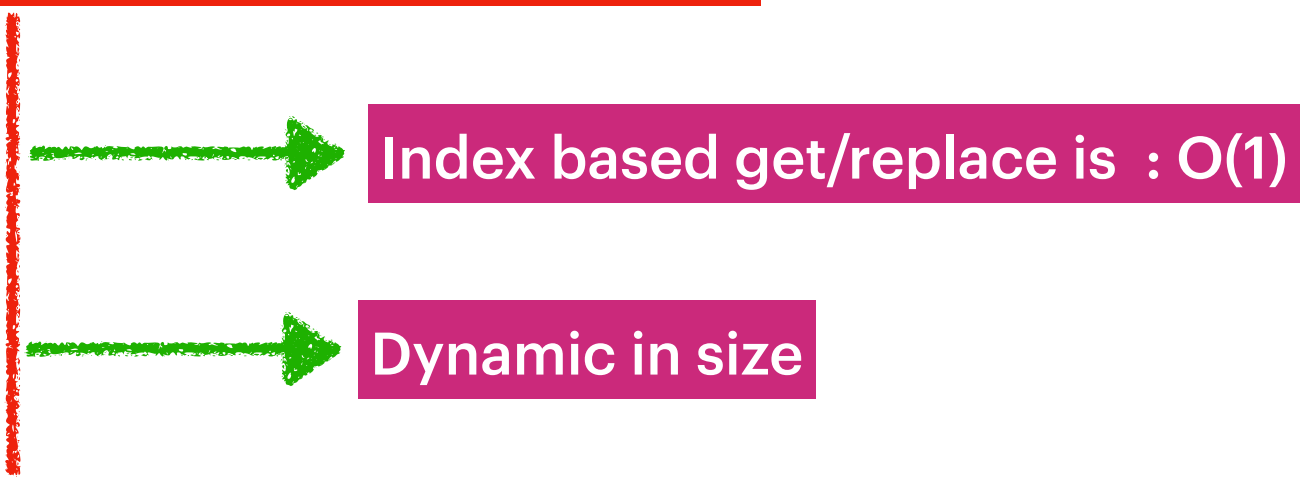
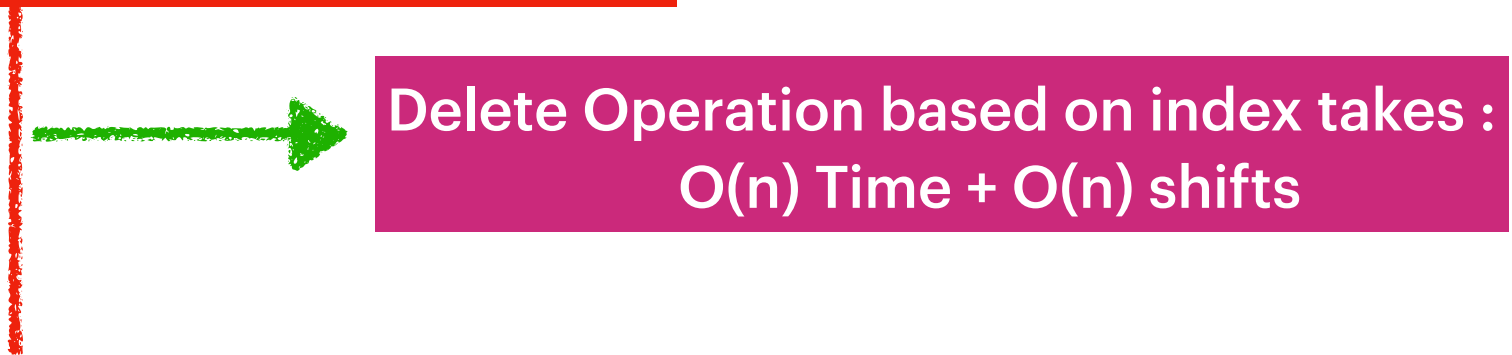


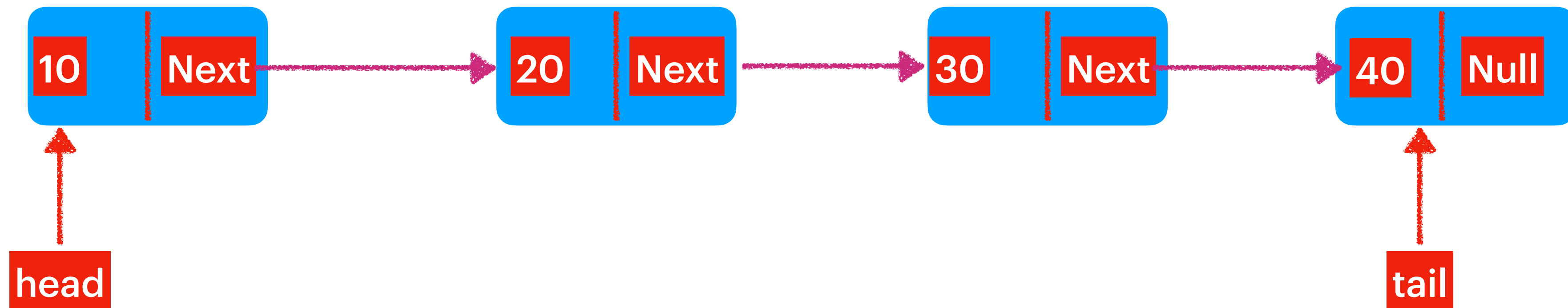
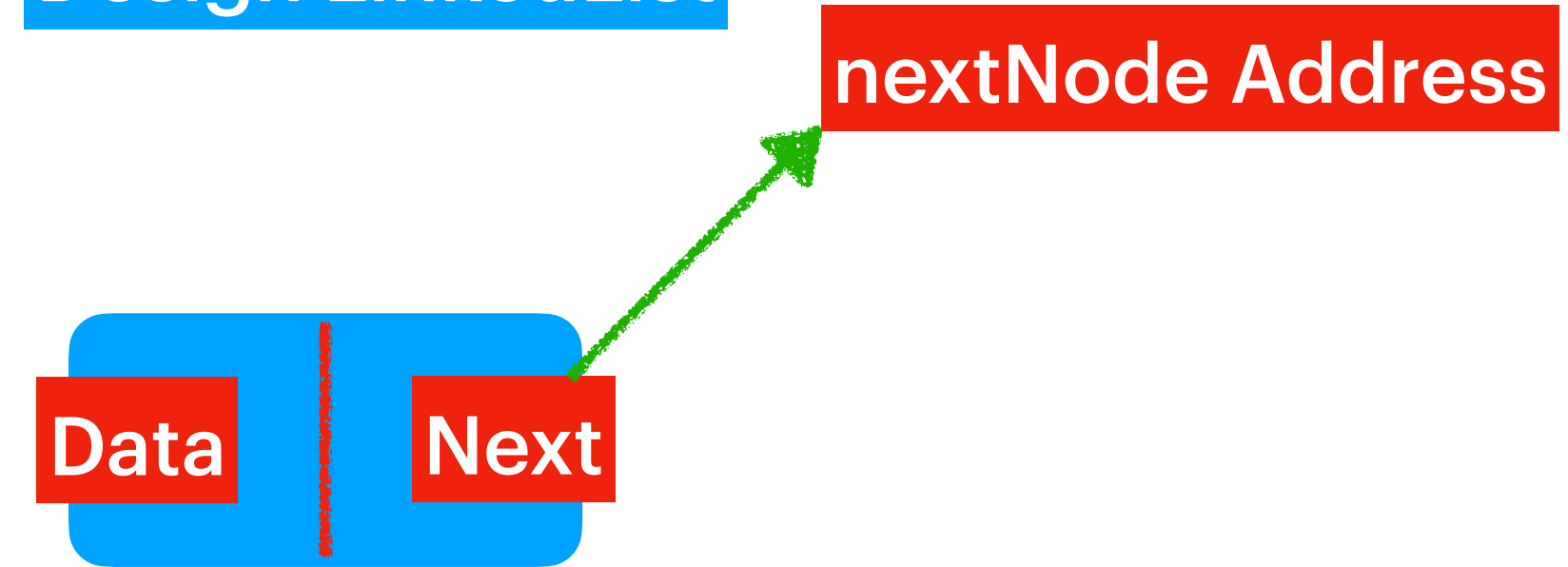
## Advantages of ArrayList

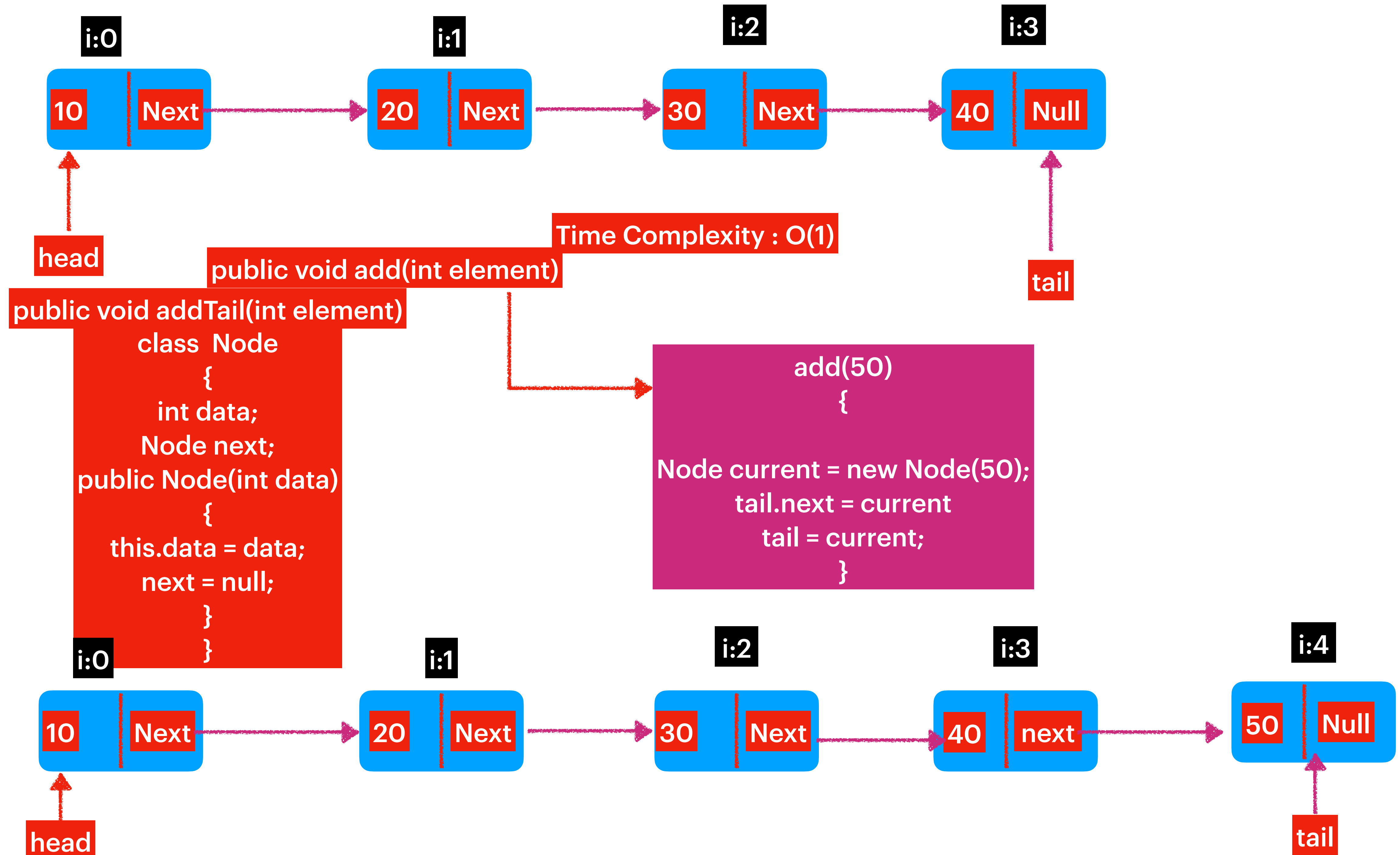


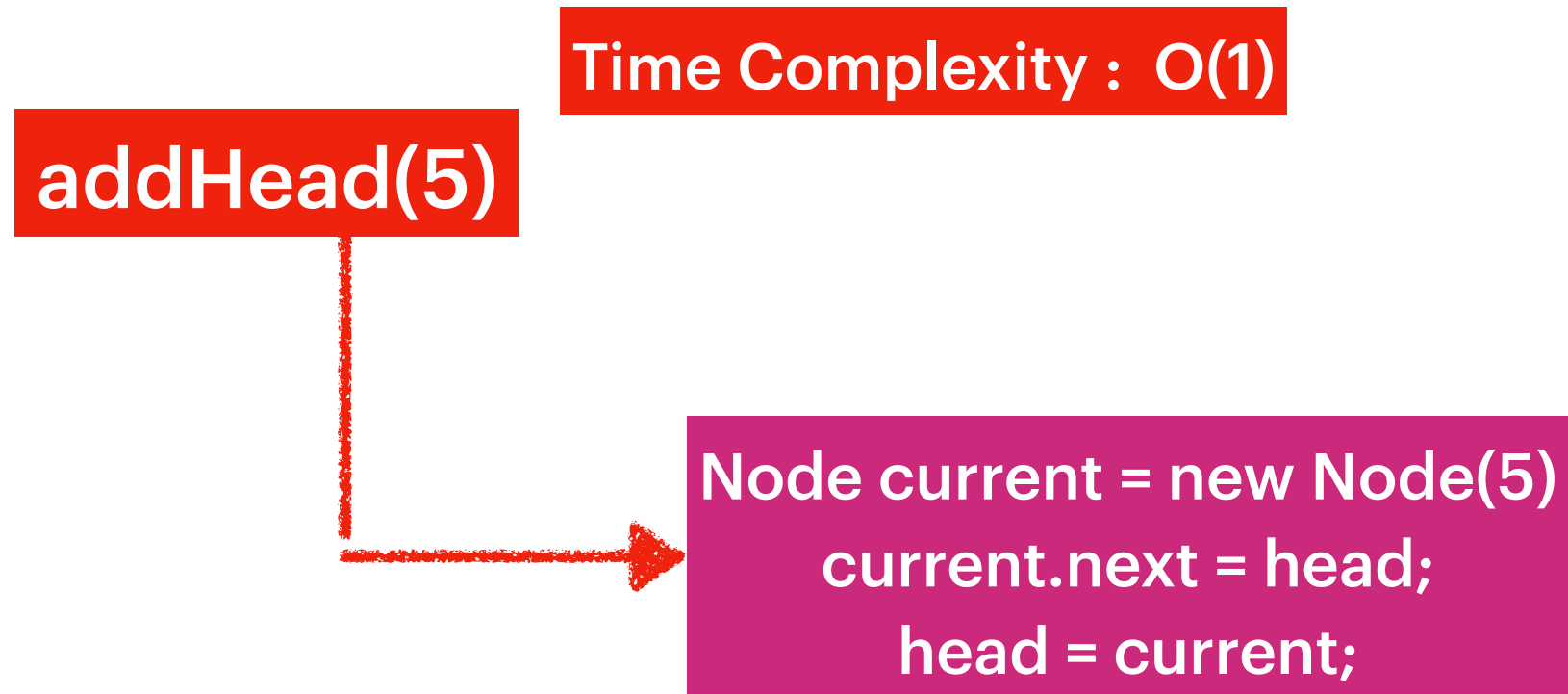
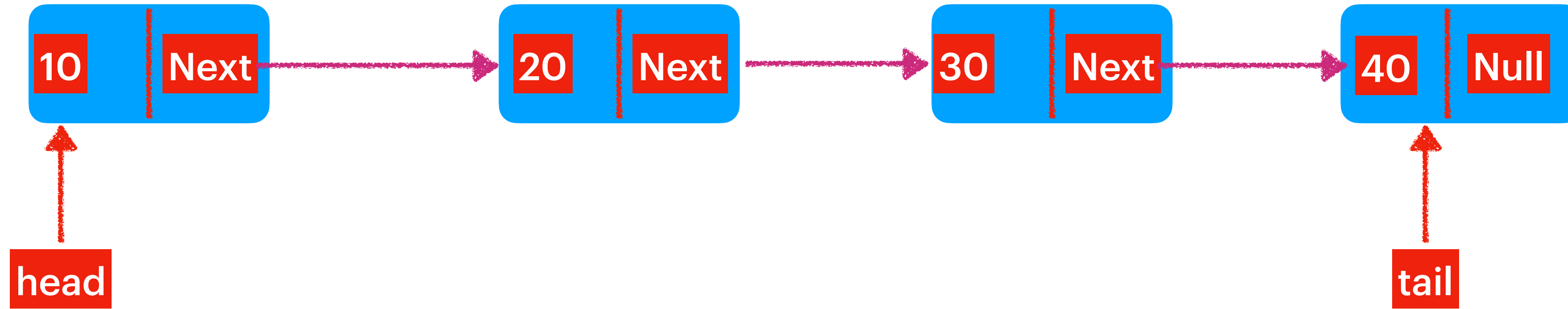
## Drawbacks of ArrayList



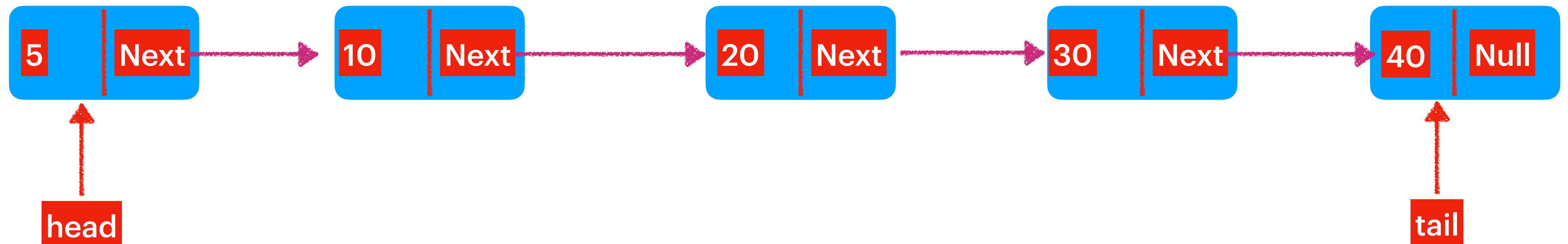
## Design LinkedList

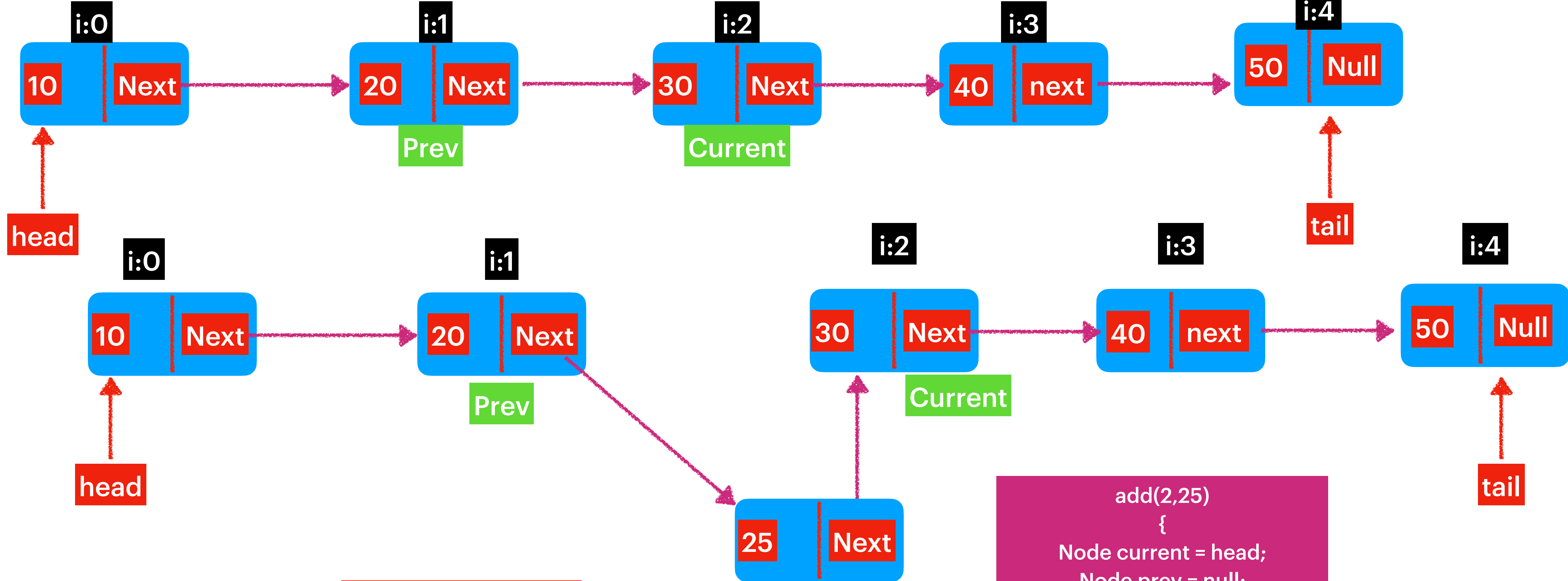






```
class Node
{
    int data;
    Node next;
    public Node(int data)
    {
        this.data = data;
        next = null;
    }
}
```



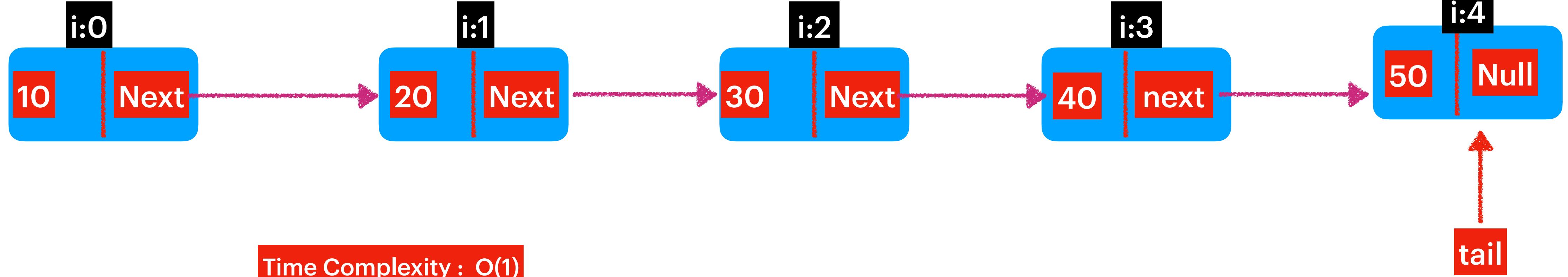


Time Complexity :  $O(n)$

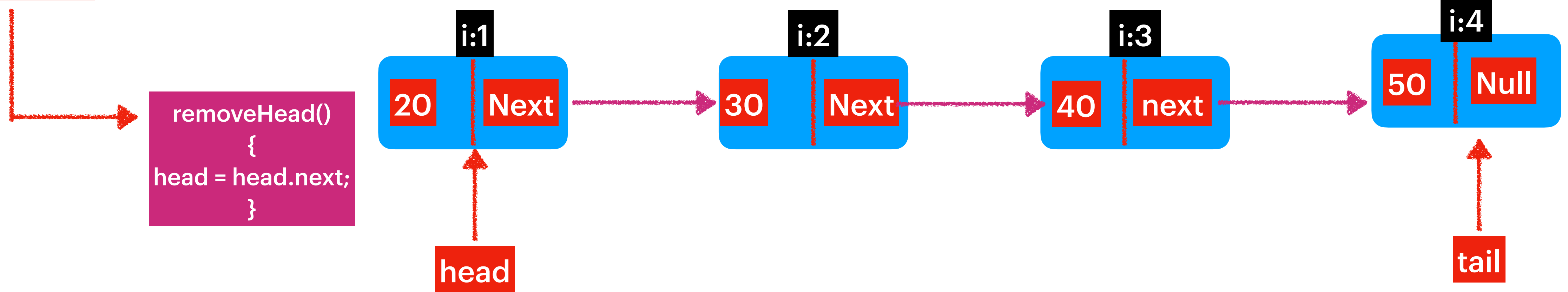
public void add(int index,int element)

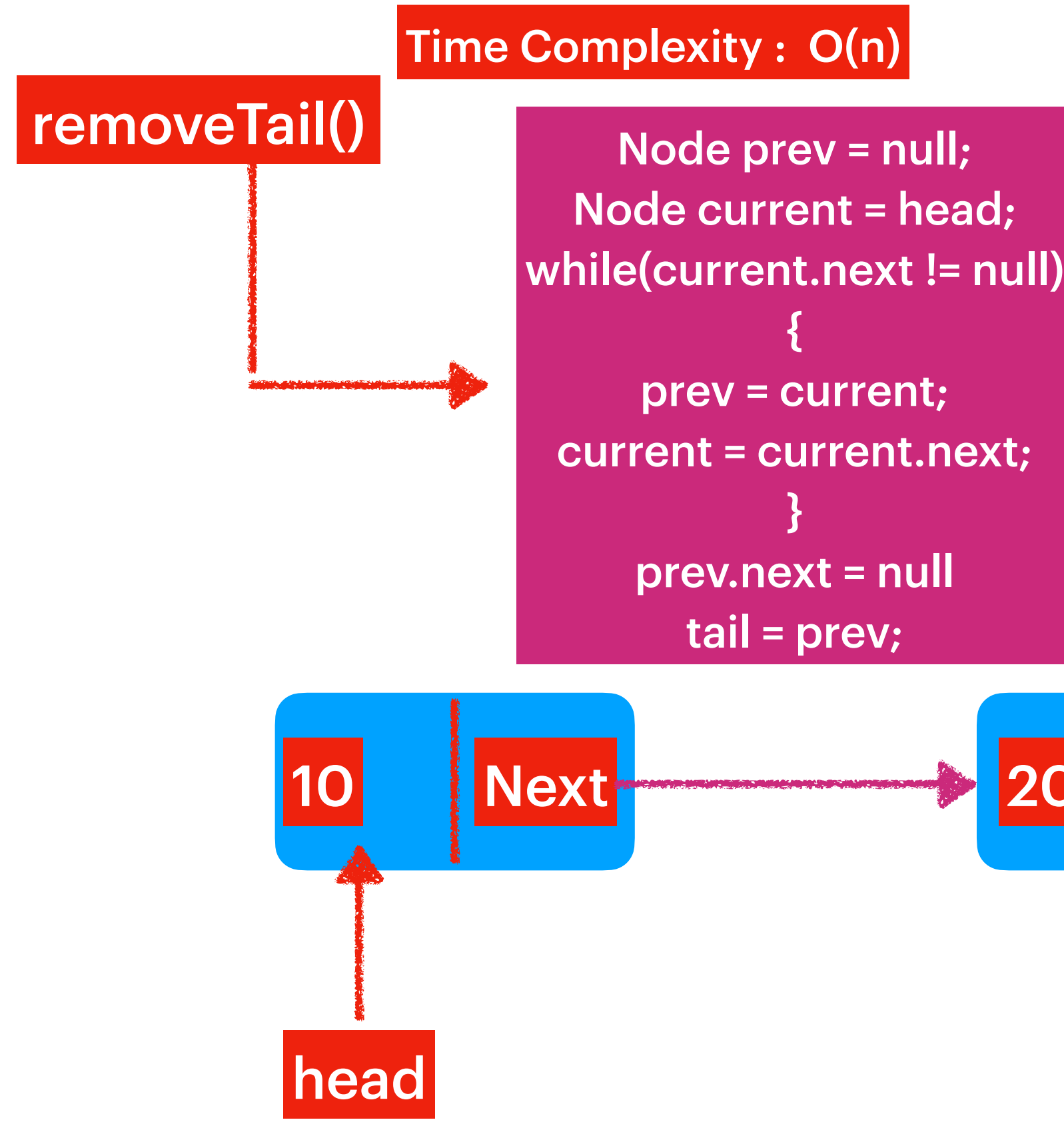
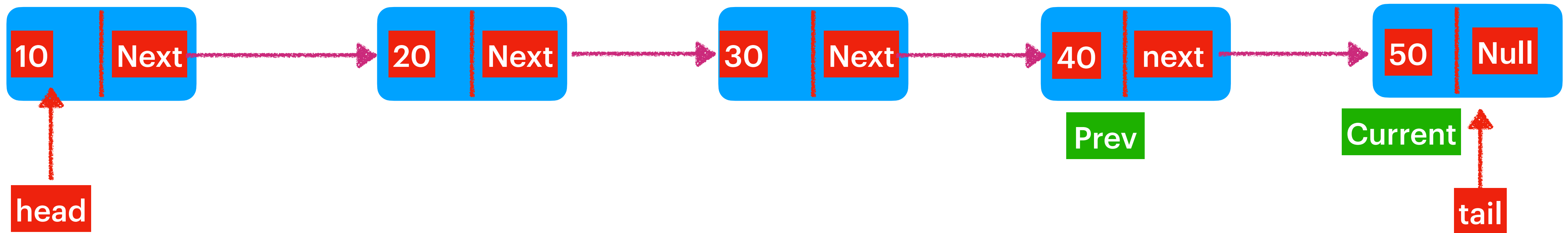
```
class Node
{
    int data;
    Node next;
    public Node(int data)
    {
        this.data = data;
        next = null;
    }
}
```

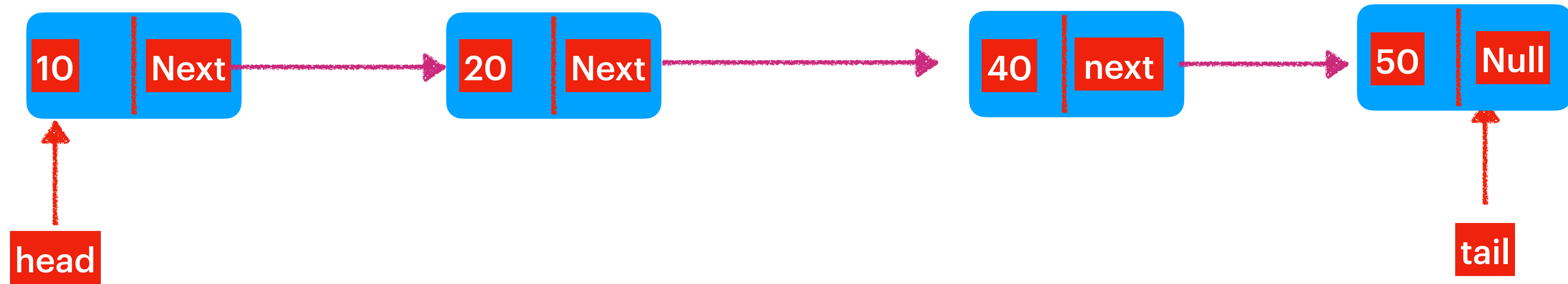
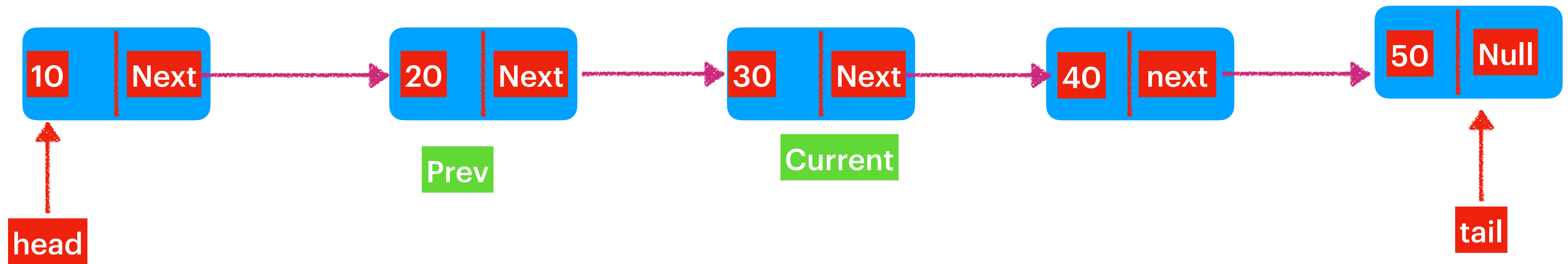
```
add(2,25)
{
    Node current = head;
    Node prev = null;
    int counter = 0
    while(counter < 2)
    {
        prev = current;
        current = current.next;
    }
    Node newNode = new Node(25);
    newNode.next = prev.next;
    prev.next = newNode;
}
```



**removeHead()** Time Complexity :  $O(1)$







```
class Node
{
    int data;
    Node next;
    public Node(int data)
    {
        this.data = data;
        next = null;
    }
}
```

Time Complexity :  $O(n)$

public void remove(int index)

```
remove(2)
{
    Node current = head;
    Node prev = null;
    int counter = 0
    while(counter < 2)
    {
        prev = current;
        current = current.next;
    }
    prev.next = current.next;
    current.next = null; // Helps GC
}
```

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## Design LinkedList

public void add(int element)

Time Complexity = . addTail() →  $O(1)$

public void add(int index, int element)

Time Complexity =  $O(n)$

public void addHead( int element)

Time Complexity =  $O(1)$

public void addTail( int element)

Time Complexity =  $O(n)$

public void remove( int index)

Time Complexity =  $O(n)$

No Shift Operations

public int size()

Time Complexity =  $O(1)$

public boolean search(int element)

Time Complexity =  $O(n)$