Prometheus & Grafana



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What is Prometheus?

<u>Prometheus</u> is an open-source systems monitoring and alerting toolkit originally built at <u>SoundCloud</u>. Since its inception in 2012, many companies and organizations have adopted Prometheus, and the project has a very active developer and user <u>community</u>. It is now a standalone open source project and maintained independently of any company. To emphasize this, and to clarify the project's governance structure, Prometheus joined the <u>Cloud Native Computing Foundation</u> in 2016 as the second hosted project, after <u>Kubernetes</u>.

Prometheus collects and stores its metrics as time series data, i.e. metrics information is stored with the timestamp at which it was recorded, alongside optional key-value pairs called labels.

For more elaborate overviews of Prometheus, see the resources linked from the media section.

Features

Prometheus's main features are:

- > a multi-dimensional data model with time series data identified by metric name and key/value pairs
- PromQL, a <u>flexible query language</u> to leverage this dimensionality
- no reliance on distributed storage; single server nodes are autonomous
- time series collection happens via a pull model over HTTP
- pushing time series is supported via an intermediary gateway
- targets are discovered via service discovery or static configuration
- multiple modes of graphing and dashboarding support

What are metrics?

Metrics are numerical measurements in layperson terms. The term time series refers to the recording of changes over time. What users want to measure differs from application to application. For a web server, it could be request times; for a database, it could be the number of active connections or active queries, and so on.

Metrics play an important role in understanding why your application is working in a certain way. Let's assume you are running a web application and discover that it is slow. To learn what is happening with your application, you will need some information. For example, when the number of requests is high, the application may become slow. If you have the request count metric, you can determine the cause and increase the number of servers to handle the load.

Components

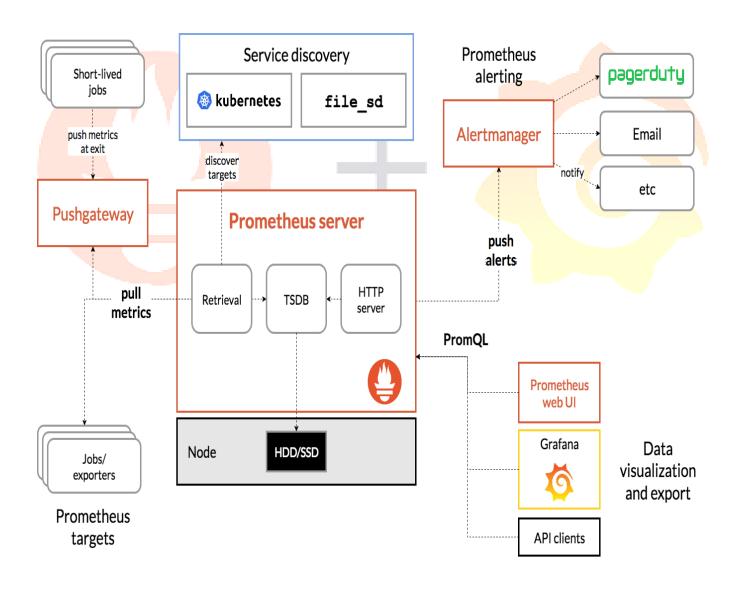
The Prometheus ecosystem consists of multiple components, many of which are optional:

the main <u>Prometheus server</u> which scrapes and stores time series data

- <u>client libraries</u> for instrumenting application code
- a <u>push gateway</u> for supporting short-lived jobs
- special-purpose exporters for services like HAProxy, StatsD, Graphite, etc.
- an <u>alertmanager</u> to handle alerts
- various support tools

Architecture

This diagram illustrates the architecture of Prometheus and some of its ecosystem components:



When does it fit?

Prometheus works well for recording any purely numeric time series. It fits both machine-centric monitoring as well as monitoring of highly dynamic service-oriented architectures. In a world of microservices, its support for multi-dimensional data collection and querying is a particular strength.

Prometheus is designed for reliability, to be the system you go to during an outage to allow you to quickly diagnose problems. Each Prometheus server is standalone, not depending on network storage or other remote services. You can rely on it when other parts of your infrastructure are broken, and you do not need to setup extensive infrastructure to use it.

First steps with Prometheus

Installation

Prometheus installation

sudo tee /etc/yum.repos.d/prometheus.repo <<EOF

[prometheus]

name=Prometheus

baseurl=https://packagecloud.io/prometheus-rpm/release/el/7/x86_64

repo_gpgcheck=1

enabled=1

gpgkey=https://packagecloud.io/prometheus-rpm/release/gpgkey
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/lest/prometheus-rpm/master/RPM-GPG-KEY-prometheus-rpm

gpgcheck=1

metadata_expire=300

EOF

sudo yum update -y

- sudo yum -y install prometheus2 node exporter
- rpm -qi prometheus2
- sudo systemctl start prometheus node exporter
- systematl status prometheus.service node exporter.service

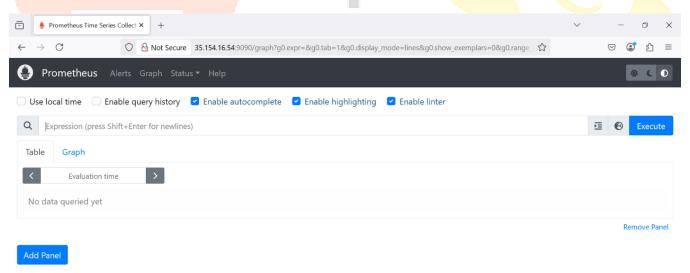
Add port 9090&9100 in security group

Edit inbound rules Info

Inbound rules control the incoming traffic that's allowed to reach the instance. Inbound rules Info Security group rule ID Type Info sgr-0b06606707cf65698 НТТР Custom ▼ Q Delete 0.0.0.0/0 X sgr-0fdab65785db0effc 9090 Q Delete Custom TCP Custom 🔻 0.0.0.0/0 🗙 sgr-0143f7d9879e1cad7 ▼ TCP 443 HTTPS Custom • Q Delete 0.0.0.0/0 X sgr-007d6707b20974cfa SSH Custom 🔻 Delete 0.0.0.0/0 X ▼] TCP 9100 Custom TCP Anywh... Delete 0.0.0.0/0 X Add rule

copy ec2 public IP and paste in browser with port no 9090

- now you should see prometheus dashboard





Prometheus Node Exporter

Version: (version=1.8.1, branch=HEAD, revision=400c3979931613db930ea035f39ce7b377cdbb5b)

Metrics

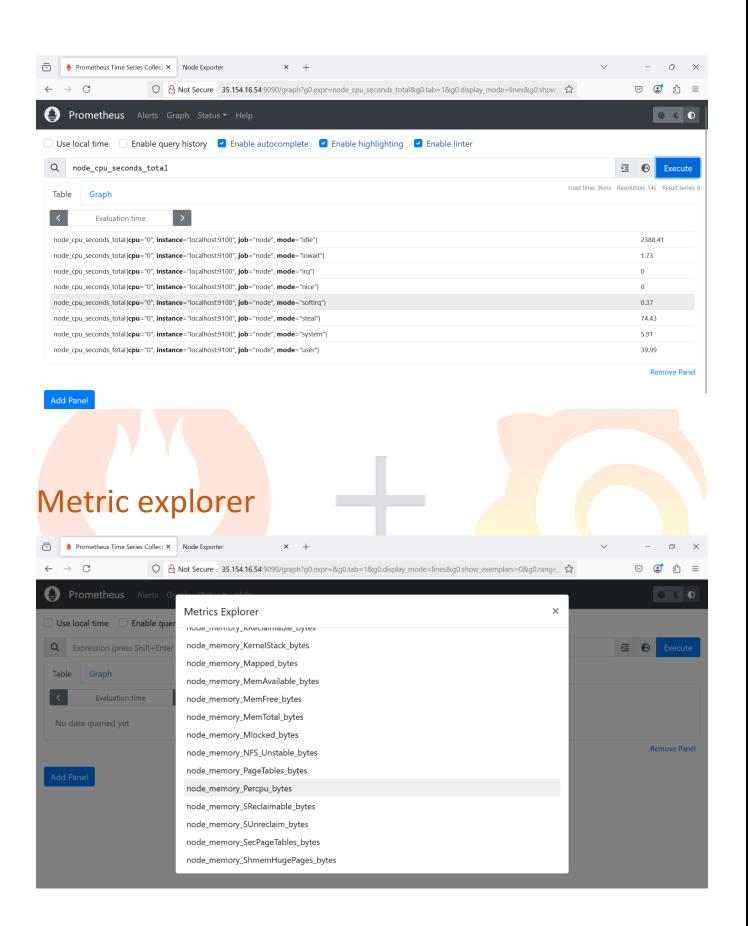
Checking the cpu usages

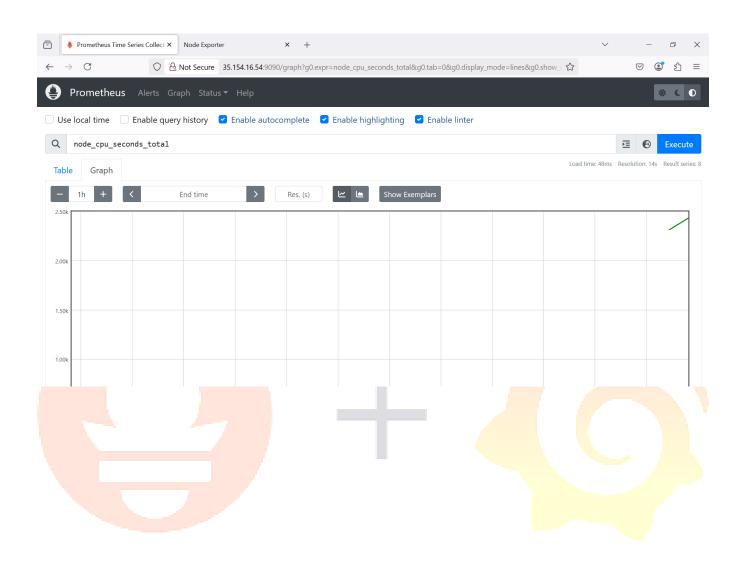
```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-17-162 prometheus]$ sudo nano /etc/prometheus/prometheus.yml
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-17-162 prometheus]$ sudo systemctl restart prometheus
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-17-162 prometheus]$ |
```

```
- job_name: "node"

# metrics_path defaults to '/metrics'
# scheme defaults to 'http'.

static_configs:
- targets: ["localhost:9100"]
```





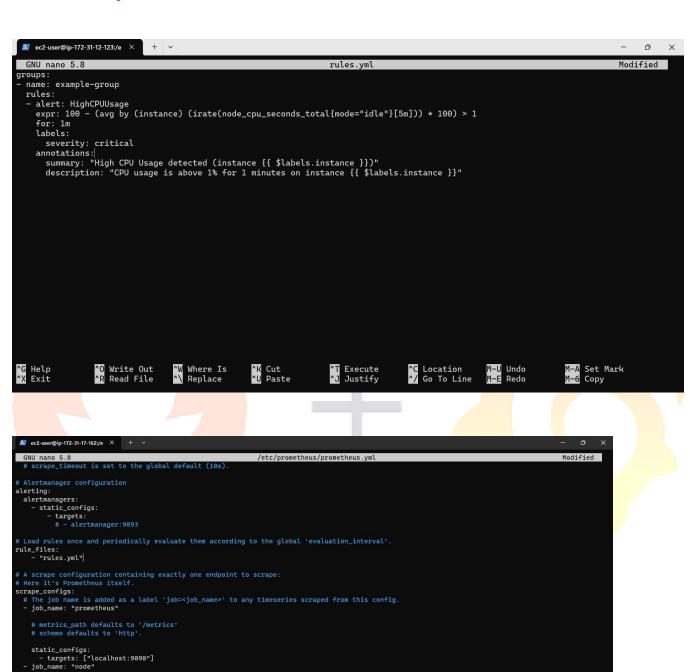
Rules.yml

metrics_path defaults to '/metrics'
scheme defaults to 'http'.

^O Write Out ^R Read File ^W Where Is

static_configs: - targets: ["localhost:9100"]

^G Help

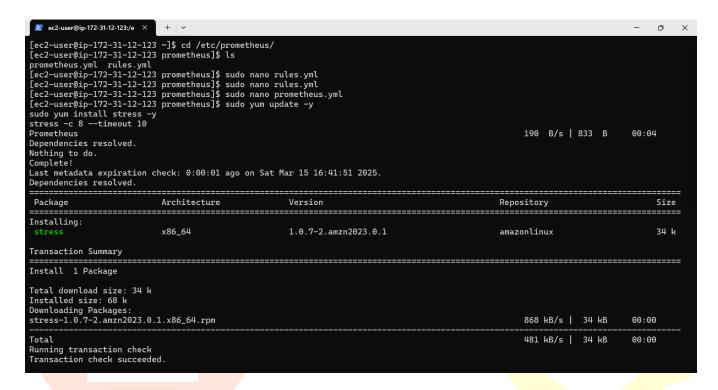


^C Location ^/ Go To Line M-A Set Mark M-6 Copy M-] To Bracket

^T Execute
^J Justify

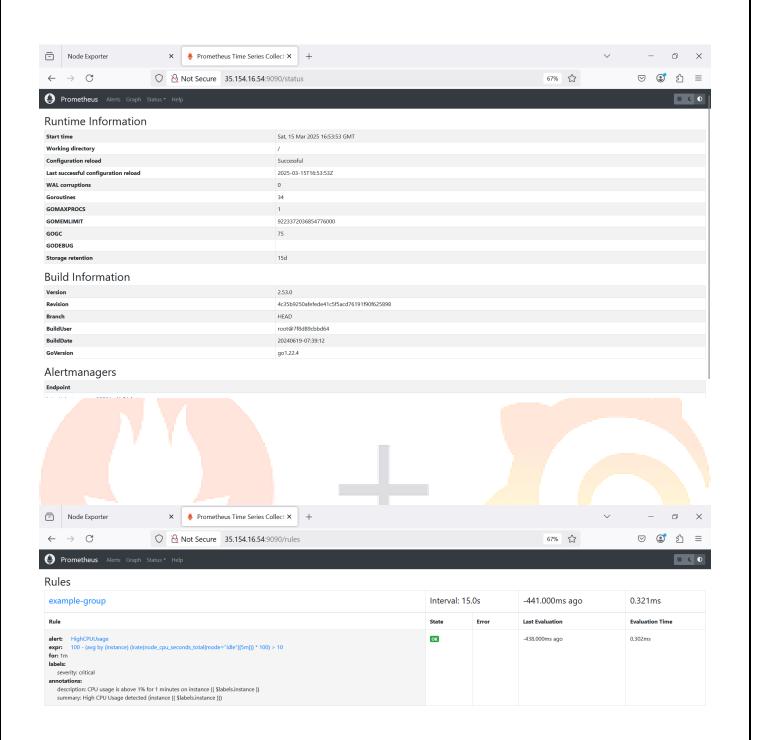
```
# Load rules once and periodically evaluate them according to the global 'evaluation_interval'.
rule_files:
    - "rules.yml"
# - "second_rules.yml"
```

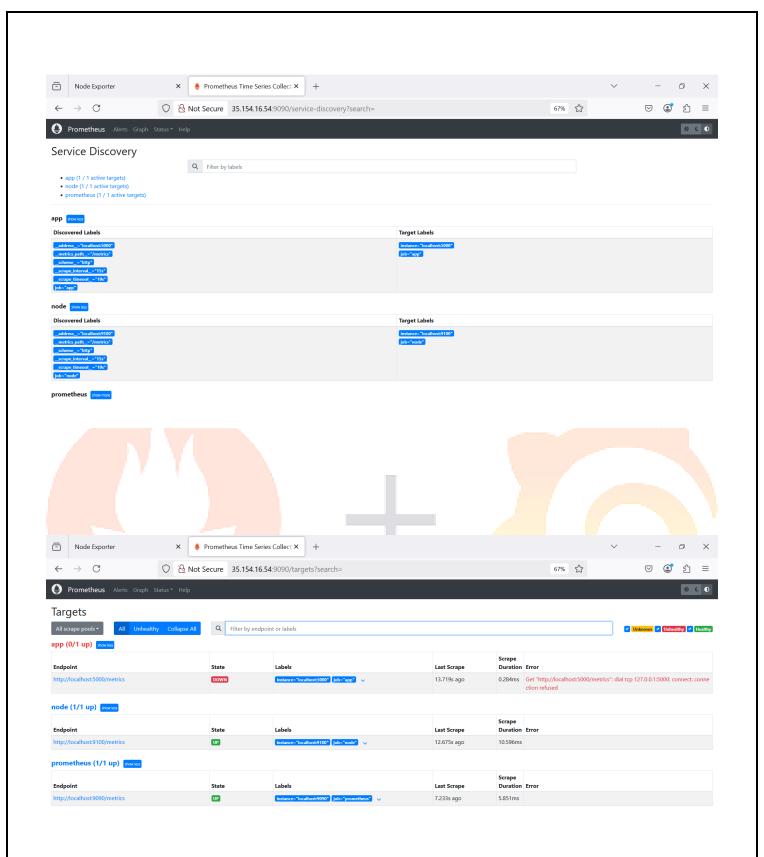
Increased the stress of cpu



Restart the node _exporter

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-12-123 prometheus]$ sudo systemctl start node_exporter
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-12-123 prometheus]$ sudo yum update -y
sudo yum install stress -y
stress -c 8 --timeout 10
Prometheus
192 B/s | 833 B 00:04
Dependencies resolved.
Nothing to do.
Complete!
Package stress-1.0.7-2.amzn2023.0.1.x86_64 is already installed.
Dependencies resolved.
Nothing to do.
Complete! stress: info: [32047] dispatching hogs: 8 cpu, 0 io, 0 vm, 0 hdd
```





Application usage checking –

```
🔀 ec2-user@ip-172-31-12-123:/e 🗡
                                                                                                                                                                                  n x
                                                                                                                                                                           Modified
 GNU nano 5.8
                                                                                           app.py
 mport http.serve
from prometheus_client import start_http_server
from prometheus_client import Counter,generate_latest, CONTENT_TYPE_LATEST from flask import Flask
app = Flask(__name__)
REQUESTS = Counter('hello_worlds_total','Hello Worlds requested.')
@app.route('/')
def hello_world():
    REQUESTS.inc()
     return 'Hello, World!'
@app.route('/metrics')
def metrics():
     return generate_latest(), 200, {'Content-Type': CONTENT_TYPE_LATEST}
if __name__ == '__main__':
    # Run the Flask app and listen on all network interfaces
    #start_http_server(8000)
       app.run(host='0.0.0.0', debug=True)
                                             ^W Where Is
^\ Replace
                                                                                                                                      M-U Undo
M-E Redo
                      ^O Write Out
^R Read File
                                                                                                                                                             M-A Set Mark
M-6 Copy
                                                                   ^K Cut
^U Paste
                                                                                             Execute
                                                                                                                   Location
                                                 Replace
                                                                                                                   Go To Line
```

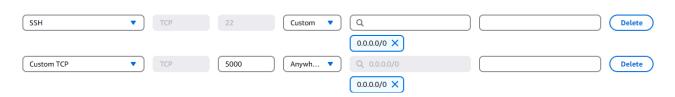
Add the job name promethues.yml file

```
- job_name: "app"

# metrics_path defaults to '/metrics'
# scheme defaults to 'http'.

static_configs:
   - targets: ["localhost:5000"]
```

Add 5000 port to security



```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-12-123 ~]$ cd /etc/prometheus/
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-12-123 prometheus]$ python3 app.py

* Serving Flask app 'app'

* Debug mode: on

WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.

* Running on all addresses (0.0.0.0)

* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000

* Running on http://172.31.12.123:5000

Press CTRL+C to quit

* Restarting with stat

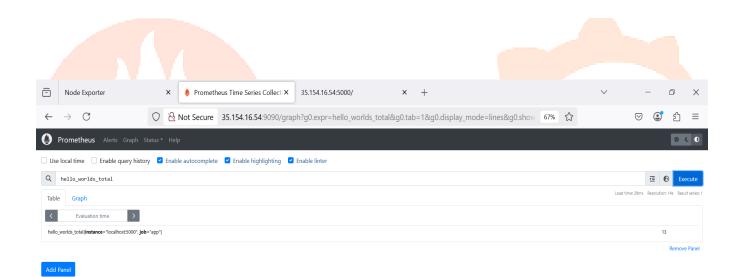
* Debugger is active!

* Debugger PIN: 104-208-030

127.0.0.1 - [15/Mar/2025 17:20:46] "GET /metrics HTTP/1.1" 200 -
127.0.0.1 - [15/Mar/2025 17:21:10] "GET /metrics HTTP/1.1" 200 -
127.0.0.1 - [15/Mar/2025 17:21:16] "GET /metrics HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```



Hello, World!



Grafana

Introduction

Grafana Open Source Software (OSS) enables you to query, visualize, alert on, and explore your metrics, logs, and traces wherever they're stored. Grafana data source plugins enable you to query data sources including time series databases like Prometheus and CloudWatch, logging tools like Loki and Elasticsearch, NoSQL/SQL databases like Postgres, CI/CD tooling like GitHub, and many more. Grafana OSS provides you with tools to display that data on live dashboards with insightful graphs and visualizations.

Grafana Enterprise is a commercial edition of Grafana that includes exclusive data source plugins and additional features not found in the open source version. You also get 24x7x365 support and training from the core Grafana team. To learn more about these features, refer to Enterprise features.

Grafana installation

sudo yum install -y https://dl.grafana.com/oss/release/grafana-10.0.3-1.x86_64.rpm sudo service grafana-server start

sudo service grafana-server status

