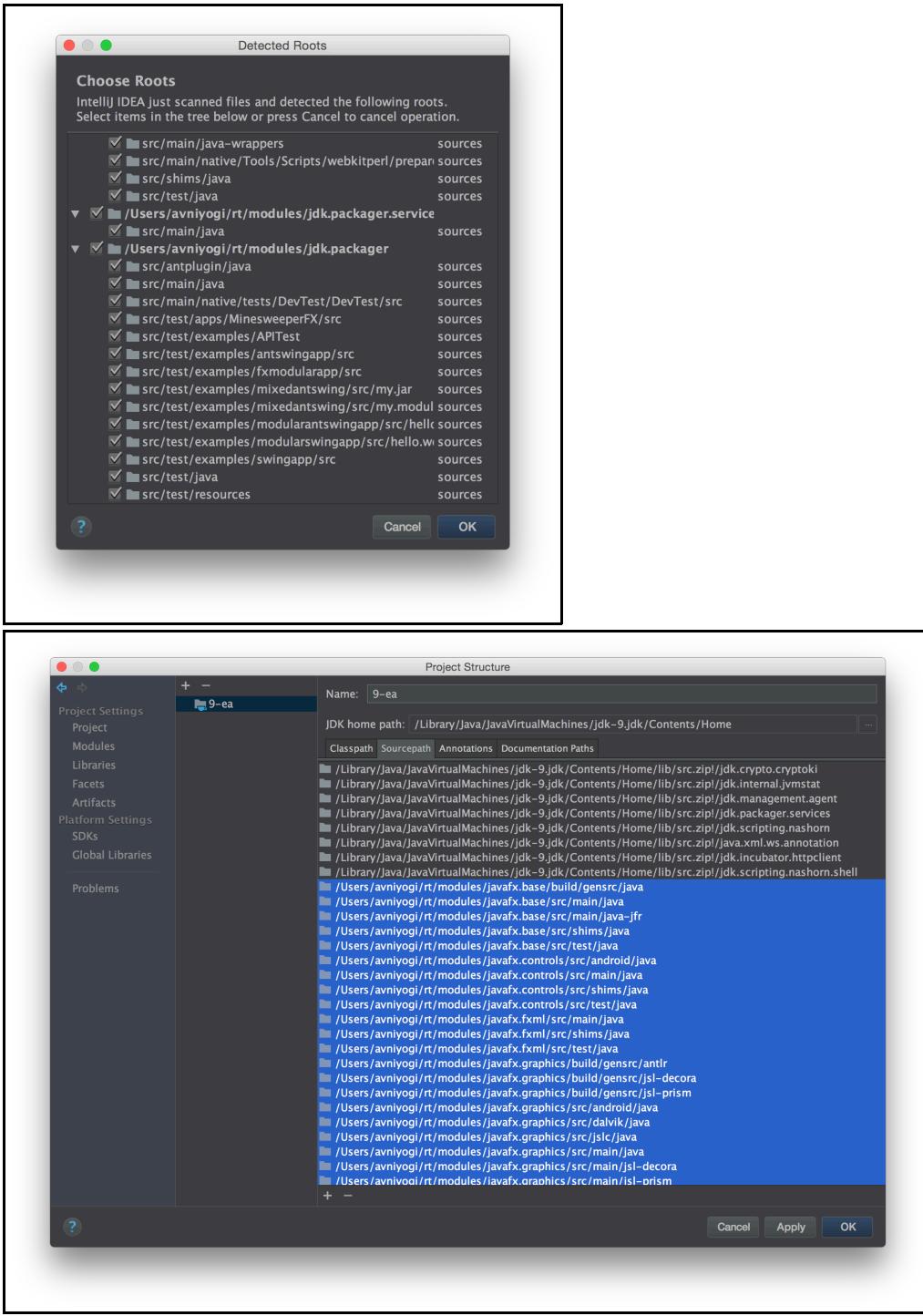
below



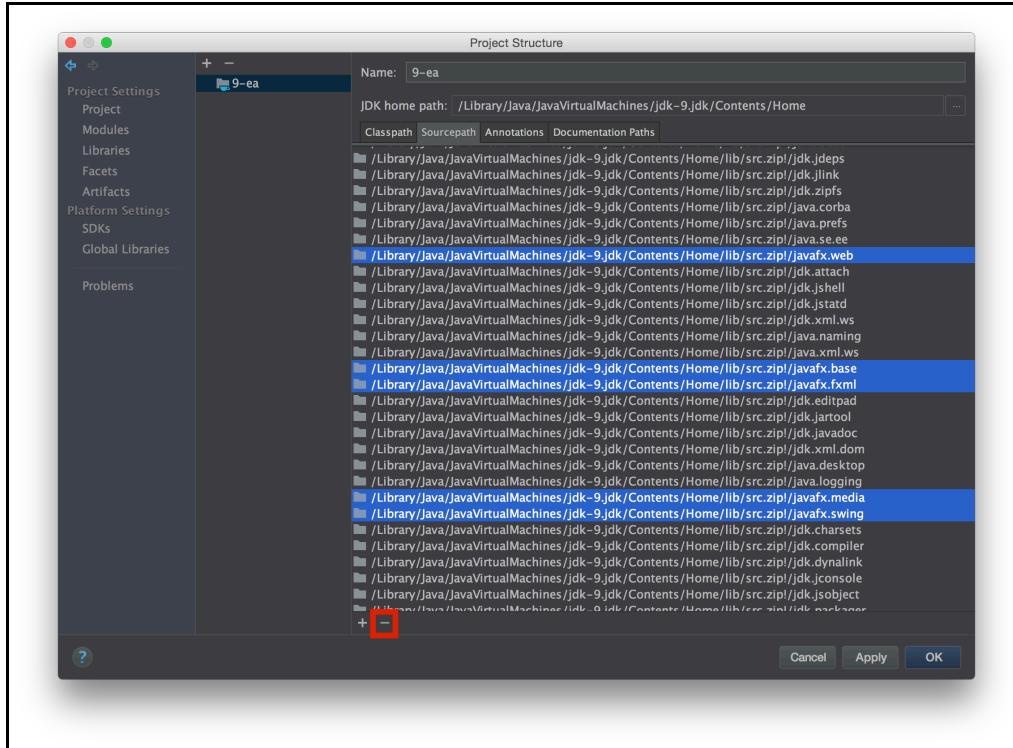


9. Add the modules of Java FX that are part of your local sandbox

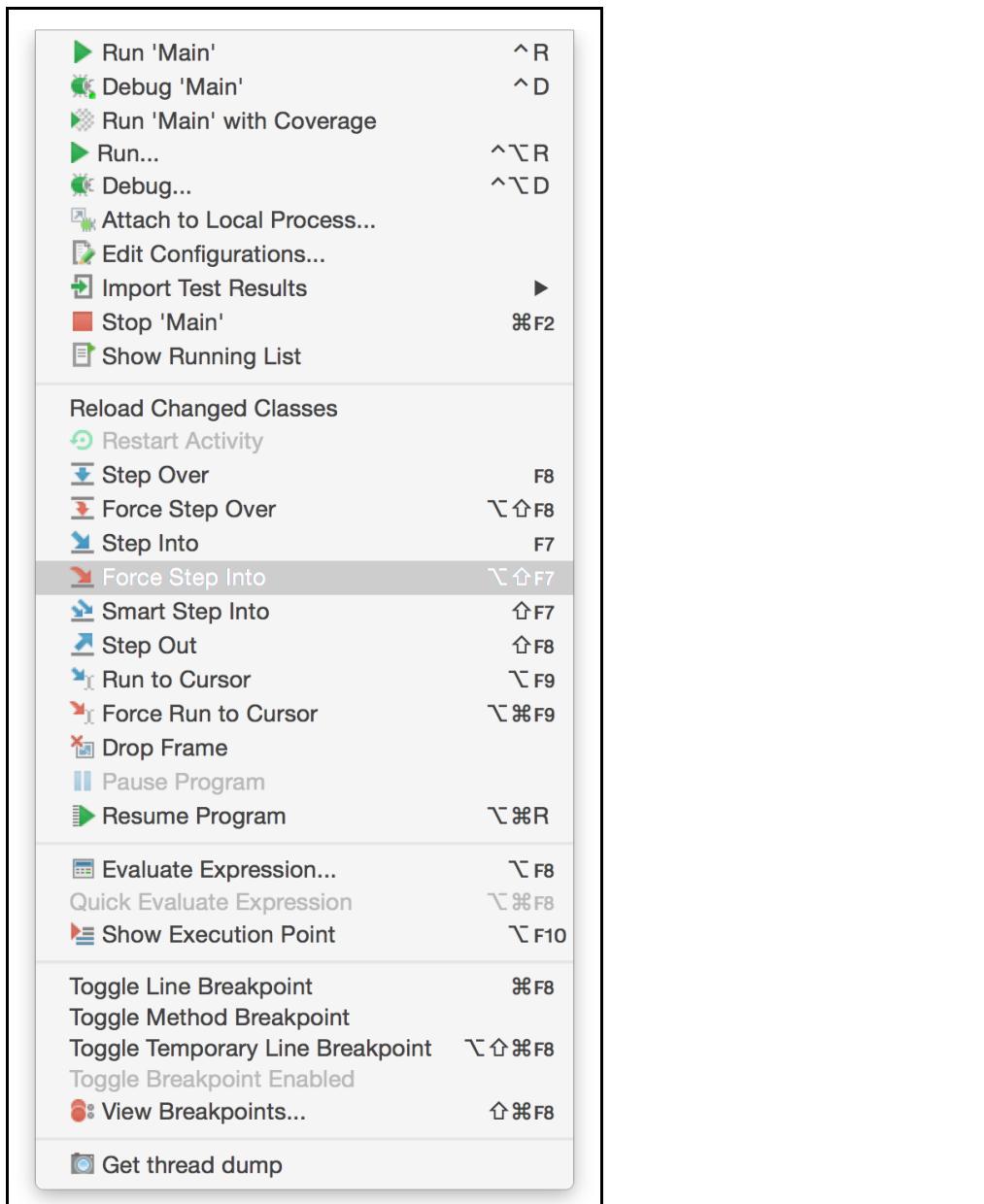




10. Remove ALL the references to Java FX modules which exist as part of JDK (only a few shown in screenshot as example) so that the Java FX used by IDE is the one in the local sandbox.

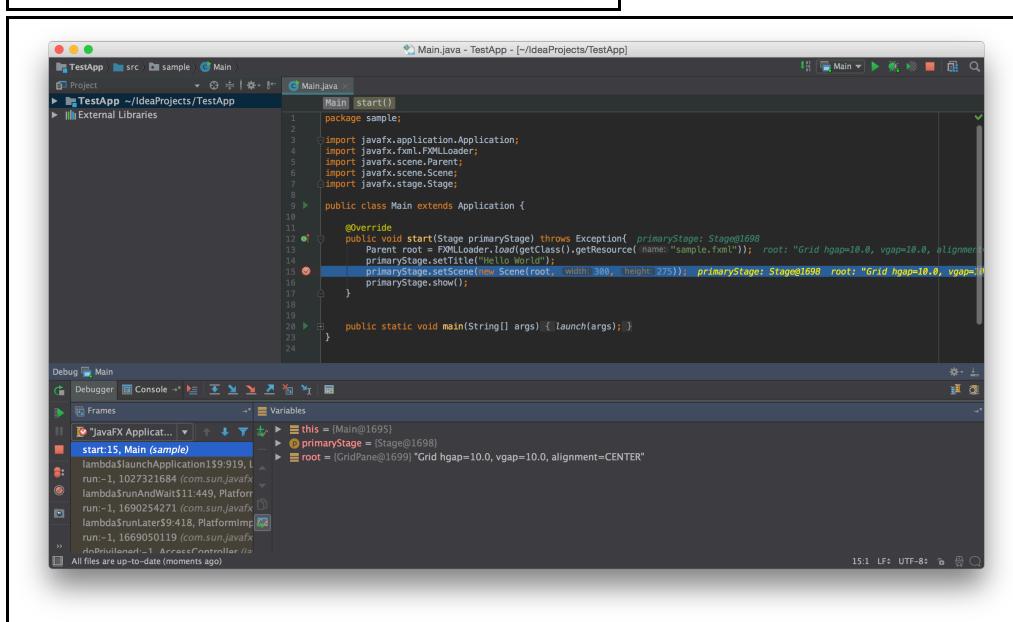


11. Debug the sample app using below menu items and check if it refers to local sandbox.



The screenshot shows the context menu for the 'Main' configuration in IntelliJ IDEA. The menu is organized into several sections:

- Run** (Top section):
 - Run 'Main' (Icon: play) ⌘ R
 - Debug 'Main' (Icon: play with gear) ⌘ D
 - Run 'Main' with Coverage (Icon: bar chart) ⌘ ⌂ R
 - Run... (Icon: play) ⌘ ⌂ R
 - Debug... (Icon: play with gear) ⌘ ⌂ D
 - Attach to Local Process... (Icon: monitor)
 - Edit Configurations... (Icon: gear)
 - Import Test Results (Icon: checkmark)
 - Stop 'Main' (Icon: red square) ⌘ F2
 - Show Running List (Icon: list)
- Reload Changed Classes** (Section):
 - Restart Activity (Icon: circular arrow) ⌘ F8
 - Step Over (Icon: right arrow) ⌘ F8
 - Force Step Over (Icon: right arrow with circle) ⌘ ⌂ F8
 - Step Into (Icon: left arrow) F7
 - Force Step Into (Icon: left arrow with circle) ⌘ ⌂ F7
 - Smart Step Into (Icon: right arrow with circle) ⌘ F7
 - Step Out (Icon: right arrow with circle) ⌘ F8
 - Run to Cursor (Icon: right arrow with circle) ⌘ F9
 - Force Run to Cursor (Icon: right arrow with circle) ⌘ ⌂ F9
 - Drop Frame (Icon: eraser)
 - Pause Program (Icon: pause)
 - Resume Program (Icon: play) ⌘ ⌂ R
- Evaluate Expression** (Section):
 - Evaluate Expression... (Icon: code) ⌘ F8
 - Quick Evaluate Expression (Icon: code) ⌘ ⌂ F8
 - Show Execution Point (Icon: list) ⌘ F10
- Breakpoints** (Section):
 - Toggle Line Breakpoint (Icon: red dot) ⌘ F8
 - Toggle Method Breakpoint (Icon: red dot)
 - Toggle Temporary Line Breakpoint (Icon: red dot) ⌘ ⌂ F8
 - Toggle Breakpoint Enabled (Icon: red dot)
 - View Breakpoints... (Icon: gear) ⌘ ⌂ F8
- Threads** (Bottom section):
 - Get thread dump (Icon: camera)



The screenshot shows the IntelliJ IDEA interface with the 'Main.java' file open in the editor. The code is as follows:

```

package sample;

import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.fxml.FXMLLoader;
import javafx.scene.Parent;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.stage.Stage;

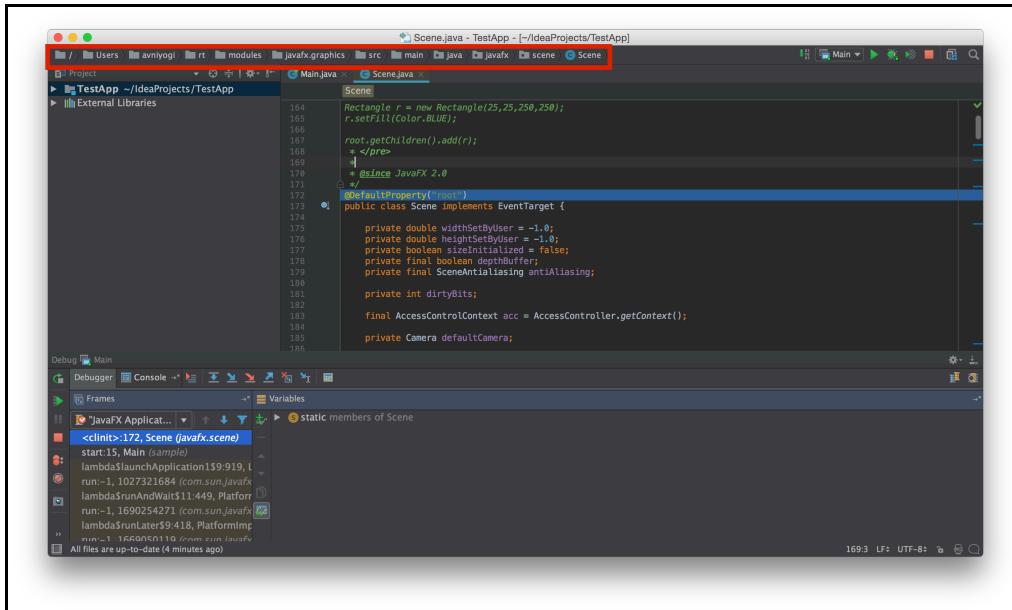
public class Main extends Application {
    @Override
    public void start(Stage primaryStage) throws Exception{
        Parent root = FXMLLoader.load(getClass().getResource( name: "sample.fxml" ));
        primaryStage.setTitle("Hello World");
        primaryStage.setScene(new Scene(root, width: 300, height: 275));
        primaryStage.show();
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) { launch(args); }
}

```

The 'Debug' tool window at the bottom is open, showing the current stack trace. The frame 'start:15, Main (sample)' is highlighted. Other frames listed include:

- lambda\$launchApplication159:919, L: run-1, 1027321684 (com.sun.javafx
- lambda\$runAndWait111:449, Platform
- lambda\$runLater39:418, Platform
- run-1, 1669030119 (com.sun.javaf
- lambda\$runLater39:418, Platform



12. Setup is done for Java FX project and the sandbox of Java FX.
13. Normal debug does not penetrate beyond peer files. Setup Native code as shown in [Steps for Native Code Project Setup](#) as per the required OS types.

To debug native files, use respective IDEs

- a. Xcode for Mac OS X, refer to Step 5 of [Steps for Native Code Project Setup > Mac OS X using Xcode](#)
- b. Visual Studio for Windows, refer to Step 4 of [Steps for Native Code Project Setup > Windows > Visual Studio](#)

JavaFX open+closed Test Execution

1. Latest jdk
2. gradle 4.8
3. ant 1.8.2 (exactly this version)
4. Clone fx forest
 - a. hg clone <http://closedjdk.us.oracle.com/openjfx/jfx-dev>
 - b. cd jfx-dev
 - c. bash ./hg-clone-forest.sh
5. Update cache
 - a. cd jfx-dev
 - b. ant update-cache
6. Build and run test
 - a. cd jfx-dev/rt
 - b. gradle sdk >& build.log
 - c. gradle --continue --info -PFULL_TEST=true -PUSE_ROBOT=true test >& test.log

JavaFX Unit Test Execution

Under rt project there are several sub projects.

- a. Command to list the projects: gradle projects
- b. The command will list several sub projects like, :apps, :base, :closedTests, :controls, :fxml, :fxpackager, :fxpackagerservices, :graphics, :jmx, :media, :swing, :swt, :systemTests, :web
2. The module sub projects like :base, :controls, :graphics include unit tests as sub project named :test
3. So the command to execute Unit tests of controls from rt folder is
 >> **gradle :controls:test**
 >> Test results will be stored here: \rt \ modules \ javafx.controls \ build \ reports \ tests \ test \ index.html
4. Similarly the unit test of other sub projects can be executed. as **gradle :base:test**, **gradle :graphics:test**

System Tests:

To exclude tests : add in build.gradle -

```
exclude("test/com/**");
exclude("test/javafx/**");
exclude("test/memoryleak/**");
exclude("test/renderlock/**");
exclude("test/sandbox/**");
exclude("test/shutdowntest/**");
exclude("test/util/**")
```

Command to run test:

```
gradle -PFULL_TEST=true :systemTests:cleanTest :systemTests:test --tests <package.testClassName>
```

```
gradle -PFULL_TEST=true :systemTests:cleanTest :systemTests:test --tests
test.javafx.scene.shape.meshmanagercacheleaktest.MeshManagerCacheLeakTest
```

export option: --add-exports javafx.graphics/com.sun.glass.ui=ALL-UNNAMED

JavaFX :apps Execution

1. There are several applications to show case the JavaFX functionalities.
2. These apps are very useful to perform Sanity testing, Fix verification.
3. Command to build the apps,

>> gradle :apps

Command to run **Hello** apps,

- a. HelloSanity - rt-folder > **java @<path_to>/run.args -cp apps/toys/Hello/dist>Hello.jar hello.HelloSanity**
- b. HelloTabPane - rt-folder > **java @<path_to>/run.args -cp apps/toys/Hello/dist>Hello.jar hello.HelloTabPane**
- c. HelloTableView - rt-folder > **java @<path_to>/run.args -cp apps/toys/Hello/dist>Hello.jar hello.HelloTableView**

d. There are several Hello samples present here, rt / apps / toys / Hello / src / main / java / hello

Sample Applications

- a. Ensemble8: sample application includes demo of controls, graphics, animation, 2D, 3D -- run below command from rt-folder
 > **java @<path_to>/run.args -jar apps/samples/Ensemble8/dist/Ensemble8.jar**
- b. Modena: sample application to showcase Modena CSS & custom CSS -- run below command from rt-folder
 > **java @<path_to>/run.args -jar apps/samples/Modena/dist/Modena.jar**
- c. ShapeT3D :-- run below command from rt-folder
 > **java @<path_to>/run.args -jar apps/toys/Shape3DToy/dist/ShapeT3D.jar**
- d. MandelbrotSet :-- run below command from rt-folder
 > **java @<path_to>/run.args -jar apps/samples/MandelbrotSet/dist/MandelbrotSet.jar**

JavaFX 8u-psu-dev commands

1. Setup
 - a. gradle 4.8
 - b. ant 1.8.2
 - c. Latest JDK 8u (delete jfxrt.jar)
2. Clone repo

- a. hg clone <http://closedjdk.us.oracle.com/openjfx/8u-psu-dev>
- b. cd 8u-psu-dev
- c. sh hg-clone-forest.sh
- d. remove deploy repo, mv deploy _deploy
3. Build
 - a. cd 8u-psu-dev/rt
 - b. gradle
4. Build javadoc
 - a. cd 8u-psu-dev/rt
 - b. gradle javadoc -PBUILD_JAVADOC=true
5. Build apps
 - a. cd 8u-psu-dev/rt
 - b. gradle :apps
6. Run app
 - a. cd 8u-psu-dev/rt
 - b. java -Xbootclasspath/a:build/sdk/rt/lib/ext/jfxrt.jar -jar apps/samples/Ensemble8/dist/Ensemble8.jar

JavaFX Command line switches

1. JavaFX Properties and command-line switches
2. <http://werner.yellowcouch.org/log/javafx-8-command-line-options/>
3. -Dglass.win.uiScale=125%
4. -Dprism.order=sw
5. -Dquantum.debug=true

CSR - Imp Links

1. Main page : <https://wiki.openjdk.java.net/display/csr/Main>
2. FAQs - <https://wiki.openjdk.java.net/display/csr/CSR+FAQs>
3. Fields of CSR request: <https://wiki.openjdk.java.net/display/csr/Fields+of+a+CSR+Request>
4. Kinds of compatibility - <https://wiki.openjdk.java.net/display/csr/Kinds+of+Compatibility>

Crucible review

You should create a patch with the following command (only then the patch can get anchored to a particular repo)

hg diff --config diff.git=false <file1> <file2>...> jdk.patch

and then upload as a "pre-commit" patch into to crucible <https://java.se.oracle.com/code/cru/>.

Ubuntu Related Stuff

1. Install GNOME window manager, `sudo apt-get install ubuntu-gnome-desktop`

Useful Information

1. JavaFX Command line options: <http://werner.yellowcouch.org/log/javafx-8-command-line-options/>
2. Linux printer configuration: <https://confluence.oraclecorp.com/confluence/pages/viewpage.action?pageId=812831794>

The developers guide says the contributed-by line is just in case the author does not have commit rights (nor an author ID I suppose).

No labels