

Indian Institute of Information Technology Dharwad

A

Project report

On

“VIRTUAL HACKATHON”

For The Course

Introduction To Algorithms

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INTRODUCTION

The main objective of the project is to write an algorithm to sort the images using any of the sorting algorithms and find its uses in the real world. This type of project helps in sorting or searching of an image or object in many areas.

DEVELOPMENT TOOLS :

- Python software or google collab.
- Libraries : import os ; import cv2 ; import time ;

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS :

- Operating system(any).
- Web browser.
- Python programming software.

FEATURES :

- User friendly.
- Can be used for multiple images.
- Faster.
- Depends only on object size.

Methodology

1. Uploading all the images to colab as we are using that here.
2. Finding its vectorized form, size and name and appending it into a linked list.
3. Quick sorting the files in the linked list using partition program
4. Showing the sorted list.
5. Using split function to linear search all the images by finding pixel value.

Brief introduction to application.

1. Finding duplicate image.

Lets say there are multiple products in a store with same id number(which should not be like that), we can take picture of all products and find the pair of products with same id number. As we are using split function. It exactly finds pixel values and hence the problem is solved.

2. Sorting helps in time management

Lets say we have to share a photo of a product. If we have less data photo it can be easily send to different parts of the company with less time to process.

3. Finding fake medicines

Lets think that there is a fake medicine producing factory which supplies products using similar logo. We can check logo and compare it to find out about the medicines

Time complexity

Quick sort

Worst-case performance	$O(n^2)$
Best-case performance	$O(n \log n)$ (simple partition) or $O(n)$ (three-way partition and equal keys)
Average performance	$O(n \log n)$

Linear search

$O(n)$ in all cases

Extra initiative

We have added a function which calculates the pixel values and finds the difference of pixel values between the searching images. If the difference is zero, we found the image. We have also added time function, to calculate time period.

Conclusion

By using this code we can efficiently sort any number of images, without any drawback.