

RECURSION – 1 SHOT

1. Counting problem

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

void getCounting(int n) {

    //Base Condition
    if(n<=0)
        return ;

    //subproblem or recursive call
    getCounting(n-1);

    cout<<n<<endl;
    //Think, How to print the ascending counting ??

}

int main() {

    int n;
    cout<<"Please Enter the Input"<<endl;
    cin>>n;

    cout<<"Counting: "<<endl ;
    getCounting(n);

}
```

2. Factorial:

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

int getFactorial(int n) {

    //Base Condition
    if(n<=1)
        return 1;

    //subproblem or recursive call
    int aage_ka_factorial = getFactorial(n-1);

    //final answer [ye bs 12 tak k liye hi kaam karega]

    //HomeWork -> How to find factorial of large numbers.
    int answer = n * aage_ka_factorial;
    return answer;

}
```

```

int main() {

    int n;
    cout<<"Please Enter the Input"<<endl;
    cin>>n;

    cout<<"Value of "<<n<<"! is " << getFactorial(n)<<endl;

}

```

3. Fibonacci Series:

```

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int getFib(int n) {

    //Base Condition
    if(n==0 || n==1)
        return n;

    //how to Optimise this, overlapping subproblems ??
    return getFib(n-1) + getFib(n-2);

}

int main() {

    int n;
    cout<<"Please Enter the Input"<<endl;
    cin>>n;
    //Fib series -> 0,1,1,2,3,5,8,13,.....
    //0th fibonacci number is 0
    //1st fibonacci number is 1
    //2nd fibonacci number is 1
    //3rd fibonacci number is 2 and so on
    cout<<"Value of "<<n<<"th Fibonacci is " << getFib(n)<<endl;

}

```

4. Print Spelling

```

#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

//printer for positive integers
void printspell(int n,string str[])
{

```

```

//base case
if(n==0)
    return ;

printspell(n/10,str);

int number = n%10;
cout<<str[number]<<" ";

cout<<str[n%10]<<" ";

}
int main()
{
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter the input here:"<<endl;
    cin>>n;

    string str[10]={"zero","one","two","three","four","five","six","seven","eight","nine"};

    cout<<"Answer is :";
    printspell(n,str);
    return 0;
}

```

5. Fast Exponentiation:

```

#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

int getExp(int a, int b) {

    if(b==0)
        return 1;

    //subproblem or recursive call
    int aage_ka_answer = getExp(a, b-1);

    int answer = a * aage_ka_answer;
    //is ther any faster way than this ??
    return answer;
}

//fast exponentiation
int exp(int n) {

    if(n==0)
        return 1;

    //odd
    int chotta_answer = exp(n/2);

```

```

    if(n&1) {
        return 2*chotta_answer*chotta_answer;
    }
    else
    {
        //even
        return chotta_answer*chotta_answer;
    }
}

int expTwo(int n) {
    if(n==0)
        return 1;

    int ans = 2*expTwo(n-1);
    cout<<" for n "<<n<<" ans "<<ans<<endl;
    return ans;
}

int main() {

    //cout<<"Enter the value of 'a' and 'b' "<<endl;
    int a,b;
    //cin>>a>>b;
    cout<<"2 to the power 6 is " << exp(6)<<endl;
    // cout<<a<<" to the pwer of "<<b<<" is -> "<<getExp(a,b)<<endl;

}

```

6. Sorted or Unsorted

```

#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

//index -> current index of input array
bool checkSorted(vector<int> arr,int index) {

    //traversed the entire array
    if(index >= arr.size()) {
        return true;
    }

    if(arr[index] < arr[index-1])
        return false;

    return checkSorted(arr, index+1);
}

```

```

int main() {

    cout<<"Enter the size of array"<<endl;
    int n;
    cin>>n;

    vector<int> arr(n);
    cout<<"Enter Elements: "<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
        cin>>arr[i];
    }

    bool answer = checkSorted(arr,1);

    if(answer)
        cout<<"array is sorted "<<endl;
    else
        cout<<"array is not sorted"<<endl;

}

```

7. PowerSet:

```

#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int totalSubset = 0;

//index-> ith index of input array
// subset: array to store the subset
void printSubset(vector<int> input, vector<int> output, int index) {

    //if saare elements traverse ho chuke hai
    if(index>=input.size()) {
        //print the output array
        for(auto i : output) {
            cout<<i<<" ";
        }cout<<endl;
        totalSubset++;
        return ;
    }

    //nahi lena hai
    printSubset(input,output,index+1);

    // lena hai
    output.push_back(input[index]);
    printSubset(input,output,index+1);
}

```

```

int main() {

    cout<<"Enter size"<<endl;
    int size;
    cin>>size;

    vector<int> vec(size);
    vector<int> subset; // to store subset, 2^n

    cout<<"Enter elements: "<<endl;
    for(int i=0; i<size; i++) {
        cin>>vec[i];
    }

    cout<<"Power Set is as follows:"<<endl;
    printSubset(vec,subset,0);

    cout<<"Total Number of Subsets is "<<totalSubset<<endl;
    //should be 2^n
}

```

8. Jumps – Number of ways to reach destination:

```

#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

```

//Problem: <https://www.includehelp.com/icp/find-total-ways-to-reach-nth-stair-from-bottom.aspx>

```

int numberOfJumps(int n) {
    if(n<0)
        return 0;

    if(n==0)
        return 1;

    return numberOfJumps(n-1) + numberOfJumps(n-2) +numberOfJumps(n-3);
}

int main() {

    cout<<"Enter the value of n"<<endl;
    int n;
    cin>>n;

    cout<<"NUMBER OF JUMPS -> "<<numberOfJumps(n)<<endl;
}

```

9. Subsequence of a string

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

void getSubsequence(string str, int strIndex, string output) {

    //base condition
    if(strIndex == str.length()) {
        cout<<output<<endl;
        return;
    }

    //nahi lera
    getSubsequence(str, strIndex+1, output);

    //lera hai
    output.push_back(str[strIndex]);
    getSubsequence(str, strIndex+1, output);

}

int main() {

    cout<<"Enter the String"<<endl;
    string str;
    cin>>str;

    cout<<"Printing all the Subsequences:"<<endl;
    string output="";
    getSubsequence(str,0, output);

}
```

10. Permutation of a String

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

void getPerm(string str, int index) {

    //base condition
    if(index>=str.length()){
        cout<<str<<endl;
        return;
    }

    for(int i=index;i<str.length();i++) {

        swap(str[index],str[i]);
        getPerm(str,index+1);
        //backtrack
        swap(str[index],str[i]);

    }
```

```

    }
}

int main() {

    cout<<"Enter the String"<<endl;
    string str;
    cin>>str;

    cout<<"Printing all the permutations:"<<endl;
    getPerm(str,0);

}

```

11. Source to Destination

```

#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

map<pair<int,int> ,bool> visited;

//point should be a new point and it should be inside the matrix boundary
bool safeToGo(int a, int b, int m, int n) {
    if(a>=0 && a<m && b>=0 && b<n && visited[make_pair(a,b)]==false) {
        return true;
    }

    return false;
}

void printWays(int m, int n, int src_x, int src_y, int dest_x, int dest_y, string output) {

    visited[make_pair(src_x,src_y)]=true;

    //base Condition
    if(src_x==dest_x && src_y==dest_y) {
        cout<<"ANSWER -> " <<output<<endl;
        visited[make_pair(src_x,src_y)]=false;
        return;
    }

    //RIGHT
    if(safeToGo(src_x +1, src_y, m,n)) {
        output.push_back('R');
        printWays(m,n, src_x+1, src_y, dest_x, dest_y, output);
        output.pop_back();
    }

    //UP
    if(safeToGo(src_x , src_y + 1, m,n)) {

```



```

        output.push_back("U");
        printWays(m,n,src_x, src_y+1 , dest_x, dest_y, output);
        output.pop_back();
    }
    //if we add this line, we get overlapping paths and if we dont add this, we get independent paths
    visited[make_pair(src_x,src_y)]=false;
}

int main() {

    cout<<"Enter the value of m & n for m*n matrix"<<endl;
    int m,n;
    cin>>m>>n;

    cout<<"Enter the Origin Co-ordinates"<<endl;
    int src_x, src_y;
    cin>>src_x>>src_y;

    cout<<"Enter the Destination Co-ordinates"<<endl;
    int dest_x,dest_y;
    cin>>dest_x>>dest_y;

    string output="";
    cout<<"Ways to reach from Origin to Destination are as follows:"<<endl;
    printWays(m, n, src_x, src_y, dest_x, dest_y, output);

}

```