

# PAMPI A01

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## 1 Amdahl scaling law

Amdahl law assumes scalable resources, so we only consider the points at process counts of 20,40,60, and 80

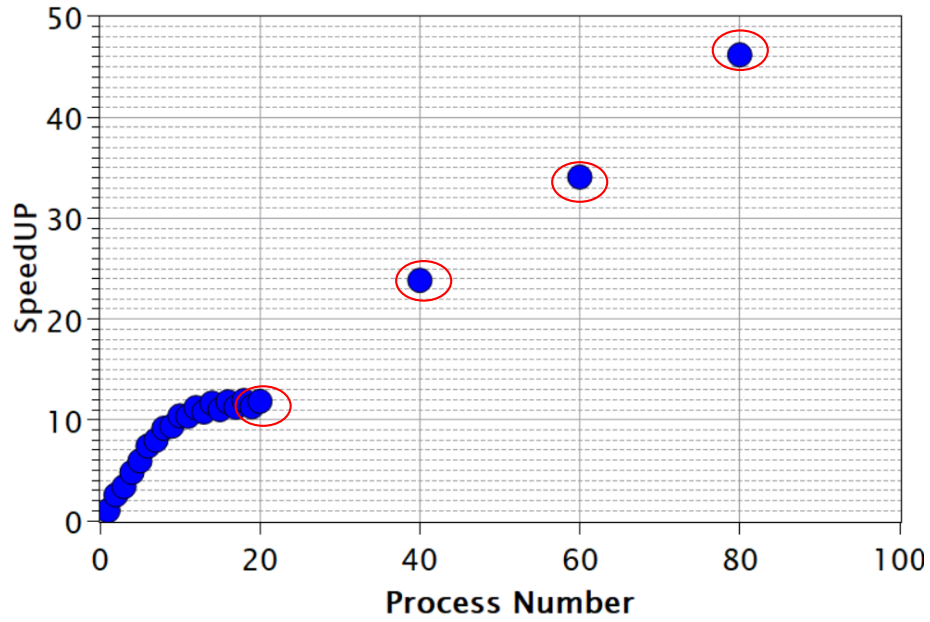


Figure 1: Image with shapes drawn on top.

$$S(N) = \frac{T(1)}{T(N)} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1-s}{N}} \quad (1)$$

we can observe that

$$S(N) \propto \frac{1}{T(N)} \quad (2)$$

| process count | Speedup |
|---------------|---------|
| 20            | 12      |
| 40            | 24      |
| 60            | 34      |
| 80            | 46      |

Table 1: process count with respective speedup

resulting in

$$\frac{S(N)}{S(1)} = \frac{1}{s + \frac{1-s}{N}} \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{46}{12} = \frac{1}{s + \frac{1-s}{4}}$$

$$s = \frac{1}{69} = 1.44\%$$

the serial fraction is around 1.44%