

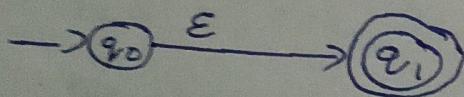
3. Finding ϵ -closure for NFA with ϵ -moves

Aim :-

To write a C program to find ϵ -closure of a non-deterministic finite Automata with ϵ -move.

Algorithm

1. Get the following Input from the user
 - (i) numbers of states in NFA
 - (ii) numbers of symbol input alphabet & include ϵ .
 - (iii) Input Symbols
 - (iv) numbers of final states and their names.
2. Declare a 3-dimensional matrix to store the transitions and initialize.
3. Get the transitions from every state for input symbol from the user and store



4. Initialize of two-dimensional matrix ϵ -closure with -1 in all entries
5. ϵ -closure of state q_i is defined of set state that can be reached.

ϵ -closure(a) = 0, 1

ϵ -closure(c) = 1,

ϵ -closure(b) = 2,

6. for every state - print c- closure values

Program

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

int trans-table[10][5][3];
char symbol[5], a;
int e-closure[10][10], p, state;

void find e-closure(int x);
int main()
{
    int i, j, k, n, num-state, num-symbols;
    for(i=0; i<10; i++)
    {
        for(j=0; j<5; j++)
        {
            for(k=0; k<3; k++)
            {
                trans-table[i][j][k] = -1;
            }
        }
    }
    num-state = 3;
    num-symbols = 2;
```

```

Symbol[10] = 'c';
n = 1;
trans-table[0][0][0] = -1;

for(i=0; i < 10; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j < 10; j++)
    {
        c-closure[i][j] = -1;
    }
}

for(i=0; i < num_state; i++)
{
    if(trans-table[i][0][0] == -1)
        continue;
    else
    {
        State = i;
        pts = 1;
        find-closure[i];
    }
}

for(i=0; i < num_state; i++)
{
    printf("c-closure(%d,%d)=%d\n",
        i, i, c-closure[i][0]);
    for(j=0; j < num_state; j++)
    {
        if(c-closure[i][j] != -1)
    }
}

```

```
Pointf("%d", cClosure[i][j]);
```

```
}
```

```
3
```

```
Pointf("%n");
```

```
}
```

```
3
```

```
void find_c_closure(int x)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i, j, y[10], num_trans;
```

```
i = 0;
```

```
while (trans_table[x][0][i] != -1)
```

```
{
```

```
    y[i] = trans_table[x][0][i];
```

```
    i = i + 1;
```

```
}
```

```
num_trans = i;
```

```
for (i = 0; i < num_trans; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
    e_closure[e_state[e][ptr]] = y[i];
```

```
    ptr++;
```

```
find_e_closure(y[i]);
```

```
}
```

Output

$e_closure(0) = \{0, 1\}$

$e_closure(1) = \{1\}$

$e_closure(2) = \{2\}$