

**Derivation:**

Given:

$$\begin{aligned} 1) \quad & \tau_3 = \tau_2 \cos(\theta) + \tau_1 \cos(\gamma) \\ 2) \quad & \tau_1 \sin(\gamma) = \tau_2 \sin(\theta) \end{aligned}$$

Rewriting equation 2, we get:

$$3) \quad \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_2} = \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\sin(\gamma)}$$

We can rewrite Eq. 1 as:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\tau_3 - \tau_2 \cos(\theta)}{\tau_1 \cos(\gamma)} &= 1 \\ \frac{\tau_3}{\tau_1 \cos(\gamma)} - \frac{\tau_2 \cos(\theta)}{\tau_1 \cos(\gamma)} &= 1 \\ \frac{\tau_3}{\tau_1 \cos(\gamma)} &= 1 + \frac{\tau_2}{\tau_1} \cdot \frac{\cos(\theta)}{\cos(\gamma)} \\ \frac{\tau_3}{\tau_1} &= \cos(\gamma) \left( 1 + \frac{\sin(\gamma) \cos(\theta)}{\cos(\gamma) \sin(\theta)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$\frac{\tau_1}{\tau_3} = \frac{1}{\cos(\gamma) \left( 1 + \frac{\sin(\gamma) \cos(\theta)}{\cos(\gamma) \sin(\theta)} \right)}$$

The derivation of

$$\frac{\tau_2}{\tau_3} = \frac{1}{\cos(\theta) \left( 1 + \frac{\sin(\theta) \cos(\gamma)}{\cos(\theta) \sin(\gamma)} \right)}$$

is *analogous*!