Ethereum Vienna 1st Workshop Contract Development And Deployment

Workshops

- 1st Workshop:
 - Solidity basics
 - Geth basics
- 2nd Workshop: (probably March)
 - Designing a contract
 - Advanced Contract Development
 - Testing
- 3rd Workshop: (TBD)
 - Frontend Stuff

Agenda

- EVM
- Ether Camp
- Solidity
- Geth
- Solidity

ETHEREUM

- Transaction
 - Wraps a message
 - Signed by a private key
 - Only transactions appear in blockchain
 - Gasprice

ETHEREUM

- Message
 - Sender
 - Recipient
 - Value (can be 0 wei)
 - Data
 - Return Value
 - Gaslimit
 - Executes either completely or not at all

ETHEREUM

- Contract
 - 160 bit address
 - Balance
 - EVM Bytecode
 - Runs at every received message
 - Has a persistent 256-bit to 256-bit storage
 - Private
 - Expensive
 - Can spawn new messages

EVM

- Stack machine
- 256 bit words
- Usual instructions
- Special instructions
 - Block data access
 - Tx data access
 - Msg data access
 - Contract data access

EVM

- Storage
 - expensive
 - persistent
- Memory
 - cheaper
 - byte-level-access
- Stack
 - Inaccessible in solidity

EVM

- Out-of-gas Exception
- Logs
 - For Uis
 - Light clients
 - Logging
- Self Destruct / Suicide

ETHER.CAMP

- Solidity.read-the-docs.org
- http://austria-{GROUP}.on.my.ether.camp/ide.html
- User: u{GROUP}{USER}

- Coin Contract
 - Creater can issue coins
 - Coins can be sent between users
- Developer writes contract with functions
- Compiler generates init code and dispatcher
- At deployment the contract constructor is executed

- Types (with the usual operators)
 - Bool
 - Int: Signed Integer 256-bit (Other sizes available)
 - Uint: Unsigned Integer 256-bit
 - Array (static and dynamic)
 - String
 - Enum

- Other Types
 - Address: 160-bit for ethereum address
 - balance
 - send
 - call / callcode
 - Mapping (hashtable-like)
 - from one solidity type to another
 - contains already all keys
 - Contract
 - Like address, but with functions of a specific contract

- Control Structures
 - **If**
 - for
 - While
- this (only for balance and functions) and super
- Automatic getter generation for public variables
- Special variables for blockchain interaction

- Global variables
 - msg: specific to one message
 - sender
 - value
 - gas
 - tx: shared by all messages in a transaction
 - origin: creater of the transaction
 - gasprice

- Global variables
 - block: shared by all transactions in the same block
 - coinbase
 - difficulty
 - timestamp
 - blockhash
 - Number
- Some special functions related to cryptography (e.g sha3)

Events for writing to the Log

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Import for importing contracts from other source file

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- Standard contracts
- Contract Inheritance
 - Code from ancestor copied into contract
 - Still only 1 contract

- Modifier for code reuse
- Throw
 - creates exception
 - execution aborts, state reverts
 - cannot be caught on contract functions
 - all gas is used up

#1 Trusted Data Feed

- Contract contains 1 field
- Can only be changed by creator
- Change fires Event
- Field can be read by other contracts

relevant: msg.sender

#2 Subscription

- ONLY 1 Subscription per Contract!
- Recipient
 - Can withdraw PRICE wei per TIME
- Creator
 - Can cancel if there are no outstanding payments
- relevant
 - address.send
 - block.timestamp (unix timestamp / seconds)

- To call another contract:
 - Coerce address into the contract type
 - Call the function on that
 - Call .value on function to sent wei
 - Call .gas on function to limit gas

- Structs
- Arrays
 - Static
 - Dynamic (push function)

- delete
 - Reset a variable to its default value
- functions can have multiple return values
 - Retrieve values by deconstruction:
 - var(x,y,z) = f();

- Function modifiders
 - External
 - Can only be called by a message
 - Public
 - Can be called by anyone
 - Private
 - Can only be called by the contract itself
 - Internal
 - Cannot be called by a message

#3 Store

- Add offer (with name and price)
- Take offer (by sending the right amount)
- Confirm the offer (and release the money)