In [2]: import numpy as np import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns

In [3]: data = pd.read\_csv("C:/Users/SANDEEP/OneDrive/Desktop/NASA datasers/pc1\_csv.csv")

In [4]: for i in data.columns: data[i]=data[i].astype(int) data

Out[4]:

	loc	v(g)	ev(g)	iv(G)	N	V	L	D	1	E	 IOCode	lOComment	locC
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	 2	2	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	 1	1	
2	91	9	3	2	318	2089	0	27	75	57833	 80	44	
3	109	21	5	18	381	2547	0	28	89	72282	 97	41	
4	505	106	41	82	2339	20696	0	75	272	1571506	 457	71	
1104	6	4	4	1	26	96	0	13	7	1282	 6	0	
1105	10	5	5	1	43	182	0	21	8	3835	 10	0	
1106	5	3	3	1	17	62	0	4	13	301	 5	0	
1107	18	8	5	5	111	613	0	22	26	14050	 18	0	
1108	26	18	13	6	228	1335	0	35	37	47834	 26	0	

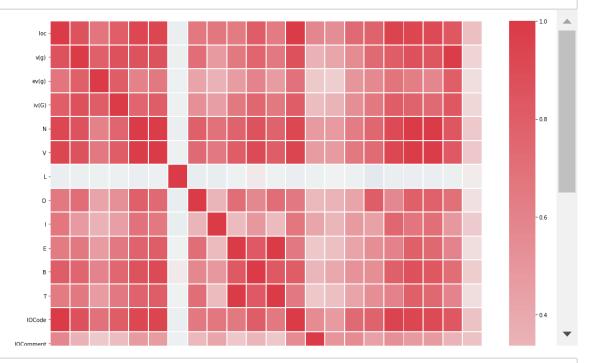
1109 rows × 22 columns

In [5]: corr=data.corr() corr

Out[5]:

	loc	v(g)	ev(g)	iv(G)	N	V	L
loc	1.000000	0.864420	0.675679	0.797270	0.923664	0.936537	-0.028365
v(g)	0.864420	1.000000	0.793415	0.868095	0.860175	0.861484	-0.024728
ev(g)	0.675679	0.793415	1.000000	0.803969	0.609799	0.654714	-0.015583
iv(G)	0.797270	0.868095	0.803969	1.000000	0.759722	0.805140	-0.017807
N	0.923664	0.860175	0.609799	0.759722	1.000000	0.987272	-0.028846
V	0.936537	0.861484	0.654714	0.805140	0.987272	1.000000	-0.022704
L	-0.028365	-0.024728	-0.015583	-0.017807	-0.028846	-0.022704	1.000000
D	0.656516	0.712694	0.423175	0.524299	0.791267	0.731993	-0.043738
1	0.664536	0.482435	0.346839	0.453230	0.691596	0.662762	-0.041540
E	0.643407	0.650214	0.463020	0.649317	0.774191	0.803556	-0.008296
В	0.803769	0.757663	0.597687	0.749576	0.858304	0.909768	0.050503
Т	0.643405	0.650213	0.463021	0.649316	0.774190	0.803555	-0.008291
IOCode	0.996509	0.866482	0.689939	0.804101	0.923509	0.937492	-0.028066
lOComment	0.578843	0.348095	0.221211	0.283693	0.475649	0.462923	-0.018427
locCodeAndComment	0.545351	0.420476	0.201804	0.338457	0.472906	0.468479	-0.002863
IOBlank	0.735256	0.551908	0.502349	0.532557	0.635768	0.650029	-0.021944
uniq_Op	0.778583	0.738266	0.567062	0.650649	0.753042	0.729357	-0.073879
uniq_Opnd	0.946538	0.809928	0.681466	0.805286	0.907747	0.928627	-0.033633
total_Op	0.929811	0.867681	0.626903	0.775931	0.997363	0.990269	-0.028798
total_Opnd	0.908472	0.843721	0.582886	0.732795	0.995579	0.975662	-0.028399
branchCount	0.838833	0.991572	0.796042	0.839564	0.841362	0.835876	-0.025467
defects	0.267560	0.157544	0.113450	0.154821	0.221494	0.228565	0.034876

22 rows × 22 columns



In [7]: dat=data.drop(['E','L','ev(g)','iv(G)','v(g)','branchCount','loc','lOBlank'],axis=1) dat.shape

Out[7]: (1109, 14)

In [8]: lis= ['v(g)','ev(g)','T','V','D','I','IOCode','uniq\_Op','uniq\_Opnd','total\_Op','total\_Opnd'] fea=data[lis] fea

Out[8]:

	v(g)	ev(g)	т	v	D	ı	IOCode	uniq_Op	uniq_Opnd	total_Op	total_Opnd
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	9	3	3212	2089	27	75	80	29	66	192	126
3	21	5	4015	2547	28	89	97	28	75	229	152
4	106	41	87305	20696	75	272	457	64	397	1397	942
1104	4	4	71	96	13	7	6	10	3	18	8
1105	5	5	213	182	21	8	10	14	5	28	15
1106	3	3	16	62	4	13	5	8	5	11	6
1107	8	5	780	613	22	26	18	22	24	61	50
1108	18	13	2657	1335	35	37	26	23	35	119	109

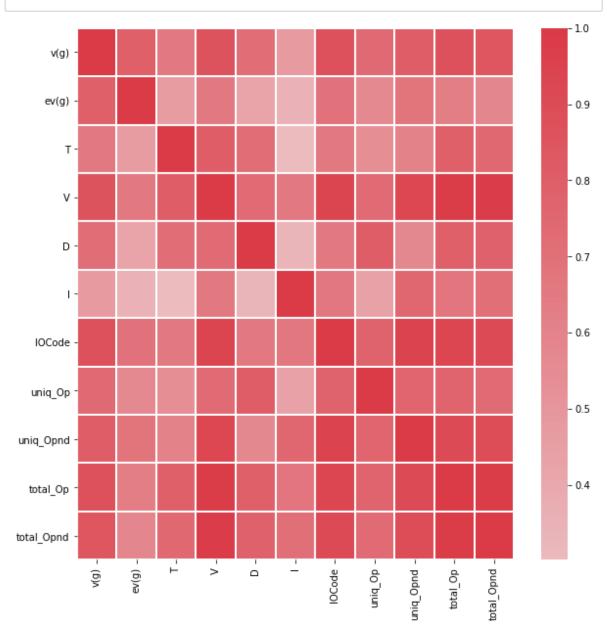
1109 rows × 11 columns

In [9]: corr2=fea.corr() corr2

Out[9]:

	v(g)	ev(g)	Т	V	D	1	IOCode	uniq_Op	un
v(g)	1.000000	0.793415	0.650213	0.861484	0.712694	0.482435	0.866482	0.738266	(
ev(g)	0.793415	1.000000	0.463021	0.654714	0.423175	0.346839	0.689939	0.567062	(
Т	0.650213	0.463021	1.000000	0.803555	0.714123	0.301476	0.648433	0.533072	(
V	0.861484	0.654714	0.803555	1.000000	0.731993	0.662762	0.937492	0.729357	(
D	0.712694	0.423175	0.714123	0.731993	1.000000	0.331189	0.655442	0.806737	(
1	0.482435	0.346839	0.301476	0.662762	0.331189	1.000000	0.666192	0.438137	(
IOCode	0.866482	0.689939	0.648433	0.937492	0.655442	0.666192	1.000000	0.779182	(
uniq_Op	0.738266	0.567062	0.533072	0.729357	0.806737	0.438137	0.779182	1.000000	(
uniq_Opnd	0.809928	0.681466	0.607232	0.928627	0.575535	0.755229	0.949123	0.763300	٠
total_Op	0.867681	0.626903	0.792128	0.990269	0.792524	0.673725	0.929557	0.767891	1
total_Opnd	0.843721	0.582886	0.744915	0.975662	0.783433	0.709298	0.908446	0.727902	(
4									•

In [10]: f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(10,10)) cmap=sns.diverging\_palette(220,10,as\_cmap=**True**) heatmap=sns.heatmap(corr2,cmap=cmap,center=0.0,vmax=1,linewidths=1,ax=ax) plt.show()



## In [11]: #KNN

In [13]: **from** imblearn.over\_sampling **import** SMOTE

**from** sklearn.model\_selection **import** train\_test\_split

from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier

**from** imblearn.under\_sampling **import** RandomUnderSampler

from sklearn.linear\_model import LogisticRegression

from sklearn import metrics

```
In [14]: X = fea
         y = data['defects']
         X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.3, random state=1)
In [15]:
         smote = SMOTE(random state=1)
         X train resampled,y train resampled = smote.fit resample(X train,y train)
         knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=3)
In [17]: knn.fit(X_train, y_train)
Out[17]: KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)
         In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or
         trust the notebook.
         On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page
         with nbviewer.org.
In [18]: y pred = knn.predict(X test)
In [19]: a=metrics.accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
         p=metrics.precision score(y test,y pred)
         r=metrics.recall_score(y_test,y_pred)
         f1=2*(p*r)/(p+r)
         print("Accuracy:",a," Precision:",p," Recall:",r," F1Score:",f1)
         Accuracy: 0.9129129129129129 Precision: 0.4117647058823529 Recall: 0.269230769230
         7692 F1Score: 0.3255813953488372
         #RUS
  In [ ]:
In [20]: Xr = fea
         vr = data['defects']
         Xr train, Xr test, yr train, yr test = train test split(Xr, yr, test size=0.3, random state=1)
         smote = SMOTE(random state=42)
In [21]:
         X train resampled,y train resampled = smote.fit resample(Xr train,yr train)
In [22]: rus = RandomUnderSampler(random_state=42)
         X train rus, y train rus = rus.fit resample(Xr train, yr train)
```

```
In [24]: Ir = LogisticRegression(random_state=42)
Ir.fit(X_train_rus, y_train_rus)
```

 $\label{logistic.py:458:converge} C:\Users\SANDEEP\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear\_model\_logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):$ 

STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.

Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as shown in:

https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html (https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html)

Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:

https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear\_model.html#logistic-regression (https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-regression)

```
n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
```

Out[24]: LogisticRegression(random\_state=42)

In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.

On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page with nbviewer.org.

```
In [25]: yr_pred = Ir.predict(Xr_test)

In [26]: a=metrics.accuracy_score(yr_test,yr_pred)
```

p=metrics.precision\_score(yr\_test,yr\_pred)
r=metrics.recall\_score(yr\_test,yr\_pred)
f1=2\*(p\*r)/(p+r)
print("Accuracy:",a," Precision:",p," Recall:",r," F1Score:",f1)

Accuracy: 0.7177177177178 Precision: 0.13829787234042554 Recall: 0.5 F1Score: 0.2166666666666667

```
In [27]: #XGBOOST
```

In [28]: import xgboost as xgb

```
In [30]: smote = SMOTE(random_state=1)
X_train_resampled,y_train_resampled = smote.fit_resample(Xx_train,yx_train)
```

```
In [31]: params = {'objective': 'binary:logistic', 'eval_metric': 'logloss'}
```

```
dtrain = xgb.DMatrix(Xx train, label=yx train)
        dtest = xgb.DMatrix(Xx test, label=yx test)
In [33]:
        model = xgb.train(params, dtrain, num_boost_round=100)
In [34]: yx pred = model.predict(dtest)
In [35]: yx pred = [1 if p >= 0.5 else 0 for p in yx pred]
In [36]: a=metrics.accuracy_score(yx_test,yx_pred)
        p=metrics.precision_score(yx_test,yx_pred)
        r=metrics.recall_score(yx_test,yx_pred)
        f1=2*(p*r)/(p+r)
        print("Accuracy:",a," Precision:",p," Recall:",r," F1Score:",f1)
        Accuracy: 0.909909909909909 Precision: 0.4 Recall: 0.3076923076923077
                                                                                          F1Score:
        0.34782608695652173
        #Voting Ensemble
 In []:
In [38]:
        from sklearn.ensemble import VotingClassifier
        from xgboost import XGBClassifier
In [39]: X = fea
        y = data['defects']
In [40]: X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.3, random state=42)
        model1 = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
In [41]:
        model3 = XGBClassifier(n_estimators=100, learning_rate=0.1,objective='binary:logistic',eval_me
        model2 = LogisticRegression(random state=42)
        voting clf = VotingClassifier(estimators=[('xgb', model1), ('rus', model2),('knn', model3)], voting=
In [42]:
```

```
In [43]: voting_clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

C:\Users\SANDEEP\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear\_model\\_logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1): STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.

Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as shown in:

https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html (https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html)

Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:

https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear\_model.html#logistic-regression (https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-regression)

```
n iter i = check optimize result(
```

```
Out[43]: VotingClassifier(estimators=[('xgb', KNeighborsClassifier()),
```

('rus', LogisticRegression(random\_state=42)), ('knn',

XGBClassifier(base\_score=None, booster=None,

callbacks=None,

colsample\_bylevel=None,

colsample\_bynode=None,

colsample\_bytree=None,

early\_stopping\_rounds=None,

enable\_categorical=False,

eval\_metric='logloss',

feature\_types=None, gamma=None,

gpu\_id=None, grow\_policy=None,

importance type=None,

interaction constraints=None,

learning rate=0.1, max bin=None,

max cat threshold=None,

max\_cat\_to\_onehot=None,

max\_delta\_step=None, max\_depth=None,

max leaves=None,

min child weight=None, missing=nan,

monotone constraints=None,

n\_estimators=100, n\_jobs=None,

num parallel tree=None,

predictor=None, random\_state=None, ...))])

In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.

On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page with nbviewer.org.

```
In [44]: y_predic = voting_clf.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [45]: a=metrics.accuracy_score(y_test,y_predic)
p=metrics.precision_score(y_test,y_predic)
r=metrics.recall_score(y_test,y_predic)
f1=metrics.f1_score(y_test,y_predic)
print("Accuracy:",a,"Precision: ",p,"Recall: ",r,"F1score: ",f1)
```

Accuracy: 0.918918918919 Precision: 0.5 Recall: 0.111111111111111 F1score: 0.181818 18181818